

Judge Underwood died in Washington on Sunday a week.

There are 350 deer in Druid Hill Park, Baltimore. The old bucks have damaged a great number of trees with their horns, and so 45 of them were recently killed.

The Wilmington bank robbers have been found guilty. They were sentenced to pay the costs of the prosecution, amounting to about \$2,500, pay a fine of \$500 each, to stand in the pillory each one hour, each to be whipped with forty lashes, and imprisoned for ten years, to begin on the 10th inst.

Sometime during the Summer an account of the atrocious murders committed by the Bender family in Kansas was published. A despatch from Columbia, South Carolina, says that the father and mother, who were residing near Bivingsville, Spartansburg county, S. C., have been arrested, and that detectives are in pursuit of other members of the family in North Carolina.

The old military prisons at Richmond, including Libby and Castle Thunder, stand just as they did during the war, their internal arrangements having been altered little if any. They are both now used as tobacco manufactories. From the south wall of Libby still swings the old sign, "Libby Prison," put up by the Confederates during the war, and it is proposed to let the old sign swing until it falls by its own weight.

Mary Smith, a colored woman, died in Baltimore last week at the remarkable age of 105 years. The Sun says of her: Until the past year she retained a vivid remembrance of scenes and incidents in the revolutionary war. Her eyesight was good and she had never used spectacles, and never had a decayed tooth. Until three weeks ago she appeared regularly upon the streets in South Baltimore, weather permitting, and was regarded with some superstition by many people.

In the House, on Wednesday, a resolution was offered, and referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, to the effect that, in view of recent events, humanity dictates an early recognition of Cuban independence; that the continued existence of African slavery on the island is inconsistent with and injurious to the civilization of the continent, and that it is the duty of the United States Government to exert all means for its speedy overthrow.

Among the matters that will engross the attention of Congress at the present session will be the consideration of a constitutional amendment changing the method of electing the President and Vice President. It does away with the Electoral College by enabling the voter to vote direct for the candidate for President or Vice President whom he prefers. It also creates a tribunal for the division of disputes which may arise about the legality of any portion of the election.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.—Bills looking to a modification of the law abolishing the franking privilege, so far as the transmission of newspapers through the mails are concerned, have already been introduced in the Senate and it is possible that newspapers may be permitted to circulate free in the counties in which they are published, as heretofore. A bill has also been introduced in the Senate providing for the resumption of specie payments and free banking. Vice-President Wilson having given notice that he would be absent several weeks, Senator Carpenter, Republican, was elected President, pro tem.

A bill is before the House to repeal the bill of last March, fixing the salaries for Congressmen and other officials at what they were before the passage of that act. Also providing that at the expiration of the present Presidential term the President's salary shall be what it was before the increase. The House has passed, by yeas 141, says 29, a general amnesty bill which also repeals the test oaths of 1862.

Secretary Richardson has addressed a letter to Mr. Dawes, Chairman of the House Committee on Ways and Means, setting forth that the revenues of the Government are not sufficient to meet the demands made upon it, and requesting that speedy legislation be had to place at his disposal the additional sum of forty-two million dollars. To meet these demands he recommends the restoration of the duty on tea and coffee (which will yield about \$20,000,000), and an increase of ten cents per gallon on the tax imposed on whiskey, four cents per pound on tobacco, and the re-enactment of the law taxing the gross receipts of railroad companies, express companies, &c. If this should not be sufficient to meet the contingency, he recommends the restoration of taxes included in schedule B of the revenue law. All of these taxes and especially the duties on tea and coffee, are such as are equally distributed among the people, and can be borne without hardship to any class. At the same time the necessity for re-enacting them should teach the lesson of economy to the administration of the Government.

