Districts, have already been received. Those mow behind, are ; Blose, Brookfield, Charleston, Delmar, Manifeld, Rutland, Shippen and Ti-I take this means of again calling the attention of the Directors of these delin-quent districts possis important part of their duty. The Soule Superintendent's Aunual Report cannot be made out, nor can the State Appropriation be properly apportioned till these original district reports shall be forwould take the trouble to write to Sepretary of each of these boards, but from not having their reports, I have not their addromes, and must make them a personal visit of loyal men are elected to the Legislature in order to communicate with them upon any and that in all departments of the State Gov-

Apply elected Directors are reminded that they are to shitain copies of the School Laws from their immediate pre ecessors. Should there, be any back in any dirict I will supply the deficiency when called on. ...

V. A. ELLIOTT, Co. Supt. CHERRY FLATTS, August 3d 1863.

To the Arits w. Privilege of the He seas Corpus.

Not a little clamor is heard from the Copperhead ranks about the "despotism of the administration and "arbitrary arrests," us see what the Constitution says about this

privilege.
The clause in the Constitution of the United States in regard to the privilege of the writ of Rabeas corpus, is this :

The privilegs of the writ-of habess corpus appli not be suspended incless, when in case of rebellion, or invasion, the public safety may require it."

To any person at all donversant with the first principles of English grammer and the radiments of gentences, it is obvious that the sentence is elliptical. With the ellipsis supplied, it regula thus;
The privilege of the wilt of linkshaccorpus
shall not be laupentled, hidees, when in cases
of rebellion, or invasion, the public safety may

require it; and then it may be suspended." Saye the venerable Horave Binney, of Philadelphia, one of the ablest lawyers in the State. This is the necessary effect of the conjunction: "naless," which reverses the action of the preceding verb ; and it will be of perfectly equivalent import and effect if the clause he-transposed as follows "The privilege of the writ of liabeas corpus may be suspended in cases of rebellion or invasion, when the public safety may require it; and it shall not be suspended in any other case."

Let blatant copperhends observe that the Constitution places no restriction as to locality upon the power granted to suppress this writ in time of "rebellion and invasion." It is, therefore, co-extensive with the jurisdiction of the Constitution and may be exercised any where in the United States as "the public safety may require."

No person will have the insanity to claim that the power should be lodged with any other department of the Government than the chief executive—the President. Congress in July 1862, passed an act authorizing the Presiident to suspend the privilege of habeas corpus according to the plain previsions of the Constitution, "when the put ic safety may require it." The President an his replies to the "when the put ic safety may re-Albany resolutions and Chio Committee-all democrate and in the interest of Vallaudicham -expressly, deslared that he intended to exercise the power granted him by the Constitution and that only. He would do no more as President and under the outhority of the Constitution and Congress, than Gen. Jackson a military commander, did at New Orleans. Gen. Jackson did right under the circumstances, and a civilized world approved of his action. Abraham Lincoln, in the midst of a much severer emergency, does no more than did Gen. Jackson. But here is the difference. Alliaham Lincoln is not a friend to copperheadism and treason; he can therefore do nothing right.

No person of ordinary intelligence and observation can fail to see that the copperhead freedom of ar "arbitrary arrests," to is "only aid and comfort" to their brethen in the rebel army under their liege lord and master, Jeff. Davis. SULLIVAN.

Note from Parson Brownlow.

I have this day converged with Dr. Everett surgeon of the 5th East Tennessee Infantry, who was recently confined in the infamous Libby Prison, at Richmond. He tells me he was confined in the same room with Ex-Governor Aikin, of South Carolina, and held frequent conversations with him. So many ounces of bread and meat were dealt out to each pris oner per day, and the vegerable old gray-haired patries received his dail allowance, while the boys in prison volunted ed to do his cooking for him. The offences for which he was imprisoned were, refusing to take the oath of allegiance to the Confederacy, and to contribute means to sustain the rebellion. In conversing about his confinement, he would frequently shed lears.

