The Hon. Owen Lovejoy, of Illinois, was one of the ablest members of the last Congress from the West, as well as the most fearless in the expression of his opinions. Just before the close of the session, he delivered an able speech upon the various political topics of the day. : Alluding to the charge repeatedly made against him of assisting fugitive slaves when they come to his door, he made use of the following bold and defiant declaration :

"Is it desired to call attention to this fact! Proclaim it then upon the house-tops. Write it on every leaf that trembles in the forest make it biaze from the sun at high noon, and shine forth in the milder radiance of every star that bedecks the firmament of God. Lit it echo through all arches of heaven, and rever berate and bellow along all the deep gorges of hell, where slave-catchers will be very likely to hear it. Owen Lovejoy lives at Princeton, Illinois, three quarters of a mile east of the village, and he aids every fugitive that comes to his door and asks it. Thou invisible demor of Slavery, dost thou think to cross my humble threshhold, and forbid me to give bread to the hungry and shelter to the houseless. I BID TOU DEFIANCE IN THE NAME OF MY GOD!"

The same gentleman, in a recent speech in the House of Representatives, thus describes a party which is not so strong in the country as

"The Slavery Democracy prates and chatters about 'negro equality,' 'Black Republicans,' and 'nigger stealing,' to use its classic phrase and improved orthography. It has, or affects to have, a great horror of 'niggers.' And any one who advocates the principles of human Freedom, as they were enunciated and laid down in enduring forms by the Fathers of the Republic, is a 'woolly head,' and these same Democrats have learned to speak of them with a peculiar nasal twist. You would suppose that these gentlemen, whose offactories are so sensitive and acute, never saw a nigger, except in a menagerie. And yet would you believe it ! the very first service rendered him on earth is performed by a nigger; as an infant heidraws the milk which makes his flesh and blood and bones from the breast of a nigger; looks up in her face and smiles, and calls her by the en-'dearing name of 'mammy,' and begs, perhaps, in pitcous tones, for the privilege of carrying 'mammy' to the Territories; he is undressed and put to bed by a nigger; and nestles during the slumbers of infancy in the bosom of a nigger; he is washed, dressed and taken to the table by a nigger; to eat food prepared by a nigger; he is led to and from school by a nig-Ler; every service that childhood demands is performed by a nigger, except that of chastisement, which from the absence of good manners in many cases, it is to be feared is not performed at all. When down appears on his lip, the tonsorial service is performed by a nigger; and when he reaches manhood, he invades the nigger quarters, to place himself in the endearing relation of paternity to half niggers .-Finally, if he should be ambitious, it may occur that he will come to Congress to represent a constituency, three-fifths of whom are niggers and talk about 'Black Republicans,' 'amalgamation,' 'nigger equality,' 'nigger stealing,' and the offensive odor of niggerism."

The trial of Daniel E. Sickles for the murder of Key was to commence on Monday last. Up to this time we have no intelligence from Washlagton of the trial. The Albany correspondent of the Utica Herald writes as follows:

"People still continue to talk about the murder at Washington. To the honor of Albany, be it said, that public sentiment here denounces the shooting down of Mr. Key as a cowardly and brutal act. "Let him that is without sir cast the first stone." Said a friend yesterday -one who has known Daniel E. Sickles almost from boyhood-"Something less than five years ago, I knew a woman, young, beautiful and confiding. She was a loved wife, and a happy loving mother. Though occupying no exalted, social position, she had a manly, upright hus band, and a pleasant home. That woman became a reluctant victim to the seducer's devilish arts. Her child to day is an alms house

In a whole city full,
Friends she had none.

"Her seducer now comes before the world as the avenger of outraged chastity. In the cell where justice has placed him for a dastardly murderer, he is 'visited by the President,' and 'receives expressions of sympathy,' from men high in station, who have wives, and daughters, end homes. Out upon such a state of society!'

OUR FUTURE .- The Pennsylvania Democracy is like Milton's young man waking from sleep and shaking his invincible locks. All corruption and impediments have been sloughed offall the crushing complicity with rescality has been removed, and we stand before the people in the proud attitude of defenders of popular rights and the union of the States .- Harrisburg Union.

