

THE AGITATOR.

LOCAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Wellsboro, Wed. day, Jan. 28, 1863.

New Advertisements.

Attorney at Law—John S. Mann. Returned Soldiers—E. D. Wells. Economy in Wealth—Hall & Kuekel, Proprietors. Special Notices.

Notice to Subscribers.—All subscribers to the Agitator whose subscriptions were in arrears six months and under on the 1st day of Jan. 1863, will settle the same with the present proprietor of the paper; those whose subscriptions were in arrears over six months at that time will settle the same with High Young at the Post Office.

We are indebted to Messrs. Wilson of the Senate, and Bowman and Limited of the House for valuable public documents.

For want of space we are compelled to leave out John I. Mitchell's letter this week. It will appear in our next.

DONATION VISIT.—The friends of the Rev. J. P. Calkins are invited to attend a Donation Visit at the parsonage, on Thursday evening, Feb. 5th. The children's party, Friday evening, Feb. 6th.

DONATION VISIT.—The friends of the Rev. N. L. Reynolds are invited to attend a Donation Visit at Mansfield, on Friday evening, Feb. 6, 1863.

DONATION VISIT.—The friends of the Rev. A. G. Hammon are invited to attend a Donation Visit at the Hotel of P. P. Putnam in Covington, Tuesday afternoon and evening, Feb. 3, 1863.

DONATION VISIT.—The friends of the Rev. N. L. Reynolds are invited to attend a Donation Visit at the house last occupied by him in Covington Boro, on Wednesday afternoon and evening, Feb. 11th, 1863. All are invited to attend.

The next meeting of the Troy District, Prescher's and Layman's Association, will be held at the M. E. Church, in Troy, Feb. 24th, and 5th. Opening address, Feb. 24, at 2 o'clock P. M.; by Rev. E. Wood, of Towanda. Alternate, Rev. J. D. Bell, of Wellsboro. R. L. STEWELL, Sec'y.

SUICIDE.—We have been shown a letter from a son of Mr. Bigelow, now attending school at Lock Haven, in which he writes that Wm. Lament committed suicide in that place by cutting his throat with his pen knife on the 13th inst. He was supposed to be insane.

CHANGE OF TIME.—Below will be found a new Time Table, which went into effect on the Elmira and Williamsport Road, last week:

ARRIVE AT ELMIRA. DEPART FROM ELMIRA. Via & Buffalo Ex. 11.15 p.m. Night Ex. 6.45 p.m. Western Ex. 12.30 p.m. Mail 12.25 a.m. Way Freight 3.35 p.m. Way Freight 8.20 a.m.

ELECTION OF STATE TREASURER.—Both Houses met on Monday, the 10th inst., at 12 o'clock, in the House of Representatives, for the purpose of electing a State Treasurer in place of Henry D. Moore, Esq., the present efficient occupant. William V. M'Grath, of Philadelphia, being the nominee of the Democrats, received the votes of the party, and was therefore elected.

Henry D. Moore received the support of the Republicans.

THE PROPOSED NEW RAILROAD.

Mr. Burton: In your last issue one professing to be not a citizen of the county but "Tioga county" herself, complains of an inaccuracy in a former article upon the "New Railroad," over my signature. It is no doubt true, as alleged, that Mr. Magee was not the owner of the road from the State line to Corning when the law was passed. Of this I am satisfied by an examination of the date of the act. Here is the act itself:

Chap. 90, Sec. 5, of the Laws of 1851.—"For the better security of the State loan made to this company (the old New York company) so much of the act to authorize the formation of railroad corporations and to regulate the same, passed April 2, 1850, as would or does authorize the construction of a parallel road from the Pennsylvania State line through the valley of the Tioga in the town of Lindley, in the county of Steuben, is hereby suspended until the debt of this company due to the State is fully paid."

Now then, in 1853, John Magee purchased the road from the State line to Corning subject to this debt to the State of New York. He is to pay it. Until he does pay it the prohibition is absolute. With this prohibition on the Statute book, and with the money necessary to remove it in his own pocket, John Magee comes to the Pennsylvania Legislature for permission to build a "parallel road from the Pennsylvania State line to Blossburg, through the valley of the Tioga. He is met with the answer, that he has operating to protect him from competition this act of 1851, (which we have given above), and that it is palpably inequitable and unjust that he should be permitted to build a road parallel with the Tioga railroad to compete with theirs in Pennsylvania while enjoying a complete monopoly in New York.