This venerable old patriot, who has served his State as Governor, as a Congressman, and as a member of her Legislature, is the largest slave holder in the Confederacy, and about the wealthiest man in South Carolina; but he is a Union man, and stubbornly refuses to be anything else. For this he is incarcerated in a prison! His cruel confinement has been kept a secret from the outside world, and it has been kept out of Southern papers, because his villainous parsecutors were ashamed to let his imprisonment be snown.

There is necorganization in South Carolina, or anywhere in the secoded States, that can afford Gavernor Aiken relief, and I insist that our Government ought, without a week's delay, arrest fibe prominent retel citizens, and confine them the mons until this sold man elegient? is set at liberty. If Mr. Lincoln and Seward do not attend to it, I propose to General Rosecrans and Governor Johnston that they at once seize apan fire prominent Tennessee rebels, dine them in our State Prison until the old South Carolina par lot is released. It is due to justice, and above all to the loyal sentiment of the South. W. G. Browntow.
August 5th, 1863.

Kentucky Blection.

Of the Union triumph in Kentucky the Cin-

cionati Gazette says: Through the ballot-box the Union men of majority of twenty to twenty five thousand, the. estimate at Frankfort last night they have elected their ticket. This is a gratifying result, creditable to the men of Kentucky who loyal people of the nation. It is all the more sustaining the Government gratifying because a different result was appre-

hended; and because the success of the se called Democratic ticket would have led to civil war, in which rivers of blood would have been shed, and the State devastated by are and sword.

والمنظمة والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمناجع والمناجع والمنطوع والمنطوع والمنطوع

By the patriotic action of the leyal people men about whose loyalty there is no question ; men who are terribly in earnest in their deter mination to crush this wicked and causeless rebellion, and from whom no uncertain sound is to be apprehended. The unsjority for Governor warrants the conclusion that a majority ernment the not-a-man and not-a-dollar party, otherwise called Vallandigham Democrats, othwise styled Copperheads, are in a minority that will render them harmless. They may hiss and snap at loyal men, as they have done here-tofore, but beyond this they are powerless.

AGITATOR.

M. H. COBB, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

WELLSBOROUGH, PENN'A: WEDNESDAY, : : : : AUGUST 19, 1863.

UNION STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR, ANDREW G-CURTIN. POR JUDOR OF THE SUFERIE COURTS.

DANTEL AGNEW,

OF BEAVER COUNTY.

Republican Co. Convention, Aug. 28th. Election of Delegates, August 22d.

NOW FOR THE FACTS.

Caraniserie are said to be odious. They are so, in many cases, without doubt. Any comparison instituted, serving to show the shameful backwardness, and the begrudging generosity of the Copperhead democracy in coming to the support of the Government in its hour of trial, must be odious to that traitorous clan. But the facts relating to the conduct of political organizations in this emergency, as well as of individuals, belong to history. And we give fair notice that, on our part, we shall proceed to probe that grievous wound to the ing down in malice.

We charge upon the Copperhead democracy of the North, that it has systematically withheld an earnest and proportionate support of the Government during the darker days of this war, in the essentials of men and money.

Gov. Seymour has written several letters to the President, asking him to suspend the draft, for several reasons. In the first place the Gov: ernor alleges unfairness in the enrolment, by which the districts in which Copperheadism is the ruling power, the draft will fall more heavily than in the rural districts, where loyal men preponderate. In the next place, he thinks the drafting law unconstitutional, asks that its operation be suspended until the Supreme Court can decide it.

