

The Press on Grow's Letter. [We continue, this week to give more extracts from the leading newspapers of the country in regard to the course of our Member of Congress.—Ld. AGITATOR.]

From the Lewisburg Chronicle. The reply of Hon. Galusha A. Grow to the challenge of an insolent Carolinian, on account of words spoken in debate in defence of the Constitution and of the rights of the people, thrills the hearts of good men everywhere!

From the Wash. Cor. of the N. Y. Independent. Mr. Grow replied to the challenge very firmly and courageously that he had not a word to retract—that he did not recognize the code of the duello—but that he was ready at all times to meet an assault.

From the Cor. of the Chicago Journal. I regard Galusha A. Grow, of Penn., as one of the strongest, if not the ablest man on the Republican side. He is a tall man, of about 35 years of age.

From the Philadelphia State Journal. All honor to the Hon. Galusha A. Grow for the daring and scathing rebuke administered to those who have neither the heart nor the brains to argue with a statesman, and resort to an infamous code for an exhibition of manliness which they fail to establish by other means.

Mr. George Wells, of Athens, Pa., received an accidental shot in the hand, last Friday, which mangled it badly. He was engaged in conversation, having one hand clapped over the nozzle of a double-barreled gun, the butt of which rested upon a slippery board, a little elevated, when the gun slipped, the hammers of which striking against the board caused the discharge of both barrels, the contents of one taking effect in his hand.

TELEGRAPH TO CONDERSPORT.—Our neighbors up at Condorsport are beginning to move in earnest for the establishment of a line of telegraph from this village to their own capital town of the little State of Potter.

THE AGITATOR. HUGH YOUNG, Editor & Proprietor. WELLSBOROUGH, PA. Thursday Morning, Jan. 26, 1860.

The last steamer from Europe brings the intelligence of the death of Thos. Babington (Lord) Macaulay, the eminent British historian, poet, essayist and politician. He died of disease of the heart, aged fifty-nine years.

Helper's Impending Crisis. The Book about which the Disunionists in Congress are making such a fuss, is on hand and for sale at the Agitator office.

We notice that the Tribune and other Republican papers are asking the National Republican Committee to reconsider the time of holding the Chicago Convention. We hope they will so fix it that we may know who the candidates for President are to be at least as early as the first of May.

Work! Republicans of Tioga: An avowal of right principles and your vote at the polls, are not the only duties you owe to your party.

As we stated last week, the best method of promulgating true principles is through the influence of newspapers. A good Republican journal which finds its way into the family circle, weekly, or oftener, is worth more than a bushel of partizan speeches of the ablest and best men in the country.

We must confess to a degree of selfishness in thus urging the claims of the Tribune. We have discovered that the Agitator has the most friends where the Tribune circulates largely in this county.

The news from Harrisburg is not interesting. On the 10th inst., the Speaker announced the Standing Committee. We notice that Mr. Williston has a place on the Committees on the General Judiciary, and on Banks, he being Chairman of the latter.

On the 10th inst., Eli Slifer was elected State Treasurer over John W. Maynard. Mr. Henry K. Strong, of Philadelphia, on Tuesday offered joint resolutions in the House, setting forth, in the preamble, the disastrous operation of the present revenue laws of the General Government and declaring an immediate alteration of those laws to be imperatively necessary.

The resolutions instruct the Congressional delegation of the State to put forth every effort, by vote and influence, to procure such a revision and modification of the tariff as shall prevent the excessive importation of foreign products, secure to American labor and enterprise an ample reward.

Up to the hour of going to press no Speaker had been elected by the House. Forty-six of the Democrats have signed a paper binding themselves to resist the adoption of the plurality rule and thus prevent the election of any Speaker. The Democratic Members are grow-

ing more inoleant and treasonable every day. Not a Democratic paper at the North has yet denounced the disunion speeches made by members of that party, and as a consequence they will be met by these speeches in the campaign next Fall.

Mr. Sherman the Republican candidate offers to withdraw at any time, in favor of any man who can command more votes. The contest seems to be between the National Union-Loving Republican Party on the one hand, and the Disunion Democracy on the other.

From the Baltimore Patriot. A Telling Article. THE DRIFT OF THE OPPOSITION SENTIMENT IN BALTIMORE.—A National Republican Convention embracing

Members of the People's Party of Penna., Members of the Opposition Party of New Jersey. And all others, who are willing to co-operate in support of the candidates, then and there to be nominated for President and Vice President, has been officially called to assemble at Chicago on the 13th of June, 1860—delegates from each Congressional District, and four from the State at large, are to constitute the representatives.

