From Matrisburg.

Correspondence of the Agitator. HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 2, 1860.

Hugh Young, Esq. . Perhaps to your numer ous renders a few comments upon the legislative proceedings at the State Capitol may not he wholly wanting in interest, although from a

So far this winter, not as much business has been transacted as during the last year's session; and one has but to look for the of this in the number of bills reported by Committees, and now on file in the House, and Senate. But ninety bills have as yet been passed upon by Committees in the House, and in the Senate only eighty-two :- while up to this date last year there were nearly three hundred in the two bodies.

This state of things seems to indicate that legislative business will be limited, and seems also to suggest the idea, that the present session will be a short one. Mr. Burley, of Blair, has offered a resolution already, to adjourn by the first of March. The organization of Congress, with Mr. Pennington as Speaker, may, perhaps, put a new face upon these matters. Money will be more plenty, and the people conscquently more inclined to invest it in legislative enterprises. Doubtless the election of "the sagacious Pennington" is a subject of congratulation and rejoicing among the Republicans of

Tioga, as elsewhere.
On Monday the 23d of January, the Hon. member from your place presented a petition from the National Woman's Rights Convention, "to secure to women all those rights, privile-"ges, and immunities, which, in reality, belong "to every citizen of a republic." It was referred to a special committee of one, and the Chair appointed the gentleman from Tioga.

Mr. Smead suggested that, as the gentleman had been made a special committee to attend to the wants of the women of Pennsylvania, his duties would be pressing and onerous. He thought it ungenerous to ask him to do a thing of that kind, and proposed that the committee consist of twelve additional members, so that they might be able to meet the demands coming in upon them. This was certainly timely, and highly considerate, although we doubt not your worthy representative would have been quite equal to the trust.

In the Senate, a Bill has been considered authorizing the boring for oil beneath the bed of he passed. Your exchanges have already, I presume, noticed the quite remarkable discoverics of coal oil in some of the Western counties, which promise to be a great source of wealth to the people of that region.

Mr. Hickok, the State Superintendant of Legislature his annual report. It certainly indicates the efficiency of our present school system. The term of office of the present Superintendant expires in June next, as also that of his Deputy, John M. Sullivan. This is greatly to be regretted, as they are possessed of much experience and ability. In the report it is stated that the whole number of schools, exclusive of Philadelphia, is 11,405. The increase since last year being 203. The number of Teachers in the State is 13,058. There are 1784 school districts, of which 1071 have elected, and have in use, a series of text books. It is advised that the salaries of County Superintendants be fixed by law, their election only being left to the directors, also an increase in the State appropriation for school purposes, as the Western and Northern counties have suffered so much from the early frosts of last Spring that they are unable to contribute as much as formerly to the local school tax. The report is highly interesting; and this is but a hurried notice of it. There is much in it to show the deep in terest which Mr. Hickok has taken in his Superintendance of the schools of the State, and he has much reason to be gratified with his

For the last two weeks we have had the blue skies and soft airs of Spring; but on Tuesday night there was quite a fall of snow and the weather has become extremely cold. On Monday evening a very large cong pleasure of hearing a sermon from Peter Cartwright in the Methodist Church; and on the next evening, Dr. Armitage delivered a lecture on "the Women of the Revolution," in the Hall of the House of Representatives, for the benefit of the Baptist Church. This is all of local interest for the present week.

B. D. B. C.

FROM THE PEOPLE. For the Agitator. Moral Reform in Cherry Platts.

HEGH YOUNG, Esq.: Our people are getting waked up on the subject of Temperance and Moral Reform, and I am greatly in hopes that the character of our place will be redeemed from the disrepute into which it has fallen on account of the accursed Rum traffic, which has been too long suffered to go unrebuked in our midst. On Saturday evening last the inhabitants of this vicinity met at the Baptist Church for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of organizing a Temperance Society.

On motion II. J. Elliott was chosen President of the meeting, and O. W. Elliott Secretary. The President then introduced to the audience Victor A. Elliott of this place, who delivered a short address; Subject, History of Whiskey.

After the address, a pledge prohibiting drinking and swearing, was circulated, and fifty names were immediately added; among the number of those who pledged the'r word and honor to abstain from all that can intoxicate. I noticed several young men and boys who had been accustomed to make too free a use of the "flowing bowl." Initiatory steps were taken for the formation of a Moral Reform Club, and the President was instructed to procure speakers for the public meetings of the Society.