Now the draft will fall most heavily, according to the population, upon the districts that have failed to furnish their quotas under the several calls for troops heretofore; and none but a fool or a traitor will growl at such a simple operation of the common rules of arithmetic. A paper published at Utica, the home of Gov. Seymour, compiles a tabular statement from the last report of the Adjutant-General of Woodward sympathisers are denouncing the

gether with the excess or deficiency in each whether for Seymour or Wadsworth. The result is this:

36 Republican counties, with a population of 1,630,647, raised, under that call. volunteers. 24 Seymour counties, with a population of 2,249,060, rai-42,142 sed, under that call, - volunteers. Excess in favor of Rep. counties,.... 1,043 Deficiency in the Republican counties, above: - 3,336 Deficiency in the Seymour coun-

- - - 24,142 ties, above, -Of this deficiency in the Seymour counties, 18,523 is charged to New York City, where counties where his majorities were heaviest,

Arms bearing men in the loyal

o counties, - 329,449 Yet the loyal counties, with an arms bearing population 191,079 less than the Seymour counties, sent 1,043 more volunteers to the field, under the last summer call for troops! And this unimpeachable record we hand over to our readers, that with its facts they may silence the lond-boasting, pretentious Copperheads in their respective localities.

Let us now turn to home matters. We have ne doubt at all that the last report of the Adjutant General of this State would furnish statistics fully as damning to Copperheadism. That Report, however, has not been furnished us. But we intend to ferret out the facts con-Kentucky have spoken, and by the decisive corning this matter, and lay them before our

readers at the earliest possible moment. But there are some records which can be sult, creditable to the men of Kentucky who brought to light, and which convict our local aggressive flark movement on the part of the ded north by Bingbark lands, east by R. Krusen, stand by the Government, and cheering to the copperheads of backwardness in the matter of rebel Lee, but no general movement of the for south by Mary Tubbs, and Augustus Streeter, and loval people of the nation. It is all the more sustaining the Government in its extremity of

It will be remembered that Tioga County last summer borrowed about \$20,000, for the laudable and patriotic purpose of paying bounties to volunteers. It will be remembered that it was intended to make it a strictly popular the State Government is to be controlled by loan; that is—that the bonds should be taken by the people of the county. It was intended to enable every man with surplus means to do something for the Government, yet not as a free gift. On the contrary, the accommodation was to be repaid, with use at 7 per cent. The loan was not a risk, because it was made a lien on every farm, with its stock, every manufactory with its good-will and capital; in short, it was a lien on every dollar's worth of taxable property in Tioga county. It would be repaid. No man of good sense and judgment doubted

Now there can but two excuses for not investing in that loan :- want of funds, or want of patriotism. We have examined the list of subscribers with care, and if any one chooses to do the like he will be able to verify what we are about to say; and that is, that in all that long-list of subscribers to the \$20,000 county loan, we do not find the name of wear ONE of the prominent or leading Copperhead demo-grate of this county as and on the best lifering tion that we can gain, not \$1000 of the loth was taken by individuals belonging to that party.

rious in human affairs; and some may allege that these same Copperhead lenders and followers were, each and all, out of funds during the months that loan was in the market.

But we incline strongly to suspect that this failure of Copperheads to step forward and aid in raising troops, arose from their secret sympathy with traitors in arms.

Loval reader, what is your opinion?

THE renomination of Gov. Currin meets the enthusiastic approbation of every loyal press in the State. He was nominated on the first ballot, having received 95 votes out of 134, the whole number cast in the Convention. Covode withdrew his name before the balloting com. menced, in a brief and patriotic letter. The bottom, nothing extenuating, and setting noth- proceedings of the Convention were orderly and dignified throughout.

The most bitter opposition to Gov. Curtin before the nomination, was from the Pittsburg Gazette. We regarded its course unwise, and destructive of barmony. But even that paper gracefully acquiesces in the nomination. This is right. This is no time to prosecute private quarrels. There is a common foe who deserves every jot of our pugnacity. Let us have such

happy concert of action as we now have do the

end. With unremitting labor we can elect Andie Curtin by a majority of 30,000. Without labor we can have nothing that is worth baying. Every loyal man must off coat and up sleeves. The election of Curtin and Agnew will be not less damaging to the rebellion than was the fall of Vicksburg. Pennsylvania must be snatched from the vortex into which the Vallandigham-Woodward faction is endeavoring to hurry it. It can and must be rescued. And remember, loyal men everywhere, that a victory at the polls is a victory in the field; and that a BALLOT for CURTIN is as effective as a BULLET planted in a REBEL HEART,