The basis on which this convention is called, according to the terms of the notification, is Opposition: 1. To the policy of the present Administration;

2. To Federal corruption and usurpation; 3. To the extension of slavery in the Territories; 4. To the new and dangerous political doctrine that the Constitution, of its own force carries slavery into the Territories of the United States;

5. To the re-opening of the African Slave Trade; 6. To any inequality among citizens; 7. And who are in favor of the admission of Kansas under the constitution recently adopted by its people;

8. Of restoring the Federal Administration to a system of rigid economy, and to the principles of Washington and Jefferson; 9. Of maintaining inviolate the rights of the States, and defending the soil of every State and Territory from lawless invasion;

10. And of preserving the integrity of the Union, and the supremacy of the Constitution and laws passed in pursuance thereof, against the conspiracy of the leaders of a sectional party to resist the majority principle as established by this government, even at the expense of its existence.

The first ground of opposition, it seems to us, would have been all sufficient, and had we had the authority, we would have limited the call to this comprehensive proposition, for it is broad enough to combine all the elements of hostility to the ruling dynasty, which is little more than an expression in itself of every conceivable sort of mal-administration and heresy against the Constitution and our institutions as established by the fathers.

Every one will understand the first and second specifications. Open and unblushing corruptions and usurpations constitute the very existence of the Administration policy, and the only way to save our institutions from positive and final destruction is to drive the dynasty out of power with a universal shout of indignation, and nothing remains but to discharge the obligation. Let it be consigned speedily to the political death that it merits.

The third and fourth propositions, it will be seen embrace good old Henry Clay whig doctrines on this subject. He was utterly opposed to the extension of slavery into free Territories, and said, he would see his right arm drop from his shoulder, before he would lift in support of any such policy.

tion of which is almost impossible. The Chicago Oppositionists propose to inaugurate the exercise of this power as a constitutional one, which it is the duty of the President to resort to whenever the occasion rises, let the invasion come from what quarter it may.

The tenth proposition is well taken. It meets a new state of things. It strikes right at the root of Abolitionism, that spits upon the Constitution and refuses to bow to the will of majorities. It deals a stunning blow to the conspiracies of that Disunionism which has found some forty advocates on the floor of Congress within the present month.

Though the call of this Convention was made by the Republican National Committee, it must not be forgotten, that the extension of the invitation to the other two parties, mentioned by name, was made at the express desire of their representatives in Congress, so that, in thus opening the door to these parties, as well as to all others who may be willing to co-operate upon the basis set forth, the Convention divests itself of an exclusively Republican cast, and becomes to that extent a National Opposition one.

FROM THE PEOPLE.

Middlebury "All Right" for 1860. Agreeably to a previous notice the Republicans of Middlebury met at the Briggs School House, Saturday eve., Jan. 21, for the purpose of nominating candidates to be supported at the ensuing election, and re-organizing our club of 1856.

We, the citizens of Middlebury, being opposed to the "Powers that Be"—to that power which now sits enthroned in the executive, senatorial and judicial departments of our government—to that power which has robbed the free men of Kansas of their dearest rights—which now asserts the new and unheard of doctrine that Congress shall pass stringent laws for the protection of chattel slavery in our national Territories—which would wrest Cuba from Spain for the sole purpose of extending the area of human bondage—which now is struggling to re-open the African slave-trade, which long since has been pronounced to be piracy by all Christian powers—which fully endorses the extra-judicial opinion of Mr. Justice Taney in the case of Dred Scott, which opinion asserts that black men have no rights which white men are bound to respect—which declares that neither Congress nor the people can prevent the introduction of Slavery into free Territory—which declares that they will dissolve this Union in case a President, elected by a majority of our free men in a fair and constitutional manner, holds convictions in opposition to theirs, do ordain and establish this the Republican Club No. 1.

Officers elected: J. B. Potter, Pres.; J. B. Niles and G. D. Keany, Vice Pres.; R. C. Bailey and G. W. Potter, Secretaries; George P. Card, Treasurer.

Our Club at present will meet once in four weeks, and an effort will be made to place before every voter of Middlebury, documents setting truthfully forth the corruption, inconsistency and impotency of the present administration. Should there not be a County Republican Club? Could it not be organized at February Court?

