creased. The mud soon made it rather sticky travelling, it being about six inches deep.—When we started, everything seemed to indicate that we would have a pretty tough march, and for once signs did not fail. About ten o'clock the sun *came* out hot, which, with the mud, made the sweat start from many who could stand the labor of the hay field without feeling the fatigue, that they did in that march. About noon we stopped in a pleasant grove, to eat dinner—if you can call a few hard crackers and a cup of coffee made over a fire of wet wood, a dinner—although I don't pretend to know much about a soldier's fare, still I do know that a cup of coffee, *even if it be made in* a tin cup, has a most exhilarating effect on a tired soldier.

While we were quietly enjoying ourselves, after partaking of coffee and hard tack, our peace of mind and soon after of body also was greatly diminished by the appearance of an orderly, whose horse looked as though he had been traveling in the mud as well as we. He was greeted by the whole regiment as a harbinger of rapid marching, and in this we were not mistaken. We afterward *learned*, that the order was to hurry us to London, as there was great danger in that direction. When we left Greencastle we were entirely ignorant of the cause of our being marched at such a rate, but after coming here we learned that it was on account of a rumor, that a detachment of rebel cavalry was advancing in the direction of McConnelsville, intending to enter the Cumberland valley through Cove Gap—a pass in the Blue Ridge through which a portion of Lee's army entered when he invaded Pennsylvania. Many of the boys gave out before we reached Loudon completely worn out by the hard marching. I have no doubt however, but that many would have struggled on a little farther if they had been aware that a rod of Pennsylvania was in danger of being once more desecrated by the foot of a southern rebel. I don't say that any of us can battle scientifically, but, ignorant as we are of military tactics I *don't think* there are many in our regiment but would strive to discharge *faithfully* the duty they owe their country in the hour of battle, should they be called upon to meet the enemy in deadly conflict. Soon after we reached Loudon the story was contradicted, and all we had to do was to locate ourselves as best we could for the night.

On the morning of the 28th we received orders to march to our present camp ground, and I venture to say a more romantic and cleanly situation could not have been found any where in this vicinity. It is a splendid Oak grove which slopes gently toward the south, and is about one mile southeast of the quiet, I might almost say sleepy village of Loudon. We are enclosed on all sides by the mountains of the Blue Ridge, and the village nestled among such natural barracks seems to be entirely out of reach of harm. But even this quiet spot is not secure against the inroads of the enemy, and notwithstanding the air of contentment that seems to pervade the whole scene, many of the inhabitants of the valley fear another *visit from the Southern chivalry*. Many of the people in this part of the state are favorable to the Southern cause, and would gladly welcome Lee's hordes back to reap the harvests of their loyal neighbors. What can be the reason for this base ingratitude is beyond my comprehension. Everything that man can envy is theirs, and yet they try to paralyze the arm that has protected them. I am glad to say, however, that those are the exceptions, and not the rule. Since the story of invasion has been contradicted all has assumed its usual monotonous tone. Should we have no work to do down here we hope soon to meet our friends in Tioga County. C.

Gen. Logan on Peace and War.

The correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* reports a recent earnest conversation of Major-General Logan, the well known Western War Democrat. We extract the following:

"It makes no difference whether you call me Democrat, Republican, or Abolitionist—as some have of late named me. It does not change my feelings—does not alter my action. I am for my country every time—for my country first, last and always—and am fighting for the right of that country to be numbered among the honored nations of the earth. Until that is brought about, and this rebellion crushed out, I am but an American citizen. When that right shall have been asserted, then, should we find there is something wrong in the fabric that our fathers reared, something we desire to change, it will be time enough to come up and demand the change. Now we have this accursed rebellion to root out. It must be rooted out. I am for using every means and all means for putting it to an end. If the people of the North would use the same force Jeff Davis and his minions use, and were as unanimous as they are—for in the South force of arms compels every man to act as though he sanctioned the rebellion whether he feels inclined or not—this war would be successfully terminated in less than six months.

Every mother's son who is opposed to the war should be compelled to take up arms against us or for us. Then there would be no talk of peace here in the North, no talk of resistance, no such men as Vallandigham, no such cowards as those who support all such men, and say these things.