LOOK AT KENTUCKY! While Vallandiabamthat State, showing the number of troops fur. Emancipation policy of the Administration, nished under the President's call for troops of the loyal men of Slaveholding Kentucky have July 2, 1862, by every county in the State, to- achieved a glorious victory on a platform declaring unconditional allegiance to the Governcounty. It then classifies the counties in ac- ment as it is administered; while to Jeff Davis cordance with the majority each gave last fall, and his adherants everywhere, it breathes, no-

olaring unconditional silegiance to the Gorean collaring unconditional co Seymour had a majority of 31,776; and in the against the poor man. Well, now let us see if there was the heaviest deficiency in volunteers poor man will give proof of their abhorrence under that call. It will thus be seen, that if the of such gress injustice by refusing to avail Seymour counties had as fully responded to the themselves of its exemption from service; eicall for volunteers as did the loyal counties, He. ther in person or by substitute. Now, most ratio Seymour would not now be Governor of the worthy champions of the poor man, the fitting

on a large scale. The first-named paper legys:

"If the Federal Government directs its efficers to lindogs the process of the Courts of New York; and enforces disobedience, it simply makes war upon the State, of New York; will do in such a contingency; how if will meet revolution. It is unnecessary now to revolution, the supplied of the continuous of the continuous of the continuous will be done caminy and coolly, with the dignity betting the Empire State, and with the power which its contributions of millions of treasure and two hundred regiments to the war have not impaired."

Whatever it does, whether in the way of resistance or remonstrance, will be demonstrance, will be demonstrance of resistance or remonstrance, will be demonstrance or remonstrance of resistance or remonstrance of remonstrance of resistance or remonstrance of remonstran

. There is little to record in the way of army taining one acre; to be sold as the property of A. s. Smith.

ALSO—a lot of land in Westfield township, boundaries. There is some expectation of an

dians in Minnesota and Dakota. He has driven the main body across the Missouri. Col. Catherwood, 6th Artillery, was attacked by the rebel Gen. Coffee, at Pinesville, Mo., on

the 15th instant. The rebels were utterly rou-

ted, with a loss of many men, all their arms, ammunition, stores, wagons and horses. There is nothing definite from Charleston. The Quartermaster at Morris Island sends to the commandant at Fortress Monroe, that a great battle was to come off on Saturday or Monday, last, in which our arms would be victorious. This is the latest news up to noon to-

Gov. Sermour has written a long letter asking the President to suspend the draft until the
Supreme Court can decide as to the constituand Joel Adams, south by M. S. Baldwin, and west Supreme Court can decide as to the constitutionality of the same. The President declines to suspend, saying that, while willing to abide by the decision of the Court, he cannot wait for that decision until Jeff shall have filled up the exhausted ranks of his armies and falls up to us with new strength. The President is a patriot, and Seymour is a traitor. That's the property of Dyer Power and Simeon Power.

ALSO—the undivided one half part of a certain lot or parcel of land in Gaines township, Tioga County, Penna, beginning at a post the south west corner of warrant survey, No. 2297, Wilhelm, Willink and Co., Warantes, thence by arrant survey, No. 2298, 2306 and 2335, south five hundred and ninety-seven ches and six tenths of a perch to a post, thence difference.

WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned takes this method of in forming the inhabitants of Steuben and Tioga Sounties and vicinity, that he has rented for a term of years, with the intention of purchasing the well known week, with the intention of parchasing the woll known as the cast taken by individuals belonging to that party by the yard, it is shared into Stocking Tain, Finitian in human affairs; and some may allege that these same Coppering Tenders and 101 to the Mill, which will enable it to turn off a style of the Mill, which will enable it to turn off a style of the Mill, which will enable it to turn off a style of the Mill, which will enable it to turn off a style of work far apperior to anything of the kind ever done in this section of the country. Also particular attention will be paid to Roll Carding and Cloth Dressing; which will be done in the neatest possible manner. The Roll Machine is also being fitted entirely new, and can be depended upon doing work satisfactorily.