This is from Buchanan's organ at Harrisburg. Its coolness would be refreshing in warmer weather. That a party which has just endorsed the recking corruption and rascality of the National administration should plume itself upon its purity, must astonish even those who are accustomed to political brazenness .-It may be that, in shaking off the State administration the party has got rid of some corruption and rescality the party itself ought to be the best judge of that; but it did so that it might the more effectually hold up the hands of the National administration and sustain such villainies as those laid bare by the investigating committees of the late Congress. The next Congress will give us, doubtless, further developments and of a more damning sort; and "complicity with the rascality" of the National administration will be infinitely more "crushing" to the party for which the Union speaks than its acknowledged "complicity" with the "rascality" of the State administration.

- The Somerset Whig remarks: The season thus far has been very propitious for our maple sugar manufacturers. More maple sugar has been made the present season, at this date. than in any previous one. We hear of several farmers who have already made more than four thousand pounds. There is no means of exactly ascertaining the amount of this article annually produced in Somerset county, but we think five hundred thousand pounds would full below the mark-more than is manufactured in any other county in the Union.

Will some person in each Township in this county sand us an estimate of the amount produced. In this way we can arrive at a correct estimated the aggregate fin. An

THE AGITATOR.

HUGH YOUNG, Editor & Proprietor. WELLSBOROUGH, PA. Thursday Morning, April 7, '59.

Fry vs. Fry. Perhaps all of our readers may have heard or read of the Fry Divorce Case, which has been dragging itself through our Legislature for the last month or two; but we suspect that very few have had an opportunity and the requisite amount of patience, to read column after column of the statements and counter statements which liave appeared from time to time in the daily papers. Let us state, then, briefly, that Mr. Horace B. Fry, who is represented to be a very respectable broker in the city of Philadelphia, fell in love with, and married Miss Emily L. Grigg, the daughter of a retired merchant. The marriage took place in August 1858, and the parties started immediately to West Point N. Y. on a wedding tour. It would seem that their marriage was not a happy one, for in a few weeks after their return to Phila-

delphia, they separated. Now this is all of the affair which the public would have known anything about, had not Mrs. Fry and her father Mr. Grigg, petitioned the Legislature for a divorce. In this petition the cause of the separation is fully set forth, together with all those nice little details, which go to feed and thereby keep alive the prurient curiosity of the public. She throws herself on her knees before the grave and reverend seigniors who compose our Legislature, and plaintively and piteously tells them, that her husband Mr. Fry swore at her on various occasions, which in our opinion was very unchristian conduct to say the least of it; how he treated her in the very first week of their honeymoon, with great personal violence; how he locked her up in a room; how he swore at her for two hours at a stretch; how he threatened to shoot her. Other acts of brutal treatment are referred to, and when we think that this all occurred during their honeymoon, we are led to believe him to be only a monster in human shape. But this modern Blue Beard Romance is spoiled by the response of the naughty Mr. Fry, made under oath, in which he denies in toto the whole statement of Mrs. Fry, so that, whether her "life is burdensome" to her or not, the chances are, that she will be allowed to bear it awhile longer.

It appears from the statement of Mr. Fry that his wife, while at West Point, had been so very indiscreet as to form an acquaintance with a cadet named Wagner, with whom she corresponded after her return to Philadelphia. This correspondence was intercepted by Mr. Fry, and the letters at once disclosed to the trusting husband, the infidelity of the wife, whereupon they seperated.

On the 15th of March a majority of the Committee on Divorces of the House of Representatives, reported a bill to annul the marriage contract, alledging as reasons therefor, "that the happiness of the parties, the interest of the public, and the morals of society, will alike be promoted by it." These propositions, however plausible they may appear in themselves, are not backed by any arguments sufficiently strong to convince any man of the justice of the law proposed. With the "happiness of the parties" we take it, that the Legislature, as such, has nothing to do. It is not the business of legislators to interfere with, and fix up the domestic squabbles of their constituents. If Mrs. Fry has met with the treatment from her husband, which, as we believe, she falsely alleges, why does she not appeal to a Court of Law for that redress of grievances guaranteed to everybody. boarder,' her husband a sot, and she a degraded If the allegations set forth in her petition can be proved to be true, the Courts will certainly give her satisfaction in proportion to their judgment of the wrong done to her; but if they are false, then by what principle of right or justice, of law or morality can the Legislature be guided in decreeing a divorce?

