

Waynesboro Village Record.

Wednesday, September 10, 1874.

One of Brigham Young's wives has sued for divorce and alimony. Brigham's affidavit has been filed in the case, and he testifies that the Mormon marriages are, in effect, no marriages at all, and confer no legal rights on Mormon wives. This unmasking by Brigham shows that Mormonism is nothing more than a species of "free love," with a very thin gauze of religion thrown over it to veil its gross ugliness.

Another supposed Charley Ross has turned out not to be the missing boy. This one was picked up under suspicious circumstances in Orange county, New York, but the hopes of the energetic Sheriff who had the \$20,000 in view were doomed to disappointment as quickly as his photograph was shown to the parents of the kidnapped child. The police authorities in Washington also thought that they had found the boy, but they too were proved to have only struck a wrong trail.

Frostburg, Allegany county, Md., has been scourged by a terrible fire. On Saturday afternoon a number of the principal business houses and finest private residences were reduced to ashes. The losses will probably aggregate \$175,000. The town has no fire department, and nothing could be done to check the conflagration until engines and firemen arrived from Cumberland.

Following out the authority given by the President for the suppression of disorder and bloodshed in the South, Attorney General Williams has designated to the Secretary of War the points at which troops should be stationed to sustain the United States Marshals in arresting criminals. There are not altogether now more than 2,500 soldiers in the Southern States, and they are conveniently distributed for use if necessary.

Nearly three years ago an Austrian exploring expedition towards the North Pole started out, to go by way of Nova Zembla and search for the Arctic Ocean to the northward of Europe, and they had not been heard of for so long a time that it was feared they had met the fate of Sir John Franklin's party. A despatch from London announces that they have arrived at Norwegian port safely after a good deal of hardship. Although they travelled for seven months in sledges and spent two winters on the ice, the expedition was a comparative failure. They got no higher than latitude 80, which is more than two degrees less than Parry and Hall reached. Probably the most important result of their endeavors will be an additional proof that the most feasible path to the open sea that is supposed to exist north of the region of eternal ice is through the Straits between Greenland and North America, and that it will never be reached by any effort to penetrate the eastern route.

JERSEY CITY, September 7.—John L. Nutter, a young man residing with his parents on Jersey City Heights, appeared before Justice Aldridge to day and charged that James Dunn, John Gordon and other persons connected with Rev. J. S. Glendon's church, had tried to induce him by threats of exposure in relation to an alleged case of larceny, to swear he was the father of Mary E. Pomeroy's child.

NEW YORK, September 7.—The answer of Henry Ward Beecher to the complaint of Theodore Tilton was received to-day by Mr. Beecher's attorneys and was at once served on the plaintiff. The answer declares first, that each and every allegation in the said complaint contained, except that the plaintiff and Miss Elizabeth M. Richards were married October 2d, 1855, and lived together as husband and wife up to 1874, is utterly false. Second, that this defendant never had at any time or at any place any unchaste or improper relations with the wife of the plaintiff, and never attempted or sought to have any such relations.

(Signed) SULLMAN and STERLING, Attorneys for defendant. Appended to the answer is the oath of Mr. Beecher that the foregoing answer is true of his own knowledge. Notice of trial at the October term of the City Court of Brooklyn have been served by counsel on both sides.

TRAVELING ON THE FARM.—Did any of our readers ever think of the amount of travel it takes to raise a crop of corn on a 20-acre field? To break this up would take 168 miles; harrowing about 40 miles; furrowing out, 90 miles; planting 45 miles; if with a plow, and if dropped and covered, ninety miles. And for each plowing of 2 furrows in a row, 90 miles; or five plowings, 450 miles. Thus you see it takes about eight or nine hundred miles traveling to raise twenty acres of corn, not counting going and returning from the field. Besides, there is re-planting, thinning, rolling, &c.

THE VERMONT ELECTION.—An election was held in Vermont on Thursday a week for State officers, members of Congress and a Legislature. The returns already received indicate the election of the Republican State ticket by about 20,000 majority, while all the Republican candidates for Congress are also elected.