The subscriber would here say, that he has been engaged in the business of manufacturing Wool for

Farmers for the past fifteen years in the east, and is thoroughly acquainted with the business; that all who want work of this kind may rely with confidence on its being done to their entire satisfaction. First class references given as to ability and responsibility. W. F. KER South Addison, N. Y., April 15, 3683.-im*

MOLASSES and SYRUP—a No. 1, article of both at fair prices at MATHERS'.

SHERIFF'S SALES. BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias

Levari Facias, and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county, Pa., to me directed, will be exposed to public sale in the Court House, in Wellsboro, on MONDAY, the Slat day of August, 1863, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the following described property, to wit:

Alot in Covington boro', bounded north and west to be a for Coving to boro', bounded north and west to be a for Coving to boro'.

A-lot in Covington bero', bounded north and west by lands of George Cotlies, south by street, and east by Tioga railroad, containing about three-quarters of an ācre, frame house, barn, and fruit trees thereon. The property of Thos. M'Cabe.

ALSO—a lot of land in Wellsboro, Tioga Co., Pa.. bounded northerly by Henry Sherwood, easterly by Main street, southerly by Samuel A. Mack, and easterly by Beojamin B. Smith; containing \(\frac{1}{2}\) an acremore or less, with a two-story frame house and some-

erry by Deujsmin D. Chitch; containing ± an acre more or less, with a two-story frame house and some fruit trees thereon. Sold as the property of S. B. Smith.

ALSO—alot of land in Osceola, bounded north by

R. Crandall, east by highway, south by L. S. Culver, Julius Scott, John O'Connor, and west by L. S. Culrer; containing about 8-10ths of an agre, frame bouse, frame barn and some fruit trees thereon. Sold as the property of Wm. T. Hampbrey.

ALSO—a lot of land in Delmar, bounded north by

Smead, east by Horace Butler, south by Rock-well Bailey, and west by Edmund Mattison; contain-ing about 60 acres, more or less, about 25 deres iming about 60 acres, more or less, about 25 acres im-proved, frame house, board shed, and apple orchard thereon. Sold as the property of Samuel Borden. ALSO-the interest and title of defendant in a lot of another interest and the of defendant in a lot lind in Tiogs tp., beginning at a post the SW. of lot No. 20, conveyed to Benajah Ives, thence north 31 deg. east, by the southern boundary of said Ives' lot 228 perches to a poet, SE corner thereof, thence lot 226 perches to a post, SE. corner thereof, thence south 9 deg. west, 237 perches, to a post, the east corner of lot No. 22, conveyed to Lyman Adams, thence north 60 deg. west, by the northern boundary. north 60 deg. west, by the northern boundary line of said lot 230 3-10ths perches to a post, the north corner thereof, thence north 9 deg. edsi, 84 8-10ths perner thereof, the place of beginning—containing 216 acres and 32 perches of land, being part of a large tract of land which was originally surveyed by virtue of two warrants dated the 17th day of May, 1785, Bartholo-

ratio Seymour would not now be Governor of the State of New York.

But lest some may declare it unfair to base the number of volunteers formshed by the respective counties on the entire population, we submit the arms bearing population of the counties as above classified, from the record:

Arms-bearing men in the Sey to the service of the service of

staining the Government in its extremity. ces in Xirginia.

The control of the co containg about 40 acres, ahout 1951 117 James Wilson. 5580 100 William Ellis Be sold as the property of 1951 117 James Wilson. 5983 429 Abelin & Grings

ALSO-a lot of land in Westfield, bounded north | 4849 80 James Wilson.

