

COMMUNICATIONS.

Common Schools—Graded Schools. The meaning of this term, suggested by our School Law is little to some misapprehension. They are schools having different departments and adapted to scholars of different ages and attainments. They require houses of two or more rooms with a teacher in each room adapted to the grade of scholars in every department. It will be evident to every educator of children that such a school is a very important consideration wherever it is practicable to establish it.

Such schools can not exist in the rural sections of the county. The population is not dense enough to fill two rooms with scholars, averaging from thirty to fifty each. The wants of such localities can best be supplied with a single school, centrally located, with a good school house and a good teacher in it. But double, treble or graded schools are practicable in all our villages; and in the populous center of nearly every township of the county. They are possible, perhaps practicable in every place where, within a radius of one and a half or two miles, that is a diameter of three miles, a population of one hundred children can be assembled. According to this opinion every borough may have a graded school; nearly every township may have one, and a few townships may have two such schools. But when we say that every village and nearly every township of this county may have such schools, we are using a word much milder than the necessities of most localities of this kind demand. It is safe, it is the spirit of our school system, to say they should have such schools. It is utterly impossible for the best teacher in the county of State to do justice to the mass of scholars of all ages, attainments and sexes, that are turned in to him in many of these undivided, unclassified, metropolitan schools. Children are spoiled and disgusted with the whole business of going to school in such a heterogeneous jam as some of our village schools present. How then shall we clear the way for such schools as are needed in these central, populous localities. We answer most emphatically enlarge your district corporations, where you have a borough corporation, so as to embrace all the territory and taxables within one mile and a half of the center. This can be done by either abolishing or enlarging your borough corporations. For all practical purposes of such boroughs, where a corporation is needed, we think they are far too small at any rate. Then clear away every school house within about three miles of such a nucleus. Then build a house large enough to accommodate all the scholars within two miles of it. Prepare yourselves to take all that comes, generally free. Provide good teachers, if possible, permanent ones. And on the score of economy, advancement, good order, usefulness every way, such schools should not be surpassed in New York, Philadelphia, or even Boston. It is one of the excellencies of our School Law that it contemplates just such schools wherever they are practicable. Schools, where there shall be infant, youth, and high department—a school where the child can learn its A, B, C's amid all the attraction and freedom of childhood—a school where the higher branches can be taught, and teachers educated and qualified; in short a model school in the neighborhood of, and accessible to all who would seek a good English education without the dangers and expense of going abroad.

In continuation of this humane and philanthropic provision of our law, petty schools are established and pushed into a poor dying life in the very precincts of our villages and town capitols. Often three or five such school houses are within two miles of a village. The school that should be the graded school is smothered out, or grades downwards. The house is not competent to hold the scholars even of the corporation proper, much less the children that should be educated there. Parents pay their school tax to one district and send their children to another, sometimes of necessity, and sometimes paying a round school bill in the bargain. We can think of but one school, that of Lawrenceville, that has sufficient capacity of room to accommodate all the scholars within a radius of two miles, and at the same time an internal organization that adapts it for all classes. Perhaps there are others. We shall know soon, and we know we shall be happy to give public commendation of the fact. We know enough already to convince us that the want of these central graded schools of the large liberal sort is a great want in the places of this county where they are practicable. We are confident if the citizens of all our villages and central locations would consider the very great benefit of such schools in respect both to economy and utility, they would begin to push further off the little school houses, and introduce an educational machine that should be worthy of them.

J. F. CALKINS, Co. Sup't.

Two little girls, one rejoicing in blue ribbons, the other in pink, were bewailing their domestic misfortunes in mock maternal language. "Where is your dolly?" asked pink ribbons of her little neighbor. "Dear me! didn't I tell you?" answered blue; "why she has got the measles dreadfully. Her face is all spotted over."

"Well, I don't think she's as sick as my dolly," said pink; "only think, I've had a constitution of thirty doctors for her, and they all didn't do any good. I've had to buy a new gown, she's so miserable," (not the first misery a new gown has brightened up.) "she's got the consumption."