WHOLESALE LESSON.—An exchange, commenting upon the fate of the ring thieves in New York, who were lately rich with plunder, and laughed at public sentiment and defied the arm of justice, says: "Tweed sent to the penitentiary for twelve years, Ingersoll sent to the State prison for five years, and Farrington for eighteen months" take but little space in the court reports, but they speak volumes to the American people of the dawn of a new era in which official stealing will find no protection in the courts of the land. We hail the dawn of this period with satisfaction, for it assures us that the people have an eye to their own interests, and that the same rules of morality which govern in private life are to be applied hereafter to those who hold public positions. Let the fate of the ring in New York be a warning to all who seek money through dishonest means; let it impress upon the young and the ambitious the absolute necessity of dealing honestly with all men, and practicing in every day life that golden rule: "Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." Wealth may be attractive and worth striving for, but, if got at the expense of honor, its possession will bring no enjoyment, but, like the wealth of Tweed, prove a curse to the possessor. Far better the lot of the honest laborer, who enjoys the fruits of his toil, than the lot of the rich thief who continually fears the hand of justice.—Better be a poor man, eating the bread of honest industry, than a millionaire on Blackwell's Island.

On Thursday night last Mr. B. K. Spangler, who resides on South West street, Carlisle, Pa., together with his family, came very near being suffocated by gas from a coal stove in the following manner: In one of the rooms on the first floor is a stove, the heat-pipe of which connects with the sleeping apartments on the second floor, with a register. Shortly before the family had retired for the night the register was opened to allow sufficient heat, in the rooms to make them comfortable. Sometime during the night Mr. Spangler was awakened by one of his children making a queer noise, and found himself and the remainder of his family almost smothered. Fortunately Mr. S. had sufficient strength left him to reach the front door of the house and call for help. His brother who resides in the house adjoining, on hearing his cries immediately proceeded to the assistance of the sufferers, and found the sleeping apartment entirely impregnated with coal gas, and the inmates almost suffocated. A physician was procured who administered the necessary medical restoratives and in a short time the sufferers had almost entirely recovered. This was a most fortunate escape from death, and should serve as a warning to others to see that stoves are properly adjusted before they retire for the night.—Herald.

SHOULD BE ARRESTED.—On Thanksgiving morning, says the Ebensburg Herald, a young married man, named Jesse Hoffman, who resides at Loyd's station, in White township, left his home before daylight in company with a man, a comparative stranger in that section, for the purpose of visiting Altoona. He had a considerable sum of money about his person which he was to pay over to a party in Altoona. Failing to return to his home after a reasonable lapse of time, a party was dispatched to Altoona to ascertain if he was there. The party to whom Hoffman was to pay the money was first visited, when it was ascertained that he had not been there.

In the course of a week, the stranger with whom Hoffman had gone away returned, and upon being questioned in regard to the whereabouts of Hoffman he stated that the last he saw of him was in New York. There are other circumstances connected with this affair which are highly suspicious of foul play, and which we think it better to be withheld from publication for the present. They are sufficient, however, to demand the immediate arrest of this stranger, whose name we have not learned. If he has not been arrested ere this he should be at once.

The stranger is a Southerner, and is employed in the capacity of a "striker" in a blacksmith shop at Loyd's station.

Another of the props on which the wretched Underzook leaned has been taken from him. One delusive hope still remains, and when that vanishes he must prepare to meet his fate with whatever fortitude he can command. On Saturday he was brought into Court at West Chester to hear Judge Butler's decision upon the motion for a new trial, which was argued some days since. The motion was overruled, and the awful sentence of death was pronounced. The prisoner's counsel made some inquiry as to the proper form of a bill of exceptions, to be taken to the Supreme Court, but it is doubtful whether this will be done. An impression prevails at West Chester that Underzook will soon make a full confession.

Aaron Harris who kept a cigar store in New York, was last week, upon conviction of perjury, sent to the State prison for ten years. The crime was one which has of late been not unfrequently attempted, and the awful sentence of death was pronounced. The prisoner's counsel made some inquiry as to the proper form of a bill of exceptions, to be taken to the Supreme Court, but it is doubtful whether this will be done. An impression prevails at West Chester that Underzook will soon make a full confession.

