The city is still agitated with various rumors to the effect that Mr. Pryor had disclaimed his second's action in rejecting Mr. Petter's terms, and had addressed Mr. Potter another note, of fering to accept his proposition, which was not delivered under the advice of Mr. Pryor's friends to whom the message was alleged to have been communicated. Another is that Mr. Pryor had signified his willingness to meet Mr. Potter in common combat, with such arms as either might choose, outside the frequented walks.

These rumors have as vet no foundation in fact, whatever purpose may be entertained.— They doubtless led to the arrest of Mr. Potter yesterday morning. Mr. Pryor has not been framed at Wyandot last summer, only three held to bail, and does not intend to put himself immediately within reach of the authorities .-He was in the city, at the Kirkwood House, on Priday night, in company with Messrs. Miles

Mr. Potter had arranged a fortnight ago to go home this week, but will remain in consequence of these reports. His friends do not purpose to publish the correspondence now, as the main facts are understood by the public .-They are, however, perfectly willing the other side should. Col. Lander called upon Mr. Keitt on Friday night to understand whether his presence as the second of Mr. Potter was any longer desired in connection with this affair, and was courteously assured it was not.

Many of Mr. Pryor's personal and political friends entertain the opinion that he unnecessarily pressed this quarrel on Mr. Potter, and having assumed an attitude in the House, which was followed up by a peremptory challenge, he was bound to accept any weapon that was proposed. Others sustained his course throughout, but obviously against the current of opinion.

A SLAVE MOTHER. - "Occasional" the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Press thus relates an incident of slave life at the metropolis of the land of the free:One of those cases which awaken the sym-

pathy of all men came to my knowledge the other day, and it is of so interesting a character that I cannot refrain giving it to the world .-An estimable colored man, well known in Washrily for twenty years, was sold by her master on the 19th, of March, and is now in the slavemen at Alexander, and will be sent by the slavetrader to the extreme South unless I can raise and give to our poor children their faithful and of whom seven are now alive." On inquiry, I found that the woman was an honest and trustone of the best fellows of his race. A subscrippiontedly and frankly. The editor of that tion was immediately started, and I hope we sheet cays: shall be enabled to rescue her from her impenshall be enabled to rescue her from her impon-ding doom. I am not disposed to enter into an argument against Slavery, but is it not a galling reflection, that here in the District of Columbia. reflection, that here in the District of Columbia, this infernal traffic in human flesh is caried on, and that a slave-pen is maintained within sight of the Washington Monument?

. Four Brothers Burned to Death .- A most distressing calamity occurred in Clarion county on Monday night. It appears that shortly after the family of Mr. Rhodes, a farmer residing in Knox township, retired to rest, the dwelling was ing they made no reply, she hurled stones through the window of the apartment in which they slept, in hopes that she might, in this way, keep you company at Lancaster! bring them to a sense of peril. The poor woman's efforts, however, met with no response, and her four sons, one almost full grown, who occupied the room, perished in the flames. It is supposed that at the time she left, the house

life to effect it, she succeeded in bringing them in safety from the burning building.

RETIRING STATE SENATORS .- The Senatorial terms of the following gentlemen expired with the late session of the Legislature:

Shaeffer and Baldwin, of Lancaster; Rutherford, of Dauphin and Lebanon; Francis, of Lawrence, Mercer and Venango: Keller, of Sayder, Northumberland, Montour

and Columbia : Bell, of Chester and Delaware: Marselis, of Philadelphia; Turney, of Westmoreland and Favette:

Miller, of Washington and Greene; Oraig, of Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne Schell, of Somerset, Bedford, Huntingdon: The four first named belong to our party;

the seven last named are "Democrats. in place of Messrs. Bell and Schell, and there is ed chance for four. This is important, as a United States Senator is to be elected in place of Bigler, who we hope and trust will receive man who will represent the interests of the people of Pensylvania and not the behests of a corrupt Administration. - Lancaster Union.