"Oh! that's dreadful bad; does she cough much?" asked the other, with an air of great solicitude.

"All the time—and keeps me awake so much of nights."

"But why don't you take her out? the air will be good for her lungs."

"Oh dear!" exclaimed pink ribbons, with admirably assumed intensity of feeling, "my dolly hasn't got a bit of lungs, she only breathes through her nose."

Good SLEIGHING about these diggings.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION. The Agitator is published every Thursday Morning, and furnished to subscribers at \$1.50 per annum if paid in advance; or \$2 if payment be delayed over the year. No subscription taken for a shorter period than six months, and when for that term only, payment must be made strictly in advance. If the paper is not sent to the subscriber, it will be strictly adhered to. No paper will be discontinued until paid for, unless at the option of the editor. Clubs.—Ten Copies, \$12; Fifteen Copies, \$15. Advertisements will be inserted at \$1 per square, (of fourteen lines or less), for the first three consecutive insertions, and 25 cents for every subsequent one. Yearly advertisements inserted at a reasonable discount on the foregoing rates. Transient advertising payable in advance. All letters must be post-paid.

TIOGA MARBLE YARD.

FITCH & SHERWOOD, DEALERS IN Italian and American Marble, FOR MANTELS, MONUMENTS, TOMBS, GRANT MONUMENTS, GRAVE-STONES, &c. &c. All work done to order. Shop in TIOGA VILLAGE, PENN'A. July 13, 1854-ly.

FARMER'S UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.

ATHENS, HRAFORD CO., PA. CAPITAL—\$200,000—Insures Farmers only, on the Stock and Mutual plan. J. E. Canfield Secy., Hon. Horace Williston, Pres't. Remember that an experienced Travelling Agent, representing a sound and reliable Company near home, is preferable to a foreign Co., as there can be no deception. Address, J. E. Webster, Agent, Corvinton, Pa.

S. F. WILSON.

Removed to James Lowrey's Office.

JAS. LOWREY & S. F. WILSON, ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW, will attend the Courts of Tioga, Potter and McKean counties. Wellsborough, Feb. 1, 1853.

JOHN N. BACHE, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW—Office, north side Public Square, Wellsborough, Pa.

WELLSBOROUGH, TIOGA CO., PA. June 8, '54. P. P. CLEAVER, Prop'or.

CLEAVER HOUSE.

WELLSBOROUGH, TIOGA CO., PA. June 8, '54. P. P. CLEAVER, Prop'or.

Family Grocery & Provision STORE.

THE subscriber would inform his friends and the citizens of Tioga county generally, that he has just received a large and superior supply of GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SUCH AS Teas, Sugars by the barrel or otherwise, Coffees, Molasses, Stewart's Syrup, Rice, Pepper, Ginger, Saleratus, Allspice, Indigo, Tobacco, Soap, Mould and Sperm Candles, Salt by the barrel or sack, Mackerel by the whole, and 1/2 barrel, Codfish by the 100 or single pound, Flour, Cheese, Crackers, Butter & Eggs, together with every other article in the Grocery line, lower than can be got at any other place in town, as he is determined to make quick sales at small profits.

Thankful for past favors he would most respectfully invite the public generally to give him a call and examine for themselves. M. M. CONVERS. Wellsborough, May 27, 1853.

SEVASTOPOL ALMOST TAKEN! GREAT RUSH FOR RUSSIA—IRON.

D. P. & W. ROBERTS HAVING purchased and enlarged the Tin and Stove Store of C. E. Gray, would call the attention of the trading public to their large and splendid assortment of Stoves, comprising a variety of patterns: The KING OF STOVES, MORNING STAR, BANGUP, NATIONAL AIR-TIGHT, KITCHEN RANGE and three kinds of PREMIUMS. Also, a complete assortment of PARLOR & BOX STOVES, at or below Elmira prices.

