

THE AGITATOR.

Wellsboro, Wednesday, Sept. 4, 1861.

New Advertisements.

Administrators Notice.—Estate of P. Halla Colton.

To Congressmen.—A True Republican.

Resolved with thanks. You need have no fears.

to the Union. When peace is restored, then dem-

to be Democrats, and republicans will be re-

A Union organization apart from the Re-

as, as you rightly guess, a democratic

—for the spoils. Many earnest and honest

were led to acquiesce in the call, who now

in the Convention at Tioga, having re-

all obstacles in the way of demarcating who are

for the Union. The secessionist you speak of,

being on the Democratic "Union" Vigilance Com-

will be exposed to the public due time.

letter is rather severe for publication.

We notice with pleasure the appointment of

of the County, of Coudersport, formerly Represen-

Department at Washington. We have known

long and well, and know that he is not a truer

than any other man in the service of the government.

THEY'RE ABOUT.—We learn that quite a num-

of horses have been stolen from the

of James T. Nelson, of this county. A horse of James

was taken by a man who gave his name as

Smith, farmer, Cortland Co. N. Y., representing

himself to a driver. Farmers should be cautious;

increased demand for horses, created by the accep-

of so much artillery and cavalry by the Govern-

ment, has made horse thieves more than usually bold.

LETTERS FROM SOLDIERS.—Among the pro-

grams contained in the general orders recently sent

from the head-quarters of the army, to the United

States officers throughout the country, is the following

of an act of Congress, approved July 22, 1861:

That all letters written by soldiers in the service of

the United States, may be transmitted through the

posts without prepayment of postage under such regu-

lations as the Post Office Department may prescribe,

the postage thereon to be paid by the recipients.

A BOLD PUN.—Last Saturday night, (17th

of the month) a spin of horses belonging to Alanson Seely,

with a light democrat wagon, were lifted in front of Mr.

Charles Towles' residence, on the Cowanesque, (below

Excellville), by some young-folks who were there spend-

ing the evening. The team was stolen by some party

connected with the horse race at this place, (about

11 o'clock in the evening.) Diligent

search was made, and they were found on Sunday

night in a dense wood near Troupsburg, Stuben Coun-

ty, near the residence of Darrol Potter. The thief is

yet at large.

JONAS IS CAUGHT.—Our correspondent at

Excellville, writes that Jonas Hartwell, alias Elias

Wilber, alias Dick Mitchell, the man who was sup-

posed to be the one that stole the horse belonging to

John Kells, Jr. of Knoxville, on the 5th of June ult.

was discovered passing by there on Monday last

week, (the 12th inst.) with a nice horse, a top buggy,

and almost new silver plated harness. Chase was giv-

ing immediately, and Jonas brought back. He con-

fessed to the stealing of Kells' horse, and told where

he sold it, which has since proven true, as Kells went

and got his horse again. Sheriff Seymour, of Stuben

County, N. Y., came with an advertisement, and took

thief, horse, &c. back with him to try and give him his

due for the last theft.

A friend furnishes us with the list of appoint-

ments made by the East Genesee Conference for this

County, for the coming year:

Wellsboro—James Landreth,

THE "UNION" DODGE REPUDIATED.

A Protest.

TIOGA, Sept. 2, 1861.

EDITOR OF THE AGITATOR.—DEAR SIR.—I wish

to explain through your columns my reasons

for signing the call (published in last week's

Democrat) for a Union Convention, together

with some of my Republican neighbors. The

call, as I understood it, was to do away with

the system of electioneering and choosing dele-

gates. I believed the way in which our dele-

gates were elected to be unjust, for the reason

that some were instructed, and others were not

instructed at all, except to compliment a home

candidate, whether he was capable or not, thus

giving the candidate control of the delegate, and

a chance to trade the interests of a town for

something the town did not want, merely to

benefit some hungry office-seeker. Many of

our townsmen (myself included) did not vote

at the caucus; for this reason, and went away

protesting against such a course. To make my

meaning clear, I will suppose a case: "A"

and "B" live in the same town, and are asking

the people for the same office. If the feelings

and judgment of the people are against "A,"

he should at once retire; and the same in the

case of "B." Neither should try to force him-

self upon an unwilling people. This was my

view. This is the reason, fellow citizens, why

we signed the call in the Democrat. We want

reform in that direction. And this is one

reason why I did not submit my name as a can-

didate for Commissioner before the Convention.

Another reason was, that I ascertained that Job

Rexford had the most delegates by instruction

for first choice, from the fact that location en-

abled him to, and the people expressed their

feelings in that way. Consequently I consid-

ered it my duty to withdraw. I did so, with a

consciousness of right to the people. I believe,

and the people believe that the Commissioners

(there being three of them,) should be located

in a triangular form about the County.

Fellow Citizens, I am willing to labor with

you for equal rights to all localities, and a fair

expression of the majority. I go heartily for

the Resolutions of the Convention, and the Plat-

form adopted by it. C. F. MILLER.

The resolutions passed at the Republican

Convention, meet our entire approval, and the

above sets forth our reasons for signing the call,

and as the Democrat has published the call for

a convention, giving Delegates the same chance

to betray the people, and using the names of

men without their consent, we heartily pro-

test against it.

Signed—C. F. Miller, Richard Mitchell, Eras-

mus Kirkenfall, A. D. Cole, Joseph Aiken.

MARRIED.

In Ward, on the 25th ult., by James D. Hill, Esq.,

Mr. DANIEL S. WOODARD, to Miss ELSIE J. EL-

LIOTT, both of Ward Township, Pa.

DIED.