So far as the "interest of the public" is concerned, we think the public has no interest in the matter whatever. The public can never be benefitted by such exhibitions of human frailty, as has been brought to its gaze by this case. But we suspect that there is another "interest" which may be promoted by it, and that is the pecuniary interest of certain legislators, and legal gentlemen connected with them. Indeed Mr Williston, our able representative, hinted as much in a speech made before the House a few days since, a motion being made to fix upon a certain day to consider the case. It is some satisfaction to know that we have a representative there from this district, who will keep his eye on this kind of legislation; one who will, we are confident, let no corruption or even the semblance of it, pass by unrebuked; one who has done more during the present session, than any other man, to prevent hasty and corrupt action and to preserve the character and dignity of the House. The argument that the interest of the public will be promoted by this divorce is mere moonshine; and the idea that such an argument should be presented without any foundation in fact, is simply ridiculous, and is a good reason why it should be opposed by the more honest and sensible members.

The last argument presented in the preamble to the act, is, that the proposed divorce would "promote the morals of society." Mr. J. Heron Foster of Pittsburg, who submitted the minority report opposing the divorce, shows at length, and with much ability, how false and lame, both in premises and conclusions, this argument is With the facts before them, none of our readers can fail to see the flimsy pretexts resorted to in cases of desperate legislation like this. It is mortifying to know that members of standing, not to say respectability, can be induced by certain "appliances" to give their names, their influence, and the labor which should be expended in behalf of the public and general weal to incastires of this kind. We trust for the honor of our State that the Bill will be deThe "Harmonious" Democracy.

We gave our opinion last week, based as we supposed Supon the nature of things," that no delegates from this County, would be likely to ttend the Anti-Buchanan Democratic State Convention to assemble at Harrisburg on the 12th of April next. We supposed that every Democrat in the county would be ready to swallow anything proposed by the office holders who lately assembled at the Capital to agree upon principles and men. In this it seems we were mistaken. There is one man, who, while he arows his fidelity to the Democratic party, does not acknowledge the allegiance of Mr. James Buchanan. We copy for the benefit of our readers the following from Forney's Philadelphia Press of March 28th:

"WELLSBORO, Tioga County. Will you please place my name to the call for the onvention? I am a Democrat of the straightest sect Convention? I am a Democrat of the straightest sect

—I have always been and ever shall be; but I owe no
sllegiance to the present National Administration. Its
heresies I cannot support. I am loyal to the great
doctrine of popular sovereignty.

Yours truly,

HENRY SHERWOOD."

"Mr. Sherwood is present chairman of the Demo ratic Standing Committee of Tioga County.'

We rejoice that there is one democrat in the County, who has the independence to write such a letter. Alas! we fear that Mr. Henry Sherwood will "feel like one who treads alone" in his opposition to Buchanan in this county. We sincerely hope so. We hope not another man will be found to agree with Mr. Sherwood. The Democracy do not need to be divided in this County. The party is small enough now without divisions. Has Mr. Sherwood thought for a single moment of the boldness of this his last move? Is he prepared to be called a "traitor," a "disunionist," a "disorganizer," a 'black republican' and an "abolitionist in disguise?" Yet within the last year all these epithets (and many others not fit to appear in a Republican paper) have been applied to Mr. Forney, by Buchanan journals. And again, we would like to know what Mr. Sherwood means by saying he is "loyal to the great principle of popular sovereignty." We hope he does not mean to insinuate that the Buchanan Democracy are disloyal to that doctrine and that therefore he wanted to be "counted out." Did the late Convention ignore this doctrine? | to be conducted on strictly religious principles. Not at all. They passed a resolution appoving It is to be started we hear, with a capital \$150,