Tinware of all kinds, shapes and sizes wanted for household use. Eave Gutters made to order at the shortest notice. JOBBING done to order and in the best manner. All Tin-ware carefully proved before leaving the shop. They respectfully solicit the patronage of all who wish to purchase anything in their line, assuring them that money can be saved by examining their stock before purchasing elsewhere. Wellsborough, Nov. 3, 1854.

BOWEN'S EMPIRE STORE.

Important to the Public. A. T. J. BOWEN'S Empire Store the largest and finest family come, when Goods can be bought as cheap in Wellsborough, as at Elmira, Corning, or in any other town west of New York; and the public at large are invited to call and satisfy themselves that this is no Humbug. At J. R. Bowen's will always be found an extensive assortment of well selected DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, BOOTS & SHOES and a large variety of Gentlemen's Clothing, HATS, CAPS, SHIRTS, COLLARS, SCARFS, &c. all of which will be disposed of at a reduced price by J. R. BOWEN. Wellsborough, July 27, 1854-ly.

WHEREAS, on the night of the 24th of March last, James I. Jackson, and others by the use of false keys or otherwise, forced their way into the dwelling house of the subscriber, while the family were absent and removed his goods out of the house in order to get possession; and further, that said James I. Jackson took possession of the Books belonging to the subscriber, and refused to deliver them over to him, for all of which, the said James I. Jackson and others have given bail for their appearance to the next court of Quarter Sessions. This is therefore to forbid all persons paying any accounts to James I. Jackson made at the woolen Factory and Saw Mill from that time until the 1st day of March, A. D. 1855, as I have a lease of the Woolen Factory and Saw Mill from that time until the 1st day of March, A. D. 1855, binding me to collect all debts for work done. LEWIS C. FENDLETON. Delmar, July 27, 1854-ly.

Carpetings, &c. THE subscribers have just replenished their stock of Carpeting, and now feel justified in saying that their Carpet Ware excels in quantity, quality, variety, richness and beauty, that of any other in this country, and as to price, we are confident they are as low as any establishment this side of New York city. OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, MATTINGS, &c., all at the very lowest possible prices, at the new cash store of JONES & ROE.

"MAN, KNOW THYSELF!"

An Invaluable Book for 25 cents.—Every Family should have a Copy. 100,000 COPIES SOLD IN LESS THAN A YEAR. A new edition, revised and improved, just issued.

DR. HUNTER'S Medical Manual, and Handbook for the Afflicted—Containing an outline of the origin, progress, treatment and cure of every form of disease contracted by promiscuous sexual intercourse, by self-abuse or by sexual excess, with advice for their prevention, written in a familiar style, avoiding all medical technicalities and everything that would offend the ear of decency; with an outline of complaints incident to females, from the result of twenty years' successful practice, exclusively devoted to the cure of diseases of a delicate or private nature.

Which is added receipts for the cure of the above diseases, and a treatise on the causes, symptoms and cure of the FEVER and AGUE. Testimony of the Professor of Obstetrics in the Penn Medical College, Philadelphia—"DR. HUNTER'S MEDICAL MANUAL."—The author of this work, unlike the majority of those who advertise to cure the diseases of which it treats is a graduate of one of the best Colleges in the United States. It affords me pleasure to recommend it to the unfortunate, or to the victim of malpractice, as a successful and experienced practitioner, in whose honor and integrity they may place the greatest confidence.

From A. Woodward, M. D. of Penn University, Philadelphia—"It gives me pleasure to add my testimony to the professional ability of the author of the Medical Manual. Numerous cases of Disease of the Genital Organs, some of them of long standing have come under my notice, in which his skill has been manifest in restoring to perfect health in some cases where the patient has been considered beyond medical aid. In the treatment of Seminal weakness, or disarrangement of the functions produced by self-abuse or excessive venery, I do not know his superior in the profession. I have been acquainted with the author some thirty years, and deem it no more than justice to him as well as kindness to the unfortunate victim of early indiscretion, to recommend him as one in whose professional skill and integrity they may safely confide themselves."