The force of the reply is so apparent that Mr. Magee's friend deems it necessary to dodge it. This he does very adroitly by saying that we "must have known that John Magee proposed to remove the restriction," provided the Legislature of Pennsylvania will grant him the charter to build his "proposed road."

We did not know that John Magee "proposed to remove the restriction." We did know that he could do it at any moment he chose. We also knew that he had not done it. It is not only very unsatisfactory to the Tioga road, and to every citizen of this part of the State who has any regard for fair play, to hear Mr. Magee talk of "proposing" to remove the restriction, but it is wholly unnecessary for Magee himself. He need not "propose" to do it—he can do it. And he ought never to come in to this State for a charter until he has done it.

But "Tioga County," says Mr. Magee has mined a large quantity of coal, and has necessarily to take it over the Tioga road, therefore the Tioga road has a monopoly, and can "plunder Mr. Magee." Well, have not the Tioga road also to take their freight and coal over his road from the State line down? Certainly! And are prohibited by law from building any road of their own to enable them to escape from the necessity. Then by the same mode of reasoning Mr. Magee is shown to have a monopoly in New York, and therefore can "plunder" the Tioga company.

If Mr. Magee has no other way to get his coal to market except by transporting it over the Tioga road, the Tioga company have no other way to get a single pound of freight to Corning except by transporting it over his road. Both are and both can be accommodated by using the present road, and it is difficult for any unprejudiced mind to see the necessity for a new one. But our friend, who undertakes to speak for the county, closes his article with a mode of argument evidently designed to act as an "eye-opener."

He says of the proposed road: "It will make us a rich and populous county, and create for us a home market." This is fine. To be "rich" is very desirable, and although it was supposed that all search for the "philosopher's stone" had ended, and that money must after all be earned, yet here we have it. Here is the royal road to wealth, wide open, and you have only to put your names to a petition and you are in it—not in it only, but over it, and at the goal. You are rich. Do you see it?

But how is this? Mr. Magee has built, says his friend, a railroad from his mines to Blossburg, seven miles in length, and costing \$80,000. Has this made any body rich except Mr. Magee himself? Suppose he should get a charter and build twenty-five miles more of road. Is there any greater reason for supposing that this would make anybody rich, than that the other should have done so? And after it is built will the fact that the business now done on one road is divided and done by two, bring any more money into the country, or furnish a market for any more produce? Will the fact that one train of cars runs over the valley on Magee's road and another on the Tioga road, instead of both running, as now, over the same track, make the "county rich and populous?" We can't see how it is possible, and we imagine that the citizens of "Tioga county" cannot be made to believe it.

Mr. Magee don't build railroads to make any body rich but himself. We are informed that he built the road to Fall Brook himself, giving no citizen of the county a chance at a contract, or anything of the sort. He built it because it was his interest to do so. He mines coal for the same reason—he runs it to market for the same reason. What difference can it make to anybody unless it be to John Magee himself whether he runs his coal over one road or another? How is it to make the county either rich or populous when he takes it to market over his own rails, any more than when he takes it over the Tioga road? Our friend says, "The people of Tioga care more for themselves than for John Magee," &c., undoubtedly. And just as true is it John Magee cares more for himself than for the people of Tioga county. That is just the difficulty. He cares too much for John Magee. He wants to have him enjoy protection at home, and have protection refused to every body else. He can enjoy his monopoly, but no one else must be tolerated in one. Then to induce the people of Pennsylvania to help him ruin a Pennsylvania company for his individual benefit he talks of making the county of Tioga "rich and populous."

This magnificent result is to be attained how? Why, by Mr. Magee's transporting his own coal over his road instead of over the Tioga road, thereby saving his freights and compelling the Tioga company still to pay their's to him. This may make Mr. Magee "rich and populous," but it can't help Tioga county.