Subscribe for the RECORD.

Local News.

Ice-cream will soon be at a discount.

—Thirty days hath September.

You can't pay taxes at the polls.

—Apple crop good; tomato short.

—McCannelsburg has an apple eight years old.

—The foliage of the trees is commencing to assume an autumnal tint.

—The likeness of the stolen boy, Charles Ross, can be seen at our hotels.

—CAMP MEETINGS have closed and the surviving chickens are happy.

—Our town and neighborhood was visited with several refreshing rain showers on Tuesday last.

—GONE.—John Phillips, Esq., Cashier of the First National Bank of this place is now on a pleasure tour to Niagara Falls.

—PUBLIC SALES.—We call special attention to the valuable real and personal property advertised in to-day's paper.

—A correspondent on first page gives our readers an interesting account of the Camp Meeting at Orrstown.

—A printer's picnic will be held at Williams grove, in Comberland County, on Saturday next. The Shippensburg, Newville, Carlisle and Mechanicsburg bands have offered their services for the occasion.

—LARGE BEET.—A red beet taken from the garden of Mr. Geo. Frick was left at our office a few days since which weighed six pounds. Can any of our town gardeners beat this specimen vegetable?

—FROM LONDON.—On the first page of our next issue we will publish several extracts from a private letter from Mr. H. C. Barr, from the city of London. They were handed in too late for publication this week.

—LARGE HAUL.—Messrs. John Russell and John Bakener returned yesterday morning from an out-lie fishing excursion along the Antietam with forty eels.—We are not advised as to whether they extended their operations as far as "Bell's Dam" or not.

—THE DOVE.—Naturalists say that the dove, which is among the most harmless of the feathered tribe that soars aloft, after losing its mate never again re-mates nor ceases to mourn its loss. Sportsmen who make it their business to kill birds not of an insectivorous nature, should spare the dove.

—SQUIRRELS.—A sportsman of this place, of forty years standing, informs us that he traveled a full day through the timber land West of this place without seeing a gray squirrel or even a ground squirrel. He is of the opinion that owing to the failure of the nut crop, or some other cause, they have sought the forests of some other section of the country.

—PIC NIC.—A re-union or Pic-nic for the Presbyterians of the Cumberland Valley, is to be held at the Oakville Camp grounds on Thursday 24th inst. Distinguished ministers of the church from different sections of the country will be present by invitation to take part in the exercises.

—RELIGIOUS.—Services in the Presbyterian Church, (Rev. R. F. McClean, Pastor,) next Sabbath—preaching in the morning, and prayer-meeting in the evening. Sabbath-school at 1 1/2 o'clock, P. M. Union Prayer Meeting will be held in the Presbyterian Church, Sabbath next, at 3 o'clock, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association.

—MACHINE SHOPS SOLD.—The machine shops of the Waynesboro' Manufacturing Company were sold privately by the assignees on Tuesday last for the sum of \$6,800. Purchaser, Geo. F. Lidy. Mr. L. was connected with the late firm and we understand will have other responsible parties associated with in the future management of the shops.

—CORRECTION.—A lady signing herself Kate Agnew requests us to correct a statement copied from the Opinion, to the effect that a man, son of a widow Shaffer, and brother-in-law of Mr. A. B. Hamilton, of Altoona, had committed suicide by cutting his throat. She says he was not a son of Mrs. Shaffer, and therefore not a brother-in-law of Mr. Hamilton. He was a brother of Mrs. Agnew and died of consumption.

—DECEASED.—Alex. Hamilton, Jr., expired at the residence of his father in this place on Monday night last. The deceased had been a great sufferer, having been confined to his room and bed for a number of years with a spinal affection. He was the youngest member of the family, being in the 34th year of his age. We understand his suffering and long confinement were borne to the end with christian resignation.