The Great Drawback to persons emigrating to the extreme south and western country, is affording relief. In view of the great demand for a remedy, Dr. Hostetter has presented his; CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, whose Bitters prepared after a long experience and deep study, have received the enconiums of the most eminent physicians, as well as all classes from every part of our country. To those who doubt their many virtues, all we can say is to try them, and judge for themselvs respectively.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally

See advertisement in another column.

as the State Fair as Philadelphia, September, 1859, over the Commercial Schools at the East. The superiority of the Penmanship of this Institution, has been acknowledge at the principai Pairs of the United States, for the last four years .- Pitteburgh True Press, ..

THE AGITATOR

HUGH YOUNG, Editor & Proprietor. WELLSBOROUGH, PA. Thursday Morning, April 19, 1860.

Republican State Nomination.

FOR GOVERNOR.

ANDREW G. CURTIN.

OF CENTRE COUNTY.

THE House of Representatives has passed by the triumphant vote of 134 year, to 73 nays, the bill providing for the admission of Kansas as a State under the free Constitution northern men, Messrs. Scott, English, and Sickles voting in the negative. Three. Southern men went for it. Last year the South sustained the admission of Kansas with a Slave Constitution. This year it resists its admission with a free constitution.

The Third Party.

We publish in our advertising columns, the 'Call" of the "Constitutional Union Party" for a State Convention at Lancaster next week. This card was sent to us to insert for three weeks with a polite request from Mr. E. C. Pechin of Philadelphia-who is, no doubt, a shining light of the bar of that city-to send him our bill for the same. We have therefore sent it, and if we get the money, we shall be astonished as well as satisfied.

It is not our present intention to notice the propositions embraced in the call. As in 1856, the Mulatto Democracy feel that without a third party movement they have no hope of dividing the Opposition to them in this State. In and around Philadelphia there are a few hundreds of old fossilized Whigs and Native Americans, who despise the Democracy too much to vote directly with them, and are too ignorant or prejudiced to join the Republicans. It is to place this class of voters in indirect anington called upon me on Monday, with tears tagonism to the party of Freedom, that has in his eyes and said:—"I have had news to tell made the Democracy secure the services of such made the Democracy secure the services of such My wife with whom I have lived hap- political gamblers as this E. C. Pechin to set up a third party with such an impossible platform as the one stated in their advertisement; and we have no doubt that the fund which \$300 by Saturday to buy her back to my bosom, pays the salary of such political pimps as Pechin, and pays the expenses of advertising devoted mother. We have had eleven children, in the country papers is furnished by the Shamocracy. It was only a few weeks ago that the worthy servant and I knew her husband to be Alexandria (Va.) Gazette made the suggestion

crats into power for another four years."

· So it seems that in order to succeed, the Shams are willing to go snucks with these patriots of the Constitutional Union persuasion, and pay them beforehand for their labor besides: We are sorry to say, Mr. Pechin, that your money for our advertisement has been thrown away. If we hear of any body who discovered to be on fire. Mr. Rhodes was ab- wants to go to your Convention we will let you sent at the time, and his wife having been know, so that you can meet him with a fife and awakened by the heat, rushed out of the house, drum. Courage, Pechin! Don't dispair. If and called upon her children to follow. Find-County, you may find some in Philadelphia to

The New Jail.

We have spoken heretofore in these columns of the character of the present county jail; of the smoke was so dense up stairs as to suffer the want of utility in its construction, and of \$10,000, annually, to cover the expenses which cate the boys in their beds-otherwise her cries the badly secured and poorly ventilated cells, would have alarmed them. The conduct of which everybody who has examined them has Mrs. Rhodes on the occasion is spoken of in pronounced an intolerable nuisance. Because Besides the boys up stairs, she had five lit- a man is unfortunate enough to rob a hen-roost tle ones, who slept on the first floor, to or commit any other crime against society, it is take care of, and through she periled her own no reason why he should be gradually murdered by being placed in this foul and offensive den. the imprisonment itself being all that the law intends. We learn therefore with pleasure that the county Commissioners have concluded to erect in this village during the coming summer, a new jail and residence for the Sheriff, thus not only affording a humane and properly constructed prison, but leaving that portion of the Court House now occupied by the Sheriff for public purposes for which it is so much needed. If the county Commissioners build according to the plans now before them, we shall have a prison which cannot be surpassed in style, utilty, convenience, ventilation, cleanliness and consequently healthfulness: one in short which will be fully up to the spirit of the age. A man At least two Senators can be gained next full, who commits an offence against the well being of society upon conviction thereof, forfeits for a given time commensurate with the nature of the crime, his right to personal liberty. The bis "walking papers," and be succeeded by a modern idea of such punishment does not contemplate physical suffering as a part of the punishment so inflicted. This idea belongs to the last century. The present generation has, happily, a higher idea of the value of human life, and broader ideas of the ends and aims of the fear they have of the Fever and Ague-the punishment than had the last. The new juil most direful of all diseases. Every day we hear (if the plan we have seen be adopted,) will be of persons attacked by this disease and made 50 by 75 feet to the extreme points on the helpless in a short time, without any means of ground, and two full stories in height. The front portion is for the residence, and the rear for the prison. The cells are to be so construccurative powers for all diseases of the stomach 'ted as to be entirely detached from the exterior have been universally acknowledged. The walls, having a hall of six feet in width all around them, and are to be entirely above ground. They are to be warmed with furnaces and properly ventelated.