Vallandigham says he has travelled over the Confederacy—using the term "Confederacy" not the phrase so called Confederacy (for I do not acknowledge the existence of any authority or Government in America aside from that of the United States,) and has not seen man, woman, or child, who does not sustain the war, and is not determined to fight it out to the death or the bitter end. Vallandigham here simply lies. He tells what is not true, and he knows it. Vallandigham, aside from the leading men—Jeff. Davis, Toombs, and Stephens—did not, I venture to say, speak with a dozen persons while taking his involuntary trip through Dixie. Had he done so, his report would have been of a different color. The people who are fighting against this Government—the poor whites comprising the rank and file of the rebellion—nine-tenths of them do not know what they are fighting against. A majority of them do not know anything, and hundreds of them never saw the American flag until their lives until they saw it march into Vicksburg in triumph. They do not know the Fourth of July, or anything else that is good. But poor and ignorant as they are, let them express their own free minds, and they will, almost to a man, demand a speedy termination of this war—would submit to almost anything rather than fight one day longer as they have been fighting. It is only by the force of bayonets that their army is kept together. Even that cannot prevent their deserters from flocking into Jackson by hundreds, to take the oath of allegiance or to join the Union ranks. And I tell you what I know when I say that it will not be many days ere the entire States of Mississippi and Tennessee will be knocking loudly for readmission to a Union which not long since they thought their puny efforts could quickly dissolve. They are talking of it even now."

THE AGITATOR.

M. H. COBB, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

WELLSBOROUGH, PENN'A:

WEDNESDAY, : : : : : AUGUST 12, 1863.

UNION STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ANDREW G. CURTIN.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

DANIEL AGNEW,

OF BEAVER COUNTY.

Republican Co. Convention, Aug. 28th. Election of Delegates, August 22d.

It is with great satisfaction and renewed hope for the future of the country that we announce the re-nomination of ANDREW G. CURTIN, by the Union Convention which assembled at Pittsburg to-day a week. If any State Executive ever richly merited a re-election, that man is Governor Curtin. He has been the right-hand man of the Government from the hour when the assault upon Sumter electrified the North to the present hour. When the country drooped under the disaster at Bull Run he strengthened the arm of the Government by pushing forward the Reserves, 15,000 strong, to the defence of the Capital. No requisition upon Pennsylvania by the General Government has been ignored or dishonored. He has managed State affairs with great skill, and history will give him credit for untiring energy, wisdom and *forethought*. To the soldier he appears in the light of a benefactor and faithful friend. His name is always and everywhere coupled with praise by the Pennsylvania soldier, and his presence in camp is an enthusiastic inspiration.

We look upon ANDREW G. CURTIN as invincible against the power and popularity of any man, by what party soever championed, who can be brought against him. If every loyal man in Pennsylvania but does his duty from this time until the polls close on the second Tuesday in October, there cannot be less than 20,000 majority for Curtin and Agnew.

THERE was a man who had great possessions. His granaries, likewise his purse, were always full to overflowing. "He waxed fat and kicked;" he grew careless of the vicissitudes that intrude themselves into the lives of other men. And at last he came to disregard the laws of common prudence.

He suffered seed-time to come and go, and sowed no wheat, neither did he plant corn; and when his neighbors remonstrated with him he led them to his overflowing granaries and said: "Behold how my fields have yielded in past time, so that famine has gone afar from me, and Plenty has made her permanent abode in my house! Lo, am I not secure under her beneficent reign?"

So, as he would not listen to reason, his neighbors went away condemning the madness of prosperity.

In the summer time there came a great storm and the lightning fell upon that proud man's barns and granaries, and consumed them to ashes, with all their *stores*. And the banks in which he had deposited his treasure, failed, and Plenty fled away on the returning track of Want; and in the brief space of a day the proud man found himself in the pitiless embrace of the ruin his neglect had courted; and in the bitterness of defeat he cried—"O that I had planted and sowed in seed-time, that my lands might now smile upon me with the promise of harvest!"

Loyal men of Tioga County! Kind Providence has given you nine years of local victory; you have won every field fought for during a decade; you have fought the county foot by foot, and the Vicksburgs and Port Hudsons of negro-driving Democracy have surrendered to your arms; but you have the Charleston and Richmond of most devilish Copperheadism yet to demolish. If at any moment you feel like leaning reliantly upon past success, remember the foolish man who rejoiced in full granaries and neglected to plant and sow.

Republicans, and unconditionally-loyal democrats!—for it is to such, and only such that we appeal;—if there was ever a time when sleepless vigilance and untiring effort was vital and binding upon us, that time finds more than a parallel in the living to-day. Never before have such dangers threatened, such issues presented themselves for our consideration and action. We cannot now sit down and await the operation of the law of gravitation. There is no security except in increased vigilance, no success without unremitting labor. There is no other motto for earnest patriots, than this: HE WINS WHO WORKS!

It is not a matter of bare success in our local election; nor is it whether Tioga County shall give CURTIN and AGNEW a majority next October. Of this measure of success our opponents do not expect to cheat us. The question now is—*How large a majority shall Tioga County roll up for its unconditionally loyal nominees, both State and local?* That is the question we have to decide this fall.