—THE Greencastle Valley Echo says that Mrs. Col. Schnebly, of Washington county, Md., now in her 103d year, visited that town a few days ago, in her carriage, and called on several old acquaintances. She is a most remarkably preserved lady, still enjoys the best of health, and converses freely on all topics. The only thing she complains of is her eyesight, which has become so dim, that she can only recognize her many friends by their voices.

COMMON SENSE IN OUR COMMON SCHOOLS.

One of the first things which strikes a foreigner—says an exchange—contemplating our common school system, is the variety of subjects taught in our schools. A hasty glance at the common curriculum would give one the idea that the growing generation would form a patois of scholars, but upon reflection the question naturally arises, "How can the young mind grasp at and hold fast the numerous studies thrust upon it almost in its infancy?"

Experience has shown that they who have passed through the ordeal instead of knowing the variety of topics, know comparatively little, and that minds instead of being stored with knowledge, are simply clogged with a bewildering array of hazy ideas about a thousand different things.—This is the result of cramming learning into young minds—a system so common in our day, not only in common schools, but in academies and colleges. Adaptation for study is never considered by the guardians of children nor by the teachers.

There is the curriculum and there is the child. The latter has got to run up the scale as if it were a musical instrument whether the notes are comprehended or not, and more studies the former contains of course the better the school. This is the popular fallacy. People think it a great thing to have their children learning to spell, read, write, study grammar, geography, philosophy, astronomy, Latin, Greek, German, Choctaw and mathematics all at once, while the fact is that they cannot give an intelligible rendering of an ordinary newspaper paragraph.

There is a depth of wisdom in the words of the philosopher who said he feared "the men of one book." It is by far preferable to be perfect in one study than to have wasted a lifetime in studying the title pages of various volumes on innumerable topics. The strain upon the capacity of children in the upper grades of our schools are far in excess of their available resources. Children have not the judgment to assimilate the mass of information that graded courses of study usually prescribe.

There are two periods in mental progress, namely, the mechanical and the thinking period. Too often a grievous mistake is made by trying to anticipate the latter period. Certainly, children can be taught to do wonders, but their minds must not be overcrowded, nor their efforts paralyzed by an amount of analysis and classification for which they do not possess the faculty, nor the material wherewith to exercise the faculty nor the experience to guide them in such exercise.—"It is a faculty to shake the tree before the fruit is ripe, or to strike the iron before it is hot," says an excellent writer.—

The application of this trite expression, was never more opposite to anything than to our method of endeavoring to extract from the unripe mind that which it has been debared from acquiring, by forcing upon it a crowd of branches of learning and not giving it time to contemplate the beauty of one branch. By all means, if possible, let every branch be taught in its place, let us have common sense in the management of our common schools.

—CATTLE KILLED.—During the thunder storm which spread over this section about 3 o'clock on Tuesday the lightning struck into a drove of milch cows near Waynesboro' Station on the mountain, killing three valuable cows and one calf belonging to Messrs. John and Lambert Sanders. The former was prostrated by the shock and had not entirely recovered from the effects up to a late hour in the evening. The cattle were being driven to the Station to be carred for Baltimore. Mr. Simon Mickle who was in the vicinity at the time with a load of wheat was also prostrated with two of his horses, but fortunately escaped any serious effects from the shock. The loss to the Messrs. Sanders is considerable, but they have cause for thankful congratulation at so narrow escape from instant death.

—DECREASED.—Many of our older citizens will remember Wm. M. Cooper who was engaged in the mercantile business in this place from 1821 to 1837. Mr. C. expired at his residence in Springfield, Ohio, on the 14th of August, aged 75 years.—About 1846 he removed from Pittsburg to Springfield where he remained to the time of his death. The Baltimore Presbyterian Weekly says: "He was an enthusiastic and successful fruit grower, for many years proprietor of the nurseries which bore his name, and always a prominent exhibitor at the annual fairs. He had but recently removed to the city from his suburban home. No one could say anything but good of him as a man, a citizen, or a christian. He was a member of, and regular attendant at the First Presbyterian Church of Springfield."