Local Items.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENTS.—As our accounts for subscription, advertising, etc. are numerous and widely scattered, and are difficult of collection under present circumstances, we make the following proposition to delinquents, viz: Upon all accounts settled in full, or in part, before the first day of January next, a reduction of TEN PER CENT. will be made. After that date the costs of collection will be added. Those at a distance making remittances will have the per centage placed to their credit.

—Our town is healthy. —See notice of houses for rent. —Yesterday was pleasant, autumn-like. —The man with the "big feet" voted for the new Constitution. —The wheat fields in this section present a fine appearance. —There are seven or eight colored members in the present Congress. —Scatter crumbs for the little snow-birds. —The weather continues mild for this season of the year.

—Our county jail is said to be without a prisoner. —Sunday next, 21st, will be the shortest day. —Pay that account before the beginning of the New Year and save 10 per cent. per dollar. —Tuesday last was the day appointed for the surrender of the Virginus and the survivors of her crew and passengers. —Dealers in our town are all well supplied with goods for the holiday season. —The season for the legal shooting of partridges expires on the last day of December.

—The market for the most important staples, grain and pork, has just now an upward tendency. —AGED LADY.—On the 3rd inst., Miss Sarah Snyder, aged nearly ninety-three, died at Smithburg, Md. —As the Holiday season draws nigh dealers in turkeys and other poultry are active. The former commands 10 cents (live weight) per pound. —Messrs. C. H. Detrow & Co. of Ringgold, have received their third supply of new goods. See advt. in to-day's paper.

CHRISTMAS FESTIVAL.—St. Paul's Reformed Sunday School will hold a Festival on Christmas evening in the Chapel. The public are invited to attend. —IN TOWN.—Sheriff Greenwalt, a clever gentleman, but rather unwelcome visitor sometimes, was in town on Tuesday. Who his victim was, if any, we did not learn. —We are just stepping upon the inclement season of the year, and to many it looks like "the winter of discontent," with but little of sunshine to warm the outer world or cheer the heart within. —Praying for the poor is all very good, but when accompanied by some loaves and fishes, it is much more forcible.

—With the adoption of our new State Constitution all Border Claims are understood to have gone "where the woodbine twineeth." If so there is one consolation in it that it finally settles a much vexed question. —FESTIVAL.—The Trinity Reformed Sunday School of this place will hold its Festival on Christmas night, Thursday next. The public are cordially invited to attend. —At a recent meeting of the board of directors of the Hagerstown bank, Mr. Joseph G. Kausler was elected cashier in place of his brother, Mr. John A. Kausler, who resigned on account of bad health.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. W. E. Krebs of Franklin and Marshall College, will preach in St. Paul's Chapel on next Sunday morning and evening, also on Christmas morning. Communion services on Sunday the 28th, preparatory services on Saturday previous. —The Waynesboro' Brewery and Dwelling, one of the finest properties in our town, which was erected only a few years since at a cost of over \$12,000, by Mr. A. D. Gordon, will again be offered at public sale by Mr. Davidson, administrator, on Tuesday next. It will no doubt be sold at a sacrifice.

THE LARGEST HOG.—On Friday last, Mr. John Hicks of this place slaughtered perhaps the largest hog of the season. If any of our town or country friends can excel its weight—four hundred and seventy-one pounds—we would like to hear from them. —The Building Association at Marysville, Pa. has suspended for four months owing to the stringency in money matters. —Mrs. Jay Cooke relinquishes her dower right to meet the liabilities of her husband.

THE ALDINE CHROMOS FOR 1874.—

The two chromos presented to the subscribers of "The Aldine" for 1874 are such beautiful and unusual works of art—faithful copies of actual paintings in all made by the celebrated artist, Thomas Moran, from studies of nature—that we feel justified in calling special attention to them. These chromos represent scenes characteristic of the East and the West: the White Mountains of New Hampshire, and the Cliffs of Green River in Wyoming Territory. In all the range of grand and beautiful American scenery, it would be difficult to find two more picturesque or charming views, unlike as nature in her varying moods, yet appropriate companion pieces.