Now who cannot see that a vote for Curtin in this county is as good as if cast for him in Copperhead Berks, or Schuylkill? If we can poll one hundred votes more than were polled last fall, by any extra vigilance or labor, it will count *as much* in the State canvass as if that added number of votes had been gained in old Berks. By a simple performance of duty, and nothing more, we can increase our aggregate vote not only 100, but 500. Shall we do it?—For one we say Yes!

What inducements have we to put forth all our strength? What inducements! Think a moment; ask yourselves what would have been the attitude of Pennsylvania to-day had the pro-slavery traitors defeated Andie Curtin in 1860: Standing in the light of after developments—with the bad faith of Horatio Seymour on the one hand and the record of the last Copperhead legislature of this State on the other, what sane man can doubt that Pennsylvania, under a pro-slavery Governor, would this day be arrayed in hostility to the Government?

Look back to the dark days that ensued upon the first Bull Run, when Gov. Curtin threw the gallant Reserves, provided by his foresight, into the trembling scale, and electrified the North with renewed hope and confidence; suppose we had had a Seymour-Vallandigham-Woodward traitor for our Executive then,—what do you think would have been the condition of Pennsylvania to-day?

While Lee was devastating the rich valleys of this State, the Convention that nominated Woodward was in session in the imminently threatened State Capital; and while it hastened to assure Vallandigham and his fellow-traitors of its sympathy and earnest co-operation, it had *not one word* of indignant protest for the rebel leaders who were that moment levying on the property of peacable fellow-citizens, and threatening our towns with fire and sword.

What if the Executive of this Commonwealth had been a Woodward-Seymour-Vallandigham-sympathizer in that trying hour? Does any loyal man doubt that the State would have been treacherously handed over to Jefferson Davis?

Friends of freedom and law and order! It is precisely such contingencies that we have to provide against in going to the polls next October. Were a rebel army knocking at our very doors, it could not be more a question of security for our hearths and homes than it is in this very campaign.

The prize is national existence. Let us strive for it like men who can forget self in remembering their country. LET US TO WORK.

HURRAH FOR KENTUCKY!

This seems to be the season of Union victories. Kentucky has held a general election since our last issue, with glorious results for the Union. BRAMLETTE, the Union candidate for Governor, beats Wickliffe, Copperhead, by a *majority of 20,000!* We have likewise elected a full Congressional delegation, which fixes the complexion of Congress for two years to come. Hurrah for Kentucky!

O ye Seymour-Vallandigham-Woodwardites! Don't you see the handwriting on the wall?—Even Kentucky spews you out! The haughty reign of the Wickliffes is over, and Kentucky begins to stand erect with something of her old-time pride.

The discomfitted Copperheads are foaming over this defeat everywhere. They charge that Gen. Burnside's order, proclaiming martial law in that State, was an act of highhanded tyranny. Now Gen. Burnside's order simply required every man suspected of disloyalty to take the oath of allegiance before depositing his vote. The order could only affect traitors; and no loyal man or paper will find fault with it.

Pittsburg Convention.—The Resolutions.

WE give herewith the platform adopted by the Union State Convention which nominated CURTIN and AGNEW, at Pittsburg, last Wednesday. Is it not a plain, unequivocal and patriotic platform? Contrast it with the cowardly and traitor-sympathizing platform upon which the Woodward icicle stands:

The loyal men of Pennsylvania, in Convention assembled, disclaiming all partisanship, and knowing no cause but that of the country, declare for themselves and their constituents:

First. Their inflexible purpose to maintain, by every necessary effort, service, and sacrifice, the National Union, as the first, highest, most solemn, and most overshadowing of all political duties.

Second. That the rebellion which threatens the existence of the Union was without cause, was conceived in wickedness, organized in perjury, and developed by reckless violence, is stained with every crime, and detestable in object, and infernal in purpose, and must be suppressed by the people of the United States, at the destruction of whose liberties and the overthrow of whose free institutions it is injuriously aimed. That in this momentous contest there are and can be but two parties—one which firmly sustains the constituted authorities of the nation in enforcing all the laws thereof, and in protecting the principle upon which the Government rests, and is therefore at once the party of law, of liberty, and patriotism; the other which cripples the constituted authorities of the nation in enforcing the laws, securing its safety, and preserving its life, and is therefore the parent of mobs, the enemy of order, and a participant in treason—the class whose detestable practices not only give aid and comfort to the common enemy, but, as confessed at Richmond, light up these days of rebel darkness and disaster, and stimulate them to renewed and desperate efforts to recruit their armies and to whom a part is this day justly chargeable whatever of vitality the rebellion preserves, and whatever calamity and affliction the further protraction of the contest may involve. But for Northern sympathizers with Southern treason and the hopes which their treasonable existence inspires, the rebellion would have sunk under the staggering blows dealt at Gettysburg, Vicksburg, and Port Hudson.