There is another little circumstance which

we should like to see "cleared up." It seems that a meeting of the Democratic Standing Committee of this county (over which Mr. Sherwood presides,) was held in this Borough on the 14th of February last. This Committee elected delegates from this district to the late Convention. Both of the delegates from this district voted against Packer-voted to endorse Buchanan and Bigler-voted Cuba. Now we would like to know, whether the delegates were or were not instructed so to vote? If they were instructed, then Mr. Sherwood ought not now to turn against them and join the enemy, after they have faithfully carried out their instructions. If they were not instructed, but voted what they, as honest men, believed to be the sentiments of their constituents, then Mr. Sherwood ought to resign at once, the Chairmanship of the County Committee. We are not finding fault with the course of Mr. Sherwood, and we do not wish to be so understood. We merely offer these thoughts as being likely to occur to the Democrats of the County who take any interest in the acts of their leaders. For ourself personally, we don't care who is the Chairman of the Locofoco Standing Committee of the County, or who is not; neither do we care to which faction of the "undivided" he belongs. But we submit that with his temerity and independence, Mr. Sherwood should link consistency. He can then have no fears of the "dead be sure to lay in his way.

The Columbia Republican is one of the best exchanges we get. If enters upon its third year with good prospects, and it certainly deserves success. Dr. John, is an able writer and aims to make the Republican the best country paper in the State. In this aim we will give him a generous pull for superiority. There are over six thousand taxables in Tioga county. If one-third of them were subscribers to the Agitator, we could afford to enlarge the paper and secure a greater variety of talent for its columns. A little effort on the part of our friends epuld affect this, to us, desirable end; and until we secure 2000 subscribers and enlarge our paper, we shall keep cool and not boast any, but let the paper as heretofore, speak for itself.

Dr. John has succeeded in engaging Mrs. Lydia Jane Pierson (formerly a resident of this county) to write a story for the Republican. It is called "The Story of a Newspaper," and promises to be as good as any of the stories in the Ledger or Mercury.

"Hints toward Physical Perfection, or the Philosophy of Human Beauty; Showing How to Acquire and Retain Bodily Symmetry, Health, and vigor; Secure Long Life; and Avoid the Infirmities and Deformities of Age."

This is the title of a new work about to be issued by Fowler and Wells of New York. Coming as it does from a firm whose name precludes the possibility of humbug, this book will command the attention of every intelligent man and woman, and will, we trust, awaken a deeper interest in the physical development of the race, than has yet been manifested. It is a book intended for parents and teachers, for young men and women as a manual to guide them in attaining those high qualities of physical vigor and beauty so desirable to all. It will be illustrated by a large number of engravings, will be bound in muslin, and will be sent free by mail for \$1. Address Fowler & Wells, 308 Broadway, New York.

Harper for April is a good number. Its illustrations are unusually good. Hurper and for \$3 a year. For sale by Smith & Richards. public.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

- The Pittsburg Gazette says that Gen. Cameron is beyond doubt the first choice of the great Opposition party of Pennsylvania, and as the People's standard-bearer, the vote of this Commonwealth will be east in his favor; by a majority of tens of thousands. - It is stated that when Mr. Stephens, of

Georgia, was asked why he retired from Congress and public life, he said frankly that "he was on the train, (the Demogratic train,) and as a smash up was certain, he would get off at the first station." What what will be the fate of Poor Buchanan, who is on the engine and can't get off.

-THE Davenport Gazette calls attention to the coincidence that seventy-six members of the House voted against the Homestead bill. What sons in favor of raising the rates of postage were almost identically the very seventy-six plainly teach that teachers should be paid in men who voted against the homestead bill; and the proportion of their qualifications to perform of those seventy-six, all were Administration men.