To show that the factious obstinacy of the parties opposed to the Republicans is even confessed by their own organs to be the cause of the non-organization of the House, we append the following from the Washington States, (Democratic):

"In tactics it must be confessed that we are no match for our opponents. They have purpose, while we resort to make-shifts. Their candidate is just as fresh in the esteem of his supporters now as when he entered the arena. Ours, eminent as were his qualifications, was forced to retire, in order that inconsiderate experiments might be tested. South American diplomacy was at the bottom of it, and South American diplomacy has succeeded in getting the Democracy into such confusion that there is but little hope that it will ever regain the position which it attained on the first day of the session. There were perhaps no less than twenty Democratic members who believed that they could be elected by the odds and ends which Mr. Boeue failed to unite. Delusive expectation! But it had the effect to influence the over sensitive Virginia to voluntarily withdraw his weighty name from the contest. All has been chaos in our ranks, and so will likely remain until the plurality rule shall be adopted, when John Sherman will speedily be conducted to the Speaker's chair. But when will that occur, our anxious readers will inquire? Ah! that we cannot answer. It must be weeks—it may be months. But alas! it is inevitable.

THE DISUNIONISTS.—During the debates in the House of Representatives at Washington, more than a dozen Southern Democratic Members of Congress, have threatened to dissolve the Union, if necessary to sustain Slavery. Not a single Northern Democrat has dared to rebuke those treasonable speeches. But Democrats and fossil Americans in the free States are now professing great love for the Union, by holding meetings to denounce John Brown's visionary project, and yet have no words to censure their Members of Congress, who sit quietly in their seats while disunion sentiments are boldly avowed by their slavesholding fellow-members. As a sample, we copy an extract from a speech made some weeks since in Congress, by Hon. Mr. Singleton, of Mississippi. It is as follows:—

"We will have extension of Slavery in the Union or outside of it. The South have made up their minds to sustain Slavery. We don't intend to be proscribed by present limits, and it will be in power of the North to coerce the 9,000,000 of freemen at the South with arms in their hands, and prevent them going into the surrounding Territories. Gentlemen, must remember that a gallant-son of the South, Jefferson Davis, led our forces in Mexico, and thank God he still lives, perhaps to lead a Southern Army.

Adjoining Counties. POTTER.—From the statement of the Commissioners of Potter County, we make the following memoranda: Total liabilities, \$15,900.61; Total assets, 10,748.90.

Showing the County to be in debt to the above amount. When the assets shall equal the liabilities, Potter county orders will be par. At present over \$5000 in orders are outstanding, and are sold at prices ranging from 80 to 95 cents. The excess of Receipts over Expenditures during the past year was \$2012.54. This shows a healthy state of the Finances of that county, and reflects credit upon the economy of the Commissioners.

An interesting item of the Expenditures was \$132.12 paid for wolf and wild-cat bounty.

A Republican Club was organized in Ullyses a few weeks ago, and is flourishing.

The Potter County Teacher's Association is to meet at Sharon Centre, Feb. 21 and 3d.

We learn from a private source that they have a 'debating school' up Sartwell Creek. We propose the following question: If a fellow—what is a fellow—and his gal—are about to be parted for a time—and they propose to exchange daguerreotypes, and for that purpose the fellow goes into a daguerreotype shop—and is to pay for having the 'pictures' book, and he has only money enough to pay for one picture in a magnificent case—and one picture in an ordinary case—which picture should be put in the magnificent case—his own ugly mug or hers? Would it be gallant in him to put her beautiful face in the ugly case?—Would it be generous in him to put his mug in the ugly case which she is to keep? That's the question. We believe all sensible men will decide in the negative.

ARRESTED FOR BIGAMY.—A man named Benj. H. Morley, living at Raymondville, Potter Co., Pa., has been playing things pretty fine for a few months past. By his saucy ways, and large stock of 'brass' in his countenance, he induced the merchants here and in New York to believe that he was doing an enormous business, and that he was good for a large amount. With this very unsubstantial capital, he several times filled a store at Raymondville, and speculated generally. But recent developments have dispelled the illusion. It was recently ascertained that he had 'played pretty' on several fair damsels in different localities, and had married some four or five of them.—Steps were immediately taken to arrest the oily-tongued deceiver, when he fled; but on Tuesday last, he was apprehended by the Sheriff, and he is now in jail. Morley's creditors here have ascertained that his pecuniary representations were as false as his matrimonial.—Free Press.