ALFRED WOODWARD, M. D. "This is, without exception, the most comprehensive and intelligible work published on the diseases of which it treats. Avoiding all technical terms, it addresses itself to the reason of its readers. It is free from all objectionable matter, and no parent, however fastidious, can object to placing it in the hands of his sons. The author has devoted many years to the treatment of the various complaints treated of, and with little breath to puff and too little presumption to impose, he has offered to the world at the merely nominal price of 25 cents, the fruit of some twenty years' most successful practice."

No teacher or parent should be knowledgeable imparted in this valuable work. It would save years of pain and mortification and sorrow to the youth under their charge. "Pepys' Adversary," a Presbyterian clergyman in Ohio, writing of "Hunter's Medical Manual" says—"Thousands upon thousands of our youth, by evil example and influence of the passions, have been led into the habit of self-pollution without realizing the sin and fearful consequences upon themselves and posterity. The constitutions of thousands who are raising families have been ebbled, if not broken down, and they do not know the cause or cure. Anything that can be done to enlighten and influence the public mind as to check, and ultimately to remove this wide spread source of human wretchedness, would confer the greatest blessing next to the religion of Jesus Christ, on the present and coming generation. Intemperance (or the use of intoxicating drinks) though it has slain thousands upon thousands, is not a greater scourge to the human race. Accept my thanks on behalf of the afflicted, and believe me your most earnest friend in the good work you are so actively engaged in."

One copy (securely enveloped) will be forwarded, free of postage, to any part of the United States for 25 cents, or six copies for one dollar. Address, (post paid) COSDEN & CO., Publishers, or Box 126, Philadelphia.

Booksellers, Conversers and Book Agents supplied on the most liberal terms. October 12, 1854-ly.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

THESE goods are now opening their season, and are of the Spring Trade, comprising a full and complete assortment, and of the usual variety, which will, as heretofore, be sold at a very small profit for READY PAY. Being determined not to be undersold by our neighbors, our goods are marked at the lowest figure; and we invite a comparison of our goods and prices with any other in the market. Among the assortment of DRY GOODS will be found a great variety of Ladies' Dress Goods consisting in part of Bereges, Berege Delanes, all-wool Delanes, Laines, plain and printed; Gingham, English, Scotch and American; Poplins, Prints of all shades and colors, a good stock of SILKS

Also, for men's wear, we have found Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, silk, satin and summer Tweeds. Also, Sheetings, Shirtings, bleached and brown, Tickings, Summer Goods for boys' wear, Cotton Yarn, Carpet Warp, Cotton Batten, with a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. Groceries and Provisions. A full stock will be kept on hand. Those in want of Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Molasses, Stewart's best Syrup, Spices, Pepper, Ginger, Saleratus, Flour, Fish, Salt Tobacco, or any other article in this line, will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

HARDWARE, as large and complete an assortment as can be found in the county. Among which is Cutlery of all kinds, Carpenters' Tools, Chains, Hoes, Shovels, Forks, Batts and Screws, Door Hangings, Bits, &c., &c. CROCKERY, GLASS & STONE-WARE, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Steel, Iron, Nails, Paints and Oils, Glass and Putty, Ready-Made Clothing, &c. Thankful for the liberal patronage of the past season, the undersigned feel a pleasure in inviting the public to an examination of our Spring stock, believing that good Goods and low prices will insure a speedy sale for ready pay. B. B. SMITH & SON. Wellsborough, May 25, 1854.

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Wellsborough and vicinity, that he has again returned to this place and opened a shop over the Post office, where he will be prepared to do Tailoring in all its branches, in a good and workmanlike manner, for ready pay and at prices that cannot fail to please. All work entrusted to him will be done up with despatch, and a fit warranted. CUTTING done on short notice. Country produce (delivered of) all kinds, taken for work. H. P. ERWIN. Wellsborough, April 22, 1854.