Resolved, That wholly without sympathy for the men who have made this war against a free Republican Government, or for a system of human bondage, in whose interest it was instigated, or cause of despotic principles to which it is devoted, this Convention declare all engaged therein, while so engaged, to be worthy only of our patriotic hatred; and, in like spirit, we denounce as doubly recreant and base those residents of loyal States who tolerate this treason, and would affiliate with armed traitors, and again surrender our Government and liberties to their keeping.

Resolved, That Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States [applause], by the discharge of his most arduous duties in the dark days of civil war, has won for himself the affection and regard of the whole American people; and, always bearing himself clear in his high office, has maintained the integrity of the Union, and kept our honor untarnished throughout the world [applause], and to him, this administration, its principles and its policy, we give our heartiest approval, and pledge our earnest and enthusiastic support. [Loud applause.]

Resolved, That the amendments proposed to the Constitution in giving to our soldiers in the field the right of suffrage, merit our hearty approval, and will receive our united support; and that we recommend conventions of loyal throughout the State to pledge all candidates for the Legislature to vote for it.

Resolved, That we tender to the gallant sons of Pennsylvania now in the armies and navies of the Repnblic, the thanks of a grateful people, for their unselfish and heroic valor; that we mourn for those who have sealed with their blood their devotion to their country, and will cherish their memories tenderly and fondly; while to the glorious survivors we give assurance that the last dollar and the last life shall be given to reinforce them, until the old flag floats in final victory. [Applause.]

Resolved, That Governor Curtin, by the effective support he has given the Federal Government in the prosecution of the war, and his vigilant care for our soldiers, alike in the field, in camp, and in hospital, has gained for Pennsylvania proud and foremost pre-eminence among the loyal States, and entitled himself to the thanks of all her loyal citizens, and in placing him again in nomination the Convention but gave expression to the spontaneous wishes of the people of the Commonwealth he has served so well. We present for their suffrages the patriot statesman, who is alike the friend of the soldier and the favorite of the people. [Applause.]

Resolved, That in the nomination of Judge Agnew, we present an accomplished jurist, a pure patriot, and a loyal citizen, who will adorn the highest judicial tribunal of the Commonwealth, and give additional security to the right of persons and property.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Fieri Facias, Levari Facias*, and *Venditioni Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county, Pa., to me directed, will be exposed to public sale in the Court House, in Wellsboro, on *MONDAY*, the 31st day of August, 1863, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the following described property, to wit:

A lot in Covington boro', bounded north and west by lands of George Corlies, south by street, and east by Tioga railroad, containing about three-quarters of an acre, frame house, barn, and fruit trees thereon. The property of Thos. M'Cabe.

ALSO—a lot of land in Wellsboro, bounded north-east and south-east by Wm. Bache, north-west and south-west by highway: containing about ½ of an acre improved, frame house, frame barn, frame cabinet shop, frame warehouse, and a few fruit trees thereon. Sold as the property of Jacob Stickley.

ALSO—a lot of land in Wellsboro, Tioga Co., Pa., bounded northerly by Henry Sherwood, easterly by Main street, southerly by Samuel A. Mack, and easterly by Benjamin B. Smith; containing ½ an acre more or less, with a two-story frame house and some fruit trees thereon. Sold as the property of S. R. Smith.

ALSO—a lot of land in Osceola, bounded north by R. Crandall, east by highway, south by L. S. Culver, Julius Scott, John O'Connor, and west by L. S. Culver; containing about 8-10ths of an acre, frame house, frame barn and some fruit trees thereon. Sold as the property of Wm. T. Humphrey.

ALSO—a lot of land in Delmar, bounded north by —— Smead, east by Horace Butler, south by Rockwell Bailey, and west by Edmund Mattison; containing about 60 acres, more or less, about 20 acres improved, frame house, board shed, and apple orchard thereon. Sold as the property of Samuel Borden.