ALSO—a lot of land in Westfield, bounded north by John Gardner, east by John Pierce, south by Bingham lands and wais by let in possession of John Tremain—containing about 160 acres, about 30 acres improved, frame house, frame barn and sheds, corn house hog house, outbuildings, and fruit trees thereon. Sold as the property of Samuel Pierce.

ALSO—a lot of land in Riehmend township, bounded north by Gilbert Phelps, east by Brastus Robinson, senth by Brastus Rebinson and Peter Whittaker, and west by A. W. Wilson, containing 100 acres, about 75 acres improved, one frame house, frame barn, and a few fruit trees thereon; to be sold as the property of W. M. Stilwell. W. M. Stilwall.

ALSO—a lot of land in Lawrence Boro, bounded north by highway, east by land of J. P. McCollum, south by James Stewart, and west by O. H. Adams, containing about one-fourth of an acre improved, one frame house and few fruit trees thereon; to be sold as

perches and six tenths of a perch to a post, thence west 281 perches to a post in the county line, thence by said county line north 597 and six tenths of a perch to the place of beginning, containing 990 acres with allowance of six per cent for roads etc., being the whole of a tract of land surveyed for Wilhelm William and others, in pursuance of their warrant from the Commonwealth, No. 2308, excepting and reserving one hundred acres out of the south west cor-ner thereof, sold to Joseph Sofield; to be sold as the property of J. F. Donaldson and S. F. Wilson, with motice to E. Miller, terre tenant.

ALSO-a lot of land in Charleston township, bounded north by Biter, east by Levi E. Rockwell, A. A. Elliott and A. G. Elliott, south by Daniel Heath, and west by highway, containing 61 acres, about 40 acres improved, log house and a few fruit trees thereon; to be sold as the property of G. A. Webster.

ne soid as the property of the Wester.

ALSO a let of land in Covington two, bounded

noth by higherty, wath, south and west by N. A. El
Mott boutshing one fourth of an acre, frame house,
and frame hard thereon; to be sold as the property of

and trame pays quereon; to be sold as the property of Vihemus Culver.

ALSO—a lot of land in Ward township, bounded north by C. E. Rathbone and S. Smith, East by Chas. north by C. E. Katabone and S. Smith, East by Chas. Kiff, south by A. J. Teter, and west by Horace Kiff, containing 130 acres, about 30 acres improved, one frame house, two frame barns, and a few fruit trees thereon; to be sold as the property of John M. Kiff

and Erastus Kiff.

ALSO—a lot of land, beginning at the south-east ALSO—a lot of land, beginning at the south-east corner of let No. 29, of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Lawrence township, Tioga county, Pednsylvania, thence along lines of let No. 14, conveyed to William McDougall, south 61 8-10 perches, and south 89½ degrees, east. 83 6-10, perches, thence along the west line of let No. 36, conveyed to George Vangorden, and let No. 35, conveyed to Abiel Sly, south, 1 deg. west 94 perches, thence along the north line of let No. 34, and let No. 56, conveyed to Julia Elliett, west 146 5-10 perches, thence along the east line of let No. 47, north 155. 9-10 perches, thence along the south line-of let No. 29 aforesaid, cast 63 3-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and four acres and eight tenths of an acre, with the and four acres and eight tenths of an acre, with the usual allowance of six percent for roods etc., it being let No. 57, of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Lawrence township, and part of warrant numbered 4292, with about fifteen acres improved, and the build-

ings thereon.

Also—another lot in Lawrence township, bounded on the north by Peter Reep, and — Guile, east by Peter Reep, wild lands, south by A. M. Knapp, and west by the Tioga river, containing about one bundred acres, about eighty acres improved, frame house, frame barn, frame corn house, and other out buildings, and two apple orchards thereon; to be sold as the property, of Thurman Pattison. of Thurman Pattison.