--- The body of a gentleman-indigenous was washed ashore a short time since from the Mississippi. In his pockets were found: "one efferson Davis; one speech of Senator Toombs; one copy of the Mississippian, edited by Barksthe province of Mississippi in the act of exterminating the "stars and stripes."

springing up on the Pacific coast, relative to the Fraser river mines, and letter writers now express the opinion that a great yield of gold will yet be obtained from them. The gold is finer and more evenly distributed than in California, and hence there is an absence of those "big strikes" which have given eclat to the California El Dorado, but the precious metal really abounds. A correspondent of the San Francisco Bulletin remarks: "I do not believe that for the next few years any mines known will afford more gold to the man than these same mysterious mines."

-A DAILY RELEGIOUS NEWSPAPER.—The N. Y. Churchman makes the following announcement: It is reported in newspaper circles, that an enterprise is in progress for the establishment in New York, of a daily paper, 000, and is to be edited by James R. Spaulding, Esq., a gentleman of ability and experience, at present and for several years past connected with the Courier & Enquirer, and the Rev. Dr. McClintock, an eminent Methodist elergyman, well known for his contributions to the leading periodicals of that denomination.

---- Ex-Governor Robinson, of Kansas, was assaulted in the streets of Luwrence, K. T., a few days since, by Martin F. Conway, who hit the Governor on the head with a cudgel. The Governor writes a letter to the Herald of Freedom, in which he tells how he retorted: "I seized him as soon as I could overtake him, and was about applying a small dose of asphyxia to his wind apparatus which is an excellent remedy for certain kinds of mania, when his brother interfered and released him: Mr. C. then, for the first time, spoke, and I found, to my surprise, that this free use of his cudgel was only intended as an answer to my letter.'

--- The successful culture of Oats depends in a great measure upon its early sowing. If the weat her permits, the crops should be always in the ground by the first of April, or at the farthest the first week in April. An important consideration is bright, heavy seed, which should be obtained, when convenient, from a distance, and not too far South from a locality. Oats, like most other grains, and indeed vegetables, should be changed often .kingdom will deteriorate, unmistakably showing the necessity of frequent interchange with the productions of other localities or latitudes. Germantown Telegraph.

falls" which the Administration minions will be sure to lav in his way.

Emancipation is "the certain result to which the charges brought against him by his enemies, being no more territory to send the surplus to, ment will I cheerfully submit." . the evil will increase until emancipation bereasoning, according to which it is plain that, of emancipation is merely a question of time. Is the Chronicle ready to agree to the conclusion implied in its premises?

- About a week ago a domestic, named Ellen Vaughn, employed at the Union House, had her ears perforated for the purpose of wearing ear-rings. The operation was performed in the usual manner, with the usual results at the time. On the second day after the piercing, her ear commenced swelling, and she left employment and went home. The third day the swelling and inflammation increased rapidly, when she became deaf, blind and speechless; erysipilas set in, and for three days the unfortunate suffered terribly, when death released her .- Troy Budget, March 25.

--- Both houses of the Pennsylvania Legislature have agreed to adjourn sine die on the 14th of April.

was recently asked to consent to stand as a by any law, human or divine. It is justificacandidate for nomination, at the Charleston ble to take life only to preserve life; in other Convention, he declined, and said :

"The Opposition are sure to succeed in the next Presidential election." This bitter confes-This bitter confestration. Its power of evil is, comparatively speaking at an end.

It is generally conceded, in political circles, that Douglas and Hunter have come to an understanding, by which the latter is to have the honor of being defeated by the opposition in 1860—the former awaiting the chances of 1864, This opinion receives additional strength from the fact, that the last three candidates of the Democracy have been taken from the North, making the next due to the South.

The States, formerly a strong Douglas paper, is evidently under the control of Hunter, with a kindly feeling towards Douglas, and the editor is a Virginian of the Hunter school. The silence of Hunter, during the recent popular sovereignty debate in the Senate is also considered ominious of the aspirations of the chairthe Agitator will be furnished to any subscriber man of the Committee on Finance. Wash Re-

FROM THE PEOPLE.