This I think is a move in the right direction. The people seem determined to test the efficiency of moral sussion and an enlightened public sentiment in curing the evils of Rum drinking. REFORMER.

For the Agitator.

Jubiles in Tioga.

Hugh Young, Esq.: On the evening of Saturday the 4th, the citizens of Tioga celebrated the election of Pennington and Forney ground a splendid bonfire in Main Street. Short speeches were made by Mesers. Wm. Garretson, Judge Humphrey, C. O, Etz, John W. Guernsey and H. A. Newcomb, of Schuyler County, N. Y. Some powder was burnt, and measures taken to organize a Republican Glub, The Tiogs Brass Band was on the ground the whole evening and contributed greatly to enliven the OBSERVER.

The Legislature of Ohio has elected Salmon P. Chase, United States Sanator.

THE AGITATOR. HUGH YOUNG, Editor & Proprietor.

WELLSBOROUGH, PA. Thursday Morning, Feb. 9, 1860.

S. M. Pettenoill & Co., 119 Nassau St., New York, and 10 State St., Bostop, are the Agents for the Apilalor, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our lowest rates.

The State Convention.

The Republican State Convention to be held at Harrisburg on the 22d of this mouth will be unless one of their stripe was put in the Speak conflict between the North and the South, or a very important one in the political history of Pennsylvania, and we feel it to be incumbent union disorganizers have stopped the "wheels it is a conflict as to an element of political econupon us to say a few words in regard to its of government" to blather about old John action. In the absence of any expression of our people through a County Convention, we can only speak the voice of the people as we have heard it, and we feel that we represent truly the popular sentiment in the following | this time-and the "circumlocution office" unremarks:

The presses of our party in this State have ngaged very generally in a discussion of the best method of choosing delegates to the Republican National Convention at Chicago, one side contending for their election by districts, and the other side for their election by the State Convention: So far as this county is concerned, either method would amount practically to the same thing-would, in fact, be attended with the same result. It is true that different men might be selected by the different methods, but in either case the man chosen would be expected to represent a large majority of the Re publican voters and reflect truthfully their sentiments on the two great questions to be discussed at Chicago, namely, the Platform, and the Man. Taking this view of the matter we are in favor of the election of the delegates by the State Convention for the following reasons:

I. Because it accords with the practice of other States. New York, Ohio, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Iowa, Minnesota, and Illinois will be represented in the Chicago Convention by delegations chosen by their respective State Conventions. There may be other States from the Allegheny river in Venango County. It which we have not yet heard, which will adopt was, however, laid over, and probably will not the same course. It seems, therefore, to be the general custom, and with the great interests of Pennsylvania at stake in the contest, she ought not to be an exception to the rule.

II. The election of delegates by districts would involve needless and unnecessary trouble Common Schools, is about to present to the and expense. County Conventions would have to be called for this sole purpose in each county; conferences would have to be held embracing the several counties in each district. and as these would be controlled by selfish and designing politicians, the result would be none the nearer a popular expression than before.-Take into account, also, the want of unanimity and harmony which would prevail in many districts, caused not so much by the differences of opinion among the people, as by the aspirations and ambitions of the class alluded to. If the people are truthfully represented in the State Convention there can be no danger to their interests and wishes apprehended from the method

then we can hold them directly responsible. III. The Pennsylvania delegation to Chicago ought to be a unit. Divided between two or more candidates our State will be hopelessly mpotent and powerless. New York will go solid for Seward; -Ohio will be undivided for Chase; Missouri will be a unit for Bates, Illi- will let this blessed inheritance go to pieces .nois for Lincoln, Maine for Fessenden and Massachusetts for Wilson. Pennsylvania ought will be, as in 1856, the battle ground of the for the Compensation law? On being addressed all over our State have through their presses do? Would you throw it away, or would you choice of CAMERON. The name of Judge Read pick the flint and try it over again." much heard outside of Philadelphia, and although this gentleman would do honor to our State, he does not possess the points of availability everywhere acknowledge to be possessed by CAMERON.

IV. And lastly, the election of delegates by districts in one State and by State Conventions in another, is unequal, undemocratic, and we think, unjust. The States named in the beginning of this article, have by their action shut us out from any chance of electing delegates in them favorable to our candidate, while, if we should adopt the district system, they might elect one or two men from our State favorable to their candidates. If all the States should adont the district system we should not be tenacious in regard to it, as then our candidate would not suffer by it. We wish to be fair and to be treated fairly.