ALSO—a lot-of land bounded and described as fol-

LALSO-- a lot of land bounded and described as follows: On the nerth by lot No. 168 of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Middlebury township, conveyed to David E. Palmer, and lot No. 38, contracted to Sylvanus and Lowis Ames, on the east by lot No. 38 aforesaid, and lot No. 47, conveyed to James Bryant, on the south by lot No. 47 aforesaid, and lot No. 46, conveyed to James Bryant, and on the west by lot No. 174, now or late in the possession of John R. Genson, lot No. 167; conveyed to Joseph Guiles, and lot No. 40, conveyed to Joseph Guiles, and lot No. 40, conveyed to Joel M. Palmer, it being lot No. 39, of the allotment of the Binghams in Middlebury township, and part of warrants numbered 1364, 1365, and 1367, containing fifty-nine acres and fourtenths of an acre, with the usual allowance of six per cent for roads etc., about 40 acres improved, frame nouse, frame barn, and fruit trees thereon; to be sold

as the property of Simeon Hammond.

ALSO—s lot of land in Charleston township, bounded and described as follows: On the north by lot No. 54 of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Charleston township, conveyed to Elijah Grennell, lot No. 22, contracted to Alonzo Whitney, and lot No. 20, contracted to James S. Bradt, on the east by lot No. mery & Patton warrantees, and Nos. 61 & 67, boanded 265, conveyed to Daniel Kelsey—lot No. 59, contracted to Silve & Alford, and Weston, Bronson & Co., south by lands of John W. Guernsey, and west by land of B. aforesaid, and on the west by lot No. 73, now or late lands of John W. Guernsoy, and west by land of D.

Wickham; containing about 216 acres, with three
dwelling houses, one wood-house, hog house, corn
house, smoke house, three barns, two sheds, one apple orchard, grapevines and fruit trees and shrubbery
and a part of the Tioga railroad, with a depot and
of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Charleston
of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Charleston

FLOUR, best and middling grades, at lowest market prices, at [April 22] MATHERS'.

OF SEATED AND UNSEATED

We, the Commissioners of Tiogs County, Pa., in accordance with the Acts of the General Assembly in such cases made and provided, do hereby offer for sale at public vendue or outery, the following tracts of Unseated and Seated Lands, on Monday, the 31st day of August, A. D., 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at UNSEATED LANDS.

1850. No. | Acres. | Warrantee. No. | Acres | Warrantee. 5242 140 Howes & Fisher.

1554 2040 7734 Thomas Willing Lineary. 1962 70 J Barrows, jr. 275 William Bond 257 George Meade 5644 479 S. M. Pox 1856. 6044 633 P. M. Willing bittab. 4212 75 James Wilson 171-285 66 Farah Vaughn 1867 50 Thomas Willing 4427 590 1951 204 6219 74 SULLYAR.

971 146 Myers & Flaber
do 110 do
975 63 do
de 148 de LIBERTY. 847 93 Ephecopal Academy MORRIS. 4365 113 James Wilson

SEATED LANDS. 1856. OWNER OR O WHOM ASSESS FROM INSCHO,

P Parmentier, J Costiey, Wm Dunham, Jesse Madison Robert Sand,
Hiram Sarton,
E D Worrell,
J Wardwell,
M Canada,
C Whittamore,
Jane A Johnson,
W Griffin,
Icsaich Williams,
Charles King,
L Jackson,
Vannansler Robbins,
A Satterlay. vington boro, Covington. Charles Dartt, Richard Baid,

Farmington, el Hagan, m Hastin, 1001 41000

Owner, de. I. W. Owner, de.

Grines.
Rufus Lindsley. 10 140 Anson Warren,
J Merrick. town lot B Youngs. John Hughes. 125 E Haynes & Co.

Horris. saw mill John Ranson 400 Rodgers & Riley. Liberty. · 56 - C Bastian. Middlebury. A Ja W Eteyena. 12 25 A Brown.
W J Rosencrans. 2 72 W Whitney.
Griffin Palmer. 10 140 James Brown. Richmond D Norwood 81 James Seymour. Rutland. : 50 E J Harding.