No description of ours can convey a correct idea of the building, and to fully understand it one must see the plans. The exterior walls are to be of brick and the cells are to be constructed of stone. The style adopted is the old Nor-The Iron City College, of Pittsburgh, Ponna, man, so well adapted to that description of drew first Premiums for hest Business Writing | building. No better arrangement can easily be conceived, and we sincerely hope the Commissioners will proceed at once to the erection. If juits can properly be said to be a credit to any county, we are satisfied that the one propowed will be a credit to ours.

First Gun of the Campaign! PROCEEDINGS OF THE MASS CONVENTION

Cameron the choice of Tioga County for President.

HARMONY AND ENTHUSIASM.

In accordance with the call of the County Committee, the people of Tioga County assembled in Mass Convention at the Court House in Wellsboro, on Tuesday evening the 10th inst. Nearly every township in the county was largely represented, and at an early hour the room was completely filled.

Mr. Hugh Young as Chairman, and on behalf of the County Committee called the Convention to order, and briefly stated the objects as set forth in the published call.

The Convention then proceeded to elect offi-cers with the following result: For President .- WM. GARRETSON, Esq., o.

Tioga.
For Vice Presidents.—Jas. I. Jackson, Esq., of Delmar, and H. B. CARD, Esq., of Sullivan. For Secretaries .- Messrs. Hugh Young, of Wellsboro, and F. E. Smith of Tioga.

On taking the Chair, Mr. Garretson made a few pertinent and appropriate remarks, and stated the first business in order to be the election of two conferces to meet with two conferees from each of the counties of Bradford and Susquehanna, to elect four delegates to represent this Congressional District in the Chicago National Convention.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate conferees and after some discussion about instruction the election resulted in the choice of JUDGE WHITE, and C. H. SEYMOUR, Esq., to meet at Athens with the conferees from the other counties.

Josiah Emery, Esq., offered a resolution to natruct the conferees to use their influence at Athens to secure the election of delegates to Chicago who would use their best efforts to secure the nomination of Simon Cameron. Also a resolution that the conferees just chosen by this Convention, insist upon the election of two delegates to Chicago from this county.

Amendments were offered to these resoluions, and speeches were made by Judge Humphrey, Messrs. Wilson, Cone, Young, Emery and John W. Ryon. The resolutions were finally adopted unanimously as follows:

Resolved, That the Republicans of Tioga County do most carnestly recommend the nomination of General Simon Cameron for the Presidency at the approaching Chicago Convention, but that they will cheerfully support the nominee of said Convention whoever he may be.

Resolved. That the Conferees to Athens be in-

structed to insist upon the election of two delegates from this County to the Chicago Convention. The President then stated the next object of

he Convention to be the organization of a County Republican Central Club. On motion of J. Emery, Esq., a Committee of five was appointed to organize such a club

and to report to an adjourned meeting of this Convention to be held on Tucsday evening of the first week of June Court. The following gentlemen were appointed as Committee to draft a plan of organization: J. Emery, Esq., Dr. W. W. Webb. and A. J Sofield, Esq., of Wellsboro; and Messrs. J. B. Potter of Middlebury, and A. E. Niles of

Charleston. On motion the officers of the Convention were requested to invite Col. ANDREW G. CURTIN, the Republican nominee for Governor of Pennsylvania to address us on that occasion.