ALSO—the interest and title of defendant in a lot of land in Tioga tp., beginning at a post the SW. of lot No. 20, conveyed to Benajah Ives, thence north 81 deg. east, by the southern boundary of said Ives' lot 226 perches to a post, SE. corner thereof, thence south 9 deg. west, 237 perches, to a post, the east corner of lot No. 22, conveyed to Lyman Adams, thence north 60 deg. west, by the northern boundary line of said lot 230 3-10ths perches to a post, the north corner thereof, thence north 9 deg. east, 84 8-10ths perches to the place of beginning—containing 216 acres and 32 perches of land, being part of a large tract of land which was originally surveyed by virtue of two warrants dated the 17th day of May, 1785, Bartholomew & Patton warrantees, and Nos. 61 & 67, bounded north by land of John Prutsman, east by lands of Sly & Alford, and Weston, Bronson & Co., south by lands of John W. Guernsey, and west by land of B. C. Wickham; containing about 216 acres, with three dwelling houses, one wood-house, hog house, corn house, smoke house, three barns, two sheds, one apple orchard, grapevines and fruit trees and shrubbery and a part of the Tioga railroad, with a depot and water-station thereon. Sold as the property of John D. Berry.

ALSO—a lot of land in Deerfield, bounded north by Hiram E. Potter, east by Bingham lands, south by Alonzo Stevens and Bingham lands, and west by W. J. Knox: containing 68½ acres, about 6 acres improved, 2 frame houses and log barn thereon. Sold as the property of R. S. Mosher and Wm. B. Rich.

ALSO—a tract or parcel of land in the borough of Knoxville, bounded north by Main street, east by lands of John Goodspeed and John Mattison, south and west by Troup's creek; containing 7 acres more or less;

ALSO—a lot or parcel of land in Deerfield, and in Knoxville, beginning at the SW corner of land owned by Nancy C. Temple, thence north ½ deg. east, 15½ rods to a post, thence east nine and nine-tenths rods to lands owned by Cummings Mattison, thence north ½ deg. east 320 rods to a post, thence north 89½ deg. west, 142 2-10 perches to a post, thence south 31 deg. east 150 perches to a post in the center of Troup's creek, thence south 54 deg. east along said creek, and taking in dam and water privilege as formerly used for gristmill purposes on said described premises, 21 perches, thence south 3 deg. east along said creek 114 perches, thence south 53 rods, thence south 71½ deg. east, 21 rods to the place of beginning—containing 12¼ acres and 7 perches, more or less;

ALSO—a lot or parcel of land in Deerfield, bounded as follows: beginning at a chestnut oak, being the SW corner of warrant No, 5180, thence north 280 rods to a hemlock, thence east 367 5-10 perches to a beech, thence south 280 rods to an old oak, thence west 367 5-10 perches to the place of beginning—containing 643 acres, more or less, and being lot No. 32;

ALSO—one other lot, being lot No. 50, beginning at a yellow pine at the SW corner of said lot, thence north 66 rods to a post, thence east 143 5-10 rods to a post, thence south 66 rods to a post, thence west 143 5-10ths rods to the place of beginning—containing 60 acres, more or less, together with the appurtenances. Sold as the property of Nelson John and Lafayette Johnson.

ALSO—a lot of land in Jackson, bounded north by S. R. Friends and Elisha Ames, east by E. Ames, S. White, Giles Kinner, S. R. Friends, and highway, south by John Combs and H. P. Yeomans, jr. west by highway and H. P. Yeomans, jr.—containing about 50 acres, 25 acres improved, one frame house, one log barn and shed, and some fruit trees thereon. Sold as the property of Lewis Kinner.

ALSO—a lot of land in Brookfield, bounded north by Allen Seeley, east by highway, south by Solomon Mattison and west by Bingham lands—containing about 69 acres, more or less, about 8 acres improved, a log house and log barn thereon. Sold as the property of James Bentley.

ALSO—a lot of land in Ward township, bounded as follows; on the north by land of Charles Clark and C. L. Ward, on the east by lands of C. L. Ward, on the south by lands of Joseph Larcome, and on the west by lands of Frank Barnes, containing about two hundred acres, about thirty-five acres cleared, with two log houses and two log barns and some fruit trees thereon; to be sold as the property of Alonzo Barnes.

ALSO—a lot of land in Sullivan township, bounded north by A. J. Webster, east by A. J. and E. R. Webster, south by A. J. Webster, west by highway, containing one acre; to be sold as the property of A. J. Smith.

ALSO—a lot of land in Westfield township, bounded north by Bingham lands, east by R. Krusen, south by Mary Tubbs and Augustus Streeter, and west by Jno. Gardner; containing about 40 acres, about 30 acres improved; to be sold as the property of Zachius Mallery and John Pierce.

ALSO—a lot of land in Westfield, bounded north by John Gardner, east by John Pierce, south by Bingham lands and west by lot in possession of John Tremain—*containing about 100 acres, about 80 acres improved*, frame house, frame barn and sheds, corn house hog house, outbuildings, and fruit trees thereon. Sold as the property of Samuel Pierce.