THE WEATHER.—Meteorological Observations of the Weather for the year 1862.—Observations taken three times a day—Fahrenheit's Thermometer: Average temperature for the year 45 deg. Morning observations, 41 deg. Noon, 59 deg. Evening, 44 deg. Average temperature of the winter months including Dec. 1861, is 28 deg. The spring months 45 deg. The summer months 68 deg. The fall months 50 deg. The coldest day in the year was Dec. 20th, average temperature 4 deg. The warmest day in the year was August 5th, average temperature 82 deg. The warmest morning observations were Aug. 4th, 5th, and 12th, temperature 74 deg. The warmest noon observation was July 7th, temperature 98 deg. The warmest evening observations were Aug. 11th, temperature 79 deg. The coldest morning observations were Jan. 8th, and Feb. 16th, temperature 10 deg. below zero. The coldest noon observation was Dec. 20th, temperature 12 deg. The coldest evening observation was Dec. 20th, temperature 2 deg. below zero. There were sixty-seven stormy days, and there fell at this point seventy-two inches of snow. Tioga, Jan. 25, 1863. E. T. BENTLEY.

A GEM FOR THE MILLION.

Splendid and Appropriate Holiday Present. MME. DEMOREST'S RUNNING STITCH \$5 Sewing Machine. The embodiment of practical utility, and the marvel of simplicity; makes the running stitch very rapidly and perfect, uses a common needle, and will last a lifetime. At the New York State Fair, its simplicity, efficiency, and great practical utility, was confirmed by the award of the First Premium.

It will gather, ruffle, shirr, tuck, run up breadths, etc., with a single or double thread on any material adapted to its running stitch. The thinnest, usually the most difficult to stitch by other sewing machines, being sewed the easiest. For ladies' and children's apparel, and for articles made of light fabrics, it will therefore be found almost invaluable.

It is attached to the table like a sewing bird, and having no tension, and requiring no lubrication or change of oil, is always ready for operation, and such a marvel of simplicity that a child of six or eight years can understand and use it successfully. It is not at all liable to get out of order.

Each machine is put up in a neat box, accompanied with full and explicit directions, and twenty five needles.

Sent to any address in the United States on receipt of an order, enclosing the amount or may be collected by Express on delivery of the machine.

When the money is sent with the order and registered, we guarantee its safe receipt and the delivery of the machine, anywhere within 2000 miles free of any Express charges.

Very liberal arrangements for agencies: See Mirror of Fashions, or for full particulars, specimen of sewing, etc., send a stamp for return postage. Address, MME. DEMOREST, 173 Broadway, N. Y.

Every lady, mother, milliner, and dress-maker, should have one of these valuable sewing machines. January 21, 1863.

The Great Victories FOR THE UNION.

Are attracting the attention and awakening the liveliest sensation of delight throughout all the LOYAL STATES, and sending dismay to the ranks of the rebels, and the filling up of the new and beautiful KEYSTONE STORE.

with a large stock of all descriptions of merchandise, by BULLARD & CO., and at the same time creating alarm among those who are opposed to it.

SMALL PROFITS & QUICK SALES. The following is a partial list of their

Extensive Article. DRESS GOODS of the choicest patterns. BRY GOODS of all descriptions, including SHAWLS, COTTON CLOTH, READY MADE CLOTHING, &c.

They have also a selected assortment of Glass Ware, Crockery, &c.

They can fit you with a HAT or CAP, BOOTS or SHOES, CLOTHES MADE, or the CLOTH to make them with.

Their location is First Door above ROY'S DRUG STORE, MAIN STREET, WELLSBORO, PA., where they will be happy to RECEIVE CALLS.

Wellsboro, Sept. 24, 1862.

OFFICE OF JAY COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, AT JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers, 114 SOUTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

The undersigned, having been appointed Subscription Agent by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per cent Bonds, of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

THE COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1000, and \$5000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1000, and \$5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD, Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about eight per cent. per annum.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect a First Mortgage upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., in the country; and that the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application: at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery. Subscription Agent: Nov. 12, 1862.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost nothing and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York. Oct. 1st, 1862.

The Confession and Experience of a Poor Young Man.

A GENTLEMAN having been cured of the results of early error and disease, will, from motives of benevolence, send to those who request, a copy of the most interesting narrative, published by himself. This little book is designed as a warning and caution to young men and those who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF MEMORY, PREMATURE DECAY, &c., &c., supplying at the same time the means of self-cure. Single copies will be sent under seal in a plain envelope, on receipt of a name and address, by addressing the author.

CHAS. A. LAMBERT, Esq., Greenpoint, Long Island, New York.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Jas. H. Root, late of Morris Township, dec'd, all persons having claims or demands against said estate are hereby requested to make the same known to the undersigned, by presenting them properly authenticated for settlement to the undersigned.

NANCY C. ROOT, Adm'r. Morris, Dec. 3, 1862.