For the Agitator. To the School Directors of Charleston. You have been chosen to fill a very important, as well as a very responsible office. You should the National Convention designate him will, no doubt, find it a difficult, if not an impossible task to give satisfaction to all, as the oninions and tastes of those whom you serve are so various and conflicting. The overbear-ing, the penurious, the heedless or the ignorant have no right to accept of the office of School Director. We are successful in having men in our town who are capable, and willing to perform the arduous duties of this important office. I see in the present board, men capable of examining and ascertaining the qualifications of teachers. This I consider an indispensible qualification in a School Director; without it how can justice be done the teachers ?-True, the Superintendent's certificate is a goide, is still more remarkable, the seventy-six per- yet few will presume that it is infallible. Justice, as well as the spirit of the School law,

build, and appreciate a comfortable and commodious house-even a school house. This is also an important qualification. It is a want of dueling pistol; one bowie-knife, one speech of this that causes the withered countenancesthe sickly pallor of our scholars. I am inclined to believe that the unwholesome air which they dale; three copies of the President's Lecompton Message; a photographic representation of tion in which they are obliged to sit from day an alligator devouring an eagle-supposed to be to day, causes more sickness among our youth, than all else combined. Thus, while we pretend to be their friends, we are their worst enemies. We try to give them an education; but take in exchange the ruddy, healthy flush from their cheeks-their very constitutions and their

the duties of their profession. I see there also

men noted as architects-men who can plan

Many of the School houses in our township, and in others are mere shells-poorer by far than many of our stables; and yet to these miserable and neglected hovels we send our own children, and oblige them to sit and study through the long days. The Culver School house, in my neighborhood, is one of this kind It is far too small, and built without any regard to comfort or convenience. The desks being all of a height, and very low, the larger scholars are obliged to bend over in an unnatural and unhealthy posture to obtain any use of them. Then there is no means for ventilation. It is warmed, or at least the children try to warm it, with an old, antiquated stove, which is without a door or a leg to stand upon.

I would beg leave of the Directors to recom mend stone buildings wherever they may erect new ones. I have conversed upon the subject with a master builder; and he says that it will cost no more to build with stone than wood, except perhaps the hauling of the stone; and they might be hauled by the people of the district, with little or no extra cost. I would cheerfully agree to haul my share free. The School houses in my native country (Wales) were built of stone. They would last from generation to generation. I think the "Yankee boys" would be less apt to jack-knife such buildings. They are more durable, cost less to keep them in repair, and are warmer in winter and cooler in summer.

I trust the School Directors will give this matter of School accommodation their early and earnest attention. Money judiciously laid out for this purpose, I consider a profitable investment. I think our "Common School System," like farming, pays in proportion to the liberality with which it is carried on.

Yours respectfully, D. G. EDWARDS. Charleston, March 18, 1859.

From the Honesdale Democrat. Gen. Lane has issued an address to the people of Kansas in which he gives an account of the killing of Gaius Jenkins. He declares that when he received notice of the coming of Jenkins into his enclosure, he earnestly dissuaded After the second or third year, at most, if cul- him; that when the entrance was made he was tivated, nearly everything in the vegetable fired at three times before he returned the fire; that when he did he only used shot; and he "appeals to Almighty God for the truth" of his statement, that he nad no intention of killing Jenkins, but expected to knock him down and - The Agusta (Ga,) Chronicle says that disable him. He reiterates his determination certain as day follows night"-because in course says: "So long as it affords those indulging of time Slavery will become unprofitable, and in them either pleasure or profit, let them howli more and more so in the ratio of the fecundity until their very throats crack. My history is of the slaves, let alone importation. There before the people of Kansas, and to their judge

The fact that his history is before the people comes a necessity. Such is the Chronicle's of Kansas constitutes the reason for his being "in private life." No efforts of his, however be the slave-trade recepened or not, the question sophistical or vehement, will avail to remove the weight of odium under which he rests .-The misrepresentations in which he now indulges will do him no good. He would not have ventured upon them but for the knowledge that the family of Jenkins had nearly all left the Territory. It was in evidence on the trial that only three shots were fired in all, and that the first of these was the fatal one by which Lane killed Jenkins. The last words Jenkins ever uttered, as Lane was pointing the gun at him were, "Lane, you know your duty." words will sound in his ears so long as he lives, and wherever his jot may be cast.