On motion the Convention adjourned to mee again as above. Ww. GARRETSON, Pres't. F. E. SMITH, Sec's. H. B. CARD, Vice Pres'ts.

MOUNT VERNON AGAIN .- More Money Wanted. -Although the Ladies' Association have fairly obtained possession of Mount Vernon, their financial troubles have not ended. The Regent appeals for \$140,000, the interest of which sum is to go for the maintenance of the place. The

Practical men whom I have consulted on the subject, estimate that it will cost from \$8,000 to must be incurred if Mount Vernon is to be kept in repair and proved with a force sufficient to protect and proserve the house and grounds in security and good order worthy their future national position. Of this sum, the annual receipts from visitors may furnish \$1,500 to \$2,000, although those of the past year only amounted to \$1,228,25; but the remainder cannot be safely relied on, except from a principal invested so as to yield the requisite interest.

A SENATOR CANED .- The Senator from the Bradford district, Mr. Landon, was handsomly caned in his private room at the Jones House, yesterday afternoon, by one of his fellow Senators, Mr. Ketcham, of Luzerne, in presence of several mutual friends. The last named gentleman, in token of his high appreciation of Mr. Landon, as a man and a Senator, presented him with a magnificent silver-mounted chony cane, accompanying the present ition with a weltimed, chaste and eloquent address, to which the recipient taken entirely by supprise, made an appropriate response. We can assure the constituents of Mr. Landon that the caning bestowed upon him by Mr. Ketcham was richly merited. We would not object to similar treatment at the hands of some appreciative friend. -Harrisburg Telegraph.

REPUBLICAN CONVETION IN VIRGINIA .- The Republicans of Virginia have isued a call for a Convention in the city of Wheeling, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Chicago Convention. In view of the diffiulties with which this party is surrounded in Virginia, the language of the call is bold and courteous and indicates that those who endorse it will not shrink from the exercise of their constituional rights. -Germantown Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA DISTRICTS FOR CAMERON.-The lelegate election of the Opposition in Philadelphia were held on Wednesday last. Those in favor of sustaining the action of the State Convention, and co-operating with the delegation ppointed by it in support of Senator Cameron for the Presidency, in the Chicago Convention, carried all of the Congressional districts, and elected their delegates to that Convention.

The Bath Times thinks it is a bad sign for a nachelor lawyer, when he gets up to speak in pocket on which to wipe his nose, thinking it a white handkerchief. The strings are apt to be noticed, and to awake unpleasant suspicions.

Wendell Phillips and William Loyd Garrison have declared themselves the favor of the election of a Democratic President for 1860.

FROM THE PEOPLE.

Shall We do our Duty?

Once more an exciting presidential campaign dawns upon us. Four years have passed rapidly away, and the freemen of these United States must decide who shall again rule over

them. 'In this brief article, I shall not attempt to argue the claims of either political party.-The following is only for the eyes of Republicans. Therefore my Democratic fellow citizens ving ever issued in this country. The size is will, upon me, confer a favor by not perusing it. But to the earnest, working Republicans of lioga county I would say a few words. It is conceded upon all hands, that the oppo-