Blake's Patent Ohio FIRE PROOF PAINT.—20 barrels of the genuine article, just received and for sale at much less than former prices, at JONES & ROE'S. July 13, 1854.

214 BARRELS PORK, for sale by the barrel or pound, at M. M. CONVERS'S.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!—Now Ladies you have a large assortment of beautiful style to select from at the Cheap Store of JONES & ROE. Oct. 27, 1853.

ROBERT ROY

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND AT THE WELLSBOROUGH DRUG STORE, THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

- Aconite, Adhesive Plaster, Alcohol, Alum, Aloe, Allspice, Ammonia, Anodyne, Antimony, Arnica, Bleaching Powder to remove ink & fruit stains, from Linen, Blacking for stoves, Boots & shoes, Bay Water, Borax, Brandy, Brushes of all kinds, Bug Poison, Camphor, Castile Soap, Cayenne Pepper, Cement for earthen ware, Cinnamon, Cloves, Cobalt, (Fly Poison), Composition Powder, Copal, for head-ache, catarrh, &c., &c., Cream Tartar, Ceylon for children, Ocular Powders, Dye Woods and Dyeing, materials of all kinds, Epsom Salts, Erasive Soap, for removing grease, &c., from Ueber, Vermilions, various kinds, Vinegar, Washes in boxes, German Bitters, Heave Powder, Lyon's Rat Pills, Magnetic Ointment, Plasters of all kinds, Palmonic Washes, Pain Killer, Radway's Ready Relief, Sarsaparilla Syrup, Tetter Ointment, Uterine Cathartic, Vermifuge, various kinds, Worm Tea, Dr. Kellogg's, April 20, 1854.

Patent Medicines. Ayre's Cherry Pectoral, Brant's Balsam, Extract, Cough Mixture, Cod Liver Oil, Dr. Fitch's Medicines, Dr. Jayne's "Dr. Keeler's " Dr. Swayne's " Dr. Davis' Depurative, Falmack's Vermifuge, Gargling Oil, Grosvenor Medicines, German Ointment, &c.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES! IN LAWRENCEVILLE, PA. THE subscribers have constantly on hand at their Drug Store, in Lawrenceville, a large and well selected stock of DRUGS, &c., of every description used by Physicians in the country, and all the most popular PATENT MEDICINES of the day which we offer for sale at prices which cannot fail to suit those who may favor us with a call. Among our Patent Medicines may be found the following: Marchant's Gargling Oil; Jayne's Expectant, Alterative, Pills, Pills, &c.; Moffat's Bitters and Pills; Fitch's Suffered Abdominal Supporters, Pills, and all the medicines prepared by him for his private practice; Brant's Painsong Balm and Purifying Extracts; Ayre's Cherry Pectoral; Rogers' Syrup of Tar and Canchalgua; Dillow's Heave Cure; Andrew's Pain Killing Agent; Trusk's Magnetic Ointment; Dr. Christie's Galbanic Belts, &c.; Houghton's Artificial Peppin; Blake's Aromatic Bitters; and all the most popular Pills and Vermifuges, &c., &c.

Also, a good assortment of SCHOOL AND BLANK BOOKS, Biography, History, Miscellaneous Reading, &c. Paints, Oils and Dye-Staffs, GLASS, wholesale and retail, Gold and Silver Leaf, Putty, Spices, Turpentine, Camphine, Burning Fluid, Vermilions, &c. TRAUH & HURD. Lawrenceville, Feb. 3, 1854.

Fall and Winter Millinery Goods, for Ready-Pay. THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Wellsborough and vicinity, that she is just receiving a NEW & FASHIONABLE assortment of MILLINERY GOODS, consisting of BONNETS of every variety, LADIES' CAPS, CHILDREN'S HATS, BONNET LININGS, FLOWERS and RIBBONS of every kind and quality, GLOVES, MITTS, EMBROIDERIES, COLLARS, UNDERSLEEVES, Handkerchiefs, Silks, Plain and Barred Muslins, Laces, Cotton and Linen Edging, and a variety of other things too numerous to mention. All of which can be obtained cheaper than elsewhere this side of New York city.