ALSO—a lot of land in Richmond township, bounded north by Gilbert Phelps, east by Erastus Robinson, south by Erastus Robinson and Peter Whittaker, and west by A. W. Wilson, containigg 100 acres, about 75 acres improved, one frame house, frame barn, and a few fruit trees thereon; to be sold as the property of W. M. Stilwell.

ALSO—a lot of land in Lawrence Boro, bounded north by highway, east by land of J. P. McCollum, south by James Stewart, and west by O. H. Adams, containing about one-fourth of an acre improved, one frame house and few fruit trees thereon; to be sold as the property of Calvin Benn.

ALSO—a lot of land in Lawrence township, bounded north by Cowanesque river, east by A. Walker and Joel Adams, south by M. S. Baldwin, and west by Simeon I. Power, containing 75 acres, 50 acres improved, one frame house, two frame barns, other out buildings and some *fruit trees thereon; to be sold* as the property of Dyer Power and Simeon Power.

ALSO—the undivided one-half part of a certain lot or parcel of land in Gaines township, Tioga County, Penna., beginning at a post the south west corner of warrant survey, No. 2297, Wilhelm, Willink and Co., Warantees, thence by said No. 2297, east 281 perches to a post, thence by warrant survey, No. 2298, 2306 and 2335, *south five hundred* and ninety-seven perches and six tenths of a perch to a post, thence west 281 perches to a post in the county line, thence by said county line north 597 and six-tenths of a perch to the place of beginning, containing 990 acres with allowance of six per cent for roads etc., being the whole of a tract of land surveyed for Wilhelm, Willink and others, in pursuance of their warrant from the Commonwealth, No. 2308, excepting and reserving one hundred acres out of the south west corner thereof, sold to Joseph Sofield; to be sold as the property of J. F. Donaldson and S. F. Wilson, with notice to E. Miller, terre tenant.

ALSO—a lot of land in Charleston township, bounded north by Biter, east by Levi E. Rockwell, A. A. Elliott and A. G. Elliott, south by Daniel Heath, and west by highway, containing 61 acres, about 40 acres improved, log house and a few fruit trees thereon; to be sold as the property of G. A. Webster.

ALSO—a lot of land in Covington twp., bounded north by highway, east, south and west by N. A. Elliott, containing one fourth of an acre, frame house, and frame barn thereon; to be sold as the property of Vihemus Culver.

ALSO—a lot of land in Ward township, bounded north by C. E. Rathbone and S. Smith, East by Chas. Kiff, south by A. J. Teter, and west by Horace Kiff, containing 130 acres, about 30 acres improved, one frame house, two frame barns, and a few fruit trees thereon; to be sold as the property of John M. Kiff and Erastus Kiff.

ALSO—a lot of land, beginning at the south-east corner of lot No. 29, of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Lawrence township, Tioga county, Pennsylvania, thence along lines of lot No. 14, conveyed to William McDougall, south 61 8-10 perches, and south 89½ degrees, east 83 6-10 perches, thence along the west line of lot No. 36, conveyed to George Vangorden, and lot No. 35, conveyed to Abiel Sly, south, 1 deg., west 94 perches, thence along the north line of lot No. 34, and lot No. 56, conveyed to Julia Elliott, west 146 5-10 perches, thence along the east line of lot No. 47, north 155 9-10 perches, thence along the south line of lot No. 39 aforesaid, east 63 3-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and four acres and eight-tenths of an acre, with the usual allowance of six percent for roads etc., it being lot No. 57, of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Lawrence township, and part of warrant numbered 4292, with about fifteen acres improved, and the buildings thereon.

ALSO—another lot in Lawrence township, bounded on the north by Peter Reep, and —— Guile, east by Peter Reep, wild lands, south by A. M. Knapp, and west by the Tioga river, containing about one hundred acres, about eighty acres improved, frame house, frame barn, frame corn house, and other out buildings, and two apple orchards thereon; to be sold as the property of Thurman Pattison.

ALSO—a lot of land bounded and described as follows: On the north by lot No. 168 of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Middlebury township, conveyed to David F. Palmer, and lot No. 38, contracted to Sylvanus and Lewis Ames, on the east by lot No. 38 aforesaid, and lot No. 47, conveyed to James Bryant, on the south by lot No. 47 aforesaid, and lot No. 46, conveyed to James Bryant, and on the west by lot No. 174, now or late in the possession of John R. Genson, lot No. 167, conveyed to Joseph Guiles, and lot No. 49, conveyed to Joel M. Palmer, it being lot No. 39, of the allotment of the Binghams in Middlebury township, and part of warrants numbered 1364, 1365, and 1367, containing fifty-nine acres and four-tenths of an acre, with the usual allowance of six per cent for roads etc., about 40 acres improved, frame house, *frame barn, and fruit trees thereon*; to be sold as the property of Simeon Hammond.