—ALMSHOUSE REPORT.—The expenditures for the support of the Poor of this county during the last month are as follows: Beef, \$47.76; Beef cattle, \$38.00; Dry Goods \$47.99; Groceries \$63.55; Tobacco \$37.00; Hardware \$6.41; Lumber \$8.97; Thrashing Grain, \$20.81; Coal for lime, \$79.50; Setting lime stacks, \$9.00; Blacksmithing and Wagonmaking \$28.07; Labor on Farm, \$16.10; Seeds, \$21.32; Repairs to Bake-oven, \$7.70; Repairing Travelers' room, \$14.00; Suits and Shoemaking, \$1.50; Flour, \$48.00; Grinding, \$32.08; Wood for fuel, \$48.00; Hats, \$8.00; Tinware, \$8.33; Removals, \$6.95; O. D. P. Coffins, \$5.00; Support of O. D. P., \$316.50; Drugs and Medicines, \$54.61.

BLACK LIST.—The following individuals have swindled us, out of the sums annexed to their names, or so far, at least, have refused to settle any part of their accounts, and in order that they may not successfully play the part of "dead beats" in other localities, we give the public their names, and will continue to add "a few more of the same sort" from week to week, and as they appear their names will be dropped from our list as subscribers:

- HENRY L. BROWN, \$30.00
- SOLOMON BITNER, 6.90
- DR. JOHN M. PEDDICORD, 19.90
- HENRY L. SWITZER, 12.00
- DAVID CARBAUGH, 20.00
- DR. J. A. HATTON, 14.00
- JOHN MENTZER, 15.00
- GEORGE CORDELL, 14.00
- JAMES B. SECRIST, 12.75
- JOHN D. BARR, 10.50
- ISAAC H. BREWBAKES, 9.75
- S. A. FOUTZ, 10.00
- A. N. STALEY, 5.00
- L. SCHILDNECHT, 9.00
- AARON BECK, 9.00
- JACOB BURGER, 20.00
- JO. ZENTMYRE, 13.00
- J. M. LEESE & CO., 30.00
- JOHN UHLER, 15.00
- SAMUEL HELLER, 10.00
- BENJ. F. FITZ, 6.00
- H. M. JONES, 8.00
- JEREMIAH SHEFFLER, 5.00
- GEORGE W. CRAMER, 5.00
- HENRY STULL, 8.50
- DAVID McDURMOT, 5.00
- JOHN A. WHITE, 10.00
- JAMES GORMAN, 10.00
- JOHN RAILING, 4.00
- J. A. HUGHES, 4.50

—RECEIPTS.—The following is a list of our subscription receipts during the month of August:

- F. J. Beard, \$2.00
- John Burger, 2.00
- C. H. Unger, 4.00
- John Eshelman, 3.12
- John D. Leshler, 2.00
- Peter Mourer, 2.00
- Wm. B. Hutter, 2.00
- F. Speck, 2.00
- L. L. Sanders, 4.00
- Wm. Givler, 4.00
- Chas. Hiteshow, 2.00
- Henry Noll, 2.00
- B. S. Gaff, 2.00
- Peter Baer, 2.00
- John H. Hass, 2.00
- Christian Hoffman, sen., 2.00
- Frank Ressler, 2.00
- John Shank, (of A.) 2.00
- John Hicks, 4.00
- Mrs. John W. Good, 2.00
- James M. Stoops, 1.00
- Joseph Ripple, 2.00
- Henry Mickle, 4.00
- John C. Anderson, 5.00
- Martin L. Sumners, 2.00
- Geo. Barkdoll, (of Jos.) 5.25
- Henry J. Waddle, 3.10
- Geo. Fourthman, 5.00
- David Protzman, 2.00

—HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—Several days since an attempt at highway robbery occurred near the village of Leitersburg in this county. Two young gentlemen whilst riding quietly along the road were suddenly accosted by two disguised men who demanded their money, at the same time presenting pistols at the heads of the unfortunate riders. Of course in a case of that kind all that remains to be done is to put your hand in your pocket and surrender the stamps or run the risk of being shot at. Now, these two gentlemen did not wish to shuffle off their mortal coil as yet, so they produced their pocketbooks, containing respectively (and respectfully) sixty-five and thirty-nine cents. The highwaymen could hardly realize the fact that those sums were all they could obtain from the parties, so they proceeded to search for more, but found none, when they incontinently marched off into the woods in disgust. No clue has been obtained to the perpetrators of this high-handed, but low paying act, and it is the general opinion that the disappointment of the ruffians was punishment enough for the commission of the crime.—Twice A Week.