sition elements compose a good fair majority. The administration composes only a hopeless minority, but that by no means proves the success of the Republican party. Many seem to think that victory has already perched upon our banner, and that we have only to count up the votes in November. They believe that the Democratic party cannot be united. That Squatter Sovereignty and a Territorial Slave Code cannot be put upon a common platform, that Douglas and Toombs will never more strike hands together, but such in my opinion will be found grandly mistaken. Look at the late elections in Connecticut. Did they not unite? Was there any difference in the votes of Douglas or Administration Democrats? Of Course not! Still the result shows that though they are strong, we are stronger. That concentrated action can insure success. But Republicans that ONLY TALK, are not the kind needed. The Democratic party will never do anything by which they will lose the spoils of office. you suppose that any scruples of conscience will disorganize them, if by so doing they would lose the reins of government for the next four years? Gentlemon, do not be deceived. The Democratic party will, if anything, be united more firmly than ever. To them'it is a death struggle. They understand they have a strong foe to meet. All of their forces, accordingly, will be in the field. More than that. They are in possession of all the patronage of the government. Money of any amount can be raised if needed to carry elections. Have you read the evidence before Haskin's Committee? If not, get it by all means. In our own State they scatter their money the most profusely. They consider Pennsylvania to be the battle ground. In view of all these, is it not evident that if this State is saved to freedom her friends must be active. Reposing upon past victories will never answer. Work is needed. Every thing should not be put off until the eleventh hour. Now is the time to convince men. By, and by, they will be more excited. When their minds become heated, in a measure, they are lost to reason. One Dollar expended now in the purchase of documents will benefit the cause more than ten expended in September. We should bear in mind that the way this State goes, so goes the Union. The success of right in the Coming struggle depends upon the freemen of Penn-

TIOGA COUNTY WILL COUNT AS MUCH AS ONE DAINED IN OLD BERKS. In 1856 our little county done nobly. She exceeded far the expectations of the most sanguine friends of Fremont. Reader, do you know a man who voted against Buchanan in '56 that would vote for him now? In my opinion our cause has not went backward since then. Still there are fields of labor here. It will never do to leave the work to be fought by Standing Committees. Every Republican himself should be a committee of Vigilance. Every man should act. If we do our duty, Tioga can give 3500 majority for our nominee. But if every man depends upon his neighbor, you can easily imagine the result. J. B. N.

sylvania. Revenuer that one vote gained in

For the Agitator. Salaries of County Superintendents.

out of which the County Superintendents are 1859: paid. The March No. of the School Journal, of this celebrated picture. It is widely known page 262, contains the following official communication, which is conclusive, viz., "The Sala- American Art. No printed description can fully ries of County Superintendents have always been paid out of the general fund, and not out of the school appropriation to the particular county. The last two lines of the 39th section of the act of 1854, were considered by Mr. Black then State Superintendent, as incompatible with the general purpose of the act, and were accordingly administered practically as above stated. This practice has repeatedly been confirmed and sanctioned by law as will be seen by reference to the appropriation bills of several years past."

The people have been made to believe that the pay of the County Superintendents came out of the money the State had appropriated to the schools, and that it causes additional taxation. In fact, the converse is true. Previous to the act of 1854, the citizens of the county paid a three mills State tax, whereas they now pay but two and a half mills in the form of

State tax. This reduction is easily accounted for. Large sums of money were previously improperly laid out every year on geological surveys, absurd investigating committees &c., which are now employed in the payment of the County Superintendents. When it is remembered that the object of the office is to benefit the schools, and thereby the people, one can hardly see why objections should be made to this appropriation of an heretofore wasted fund. And when it is known, too, that no reduction of the three mills State tax could have taken place, had the office not been created, and that this county would have been required to pay just as much in the shape of taxes, without as with the County Superintendency, it is a little singular that any one should object to it on the score of taxation.

Some time ago an ancient young lady of St. Louis, named Effie Carstang, sued an old bachelor named Shaw for breach of promise. He is a millionaire and the jury brought in a verdict for Miss Effic of the snug sum of \$100,000! He managed to get another trial, and the second jury has just decided in his favor? So Miss Effie's wounded affections are not yet healed by that big plaster. Poor old "gel!"

A motion to invite the Prince of Wales to visit New Brunswick was voted down in the House of Asembly, recently, on motives of economy. Court, to draw a woman's nightcap from his The vote, however, was reconsidered on the following day, and the motion prevailed. The members who voted in the negative were afterwards burned in offigy by their constituents.

Anonymous letters have been addressed to Mr. Covode, M. C., from Pennsylvania, and Mr. Sherman, M. C., from Ohio, threatening Paillips says that the slavery agitation will not them with assassination unless they desist from be kept up if the Republicans elect their Presi- investigating charges of corruption against the Locofocos.

The Court of Death.

NEW YORK, April 12th, 1860.