He has gone Behind a cloud of darkness which he never can efface.

II. W. JENKINS.

BAD LAW, BAD MORALS, AND BAD LOGIC. Some of our cotemporaries are advancing the theory that a man, in certain cases, has a moral right to be his own avenger. This is all wrong. An exchange says that when Mr. Douglas No human being has any such right conferred words, to kill the assassin who seeks to kill you. But this is self-defence. It is not revenge. "Thou shalt not kill,"-remember, is sion, of the ablest man in the Democratic ranks, equally binding with "Thou shalt not commi gives us, in a few words the cleanest idea of adultery." Hence the folly, and wickedness, the complete demoralization of the Adminis- and bad logic, of violating the Sixth Commandment, simply in order to repair or revenge a breach of the seventh .- Exchange.

> WELLSBORO' ACADEMY. Wellsboro', Tioga County, Penna

Luther R. Burlingame, A. B.; - - Principal.

Mns. FRANCES A. MAYNARD,

Miss ELIZA J. BEACH,

Assistants.

The Spring Term will commence on Tnesday, March 8, and close on Friday, May 20. The Summer Term will commence on Tuesday, May 31, and close on Fri-day, Aug. 12. Tuition.

Juvenile Department,
Common English Branches,
Higher English Branches,
Language
Drawing, (extra)

By order of Trustees,
J. F. DONALDSON, Pres't.
Wollsboro, March 10, 1859

GROCERIES.—The place to buy Groceries of al kinds cheap, is at ROE & SMITH'S.

Writing School,

THE Second and last Term comme THE Second and last lerm commences on Willers, April 11th, at 7 P. M. Termsons, \$1,00.

Important.

AYNE'S Picture Gallery will be closed in days. Those wanting good pictures will call soon. [April 7th, 1859.]

JUST OPENE A WHOLESALE & RETAIL FLOUR AND FEED STOR

FLOUR BY THE POUND OR BARRY FEED BY THE HUNDRED OR TO THE Subscriber has just opened on Main in first door below United States Hotel, when citizens of Wellsboro and surrounding company as tring a

GOOD SUPPLY OF

FLOUR, FEED, AND NEW AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

To be Sold very Cheap for Cath only Lumbermen and those wishing to purchase article will do well by calling on me before gon F. K. WRIGH where.
Wellsboro, April 7th, 1859.

NEW FIRM! NEW FIRM SEARS & WOOD

Have bought out the entire stock of C. L. Wild are now prepared to furnish CUSTOM BOOTS AND SHOPS

LEATHER, FINDINGS, PEGS, Nam THREAD, BINDINGS, LININGS FITTING-SILK, SHOE-KNIVES AWLS, FITTING-THREAD, Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

CHEAP FOR CASH Repairing done in a workmanlike manner, as

The Boot & Shoe Department will at a fore, be under the direct supervision of Con-Sears, whose long experience in the busines, an presumed, without vanity, to qualify him good satisfaction to those who may favor under

We will also pay the highest cash prices for HIDES, SKINS & FURS

A New Stock of Groceries, AS GOOD AS THE BEST, AND

AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPES We intend to keep our assortment of Grocenes and to sell them on as favorable terms as the same and to self them on as favoration enter is the same ticle can be bought in the County.

Stand, the same as formerly occupied by C. L. W. Cox. third door below J. R. Bowen.

Wellsboro, April 7, '59.

C. W. SEARS

Baker J.