—Last week in Harrisburg Judge Pierson decided that a transgressor of the Sunday laws can be fined for each and every sale of cigars and merchandize during Sunday.

—WORTHLESS GUARANTIES.—Under the most solemn treaties, the United States guaranteed to the Sioux Indians, the possession of a reservation along the boundary line of Wyoming and Dakota Territories. By the usage of the government since its foundation, the Indians have been regarded as the rightful owners of soil; and as they have been pressed westward and restricted in their ranges by the irresistible progress of the white people, tracts known as "reservations" have been set apart for them, upon which they are guaranteed immunity from intrusion.—In these districts they are supreme rulers. Having been recognized as separate nations, United States troops have no more right to enter their territory in time of peace, than they have to invade Canada or Mexico; in addition, it is provided in every treaty, that no troops shall trespass upon their reservation without their consent. In spite of these guaranties, the government has seen fit to authorize a party of United States soldiers, under Gen. Custer, to explore the Black Hills, a small system of mountains in the Sioux reservation. What the object of the exploration may be, no one has been able to explain, as the country is not open to settlement, nor is it large enough to furnish much

geographical information. The result can hardly fail to be an Indian war, for Gen. Custer's men are spreading reports of an abundance of gold, combined with fertile valleys, rich pasturage, and good water—a series of attractions bound to allure thousands of restless adventurers from every section of the Union. The Sioux are brave and warlike, and will not be wanting in defence of their homes and their lauds. They will have justice and law upon their side, also, yet we doubt if the government, having already violated the plain stipulations of the treaties, does not add another wrong to the many done to the red men, by driving the Sioux from their reservation, to a region even more remote and inaccessible.

In Memoriam. Francis H. Johnston, departed this earthly life on the morning of Aug. 24th, at the residence of his brother, G. B. Johnston, on Kerr Avenue, 36th Ward, Pittsburg, Pa. It seems mournful to record the death of one who had just entered his thirty-second year; yet when we remember that he of whom we write was old in affliction and suffering even at this age it reconciles us to what we otherwise would call a premature death. Many in his native town will remember how little his general appearance indicated good health, he valiantly sought after this great blessing yet never attained it. About ten months ago disease began to assume a consumptive form in a hacking cough, and sudden spells of difficulty in breathing. These continued their weakening work until the night of the flood, July 26th, when he was carried to his room never to leave it until borne to a more peaceful resting place, after four weeks of extreme suffering. This suffering was not caused by pain but from sensitiveness of the flesh and smothering for breath. Two of the best experienced physicians in the city were in attendance, and they were led to believe as the sufferer himself contended that some of the suffering was caused by diseased liver and digestive organs. A Post Mortem examination found these in a perfectly healthy condition; whilst the lungs were found hardened and dead to such an extent as to forbid unobstructed or easy breathing. Everything was done in human power to alleviate our young friend's misery. Nothing remained undone by friend or neighbor that might cause a little pleasant gratification to him who was soon to pass from sight forever. Even children who were wont to gather on the sidewalks sought other playground and left the street undisturbed by mirth, where the pallid face was accustomed to appear at the window in search of a breath of air. Though the struggle with death was hard and nature was loth to yield to the destroyer, the spirit was resigned and willing to depart. He frequently spoke touchingly of the sorrow he felt at leaving the kind friends God had given him to crown his earthly life; but he looked forward in a still better home with kindred and friends of earlier years. To the mother who so often has been called to sever kindred ties he gave the best assurance of a joyful trust in God. He said on one occasion "When I meet you again mother, it will be beyond these trying scenes."