Mr. Editor:-Having become the owner of he graat original Painting known as PEALE's COURT OF DEATH—a painting which has 'ong been valued at \$25,000—I have had it engraved n the highest style of the Chromo-Lithographic Art. The work was executed by Sarony, Major and Knapp, of this city, and is acknowledged to be the finest specimen of that style of engralarge, being 23 by 31 inches.

It is executed on Six Plates, which, by being printed in successive Oil Colors, produces a perfect Fac-Simile of the Original Painting, in its soft and mellow tints, rich coloring, and beautiful perspective.

On showing the Picture to Mr. Peale, the renerable Artist; now in the 83d year of his age, he gave me the following certificate:

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16th, 1859. I have seen the Chromo-Lithographic Engraving of my Painting of the the Court of Death, recently executed for Dr. G. Q. Colton, (the present proprietor,) by Sarony, Major and Knapp, of New York, and can certify that it is an accurate and admirable copy of

the Original Painting. REMBRANDT PEALE.

The price of similar engravings in this city varies from \$5 to \$10,—nothing of the kind can be bought for less than \$5. Only about 5000 copies of any engraving which costs \$5 can be sold; and this poys but a fair profit after the expense of paper, printing, and getting up the plates. The main expense is not in the paper and printing, but in the plates.

Now, in the sale of the Engravings of the Court of Death" I have adopted an entirely new principle. Instead of selling 5000 copies at \$5 each. I propose to sell 100,000 Copies at \$1 each.

My friends tell me it is a hazardous underta king; but the success which has attended the enterprise for the past four months is a guar antee that my expectations will be realized .-The simple reason why so few fine engravings and pictures are found in the parlors through out the country is because they are so expensive. If the plan which I have adopted suc ceeds, (of which I have no doubt,) I shall do a service to the dealers in and purchasers of such works.

The Court of Death is a sermon on canvasdiscourse upon Life and Death. It contains 23 life-size figures, on a canvas covering 312 square feet, being 24 feet long by 13 wide.— Death is not represented in the form of a skeleton, but as a Monarch or King, shrouded in obscurity. The Painting is intended to represent the presence and power of Death; the uncertainty of homan life; War and its attendant evils, Famine, Pestilence, Conflagration, the Slain Victim, and the Widow and Orphan; In temperance, and the charms and temptations of Worldly Pleasure, Remorse, Delirium, Suicide; ilso, Consumption, Fever, Apoplexy, Hypochor dria, and, lastly, the Triumphs of Virtue, Re ligion, and Christian Faith over the terrors of

On viewing the Painting many yours since, he Hon. Millard Fillmore wrote to Hon. B Storer, of Cincinnati, as follows: "I confess have been greatly pleased with this splendid specimen of American Genius, and cannot doubt that all persons of taste will be glad to have an opportunity of seeing so eminent work."

The Painting has been made the subject of special discour e by Rev. Dr. Sprague, Rev. Dr. Welch. Rev. Dr. Bacon, Rev. Dr. Cleveland, Rev. Dr Wayland, and others.

Each purchaser of an Engraving will receive numbered Certificate, constituting the holder a proprietor in the Original Painting, worth \$25,000, and entitled to one Share in its fina distribution, to be made as soon as the 100,000 Engravings are sold.

As the render does not know me, I shall be excused for quoting what the New York Obser There has been much misapprehension and cer (edited by Rev. Dr. Prime) says of the Encontroversy among the people as to the fund graving and of me in the issue of Nov. 24th, "A new and really beautiful Engraving as one of the greatest and best productions realize the conceptions of the Artist, or comup to the requirements of the imagination in its study. Mr. Colton is a responsible man, and our friends may feel safe in sending their mon ey for his picture:" A full description is sent

with each Engraving.
On the receipt, by mail, of \$1, and 4 letterstamps, (to pay postage,) I will forward the Engraving, rolled in a strong paste-board case; or Six Copies for \$5, without postage. Any one can easily obtain a copy gratis by obtaining five subscribers.

To secure a Letter of Agency, (stating spe cial and liberal terms,) also one Engraving,

send \$4 and 6 letter-stamps.

