

LATER FROM KANSAS.

Manners and Customs of the Border Ruffians. Correspondence of THE N. Y. TRIBUNE.

Lawrence, Oct. 4, 1856. Ever since the rendition of Anthony Burns in Boston, I have been looking for men...

Take, for instance, the Sunday attack on Lawrence, a fortnight ago. The army which approached it consisted of 2,800 by the estimate here...

Two hundred men against fourteen times their number! And that a mere earthly reborn...

They had no regular commander, any more than at Blunker Hill; but the famous "Old Captain Brown" moved about among them...

A few women were in the fort that day—all who could be armed. Others spun the whole Sunday making cartridges.

Persons at the North who grudge their small subscriptions to Kansas, should remember that a few dollars may sometimes save a thousand...

I walked out yesterday to the scene of the last fight at Franklin, and heard the narrative from one of the Pro-Slavery men...

Franklin was the place where the Free-State men were charged with taking the letters from the Post-Office.

Since breaking up this den of thieves, the vicinity has been quiet, except when the noble army of 2,800, on returning, burnt a large mill close by...

The owner of this mill was a Pennsylvania named Straub. We saw his daughter, a noble looking girl, but rather unnecessarily enervated and spirited in her replies.

It is not far from here to Blanton's Bridge, which the Grand Jury declared a nuisance (you remember).

Not a single one of these figures, and I told him so. Since breaking up this den of thieves, the vicinity has been quiet...

The Missourians while the house and mill were burning, and demanded her horse from one of them with such spirit that the others compelled him to dismount.

THE AGITATOR.

Wellsborough, Pa. Thursday Morning, Oct. 23, 1856.



Presidential Electors. ELECTORS AT LARGE. Gen. James Irvin. John C. Fremont.

The Missourians while the house and mill were burning, and demanded her horse from one of them with such spirit...

Persons at the North who grudge their small subscriptions to Kansas, should remember that a few dollars may sometimes save a thousand...

I walked out yesterday to the scene of the last fight at Franklin, and heard the narrative from one of the Pro-Slavery men...

Franklin was the place where the Free-State men were charged with taking the letters from the Post-Office.

Since breaking up this den of thieves, the vicinity has been quiet, except when the noble army of 2,800, on returning, burnt a large mill close by...

The owner of this mill was a Pennsylvania named Straub. We saw his daughter, a noble looking girl, but rather unnecessarily enervated and spirited in her replies...

It is not far from here to Blanton's Bridge, which the Grand Jury declared a nuisance (you remember).

Not a single one of these figures, and I told him so. Since breaking up this den of thieves, the vicinity has been quiet...

majority of 2,500. Wilmot's District repudiated them by a majority of nearly 8000!...

The issue between the two parties is distinctly put by the Columbia South Carolina: "The Abolition party at the North is comparatively a small one but almost universally are the people Freesoilers."

Republicans! The latest official returns give us a large majority of the Congressional delegation in this State, as well as small majorities in both branches of the Legislature!

Ohio gives 30,000 majority for the Republican ticket and elects 17 out of 21 Congressmen.

Indiana is still in the woods; nothing reliable can be predicted upon the returns as yet.

But the glorious "WILMOT DISTRICT"—its freemen deserve the banner in the contest just passed.

That Popular Man Buchanan. THE OCTOBER CROP OF FEDERAL BUCK-WHEAT. THRASHED ON THE WHEATLAND PLANTATION BY THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN BEAR!

Hon. James B. Platform. REPUDIATED IN HIS OWN TOWNSHIP. BY A MAJORITY OF 90 OUT OF 104 VOTES!

PREPARE FOR THE GREAT CONTEST. EVERY FRIEND OF FREE LABOR FOR FREE MEN ON FREE SOIL, AND FREMONT FOR THE PRESIDENCY, MUST GO TO WORK NOW AND WORK FOR VICTORY.

such distasteful scenes were stripped of their pretensions and placed on the social level occupied by the men whose appetites they minister.

The issue between the two parties is distinctly put by the Columbia South Carolina: "The Abolition party at the North is comparatively a small one but almost universally are the people Freesoilers."

Republicans! The latest official returns give us a large majority of the Congressional delegation in this State, as well as small majorities in both branches of the Legislature!

Ohio gives 30,000 majority for the Republican ticket and elects 17 out of 21 Congressmen.

Indiana is still in the woods; nothing reliable can be predicted upon the returns as yet.

But the glorious "WILMOT DISTRICT"—its freemen deserve the banner in the contest just passed.

That Popular Man Buchanan. THE OCTOBER CROP OF FEDERAL BUCK-WHEAT. THRASHED ON THE WHEATLAND PLANTATION BY THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN BEAR!

Hon. James B. Platform. REPUDIATED IN HIS OWN TOWNSHIP. BY A MAJORITY OF 90 OUT OF 104 VOTES!

PREPARE FOR THE GREAT CONTEST. EVERY FRIEND OF FREE LABOR FOR FREE MEN ON FREE SOIL, AND FREMONT FOR THE PRESIDENCY, MUST GO TO WORK NOW AND WORK FOR VICTORY.