-We trust that the delegates from this county will weigh well these views and act upon them. We feel that in the selection of candidates for our State ticket, in the formation of is this: that we all love our country, and that a Platform, and in the choice of delegates to we will abide by her destiny for good or for Chicago, Tioga County speaking through her evil. (Cries of "Good" and cheers.) I thank delegates will be as ever on the side of Freedom, and Pennsylvania Interests, and will use glad the House is organized. If this organizatheir best endeavors to create and preserve unity and harmony for the sake of these.

Much depends in the coming campaign upon the choice of candidates. State and National. We are not among those who believe that victory is certain under any circumstances, nor are we among those who would rather be besten with Seward or Cameron than be triumphant with Bates or Bell. We believe that success is a duty which we see to the country, and that it most not to be hazarded by the personal likes or distinct of impracticable or designing resentative of principles and measures cherpoliticians.

THE LAWRENCE TRACEDY, -The complete list of dead, missing and wounded, by the fall and structure of our free government, and which subsequent burning of the Pemberton Cotton Mills, at Lawrence, Mass., week before last, foots up as follows, viz:-Dead and missing, 206; badly wounded, 109; slightly wounded, 199; total dead and wounded, 514.

WILLIAM PENNINGTON, is Speaker of the World a government in which all men were to House of Representatives, having received 117 be regarded in courts of justice as human bevotes—a majority of all the votes cast. This and the pursuit of happiness. (Loud cheering.) result was indicated by the proceedings of Tues-Having to-day closed a long conflict of more day, when the Democracy dropped Mr. Smith, than eight weeks in a struggle to organize the of N. C., and rallied again on Mr. McClernand national Legislature, it is with feelings of pride of Illinois. Thus after a contest of over two common not to us alone, but millions of freemonths,—unparalleled in the history of the men in the States of this Union rejoice in the country, the Pro-Slavery Democracy has been result. That long conflict is to-day closed, so compelled to bite the dust again—in spite of but this conflict, fellow citizens, is not one of their threats of disunion and disorganization sections, as has been represented—it is not a er's chair. For the past eight weeks the dis-Brown and Helper's impending crisis. A Speaker had to be elected before appropriations could be made to carry on the government, and they have been studying "how not to do it," all der the control of the President who has been giving them all the "aid and comfort in his power. In the meantime the Republicans have done little talking-but have stood firm, shoulder to shoulder, voting in solid phalanx as one man, every time, until their determined perseverance has been crowned with a glorious triumph over the sham Democracy.

The disunionists can now take breath and have time to reflect over their rabid rantings and foolish speeches. The next dose they will have to swallow will be a much more bitter pill to take-a Republican president.

-The organization of the House was completed on Friday, the 3d, by the election of Forney, Clerk, and Hoffman, of Maryland, Sergeant-at-Arms.

Justices elected on Friday last, should bear in mind that the Legislature, passed a law providing that every person herafter elected to the office of justice of the peace or alderman, shall, within thirty days after the election, if he intends to accept said office, give notice thereof in writing to the prothonotary of the common pleas of the proper county, who shall immediately inform the secretary of the commonwealth of said acceptance; and no commission shall issue until the secretary of the commonwealth has received the notice aforesaid.

From Washington.

COMPLIMENTARY SERENADE. Speeches of Pennington and Grow.

A serenading party in honor of the election of Speaker visited Mr. Pennington at Willard's Hotel on the night of his election. Mr. Cameron introduced Mr. Pennington who said:

"I am very much indebted to you, my friends, for the pleasing visit you have made to me this When we hear a national air, it always satisfies me that we belong to one country, and I have no belief in the doctrine that the time is near at hand, or can be, that we are to be separated. (A voice-"Three cheers for the South ern Consederacy;" another voice, "Dry up.") We are one people, and I trust in Heaven we shall ever remain so. (Cries of "Good," and cheers.) There will always be, in a free counwe advocate. If our delegates misrepresent us, try like ours, diversities of opinion, different views, and a great variety of interests which must necessarily prevail; but there is a spirit of patriotism that burns in our hearts that will not yet be extinguished. (Cheers.) Our land is a land of freemen, our liberties were achieved by the great exertions and services of our fathers, and I believe no man in this generation (Cries of "No, no," "Never," and cheers.)-And if we do wrong at one time, you remember the saying of Mr. Clay, that old patriot, when therefore to be a unit for CAMERON. Our State he went home to Kentucky after having voted contest, and certainly those who have to bear by some old man, who said, "Clay, you have the brunt of the fight ought to have a potential done wrong." "Well," says he, "My friend, world." voice in the choice of a leader. The people trigger, your gun didn't go off, what would you if you were out gunning, and on pulling your and through their Conventions expressed their try it over again?" "Nay," said he, "I would (Cheers.) in connection with the Presidency is now not Now, if anything is done wrong in this country, a little time will make it right-(Cries of "Hear him" and cheers)-because we have a national feeling and a national honor. (Cries of "Good," "That's so," and cheers.) When I heard the national air played as you came in here to-night it went to my heart, and I said, as long as our national songs remain this country will be united. (Cheers.) Discordant States! I think no man in his soher senses can agree to any such proposition. (Cheers.) I tell you now, there never was a greater mistake than to believe that Northern men have any bad feelings against Southern men-(Cries of "Good" and heers)-or the body of Southern men against Northern men. (A voice, "What about Harper's Ferry?") Never mind Harper's Ferry. (Cries of "Put him out.") My friends, that is nine days wonder. My friends, it always belongs to republican institutions, that there must be a great variety of public opinions upon all questions, and our only security is to bear and forbear, and the strength of our institutions depends upon love of country. (Cries of "Good" and cheers.) And if we are not imbued with patriotic feelings, there is no hope for the stability of our country. (Cheers.) But my faith you for the high compliment which I feel you have bestowed upon me by this visit. I am tion had been effected by the selection of any other gentleman perhaps it would have been better, but be assured I will endeavor to discharge the arduous duties of the high position to which I have just been elevated as best I can,

> (Chcers.) The serenaders proceeded to the residence of

and to preserve this glorious Union intact,-

Mr. Grow who responded as follows: "Fellow Citizens-I must of course regard this very flattering notice not as a compliment paid to me as an individual, but to me as a repished by so large a portion of the freemen of the nation-(cheers)-those principles that were engrafted by our fathers upon the government give to it vitality and success. We still maintain those principles cherished by Washington and Jefferson and the fathers of the republic. and which are yet dear to the hearts of the forty thousand pairs of shoes were sent from present generation, and upon which those wisest Haverhill to Boston last Friday, consigned to and greatest of men established in this New one of the South Carolina Disunionists.

far as organizing the legislature is concerned; between any other sections of this Union, but omy and the systems of labor existing in this country. It is a conflict whether the unoccupied Territories of the Union shall be now, and continue to be, the homes of the freemenwhether they shall be dedicated and consecrated forever in free homes, for free men, or whether they shall be occupied by a population emigrating thence, not only from your own States, but brought to this country from the shores of Africa, by which the Territories shall be filled up with a black slave population, instead of being the homes of white freemen .-That is the conflict of to-day-(Cheers)-and not a war of the sections of this Union. It is a conflict on a principle of political economy, and as to the system of labor that can best de velope the material interest of the country, and foster its great industrial interests. (Cheers.) The question of the day is, whether the men who own their own labor, whose daily toil is the only means they have of obtaining a livelihood and support for themselves and their families, shall be the recipients of this great inheritance, bequeathed by your fathers-whether those who own their own labor are to occupy the Territories of this Union, free from the deg redation that contact with slavery everywhere brings upon free labor, or whether they are to be occupied by those who own the labor of others, and whose capital consists in the bones and muscles of the laborer. This conflict between the labor that owns itself and the capi tal that owns it has caused this long struggle in Congress, and to-day shakes the political elements of the republic. (Cheers. A voice-'free labor forever; down with democracy." Is it not a conflict between the States of this Union, or the people of one section against the people of another section; but it is a conflict of these two elements; and we ask the government of the country, so far as it has consti-tutional power, shall wield that power in behalf of the free labor of the North and the South and in behalf of the free labor of the world and that it shall dedicate the unoccupied Territories of the Union to freedom, and to free homes for free men. I am obliged to you, fellow citizens, for this mark of your kindness and respect, and receiving it as tendered to the principles of which I am a humble advocate. I bid you good night, wishing you all a long and happy life.