The view in the White Mountains gives the beholder a grand and sublime scene of the most famous region in New England, a picture which is filled with the very spirit of the region. The top of the principal mountain is surrounded by clouds of magical beauty, which add life to the scene, indicating, as they do action. The picture is one of the elements—earth, air, water—thrown together by the hand of the great artist. Such a picture is always fresh, and never grows dull.

The picture is exceedingly brilliant, but none too much so for the heart of the Great American Desert, where this scene is laid. The foreground of this picture is very rich, and the study of trees is delicate and natural. One may carefully examine the whole list of chromos offered to the public, and fail to find elsewhere so much real artistic excellence as in these two representative landscapes. They are every way worthy of the great art journal of America—"The Aldine."

DEATH WARRANTS ISSUED.—In the case of Joseph Davis, convicted of the murder of the miller, Abraham Lynn, in Carroll county, on the 5th of April, 1872, Governor Whyte has decided the application for pardon or commutation of sentence adversely to the prisoner. The Governor has determined that the course of law shall be carried out, and in conformity with it has issued the warrant for the execution of Davis. The day fixed upon is Friday, the 6th of February next. The warrant is directed to the sheriff of Carroll county, the county in which the murder was committed. The Governor has also issued the warrant for the execution of Wm. H. McCotter, convicted of murder in the first degree of his father-in-law, Robert Insley, in Dorchester county, to the sheriff of which county the warrant is directed.

ELECTION DAY.—Not much more than half the usual vote was polled here on Tuesday, but little interest being manifested in the election. The majority against the New Constitution was 22. According to latest reports the Constitution has been adopted by a large majority in the State. Had the election been deferred until the regular spring election day a much larger vote would have been brought out and the result possibly reversed.

It will be seen by reference to a card in to-day's paper that Dr. A. H. Strickler, Chief Burgess, by authority from the Town Council, has deputed Wm. F. Horner, John H. Herr and Jno. H. Miller, to assist Constable Robinson, in preserving order upon our streets after nightfall. At times of late our town has been very disorderly, and all good citizens will regard this action of the Council and Burgess as necessary and therefore commendable.

Such exhibitions of rowdiness as was enacted on Church Street one evening last week is a reproach to the community and should not be tolerated in the future. —Y. M. C. A.—The following persons have been elected officers of the Young Men's Christian Association for 1874: President—Joseph Price. Vice Presidents—Jos. H. Crebs, Lewis S. Detrich, Daniel Berlin, W. A. Price, M. A. Gorton. Recording Secretary—D. M. Good, jr. Cor. Secretary—M. E. Eyer. Treasurer—W. S. Amberson.

NOT TO BLAME.—We stated in our last issue that the Record addressed to Josiah Benedict, at Highland, Ill. had been refused and that the Post Master requested us to discontinue it. It appears about the time to which Mr. B. had settled his account, a year and nine months since, he left that place requesting the paper to be returned to us, but the P. M. failed to give us the customary notice. So we acquit Mr. B. of any fraudulent intentions.

WHEAT WANTED.—It will be seen by reference to his advertisement in to-day's paper that Mr. David Patterson purposes spending the winter in our midst and will continue to pay the highest market price for wheat. Mr. P. has one of the finest mills in the county with capacity to turn out from 75 to 80 barrels of flour every twenty-four hours.

DEAD BEAT.—James B. Scriet of Illinois, formerly of Quincy township, is pretty largely in arrears to this office, which amount he forgot to settle before he left the county, about a year ago. Unless James foots his bill in time we will have to class his name for publication with other rogues on our "black list."

The trees are leafless. How dead the vegetable kingdom lies. Stern winter spreads her gloomy mantle all around.

COMMUNICATED.