ALSO—a lot of land in Charleston township, bounded and described as follows: *On the north by lot* No. 54 of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Charleston township, conveyed to Elijah Grennell, lot No. 22, contracted to Alonzo Whitney, and lot No. 20, contracted to James S. Bradt, on the east by lot No. 265, conveyed to Daniel Kelsey—lot No. 59, contracted to Solon S. Dartt, and lot No. 60, contracted to Elias Tipple—on the south by lots Nos. 59 and 60 aforesaid, and on the west by lot No. 73, now or late in the possession of Asa G. Churchill, and lot No. 52 contracted to Alonzo Whitney, containing one hundred and five acres, with the usual allowance of six per cent for roads etc., it being lot No's. 55, 56 and 57, of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Charleston township, and part of warrant numbered 1792, with about 75 acres improved, one frame house, one frame barn, and other out buildings, and an apple orchard thereon; to be sold as the property of Robert G. White.

ALSO—a lot of land bounded and described as follows: On the north by lot No. 11, of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Charleston township, now or late in the possession of James Gills Dartt—on the east by lot no 13, contracted to R. G. White, on the south by lot No. 27, *contracted to* William R. Knapp, and on the west by lot No. 28, contracted to John W. Bailey, and the west line of warrant No. 1794, it *being lot No. 12, of the sub-division of the Bingham lands* in Charleston township, Tioga county, and part of warrants numbered 1794, and 1795, containing fifty-nine acres and five-tenths of an acre, with the usual allowance of six per cent for roads etc., about 20 acres improved, one frame house, one log house, milk house, and apple orchard thereon; to be sold as the property of Thomas Lester and S. P. Moore.

ALSO—a certain plot or piece of land in *Rutland* township, on which is erected a one and a half story dwelling house, 16 by 17 feet—said plot described as follows, *beginning at a stone* heap standing north 20°, east 5 and 76-100 rods from the north east corner of said house, thence south 40½, east seven rods to a pile of stones, thence south 49½, west nine rods to a pile of stones, thence north 40½ west seven rods to a pile of stones, thence north 49½, east nine rods to the place of beginning, containing sixty-three square rods; to be sold as the property of Haplan Longwell owner, or reputed owner, and William Longwell, *contractor or* builder.

ALSO—a lot of land bounded and described as follows: *On the north by lot* No. 130 of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Charleston township, contracted to John and Lysander Scott, on the east by lot No. 71, conveyed to John Gilkey, on the south by lot No. 71 aforesaid, and lot No. 62 conveyed to Lyman Wetmore, and on the west by lot No. 138 contracted to John Bellinger, it being lot No. 139 of the subdivision of the Bingham lands in Charleston township, Tioga county, Pennsylvania, and part of warrants numbered H69, and 1170, containing sixty-six acres and four-tenths of an acre, with the usual allowance of six per cent for roads etc., with about thirty acres improved; to be sold as the property of Lyman Wetmore.

ALSO—a lot of land in Middlebury township, bounded north by John Sawyer and Benjamin Mulford, east by John Putnam and Jackson Colegrove, south by highway, and west by James Dunham, containing about seventy acres, about forty acres improved, one two story frame house, one frame barn, one *log house*, and a young apple orchard thereon; to be sold as the property of John M. Fowler.

ALSO—a lot of land in Osceola, bounded north by highway, east by lands of Joel Parkhurst, south by Cowanesque river, and west by highway, containing about ½ acre, one frame house thereon; to be sold as the property of S. P. Hoyt, and Abel Hoyt.

ALSO—a lot of land in Westfield township, bounded north and west by Silas Purple, East by Ira and Orson Edgecomb, and south by Bingham Lands, containing about 100 acres, about 40 acres improved, frame house, two frame barns, and an apple orchard thereon; to be sold as the property of Rufus Warren.

H. STOWELL, Jr., Sheriff.

Wellsboro, August 12, 1863.

FLOUR, best and middling grades, at lowest market prices, at [April 22] MATHERS'.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF SEATED AND UNSEATED LANDS.

We, the Commissioners of Tioga County, Pa., in accordance with the Acts of the General Assembly in such cases made and provided, do hereby offer for sale at public vendue or outcry, the following tracts of Unseated and Seated Lands, on Monday, the 31st day of August, A. D., 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Commissioners' Office in Wellsboro, to wit:

UNSEATED LANDS.

1850.