The serenading party visited the residences of Messrs. Sherman, Briggs and Hickman whose speeches we will try and make room for next

A HORRIBLE CATASTROPHE .- Five Children Burned To Death .- Perhaps one of the most awful and heart-rending casualties that ever happened in our County occurred near Davenport Center last Friday evening. Mr. Robert Briggs, a farmer, residing near the village, together with his wife, went in the afternoon to visit some friends living at a distance of three or four miles, leaving at home six children. Two of the boys had been making shingles, in one appartment of the house that afternoon, and it is suposed when they retired for the night that they left shavings around the store, from which originated the fire. The house being situated at some distance from any other dwelling, the fire was not discovered until it was about consumed .- Five of the children, three boys and two girls, were literally burnt to ashes. One of the boys sleeping up stairs, jumped out of a window and escaped unburt. It is said that so completely did the flames do work of destruction that a half would contain the fragments of bones gathered from the whole dead

The oldest of the children, was a young lady of about eighteen years of age; the rest were from fourteen to eight. They undoubtedly did not awake to a sense of their terrible situation until perchance their couches were enveloped in the flames, and then were suffocated in a few moments by the smoke .- Franklin (Delaware Co., N. Y.) Visitor, Feb. 1st.

A chap who has been up among the Chinock Indians, says a San' Francisco letter, has been giving us a few items in regard to their habits and manners. He says that when a sick Indian is given over by the Medicine Man they proceed to bury him at once. It's no use to make a fuss about it-they are bound to sod him He says they took an old chap out and buried him in spite of his struggles, and left him. The next morning Mr. Indian appeared again. He had scratched out, and at last accounts was as good as new. How many poor devils would scratch out if they could, is a matter of grave conjecture.

A son of Col. Elijah Sebree, of Todd county, Ky., was killed in the school house at Trent on, a few days since. The boys of the school had been practicing upon the incredulity and fears of one of their number, by inducing him to believe that young Sebree had been making threats against, and intended to kill him, whereupon the lad armed himself, and walked deliberately up to Sebree in the school house and shot him dead.

SIGNIFICANT .- A bill for the abolition of slavery in Nebraska Territory passed both branches of the Territorial legislature a few days since. Gov. Black vetoed the bill. The Governor is a native of Pennsylvania, and but few years ago was opposed to slavery, A fat office sometimes works a great change in a man's actions.

An agent soliciting subscriptions to Fleetwood's "Life of Christ," was recently tarred and feathered in Alabama, and a gentleman who had lived eleven years in the State, and married there, was compelled to leave, because he would not play the flute in the procession.

George W. Bowman, of the Constitution. was elected Printer, by the Senate, having 27 out at its earliest formation, which underlie the of 48 votes. He was bitterly opposed by the Southern Democrats, chiefly for the reason that his editor is an unnaturalized foreigner.

Aur't Map Enough to GO Barspoot .- About

MARRIED In Tiogs, by Rev. S. J. McCullough, on the 31st Jan., WALDEN C. JOHNSTON and ELLEN A. QOODRICH.

DIED

At Cherry Flatts in Charleston on 1st inst., of Drop-ly, Mrs. MARY JOHNSON, wife of Abram Johnson, ged 46 years, 9 months and 4 days.

[The subject of this obituary had long since manifested implicit confidence in the precious promises of the Bible. In short she lived a consistent life and died a triumphant death.

C. D. K.]

died a triumphant death.

In Charleston, on the 4th inst., of Consumption, SUSAN M., daughter of Joseph (deo'd) and Hypatia Bockius, aged 23 years, 6 months and 27 days.
[The subject of this obituary resigned her life with Christian fortitude, exulting in hopes of immortality beyond the swellings of Jordan.

C. D. K.

Donation Visit.

A Donation Visit will be given Rev. C. Keeney, at the residence of A. A. Klock, in Charleston, on Wednesday, Feb. 15, afternoon and evening.

Donation Visit.

A DONATION for the benefit of Rev. J. H. Austin, will be held at the house of Cyrus Catlin, in Charlestou, on Thursday, Feb. 16th. Donation Visit.

THERE will be a Donation, for the benefit of Rev. Elder Stone, at his house at Stony Fork, on Thursday, Feb. 23, afternoon and evening. A general invitation is extended.

Donation Visit. THE congregation and friends of Revds, R. L. Stil.

well and H. Adams, in Tioga Village, are respectfully invited to attend a Donation Visit at the residence of G. W. Sweatland Esq., in the evening of the 15th day of Feb 1860 15th day of Feb. 1860.

Valentines.

LARGE assortment of the best varieties of Valentines ever brought into town, at Feb. 9. SMITH & RICHARDS.

Administrator's Notice.