I would refer to Hon. Millard Fillmore Rembrandt Peale, Philadelphia; Rev. Dr. Prime, Rev. Gorham D. Abbott, Hon. Eristus Brooks, Harper and Brothers, New York; Rev. M. B. Palmer, D D., New Orleans; A. M Holbrook, Esq., Proprietor N. O. Picayune, and the Officers of the Art Association, Charleston

Money can be sent safely by mail if carefully scaled and directed. Write your Name, Town County, and State plainly.

Address,
G. Q. COLTON,

Address, G. Q. O. York. Post Office Box 3.391.

MARRIED In Shippen. April 14th 1860, by Joseph A. Darling Esq., Mr. AUSTIN BUTLER, to Miss FLAVIA SMITH, all of Dolmar, Ps.

DIED In Middlebury, on the 9th inst., JEDEDIAH CAR PENTER, aged 84 years and one day.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is bereby given that all persons indebted to the estate of William Taylor, late of Chatham, dec'd, are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the rame to present them to

April 19, 1860.* ROSWELL ACLY, Ex'rs. Auditor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned having been appointed an Auditor to audit and settle the accounts of the Admr's, of the estate of Jesse Locko dec'd, will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in the Borough of Wellsboro' on the 30th day of April inst. at 2 o'clock P. M. Wellsboro, April 5, 1860. "H. W. WILLIAMS,

LOST.

Nor about the 1st of March, 1860, a Road Order, on Delmar township, No. 207, drawn Nov. 22d, 1858, to James Steele for \$40,00.

April 5th, 1860.

Administrator's Notice. Administration having been granted

It to the undersigned upon the estate of SALLY
HARDY, late of Delmar, dec'd., all persons indebted
to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will
present them to JOHN B. HARDY
RUSSEL LAWTON

Admrs

RUSSEL LAWION Admirs Dolmar, April 13, 1860.

A FRESH lot of FLOUR and CHOP for rale HILDRETH & LANT

SUBSCRIPTIONS received for all the Magazinand papers, either in clubs, or by the single NEWS ROOM

BINDING.

Books, Magnzines and Newspapers bound in perior Styles. Universal facilities enable uplease all. Call and see at the BOOK STORY

NOTICE

To Collectors and Others. A LL Collectors of taxes previous to 1860, who he not settled their Duplicates, must do so or before, Summer Court. Also all persons inded to Tioga Co. by Notes or Judgments, or costs will made.

By order of Commissioner WOOL, WOOL.

WHE subscriber gives notice that he has taken. Woolen Factory of J. I. Jackson, near Wellah where he will do all custom carding and clot draw that may be entrusted to him the coming season. Works have been put in thorough repair, and all will be warranted if the wool is brought in proceedings. The terms are pay down in all cases.

The highest cash price will be paid for wool to the who wish to sell.

Wellsboro, April 12th, 1860. 3m.

PICTURE FRAMING.

TOILET GLASSES, Portraits, Pictures, Cerificat Engravings, Needle Work, &c., &c., framed the nearest manner, in plain and ornamented G. Rose Woods, Black Walnut, Oak, Mahogany, &c. Pesons leaving any article for framing, can receive the next day framed in any style they wish and hung them. Specimens at the Book Store.

WALL PAPER

WALL PAPER
WALL PAPER
WALL PAPER
WALL PAPER
WALL PAPER
WALL PAPER
Latest styles and largest assortment of wall paper
ever brought in Wellsboro. In connection with it
above can be found Window Shades of all kinds of Wellsboro, April 5th, 1860. Administrator's Notice.

ETTERS of Administration having been grants to the undersigned upon the estate of ANDREI O.M.E.S., Inte of Clymer, dec'd., all persons indebte to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same present them to ZACCHEUS MALLOROY, Westfield, April 5, 1860.

Administrator. DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership he tofore existing between the subscribers in Book and Stationery business under the firm of I book and Stationery outriess under the firm of L. W. H. Smith, at Wellsboro, Pa., is this day dissolve by mutual cons nt. The business of said firm where continued at the old stand by E. E. Robinson, an the accounts, notes &c., of the late firm have be transferred to him. All persons indebted to the in-firm are requested to call and settle immediately. Wellsboro, April 5th, 1860. LEWIS SMITH. WM. H. SMITH.