No.	Acres	Warrantee.	No.	Acres	Warrantee.
		DELMAR.			LIBERTY.
1951	117	James Wilson.	5580	100	William Ellis
		MORRIS.	5983	429	Nicklin & Griffith
5242	140	Howes & Fisher.			LAWRENCE.
4349	80	James Wilson.			
		RICHMOND.			CHARLESTON.
221	31	P Boyington.	436		Samuel McDougall
5056	527	James Wilson			
1577	451	do			

1854.

		FARMINGTON.			MIDDLEBURY.
2040	77½	Thomas Willing	300		H. G. Wilcox
		LIBERTY.			
1962	70	J. Barrows, jr.			

1855.

		TIOGA.	374		William Bond
5644	479	S. M. Fox	257		George Meade

1856.

		CHARLESTON.			RUTLAND.
5044	633	F. M. Willing	171-235	65	Sarah Vaughn
		DELMAR.			RICHMOND.
4212	75	James Wilson	1857	60	Thomas Willing
4427	590	do			SULLIVAN.
1951	204	do	971	146	Myers & Fisher
4219	74	do	do	110	do
		LIBERTY.	978	43	do
847	93	Episcopal Academy	do	148	do
		MORRIS.			
4365	113	James Wilson			

SEATED LANDS.

1856.

QUANTITY. IMP'D.	WILD.	OWNER OR TO WHOM ASSESSED.			TOWNSHIP.
	400	Hiram Ische,			Brookfield.
5	65	Daniel Bacon,			Charleston.
15	—	Philip Whetmore,			"
6	34	J. T. Hall,			"
10	70	John Goodall,			"
	56	P Parmentier,			Chatham.
	48	J Costley,			"
	50	Wm Dunham,			"
	100	Jesse Madison,			"
	50	R Slocomb,			"
2	48	Daniel Hall,			"
	50	C James,			"
	686	Robert Sand,			"
14	46	Hiram Saxton,			"
Shop & lot		E D Worrell,			Covington boro.
House & lot		J Wardwell,			"
22	75	M Canada,			"
3	51	C Whittamore,			"
House & lot		Jane A Johnson,			"
	60	W Griffin,			Covington.
	87	Isaiah Williams,			"
	40	Charles King,			Clymer.
27	123	L Jackson,			Deerfield.
10	15	Vanransler Robbins,			"
	50	A Satterley,			Delmar.
	70	Charles Dartt,			"
3	22	Richard Bald,			"
	50	B Brisco,			Farmington.
	50	Oel Hagan,			"
6	36	Wm Hastin,			"
	234	J Moorehouse,			"
	50	J Parmel,			"
7	18	R D Card,			"
20	24	Richard Price,			"
L. W		Owner, &c.	L.	W.	Owner, &c.
		Gaines.			
123		Rufus Lindsley.	10	140	Anson Warren.
50		J Merrick.			
		Jackson.			
13		Watson Osgood.	15	35	J Hubbard.
5	75	W A Nichols.	20	66	John Reese.
		Lawrence Borough.			
house, lot		A Ryas.	town lot		S Youngs.
house, lot		P. Miller.	house, lot		P Henderson.
		Lawrence.			
76		John Hughes.	125		E Haynes & Co.
3	57	Joe Jermain.	house, lot		J Marline.
	75	Dan'l. Meade.	27		A Picket.
house, lot		J Swartwood.	56		Samuel Gase.
		Morris.			
saw mill		John Ranson.	400		Rodgers & Riley.
		Liberty.			
4	56	C Bastian.			
		Middlebury.			
15	417	A J & W Stevens.	12	35	A Brown.
	44	W J Rosencrans.	2	72	W Whitney.
4	46	Griffin Palmer.	10	140	James Brown.
	100	Peter Comb.			
		Richmond.			
	25	D Norwood.		81	James Seymour.
		Rutland.			
	50	W W Slettwell		50	E J Harding.
		Sullivan.			
	125	A G Churchill.		100	Charles Cooley.
	40	D Pierce.		100	John Smith.
30	194	D Kellogg.	3	67	D Hurled.
	50	J R Harvey.	town lot		J B Smith.
		Tioga.			
	50	B Cummings.		112	Daniel Haynes.
	50	J Livingston.	10	50	Peter Orsemes.
	87	Francis Peters.		50	Barton Perry.
	83	S Andrews.		50	Jackson Harris.
		Union.			
	71	E P Colton.		47	Wm Conley.
	57	John Clark.		188	J Humphrey.
	16	J Hagan.			
		1856-58.			
	54	William Johnson.		92	Seth Robinson.
50	270	P B Schoonover	3	73	James Waite.
house, lot		Pomeroy.		50	J P Colton.
	94	Freelove.	3	7	Elizab