At a meeting of the Republicans of Wilmington, Del., held on the 19th inst., the following preamble and resolves were moved by Hanson Robinson, esq., and unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That the invasion of Kansas by the Missourians, who usurped the rights of the Freemen of the Territory by forcing upon them obnoxious, anti-democratic and unconstitutional laws, clearly demonstrates that the Constitution has been outraged and violated.

Resolved, That we view Slavery as a local and State institution, based entirely upon the sovereignty of the several States, its existence being independent of the Federal Constitution.

Resolved, That we hold there is no power delegated to the General Government in the Constitution either to create or abolish Slavery; therefore, Congress cannot interfere with or abolish it in the respective States, nor can it legalize or sanction it in the Territories.

Resolved, That as the Constitution guarantees the right of property, and as it is admitted even by Slavery Propagandists that a State sovereignty can neither institute or abolish Slavery, it is evident that property in man is not guaranteed by the Constitution, but is merely a privilege granted by the State sovereignty, legalizing the right to hold man as property, and hence it follows that a State can abolish it without infringing the Constitutional rights of property.

Resolved, That the Ordinance of 1787, which prohibited Slavery from the territory ceded by Virginia, having been ratified by the first Congress of 1790, which was composed of men who framed the Federal Constitution, and sanctioned by Washington, Jefferson, Madison and Monroe, its national character is clearly demonstrated; and, inasmuch as we are treading in the footsteps of the immortal Jefferson, the Ordinance of '87, from which untold blessings will continue to flow for generations yet unborn, it follows conclusively that the objects and purposes of the Republican party are not sectional, but national.

Resolved, That we view the Constitution as the anchor of hope, securing the harmony of the sister-hood of States, and the palladium of the nation's liberty; and therefore it should be upheld and guarded with a sleepless vigilance against the incendiary attacks of disunionists or secessionists either North or South.

An intelligent and observing friend, who has spent some time recently in traveling through the Western States, informs us that we have failed to take it into account one great property interest which has been silently but powerfully working there against the Republicans. It is that of the land speculators. The whole West is sweltering in land speculation. Merchants, doctors, lawyers, farmers, office-holders—almost every body, in fact, who has either property or credit in Indiana, Illinois and other Western Free States, has his hands full of unsettled lands, bought (mainly with land warrants) at \$1 to \$2 per acre, and held in market for farming purposes at \$10 to \$30 or in village lots at \$100 to \$1,000.

STEPHEN ARNOLD DOUGLAS has again made one of his characteristic attacks upon the clergy—accusing them of being "infidel and mercenary," using "blasphemy, hypocrisy, and blackguardism," in their sermons, and disregarding the great cause of christianity, for the purpose of engaging in politics, &c. The man who recently voted for "the Devil," is now very solicitous about the Christian religion! Douglas has evidently had an interview with his candidate, —Elmira Advertiser.

OKR of Douglas's friends writes to him from Kansas that—"he doesn't believe they will ever have peace in Kansas till Abolitionists and ministers are put down."

Communications.

Common Schools. The Superintendent of Schools for Toga Co., would announce the following appointments for the examination of teachers...

Resolved, That we view Slavery as a local and State institution, based entirely upon the sovereignty of the several States, its existence being independent of the Federal Constitution.

Resolved, That we hold there is no power delegated to the General Government in the Constitution either to create or abolish Slavery; therefore, Congress cannot interfere with or abolish it in the respective States, nor can it legalize or sanction it in the Territories.

Resolved, That as the Constitution guarantees the right of property, and as it is admitted even by Slavery Propagandists that a State sovereignty can neither institute or abolish Slavery, it is evident that property in man is not guaranteed by the Constitution, but is merely a privilege granted by the State sovereignty, legalizing the right to hold man as property, and hence it follows that a State can abolish it without infringing the Constitutional rights of property.

Resolved, That the Ordinance of 1787, which prohibited Slavery from the territory ceded by Virginia, having been ratified by the first Congress of 1790, which was composed of men who framed the Federal Constitution, and sanctioned by Washington, Jefferson, Madison and Monroe, its national character is clearly demonstrated; and, inasmuch as we are treading in the footsteps of the immortal Jefferson, the Ordinance of '87, from which untold blessings will continue to flow for generations yet unborn, it follows conclusively that the objects and purposes of the Republican party are not sectional, but national.

Resolved, That we view the Constitution as the anchor of hope, securing the harmony of the sister-hood of States, and the palladium of the nation's liberty; and therefore it should be upheld and guarded with a sleepless vigilance against the incendiary attacks of disunionists or secessionists either North or South.

An intelligent and observing friend, who has spent some time recently in traveling through the Western States, informs us that we have failed to take it into account one great property interest which has been silently but powerfully working there against the Republicans.

STEPHEN ARNOLD DOUGLAS has again made one of his characteristic attacks upon the clergy—accusing them of being "infidel and mercenary," using "blasphemy, hypocrisy, and blackguardism," in their sermons, and disregarding the great cause of christianity, for the purpose of engaging in politics, &c.

OKR of Douglas's friends writes to him from Kansas that—"he doesn't believe they will ever have peace in Kansas till Abolitionists and ministers are put down."

Not a Pro-Slavery man has yet been arrested in the Territory by order of Gov. Geary. POTTER.