Friends from far and near sent floral tributes to wreath the pale sleeper, and tokens of sympathy to the stricken family. Sweet words of consolation were spoken by the minister who said he loved to imagine what a meeting there would be after awhile when the loved ones would be reunited, who in childhood played on the same heartstone, and had passed in and out of one door. He was not laid to rest alone by strangers hands, but some whose friendship extended back almost to boyhood days gladly performed the last to-ken of respect, and they laid him to rest amid rich foliage of trees, perfume of flowers, singing birds and all that is lovely in nature feeling sure that the eye which never slumbers would take care of his dust until the resurrection morning. A PITTSBURGER.

James W. Marshall, who first discovered gold in California on the 19th of January, 1848, is in receipt of an allowance of \$100 per month from the state.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

—Don't fail to procure one of those handsome Parlor Hanging Vases, at 10c per doz. Price & HOSPIER, sep 10-21

—Another Large Supply of variegated Rockingham and Terra Cotta Ware, just received. sep 10-21 PRICE & HOSPIER.

—Large lot Men and Boys' Prime Heavy Boots, at astonishing low prices, at MILLER BROS' Boot and Shoe Store. sep 10

—Ladies, Misses and Childrens' Shoe-wear of all kinds, that will compare favorably with any in town, in quality and price, at MILLER BROS., P. O. Building. sep 10

—Ladies, Misses and Men's Rubber Over Shoes, cheap, at MILLER BROS. sep 10

—QUEENSWARE can be found at Mrs. Anna Smith's residence, which belongs to the Ladies connected with the Festival in aid of the Band. Mrs. James Wolf is short of a Large Plate. Any one having a stray one will please return. sep 10-11

—Persons wishing the King Iron, four complete in one, for glossing, fitting, band and smoothing, by leaving their orders with Stover & Wolf, can be supplied. sep 3

L. C. BRACKBILL, General Agent.

DEATHS.

At Wolfsville, Frederick county, Md., on Sunday morning last, Mr. GEORGE HOOVER, aged 62 years, 5 months and 14 days.

On the 1st inst., in Funkeston, ISAAC DULL, aged 58 years, 5 months and 7 days.

NOTICE.

IF the boys that set a tree on fire in John Leshler's woods will not come forward immediately and pay damages they will be prosecuted to the utmost extent of the law. The parties are all known to the proprietor. sep 10 M. A. GORDON.

MARKETS.

WAYNESBORO MARKET. (CORRECTED WEEKLY.)

BACON.....10c  
HAMS.....13  
BUTTER.....18  
EGGS.....14  
LARD.....10  
POTATOES.....75  
APPLES—DRIED.....40  
APPLES—GREEN.....30  
HARD SOAP.....5

BALTIMORE, Sept. 7, 1874.

FLOUR.—Western Super at \$4.62 1/2; do. Extra at \$5.35; do. low Family at \$5.62 1/2; do. fancy do. at \$7.

CORN.—Mixed in Elevator at 86 cents, mixed Western and do. No. 2 white at 92 cents.

OATS.—Sales to-day at 57 @ 60 cents.

RYE.—The market is firmer, with a brisk demand. Salus Pennsylvania at 90 cents, prime Maryland at 92 cents.

ASSIGNEES' SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Sale on the Premises on

Wednesday, the 14th day of October, 1874, the following described Real Estate, all that valuable farm, consisting of

138 ACRES and 14 PERCHES, known as the McIlvany farm, located one and a half miles west of Waynesboro, on the Greencastle and Merceburg Turnpike, bounded by lands of John Funk, Sr., Samuel Foreman, J. H. Gordon, Franklin Miller and Isaac R. Fox. This farm will be offered in two tracts.

No. 1, containing 124 ACRES and 14 PERCHES, neat measure. The improvements are a large

TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and all the necessary out buildings; a spring of never failing water in the basement of the house;

A GOOD ORCHARD of choice fruit, about 15 acres of the tract is covered with thriving oak timber, the balance in a good state of cultivation.