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers in the book and stationery business under the firm of Smid and Richards at Wellsboro, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of said firm will be continued at the old stand by Lewis & William Excite and the accounts notes & of the late for mith, and the accounts, notes &c, of the late fir

have been transfered to them. LEWIS SMITH.

I. D. RICHARDS.

March 29, 1860. McInroy & Bailey,

OULD inform the public, that having purchase the Mill property, known as the "CULVEI MILL" and having repaired and supplied it will new bolts and machinery, are now prepared to do CUSTOM WORK

to the entire satisfaction of its patrons. With the a of our experienced miller, Mr. L. D. Mitchel, and it

unsparing efforts of the proprietors, they intend to keep up an establishment second to none in the county Oash paid for wheat and corn, and the highest mark price given.

Tarch 15, 1860, tf. JNO, W. BAILEY.

TIGGA REGULATOR. GEORGE F. HUMPHREY has opened a

Tioga Village, Tioga County, Pa. Where he is prepared to do all kinds of Watch, Clock and Jewelry repairing, in a workmanlike Lanner. All work warranted to give entire satisfaction. We do not pretend to do work better than any oth man, but we can do as good work as can be done it the cities or elsewhere. Also Watches Plated. GEORGE F. HUMPHREY.

Tioga, Pa., March 15, 1860. (ly.)

HE undersigned wishes to sell in order to enlarg

his Mereantile business, his farm (with personal property, stock and farming tools) situated in Ulyases, Potter Co. Pa., consisting of 100 acres 80 cleared good buildings thereon, situated on a good road and near a good market, a Warrantee Deed given to the purchaser. Price \$3000, one third down, four years for the balance in annual payments. Address

THOMAS E. GRIDLEY.

Brookfield, Tioga Co. Pa., March 15, 1860.

WELLSBORO' ACADEMI.

Wellsboro', Tioga County, Penns. MARINUS N. ALLEN, A. M.; - - Principal, MISS CYNTHIA FARMER, - - Preceptren.
MISS L. LECINDA ALLEN, - - Attitunt.
MISS JOSEPHINE M. TODD, - Music Teucher.

The Academic year will be divided into three Terms Spring Term commences Monday, April 2: closes Tuesday July 3.

Tuition. Primary Department, - - - Common Branches, - - - Higher English, - - -

Languages,
Instrumental music (extra) Term of 12 weeks 10,00 Anstrumental music (extra) Term of 12 weeks 10,00 Board and Rooms in private families furnished at reasonable prices. Students wishing to board themselves may also obtain Rooms in private families.

The success that has attended the efforts of Prof. Allen as a transfer in other institutions in which he Allen as a teacher in other institutions in which he has been engaged encourages the Trustees to articipate entire success in his connection with the Welkeboro Academy.

Bills of Tuition are to be paid at or before the midule of each Term.

ole of each Term.

By order of Trustees,

J. F. DONALDSON, Prest. Wellsboro, March, 8, 1860.

STATE Constitutional Union Convention. DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

Non-interference with the whole question of Sla-ery as not being a subject for Congressional Legisla-

tion.

The maintenance of the Constitution, as expounded by the Supreme Court of the United States, and the benforcement of all laws enacted by Congress.

Proceedings to the industrial interests of the whole

enforcement of all laws enacted by Congress.

Protection to the industrial interests of the secondary, and prudence, economy and purity in the administration of public affairs.

Citizens of Pennsylvania, who are opposed to political factions and sectional issues, who are desirons of removing the causes which have endangered the Union of the States, and restoring harmony amongst the people, by forming a truly National Party, hased upon people, by forming a truly National Party, hased upon people, by forming a truly National Party, hased upon to a State Convention, to assemble at Luncaster, of the 25th of April, 1860, at 12 M., for the purpose of the 25th of April, 1860, at 12 M., for the

TARRIERS POWDER is now extensively used for horse distemper, also for colds and coughs in

horses, to increase the appetite, regulate the digestion horses, to increase the appetite, regulate the digestion and to improve the condition of the animal, useful also as a preventative for horn distemper in cattle.

For sale at Roy's Drug Stors.

PEDLERS will find it to their advantage to call at Roy's Drug Store, as he has just received a large supply of Essential Oils and Essences of all kinds which he is selling very cheep for each.