W W Slettwell
Sullivan.
A G Churchill.
D Pierce: 100 Charles Cooley.
100 John Emith.
3 67 D Hurled.
town lot J B Smith. 125 40 194 50 D Pierce: D Kellogg.
J R Harvey. Tioga. 112 Deniel Haynes-0 50 Peter Orsemus. B Cummings.
J Livingston.
Francis Peters.
S Andrews. 10

Union. E P Colton. John Clark. J Hagan. 1856--58. 92 3 73 92 Seth Robinson.
73 James Waite.
50 J P Colton.
7; Elizabeth Grantin. - 3 400 AMER Front.

s Gamble. 1858. Newton Lightner. house, lot James King Brookfield.

John Davis. 400 Hiram Inscho. Stephen Sperry. house, lot James Clark. Ira Luce. house, lot James King.

John Youmans.

William Ingalls. 30 Pa..

Charleston.

Rockius. 100 Fortman Overs.

11 Horace Stratton.

40 Daniel Williams. 686 Robert Land. 40 W F Lang. 65 S Smith. 50 Kwasell Nelson. Reuben Grinnell.
Ira Gulle.

Morse.
David Hall. Charles Ellsw

Reuben French.
Ichabod Brown.
Silas Crandall.
Sternburg.
E S Brown.
Nathenial Bratton. Jeremiah Moore. Richard Eiliott. E T Seark. Thomas Brown. A Crowl. Nathaniel Button. Deerfield. nouse & lot Hiram King.
Farmington. Penny Baker, Gaines,

Mitchell a Whitman, 6 14 Henry Mack. David Bissell. 1
A P Cone.
Charles Smith, 2
William D Stacy.
Knoxville. 60 Orra Grinnell.

Lawis Stevens. James Green. 1 s.; David Costly.

Lawrence. 1 lot Truman Halady.

Lawrenceville. house, lot S Boman. house, house, lot J S Warner. house, lot H L Hickey. Henry Cook. Morris. Robert Clark

Middlebury.

E W Leonard. 20
Nelson Smith.

William Wharton. Robert Clark

A C Bush.

30 Smith Stevens. 60 William White?. 25 Thomas King. 50 Elisha Smith. William Wna.
Smith Stevens.
Christopher Whitman.
Richmond. 18 Adam Hart. William Hatton, Lyman Beuton, Rachel Wood. William Holton.

Constant Bailey, Sullivan, Joel Case, Shippen. George Hutching 50 Charles Moshin. 137 - John Chark. 50 William Rogers. 8 46 Thomas White.

George Cummings.
J & Hastings:
James Wilkinson-54 100 Tioga. mill a 258. Samuel Clark. 98. L.D. Mann. 20. 66. S. Miller. 95 Imag Benson. 4 Hiram Bixby. Union. 2 106 George Hebe. 100 Leve Mills. 5 42 J Vanbuskisk. 7 43 John Dove, WG Crawford.

WG Crawford.
John-Kelly.
Patrick O'Brien.
J B Wagner.
Wellsboro.
V Blair.

Wellsboro.

Town lot G W Meek et. 114 P E Rundall. John Randall. Jackson & Smith.
William Lewis,

114 F E Rundall.
400 Jappas Riley,
76 H McIntre.
82 P Betrielley,
100 L B Chemation
85 John Denüt,
225 Nashl, Harvoy,
131 John Ham,
100 John Ham,
100 John Bmith,
6 Alex. Clark,
225 Harvey Nash,
88 Jonas Cooley.
189 Elisha Nash,
88 Elisha Nash, William Lewis,
Elijah Pelton,
N Bailery,
Jason Clark,
John S Dyke,
B C Wright,
Cyrus Counfort,
John Resd,
John E Parker,
F B a F D Clark,
William C Ames,
Asahol Frost, Westfield.

William Armstrong, 1 49 Geo. Maynard, AMBROSE BARKER, Cox'4 JOB REXPORD.

J. A. Kraff, Clerk,

Wellsboro, May 25, 1863.