No. 2, a tract of land containing 14 ACRES, situated on the South side of the Greencastle and Merceburg Turnpike, adjoining the Toll Gate property. There are no improvements on this tract.

The farm will be sold together or separate to suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to view the premises will please call on the undersigned residing in Waynesboro, or James McIlvany residing on the farm.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when the terms will be made known by W. S. AMBERSON, Assignee.

Sept. 10-15 Chambersburg Repository copy 4 times and send bill to advertisers.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

THE undersigned intending to relinquish farming, will offer at public sale, on the premises, situated along the turnpike leading from Waynesboro' to Greencastle, three miles west of the former place,

On Thursday the 24th September, 1874, the following personal property, to wit:

9 HEAD OF HORSES AND COLTS, five of which are good work horses, two colts rising 2 years, one yearling, one old; NINE HEAD OF CATTLE, 3 of which are milch cows, 3 heifers two years old, 2 one-year-olds, 1 two-yearling bull; 6 fine Ewes; ONE BROAD WAGON, 3-INCH TREAD, with bed; 1 two or three-horse Wagon, four-inch tread, 1 one-horse spring wagon, one falling-top buggy;

1 DODGE REAPER AND MOWER combined, 2 three-horse and 1 two-horse barshar plows, 2 single and double shovels, 1 plow, single, double and treble trees, 2 sets brechbands, 2 sets front gears, 3 sets plow gears, 2 pair fly-wheels, log chain, fish-chain, but, 1 middle ring, &c., 500 Dry Oak Lap Shingles.

About 20,000 Oak Stays and Heading; also, 1 bureau, 1 cupboard, 1 side-board, 2 bedsteads and bedding, 1 dining table, 1 parlor table, 2 sets chairs, 2 large rocking chairs, about 50 yards carpeting, cook stove doughtray, iron kettle, and many articles not named.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day, when terms will be made known by MARY BONSIE, G. V. MORGAN, auct.

SMALL PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale, on THURSDAY the 1st day of OCTOBER next, a desirable small farm, situated one-half mile Northeast of Quincy, in Quincy township, Franklin county, Pa., (formerly owned by Nov. Abram Golley, containing FORTY-TWO ACRES, more or less, well improved land, all of which has been tilled. The improvements consist of a two-story

DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Corn Crib, Granary and Hog Pen under one roof, and other necessary out-buildings, in good repair. There is also a never-failing well of good water between the barn and house, and two young Orchards of choice fruit trees, besides peaches, pears, plums and grapes, that cannot be well surpassed. The tract is well laid off and nearly all under good fencing.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock on said day when the terms will be made known by sep 10-15 G. V. MORGAN, auct.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

THE subscriber announces to his customers and the public that he still occupies the basement of the Waynesboro' Hotel building as a Restaurant. The finest oysters the market will afford served fried, roasted or stewed during day time and evenings. Also, Bologna Sausage, Tripe, Eggs, etc. A genuine article of cider always on hand. He will keep the best of every thing in his line and expects to be able to give satisfaction to all who will favor him with their patronage.

Fresh oysters this evening. sep 6-11 PETER CORBETT

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

THE Auditor appointed by the Court to report distribution of the balance in hands of George J. Balaly, assignee of John C. Martin, will meet the creditors and all parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on Tuesday, September 22d, 1874, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at his office in Waynesboro' sep 3-31 JOS. DOUGLAS.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Heirs of George Wiles, dec'd. offer their farm at Private Sale, which contains 152 ACRES, first quality of LIMESTONE LAND with good improvements. If not sold the said farm will be for rent. For further information enquire of the undersigned living on the premises. JOHN WILES, sep 7-11



Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters.

Vinegar Bitters are a purely vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of Walker's Bitters?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded of so necessary and healthful qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Biliary Diseases.

The Properties of Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Cardiac, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Relieving of mineral poison, Rheumatic, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison, rheumatism, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Sacramento, Red, Snake, James, and others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, and thus, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take