ETTERS of administration baving been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Maria Sellard. to the undersigned on the estate of Maria Senara, late of Union township, dec'd, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them to Feb. 6, 1860.* IRA SOPER, Adm'r.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE. Prepare for the Great Political Campaign of 1860.

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1 LEADING ARTICLES: The Succumbing

1 LEADING ARTICLES: The Succumbing
Democracy; Congress; The Public Lands;
The Next Step; Conservatism of the South;
The London Times and Slavery; Italian
Question; Editorial Paragraphs.

II FROM WASHINGTON: Gen. Wilson on
Disunion and Clingman; The Scene on Friday—the Peril—the Escape; Representatives' Hall, as seen from the Gallery. Correspondence of the N Y Tilbune.

III THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.-First Ses
Session: Proceedings in the Senate and

Session: Proceedings in the Senate and House of Representatives.

IV. THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CON-

VENTION, Reasons for Changing, the Correspondence of Tribune.
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VI. The Appeal of one in bonds.
VII. FINANCIAL CRISES—Their causes and

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VIII. JOHN BROWN & MR. ARNY; Corres.

pondence of the Tribune.

IX. FROM BOSTON; Correspondence of the

N. Y. Tribune.

X. FROM PENNSYLVANIA; Correspondence of The N. Y. Tribune.

XI. Disabilities of American persons of Color.

XII. The Irrepressible Folly.
XIII. A Phenomenon on Horseback.
XIV. FROM WASHINGTON; Special Dispatch-

XIV. FROM WASHINGTON; Special Dispatches to The N. Y. Tribune.

XV. LATEST NEWS RECEIVED BY TELE.
GRAPH: From Albany; More Outrages by Cortina; Late and Important from Maxico: From California; News from Pike's Peak and Utab; Virginia House of Delegates.

XVI. NEW YORK LEGISLATURE; Proceedings in the Sampte and Assemble.

XVI. NEW YORK LEGISLATURE; Proceedings in the Senate and Assembly.

XVII. A Practical System of Cookery; Prepared for the N Y Tribune by an American Housewife.

XVIII. Poetry; Token Flower; Eye and Ear; Too

Late; A Stream's Singing.
Yankee Schoolmaster and "Yallah Dog

XX. St. Patrick's Cathedral.

XXI. Later from Europe. XXII. Letter from Joshua R. Giddings.

III. Political. Personal.

XXV. City News.
XXVI. Agricultural Items.
XXVII. Miscellaneous.
XXVIII Marriages and Deaths.
XXIX. Tribune Almanac for 1860.
XXX. Commercial Matters.

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All the Newest Styles of Pictures AT THE LOWEST CITY PRICES.

Mr. Wood has taken Rooms over Wm. Roberts' Tin Mr. Wood has taken Rooms over Wm. Roberts Tin Shop, and as he is confident of his ability to produce a good picture, would invite his friends to call. All styles of pictures will be taken, and a good one warranted, as he has spared no expense to become thoroughly posted in the art.

23° Rooms open for a few days only. Those wishing pictures will please call soon.

ng pictures will please call soon. Wellshoro, Feb. 2, 1860. H. H. WOOD. Administrator's Notice.

ETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of EBENEZER SHERWOOD, late of Middlebury, dec'd., all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to pre-

sent them to the undersigned.

SARAH C. SHERWOOD
GEO. D. KEENEY
Middlebury, Feb. 2, 1860.*

DEDLERS will find it to their advantage to call at Roy's Drug Store, as he has just received a large supply of Essential Oils and Essences of all kinds which he is selling very cheap for cash.

BROTHER Jonathan's Furniture Polish. Price 25 cents. For tile at Roy's Drug Store. For tale at Roy's Drug Store.

Mansfield Classical Seminary, MANSFIELD, PA.

MANDELLED, FA.

THIS INSTITUTION is located at Mannfield, Toga Co. Pa., on the line of the Tioga Railrest.

Its location is not surpassed by any section of the State, in beauty of scenery, healthfulness of climits,

State, in beauty or scenery, nearmanness of climate, and morals of society.

The building is of brick—151 feet front, and for stories high. It will be completed so as to furnity Boarding and Dormitories for the students at the con-

Boarding and Dormitories for the students at the conmencement of the winter term.
Good board in private families, and rooms for thee
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Saving " March 24; closes June 30.

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Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

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it as his opinion that

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(Signed) H. G. MARTIN, M. D. Mansfeld, Tioga Co., Aug. 1853.

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September 30, 1858.

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