WELLSBORO HOTEL. B. B. HOLLIDAY, Proprietor. THE Proprietor having again taken possession of the above Hotel will spare no pains to insure the comfort of guests and to receive public attention. Water is always ready. Terms reasonable. Wellsboro, Jan. 21, 1863.—H.

WELLSBORO BOOK STORE.

No. 5, Union Block.

THE subscriber, having purchased a new stock in addition to the well selected stock he had on hand, is prepared to accommodate the public by keeping A GENERAL NEWS ROOM AND BOOK STORE, where he will furnish,

AT THE NEW STAND, in the Post Office Building, No. 5, Union Block, (or by mail) all

THE NEW YORK DAILIES at the publishers prices. He will also keep on hand all the Literary Weeklies, and

The Monthly Magazines, including Harper's, the Atlantic, Godley's, Peterson's, Knickerbocker, Continental, &c., &c.

Also, will be kept constantly on hand, a complete repository of

CLASSICAL, HISTORICAL, POETICAL SCHOOL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, Blank Books, Paper Hangings, SHEET MUSIC, PICTURES, MAPS, &c.

Orders for Binding Books. The work executed to suit any taste, and on the lowest possible terms. Particular attention will also be given to SPECIAL ORDERS for any thing comprehended in the trade.

One Thousand Volumes of the Latest Editions of SCHOOL BOOKS. Parents, Teachers and Scholars, are invited to call and examine this large assortment of School Books in which may be found everything in use in the schools of the County.

READERS.—Sanders' entire series, Porter's Reader, Sargent's, Town's and Willson's Readers, at the lowest cash rates.

SPELLING BOOKS.—Sanders, Websters &c. ARITHMETICS.—Greenleaf's, Davies', Stoddard's, Colburn's &c.

GRAMMARS.—Brown's, Kenyon's, Smith's &c. GEOGRAPHIES.—Mitchell's, Warren's, Colton's &c. Davies' Legendre's, Algebra, Surveying &c. Slates of all kinds and sizes.

Copy Books, Steel Pens. Paper of all kinds. Latin, German, French and Greek Text Books; on hand and purchased to order.

Watches, Jewelry, Picture Frames, Paper Hangings, Christmas Toys, Fancy Articles, Maps, Pictures &c.

All orders promptly attended to. Wellsboro, Nov. 20, 1862. J. F. ROBINSON.

J. M. SMITH, HAS now on hand and is daily receiving at his

NEW STORE, OPPOSITE THE DICKINSON HOUSE, a full and complete assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods, which have been bought on the most favorable terms, and will be offered to customers at a

VERY SMALL ADVANCE. Many of his

DOMESTIC GOODS were purchased at different times during the Summer, thus enabling him to sell them

Loss than Current New York Prices, and still makes a small profit. Advantages of SUCH PURCHASES

will at all times be given to the customers as far as possible. A years experience in selling Goods for

Ready Pay Only, has fully confirmed him in the opinion that this is the only proper way, for both

Buyer & Seller, as it enables him to do better by his customer than would be possible under the Credit System. The

Ready Pay System will therefore be continued, and also

THE ONE PRICE SYSTEM, believing that to be the only policy consistent with

Honesty and Fair Dealing. All persons from Tioga County visiting Corning are

INVITED TO CALL and make an examination. Corning, Oct. 8, 1862.

JOHN R. BOWEN, NO. 1, UNION BLOCK,

BEGS leave to notify such of his friends and the public who do not already know, that he is once more on

"THE OLD STAMPING GROUND" on the corner where stood the old

EMPIRE STORE before "the Fire," and more particularly that he has just received a large and varied stock of

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS, LADIES' GOODS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., as well as a full assortment of

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, WOODEN-WARE, and GROCERIES, especially adapted to the wants of the community and will sell them at the lowest living prices.

CASH AND PRODUCE of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods. Wellsboro, Oct. 8, 1862.

CONSTITUTION WATER.

THE ONLY REMEDY FOR DIABETES, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Kidneys, and Catarrh of the Bladder, Strangury and Burning, or Painful Urinating, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust, Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges after Urinating.

For sale by all Druggists. Price \$1. Wm. H. GREENE & CO., Proprietors, Morgan & Allen, General Agents, No. 46 Chif St., New York.