BROKE JAIL.—James Carle, arrested in this place last week for having stolen goods in his possession, and put in jail, broke out on Sunday night. Handcuffs were put on him during the evening, but the other prisoners say he broke the link connecting them within 20 minutes after the Sheriff's back was turned. He fled off a bar in the window and went out through the aperture—his two fellow-prisoners affirming that it was done while they were asleep. They no doubt helped him out. The Sheriff and others are off after him in different directions. He is about 5 feet 10 inches high, spare built, about 35 years old, sandy complexion, hair, whiskers and moustache; a little bald on the top of his head, Roman nose, wore light coat and pants, black satin vest, and black wool hat. The Sheriff offers \$100 for his return.

A part of the goods were claimed by parties from Addison, N. Y., where a store was robbed week before last. Carle refused to go to Stuen county for trial without a requisition, and was remanded to await such a writ.—Journal.

LYCOMING.—It appears that there are those in Jersey Shore, who believe that the long-looked-for Millennium is at hand, and will dawn upon us in the year of grace 1866. We understand that some of our ministers, and others well versed in Scripture lore, openly profess this belief. We sincerely hope they are right; but for ourselves, much as we hope and believe the time will come, we have never yet been able to fix the date.

While conversing in our office a few days since on this subject (the millennium) our 'devil' suddenly remarked, 'the next few years will be a glorious time for Irishmen.' Upon our inquiring in what way it would be likely to affect them, the imp replied, 'don't the Scriptures say, every crooked place shall be made straight, and every high place shall be brought low?' and then he added, 'what a splendid job they would have on Pine Creek.' The imp certainly will not live long.—Vedette.

The Williamsport correspondent of the Mercury Literary tells a 'good one' about the Speakership-question in that lively borough.—He says:—

"Our Christmas day passed quietly—there being but little drunkenness; even I was walking quite perpendicularly when I met him about 4 o'clock, P. M., just in front of a liquor store. Half of our stores were half shut, and half of the clerks were abroad. The post-office was open until after ten o'clock, when door and window were shut, which had no sooner been done than some one tied a huge bow and streamer of black crepe to the door knob. An editor from Elmira observing this, immediately marched up to the Gazette office, and said to the senior editor:—

"So Clarke—Sherman is elected Speaker, is he?"

"Why I don't know—how did you hear it?" answered Clarke.

"Well!" replied the Elmirian, "I guessed it was so, because I saw the post office in mourning."

ACCIDENT.—On Monday afternoon, Joseph Nichols, station agent at this place for the Northern Central railroad company, had his leg broken above the ankle, and his foot badly bruised. As he was standing on the rails at the switch, near the depot, it became fastened in some way, and a train of cars came along before he could get his foot away, which knocked him over, broke his leg and badly injured his foot.

BRADFORD.—Hon. Preston King, Senator from New York, and Hon. K. S. Bingham, Senator from Michigan, were in this place, last week, paying a visit to Hon. David Wilcox. These gentlemen were all members of the House when the Wilcox-Proviso phalanx numbered but eight members, and stood shoulder to shoulder through the contest. Now the friends of Freedom number within four votes, to elect a Speaker.—Reporter.

THEODORE LEONARD, of Springfield, an old and respected citizen, died on Sunday morning, Jan. 8th, aged 85 years. Mr. L. was originally from Massachusetts, and at an early day one of the Commissioners of the County. He was one of the early pioneers of this region of whom few now remain.—Reporter.

McKEAN.—Just as we were going to press to-day (Friday) we learn that a serious, if not fatal accident befel the family of Dr. S. D. Freeman of this village. The Dr. with his wife and child were riding across Marvin creek in this borough, when, from some cause, the horse leaped off the bridge with the cutter and load. The Dr. and child escaped unhurt, with the exception of a few bruises, but Mr. Freeman is seriously hurt, though the precise character and extent of her injuries are not yet ascertained. She was placed on a bed and removed to their residence where she is receiving every alleviation the skill of her husband and attention of her friends can render.—Citizen.

We learn, just as we go to press, of the accidental death of Mr. Dwight Coleman, of Liberty township. Deceased was driving a log, with an ox team, walking behind them, when the log ran against a tree that had been lodged, causing it to fall. The falling tree struck Mr. Coleman on the head, killing him almost instantly. Mr. C. was about 30 years of age and leaves a wife and three children to mourn his loss.—Democrat.