The subscriber is now doing a Ready-Pay business, and would invite her friends to call and examine her goods before making their purchases, as she is confident they cannot suit themselves better at any other establishment. Work done on short notice and in the most approved style. She extends her sincere thanks to her friends for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to her, and solicits the continuance of the same. Open your door from the residence of L. P. Williston. WELLSBOROUGH, Nov. 30, 1854.

Chairs, Chairs, Chairs. BESIDES a variety of all other kinds of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, the subscriber has four different styles of BLACK WALNUT CANE SEAT CHAIRS, which is selling at cost prices. Also, Two different patterns of Mahogany Spring Seat Chairs, and Mahogany Rockers, and three patterns of Sofas. Also, Rosewood, Curl Maple, and Common chairs of all kinds. E. D. WELLS. Lawrenceville, Nov. 16, 1854.

Horse for Sale. HORSE, Pedlar Wagon and Harness for Sale by the subscriber, cheap for Cash or approved paper, separately, or together. The horse is a good, serviceable animal. [Oct. 5.] W. D. BAILEY.

MERINOS AND PARAMATAS.—Ladies have you seen those cheap Merinos and Paramatas and Plain and Figured Delaines, at Wellsboro', Nov. 1, 1854, JONES & ROE'S.

Worth Seeing! THE splendid assortment of Goods that the subscribers are now daily receiving is really worth a call to examine. They have just returned from New York with the largest assortment of Dry Goods, including Ladies' Dress Goods, that was ever offered in this country, and all are requested to call and examine them, whether they wish to buy or not. To enumerate articles would be useless to attempt. A personal inspection can only give to an idea of what this extensive establishment contains. DON'T FORGET THE PLACE! July 13, 1854. The New Store of JONES & ROE.

KNOW-NOTHING or Know-Something, know nothing or know-Something, BOWEN'S EMPIRE STORE and buy a Wide-awake Hat—or any other kind of a Hat that you are a mind to select from his large stock. Sept. 12, 1854.

GIFTS.—Of every imaginable kind, suitable for great and small, for Christmas and New Year, at [dec 21] BAILEY & FOLEY'S.

TRUSSES.—Benjamin's Superior Brass Trusses for sale by [June 23] V. CASE.

AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to make the best of all pills—one which should have no objection, but all the advantages of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient himself that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not. Many of them produce so much gripping pain and revulsion in the system as to more than counterbalance the good derived from them. These pills produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purgative, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity; but it is better that any medicine should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Langour and Loss of Appetite, Lethargy, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bileous Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of an impure action in the liver. As an aperient they afford prompt and sure relief in Costiveness, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Hemorrhoids, Scirrhus and Scaly, Colic with soreness of the body, Pleas and impurity of the blood; in short, any and every case where a purgative is required. They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Erysipelas, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the Breast, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose restores the system to its normal state, and restores the appetite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their stimulant action on the circulatory system, renovate the strength of the body, and improve the complexion. Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even though no serious derangement exists; but unnecessary dosing should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine reduces the strength and impairs the vitality of the system. The thousand cases in which a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but they suggest themselves to the reason of every sufferer, and it is confidently believed that this pill will have hitherto been available to mankind. When their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a bowels into healthy action, and restore the appetite and vigor. They are pure and vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity. For minute directions see wrapper on the box.

PREPARED BY JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass. Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

For the rapid Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to repeat here the details of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures, that it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained in any community where it is known. When once tried its superiority and efficacy in the cure of the most distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs will be so evident to the patient to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs, which are so incident to our climate. And not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, &c., and for Croup, it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained in any community where it is known. When once tried its superiority and efficacy in the cure of the most distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs will be so evident to the patient to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs, which are so incident to our climate. And not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, &c., and for Croup, it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained in any community where it is known. 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