Baloney Charles Butler Simon -Campbell Samuel

Chapen Reuben

C. W. SEARS II. II. WOOD, IST of Letters remaining in the Post 05m Wellsboro Pa., Quarter ending March 31s, 12 Mullins Timothy McKeil Mrs. Catharin Burbank Miss Sophia Borden Ben Brothers Rosenfeld Loebar Miss W. Vilata Lee Daniel Kimball John Jennings Miss Eim Jackson C. M. Hammond Neah D. Clark Lemuel, or heirs Parry G. A. Reabson Jose

Chapman David or heirs Doughtery John Rixford Simon or hein. Davenport Nancy Stoone William Smith John or David glish B. E. Mrs. Sharp Isaac Sly & Daggett Wallace D. H. 4 Marvin Miss Emily Morgan Mrs. M. P. Mitchell W. Washburn McKenny

Moore Miss Charlotte Persons calling for any of the above least please say they are advertised. I. D. RICHARDS, P. Y.

April 7, 1859. L IST of letters remaining in the Post Office.
Tioga, quarter ending March 31, 1852. Antick David
Adams Mrs. Catherine 2
Aldrich Joseph
Barker Wm.
Belden M.
Beld Pinilps S. W. W. Pendleton E. Rickey Israel Reynolds Benjamia Brink Mrs. F. J. Rees David Sherwood J. G. Bryden Thos. B. Bentley Ephraim J. Burt Olive Shine Kate wnhoren Rev. J. G. hoonover Christophe Sherman John Steele John B. Darling John Davies Jane Sactor Hiram Sactor Hiram
Spaulding Wm. W.
Smith Lucian M.
Toluck James R.
Tubo John
Tefft Adelbert Gray Chas. Gray Chas.
Hacager Jacob
Hogancamp Danl.
Hanner J. N.
Hoadley Wm.
Jones Alfred

Warren E. W. Wilion John Wells Rev. E. D. Kingsbury J. L. Van Name Wm. Kaapp Eli Lent Phillip Yager Jabe Persons calling for any of the above least please say they are advertised.

April 7, 1859.

W. T. URELL PY

Jackson C. M.

Williams Mrs. M. E.

Williams Mrs. Margar

Wilson Miss Flora

PARREL, HERRING&COS PATENT CHAMPION SAFE.

LATE FIRE AT DUBUQUE, IOWA.

Dunuque, Jan. 7.182.
Gents: I am requested by Mr. T. A. C. Cochart, its place, to say to record

this place, to say to you that on the morn go'l this place, to say to you that on the morn go'l thin inst, about 3 o'clock, his store took fire, and entire stock of goods was destroyed. The best keep so suddenly intense that none of the goods go'd good and the stock of the stock of the stock and the stock of the sibly be saved; but fortunately his books and? sibly be saved; but fortunately his books and tywhich were in one of your Champion Safes serial
preserved perfectly. And well they may be comChampion, for during the whole confagration the
was one incessant pouring of flame directly upon to
Safe which contained them. And sull upon open;
it, the inside was found to be searcely warm to
the outside was most severely scorthed. Your to,
A. McCLURA.

Herring's Patent Champion Fire and Barghry Safes, with HALL'S PATENT POWDER PROJECT OF SAFE AND A S FARKEL, HERRING & CO., have removed:
34 Walnut St., to their new store, No. 629 Cier
St., (Japro's Hall.) where the largest assoring
Safes in the world can be found
FARREL, HERRING & CO.

FARREL, HERRING & CO. 629 Chestnut Street, (Jayne's Hall 1859.

New Drug Stort

THE UNDERSIGNED takes pleasure in sars cing to the citizens of Wellsboro and vicing the bas just opened a new Drug Store in OSGOOD'S BUILDING, Main where he has a complete assortment of

Drugs & Medicines which he will sell cheap for cash.

Our Stock of Drugs is complete, embracing the article ever called for. PATENT MEDICINES Jayne's, Ayre's, Helmbold's, McLino's, Barother popular Medicines, together with What sam, Cod Liver Oil, Wolf's Aromatic Schaft, CHOICE WINES AND LIQUIS

for Medicinal and Sacramental uses. Paints & Oils.

Flavoring Extracts, Spices, Pepper, Fluid,
Soda, Candles, Soap, Barning Fluid,
Camphone, Turpentine, Alcohol,
And an innumerable variety of articles in card of the best quality.

Please call at the NEW DRUG STORE P. R. WILLIAMS 45 Wellsboro, March 10, 1859.