In Farmington, July 29th, 1861, LYDIA Z. HALL,

aged 5 months and 13 days.

Sleep on, sweet babe—like a flower

Thy spirit did depart;

Thou hast passed from earth to that holy bow-

er, where pain can never pierce thy heart.

Dear Lydia—I can never more

See thy sweet face to mine—

Such a sweet, heavenly look it bore,

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

SEWING MACHINES,

FOR FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING USE,

495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Agencies in all the principal Cities and Towns in the

United States.

The Grover and Baker Sewing Machine Company are now

manufacturing and have on exhibition at their differ-

ent salerooms, machines making the Shuttle or Lock Stitch,

of the same pattern and at the same prices as their celebrated

Grover and Baker Stitch Machines, thus affording the public

the advantage of comparing the stitches of the two leading

machines and exercising their own judgment as to their re-

spective merits. This is the only company that manufactures

both kinds of machines, and therefore the only one that can

offer this privilege to the purchaser.

"We speak from experience when we say that, after having

tried all the principal Sewing Machines, we must accord to

that of Grover and Baker the pre-eminence. These indispen-

sable features of sewing, strength, uniformity and elasticity,

all of which are brought out in this incomparable invention,

make it the first sewing machine in the country. Others

have their good points, but this combines all, and possesses

every characteristic necessary to make it most desirable."

"N. Y. Christian Advocate and Journal.

"MRS. V. PRITCHARD.—We perceive that the Grover and

Baker Sewing Machine is every day growing more and more

in favor, both for manufacturing and family purposes—but

especially as adapted to all the requirements of family use.

Other machines, by dint of brazen puffery and conviving with

committees at annual fairs, have been thrust forward into

the first place; but they are fast losing this unmerited position.

The real merits of the Grover and Baker Machine are

beginning to be known in a practical way, and daily is the

demand for them increasing, while the demand for heretofore

better known, but inferior, machines, is proportionally de-

creasing. So it turns out in this, as in many other instances,

that honesty is the best policy; and the right, in the end

comes uppermost.

"A trial of over two years enables us to say with the great

confidence that there is no better machine for general

family use than Grover and Baker's Sewing Machine Co. It

makes a beautiful elastic seam that does not rip with wear or

washing, runs almost noiselessly, is plain, simple, easy to

work, and not liable to get out of repair, fastens the ends of

its own thread, and uses threads and silks directly from the

spools on which they are bought."—N. Y. Leader.

Grover and Baker's Machines work in their peculiar stitch,

and fabrics put together by it, may wear and drop to pieces

from original weakness or hard usage, but come apart or give

way at the seams, they can not; they will hold together

when the cloth or calico around them hangs in rags and tatters.

"N. Y. Daily News.

"The points we conceive most necessary and important to

meet the wide range of requirements in a machine for family

sewing, we find more fully combined in the Grover and

Baker, viz., extent of capacity, simplicity of construction, ease

of management, advantage of using thread from two spools

without re-winding, strength of work, elasticity, durability

and regularity of stitch, and quietness of movement. We

therefore mark award to the Grover and Baker."—Report of

Tennessee State Fair of 1860—also of St. Louis State Fair of

1860.

SPECIAL COURT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Special

Court will be held at the Court House, in

Wellsboro, by the Hon. Ulysses Marcet, commencing

on the third Monday of October next, to continue two

weeks, for the trial of the following causes, under the

provisions of the act of Assembly of the 14th April,

1834. J. F. DONALDSON, Prothy.

August 14, 1861.

vs. J. Thompson

vs. E. B. Jernold, Admrs

vs. I. Incho

vs. J. Duffey et al

vs. Stephen Babcock

vs. John W. Maynard

vs. Hiram Incho

vs. R. T. Davis et al

vs. Stephen Potter

vs. A. C. Ely

vs. Amos Bixby

vs. Sarah L. Keene

vs. Aaron Buck et al

vs. Edwin Dyer

vs. Timothy Brace et al

vs. John Drew et al

vs. A. S. Turner

vs. J. N. Baobe, Exr

vs. Peter Green

vs. Henry Colton

vs. Edw. Dyer

vs. A. P. Cone

vs. David A. Clark

vs. Martha J. L. Clark et al

vs. George B. Colegrove et al

vs. Joseph Stafford et al

WAR! WAR!

UPON HIGH PRICES & LONG CREDITS!

O. BULLARD

Has just returned from the cities with a complete as-

ortment of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS,

MOLASSES, RAISINS, SPICES,

and other staple Groceries, which cannot be excelled

in quality or cheapness in this or any other country

town.

His new stock of Groceries embraces

SALEBRATES, SOAP,

ORANGES, LEMONS,

KEROSENE, CAMPHENE,

CASTOR OIL, FLUID,

SWEET OIL, LAMP OIL,

and nearly all the luxuries used in the tables of

Civilization generally and the people of Tioga County

in particular. Among these are such articles as

HAMS, Sugar-Cured or Smoked,

DRIED BEEF, an excellent article,

CODEFISH, Pickled or Dried,

MACKEREL, WHITEFISH, HERRING,

PICKLED LOBSTERS, SARDINES, &c.

A good article of FAMILY FLOUR.

Always on hand. Also,

RICE, CORN STARCH, SYRUP, &c.

WOODEN WARE,

Including,

WASH TUBS, PAILS, CHURNS,

MEASURES, FANCY BASKETS,

BABY WAGONS, two or three kinds,

MOPS, BROOMS, BROOM BRUSHES,

CLOTHES BASKETS, MARKET DO.

CLOTHES PINS, lots of them,

TRAVELING BASKETS,

WHEELBARROWS, for small boys,