Table with 2 columns: Name and vs. Name. Includes D. A. Park vs. Tinney, J. W. Shoof vs. W. Bench, E. R. Bailey vs. E. R. Burley, Harier Hwasser vs. J. Black's Exr., Clark Slosson vs. Ira Potter, John Smith vs. Lewis Darling, H. T. Ryan vs. Stewart Dudley, Timothy Coates vs. W. T. Humphrey, Wm. Bingham's Tr'st vs. D. Norman, Wm. McDougall vs. Slosson & Slosson, Smith for Pomeroy vs. Rexford, Adm., J. W. Guernsey vs. D. Churchill et al, A. W. Wilson vs. E. Dyer, Henry Sarle vs. Daniel Hill, Huldah Hill vs. C. S. Whitcomb et al, Tioga Rail Road vs. J. R. Kinney, J. P. Ring vs. J. K. Brundage, Elmira Woolen Manuf. vs. Wm. M. Johnson, Facturing Company vs. Jas. Ford's Exr., Wm. Faulkner vs. Jas. Ford's Exr., A. W. Harrison vs. Barber & Swan.

Donation Visit. THERE will be a Donation for the benefit of Rev. J. H. Austin, at the parsonage in East (Chestnut) on Tuesday, the 21st inst., afternoon and evening, Jan. 26, 1860. By order of Committee.

PLASTER!! THE Farmers of Tioga County NEED ONLY BE TOLD THAT A LARGE QUANTITY OF THIS SUPERIOR ARTICLE. RECOMMENDED BY GREELEY. It is ready for them at the MANSFIELD PLASTER MILL. It requires no puffing to produce a "crack" and is sold at the low price of \$6.00 PER TON. AMOS BROWN, Mansfield, Jan. 26, 1860.

THOMAS HARDEN begs leave to inform the public that he is now carrying an EXTENSIVE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE, which he offers at prices that will be found very low in the estimation of close purchasers. This stock consists in part of SHAWLS of mostly all descriptions and at ALL PRICES. DRESS GOODS. An Extensive Assortment of Dress Goods of New and Rich Styles & Qualities, never before introduced in this place, and at extremely low prices.

An endless variety of EMBROIDERIES, RIBBONS, LACES, & DRESS TRIMMINGS. BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS. ALSO A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, CROCKERY & GLASS WARE, and many other things too numerous to mention.

Again we would invite purchasers to call and see the Goods and compare prices. THOMAS HARDEN, Wellsboro, Jan. 26, '60. 100 PIECES VELVET RIBBON, JUST RECEIVED. 6 DOZ. HOODS and RIGOLETTES just received at (Jan. 26, 1860.) HARDEN'S.

Notice. THE undersigned Supervisor of the year will meet at the Court House in Wellsboro, Thursday, February 2nd, next to hear and adjust all claims against the said township. All unadjusted claims and accounts to be presented before that time or they will not be paid. WILLIAM ENGLISH, Supervisor. JAMES STEELE, Delmar, Jan. 19, 1860.

Administrators Notice. LETTERS of Administration were granted to the undersigned this day, on the estate of Nathan Runsey, late of Sullivan, dec'd. all persons indebted to said estate are requested to settle the same by the 1st of March next, and those having claims against the same to present them for settlement. SALLY A. RUNSEY, Adm'r. Jan. 19, 1860. F. W. GITCHELL, Sec'y.

Administrators Notice. LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Jacob Pursell, late of Delmar, dec'd., all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and those having claims against the same to present them to HIRSH KIMBALL, Adm'r. DELMAR, Jan. 19, 1860. SHERMAN JOHNSON, Sec'y.

Notice is hereby given that B. I. Row, Rowell & Wells, of Elmira, and others have applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga County, for a charter for a "Central Union Church or Congregation on the State Road," in Sullivan town, and that said charter will be granted at the next session of said Court. If a dissenting party has any objection to the granting of such charter, it should be presented to the Court on or before the 1st of February, 1860. J. P. DONALDSON, Clerk. Wellsboro, Jan. 5, 1860.

WANTED. 50,000 Mink, Martin, Fox, Badger and Skunk Skins, for which the highest New York market price will be paid in cash at the Hat Store in Corning opposite the Dickinson Store, on Jan. 19, 1860. S. P. QUINN.