JOHN A. ROY, Agent for Tioga County. Wellsboro, April 16, 1862.—ly.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price Six Cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness; Involuntary Emissions; Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROYER J. CLEVELAND, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. The Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing to Dr. CHAS. J. CLINE, 127 Bowery, New York; Post Office Box, 4536. Nov. 12, 1862.



HAVING MADE HEAVY ADDITIONS TO OUR HITHERTO LARGE STOCK, WE CONFIDENTLY INVITE ALL IN WANT OF Cheap Goods, AS WE ARE CONSTANTLY PROGRESSING.

NO "GO BACK" IN THE CASE! EACH DAY INCREASES OUR SALES, AND MAKES NEW CUSTOMERS, WHO SPEAK WONDERS IN BEHALF OF THE "Small Profit," "Quick Sales," AND

Good Value System.

NOTHING LIKE BUYING GOODS CHEAP FOR CASH, AND SELLING THEM CHEAP, WHICH IS THE GREAT SECRET

PERINE & CO.

"GOODS WELL BOUGHT" ALL AGREE IN SAYING "ARE HALF SOLD."

AND HAVING THE SAME SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES AS FORMERLY

IN MAKING OUR PURCHASES, WE PLEDGE OUR FRIENDS TO MAKE

Our Word Good. IN ADDITION TO OUR STOCK OF DRESS GOODS, PRINTS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOMESTICS, &c., &c., &c.

WE HAVE ADDED ONE OF THE FINEST ASSORTMENTS OF CLOTHING TO BE FOUND IN THIS VICINITY AND AT PRICES

Defying Competition. FURS! FURS! WE HAVE ALSO

JUST RECEIVED A SPLENDID LOT OF FURS, CONSISTING IN PART OF MINK, STONE AND FITCH MARTEN, SIBERIAN SQUIRREL AND RIVER MINKS &c.,

Children's Furs OF ALL KINDS, MUFFS AND CUFFS IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

GIVE US AN EARLY CALL AND SECURE BARGAINS, AS WE PLEDGE YOU

To Sell Them AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

Perine & Co., TROY, PA.

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggist, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SASSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

HON. JAMES COOK, Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.

HON. ALBIN BEARD, Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

HON. E. W. HARRINGTON, Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT, Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK, Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATHL SILSBEE, Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr., Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

HON. WM. M. RODMAN, Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE, Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.

HON. J. N. HARRIS, Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.

HON. CHAS. S. RODIER, Mayor of MONTREAL, C. H.

HON. D. F. TIEMANN, Mayor of NEW YORK CITY.

HON. H. M. KINSTREY, Mayor of HAMILTON, C. W.

HON. ADAM WILSON, Mayor of TORONTO, C. W.

HON. R. M. BISHOP, Mayor of CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HON. I. H. CRAWFORD, Mayor of LOUISVILLE, KY.

HON. JOHN SLOAN, Mayor of LYONS, IOWA.

HON. JAMES McPETERS, Mayor of BOWMANVILLE, O. W.

HON. JAMES W. NORTH, Mayor of AUGUSTA, ME.

HON. HENRY COOPER, Jr., Mayor of HALLOWELL, ME.

HON. JAMES S. BEEK, Mayor of FREDERICTON, N. B.

HON. WILLARD NYE, Mayor of NEW BEDFORD, MASS.

HON. J. BLAISDELL, Mayor of FALL RIVER, MASS.

HON. W. H. CRANSTON, Mayor of NEWPORT, R. I.

HON. FRED STAHL, Mayor of GALENA, ILL.

HON. JOHN HODGDEN, Mayor of DUBUQUE, IOWA.

HON. THOMAS CRUTCHFIELD, Mayor of CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

HON. ROBERT BLAIR, Mayor of TUSCALOOSA, ALA.

HON. B. D. BAUGH, Mayor of MEMPHIS, TENN.

HON. GERRARD SMITH, Mayor of NEW ORLEANS, LA.

HON. H. D. SCRANTON, Mayor of ROCHESTER, N. Y.

HON. DE WITT C. GROVE, Mayor of UTICA, N. Y.

HON. GEO. WILSON, Mayor of PITTSBURG, PA.

HON. C. H. BUEHL, Mayor of DETROIT, MICH.

HON. HERMAN L. PAGE, Mayor of MILWAUKEE, WIS.

HON. W. W. VAUGHN, Mayor of RACINE, WIS.

HON. A. FARR, Mayor of KENOSHA, WIS.

HON. JOHN C. HAINES, Mayor of CHIC