To the farmers of Washington and adjoining townships:—You are requested to meet in Waynesboro', on Saturday the 27th day of December, 1873 for the purpose of organizing a Farmers' Club and take into consideration how to get the highest price for what you have to sell. One plan has been suggested, and that is that every farmer give about as much money each year as his school tax amounts to, the money to be used for the purpose of employing a reliable man to go to the city and rent a house, and sell by retail all the farmers wish to send him. Let him give good security, and take a solemn oath that he will make a true return of all that is sent to him, and if there are any farmers that do not wish to join the Club let them send their produce and pay a small commission which will do as well. To have to sell our butter at 15 cents per pound as many of us had to do last summer, when butter was selling in the city at 50 cents per pound is not good management on our part, and it is not only so with butter, but it is so with almost everything the farmer has to sell. The farmers get 15 cents for making a pound of butter and the middle men get 30 cts. for selling it. Almost every branch of business men have their Societies, even the miners and railroad men have their societies and strikes. The doctors have their societies and meet and fix their prices, and we must pay them if we employ them. Nearly all the well organized societies are doing well and making money, while we have to work hard about sixteen hours out of every twenty-four, and then cannot make more than 4 per cent. out of the money invested. Let every farmer attend the meeting and if any one has a better plan he is requested to bring it forward. A FARMER.

It is stated that Miss Sipe, who answered "I will not" in the marriage ceremony in the church at Yocumtown, York county, a few weeks ago, was actuated by a desire to be revenged upon the would-be groom, Mr. Beltz. B. had been engaged to Miss Sipe once before, and upon the wedding day, had failed to appear. He then deserted her entirely, until a rival claimant for her hand appeared, when he again sought her favor. A slight misunderstanding having recently occurred between Miss Sipe and her new lover, Mr. Beltz again renewed his attentions, and the young lady thoughtlessly revenged herself by taking him to the public altar, before a crowded congregation, and there rejecting him.

HEARTH AND HOME.—We commend this beautiful journal to our readers as one of the ablest, purest, and most carefully edited of all the literary and home weeklies. Its stories are not of the trashy, sensational character, yet are of absorbing interest, and will be read by every member of the family with pleasure and profit. Its editorials are able, timely, independent. The best American and foreign writers contribute to its columns; and take it in all, it is as near a perfect Home Paper as is published in this or any other country. ORANGE JUDD COMPANY, Publishers, 245 Broadway, New York.

In the death of Captain Fry, the commander of the ill-fated Virginus, we are afforded a signal example of heroism. Ready from the first moment of danger to take either dread alternative, "fight or surrender," as his comrades might decide, he never to the last moment lost his coolness or his bravery. In his own final end, he found heart to make a manly appeal for members of his crew who were innocent of any offence. All things possible he arranged for, and when the time came he marched fearlessly to his death. The night before his execution he wrote several letters to friends and relatives among them one to his wife, which we think equal in pathos and tenderness any composition we have ever read. Well might any man wish that in his last hours, if he had dreadful death staring him in the face, he could find heart to sit down calmly and say to dear ones miles away unconscious of his impending fate that he could die as became a Christian soldier, with no regret but for the pain his death would give his friends. In the death of Joseph Fry the world lost a hero.—Cumb News.

Cuba the most beautiful, the largest and most fertile of the West Indian group, is 750 miles in length, with an average breadth of little more than forty, with 30,000 square miles, and both for its soil and salubrity is called the Queen of the Antilles, "the garden of the West, gorgeous with perpetual flowers and brilliant with the plumage of innumerable birds beneath whose glowing sky the teeming earth yields easy abundant harvest to the toil of man, and whose spacious harbors invite the commerce of the world."

The population of Cuba is 1,500,000 of whom 700,000 are of European extraction, a sixth of these from Spain. The slave population forms one-fourth of the whole. Much of the labor is by free whites. The present revolt was raised by Cespedes, a wealthy planter in the eastern part of the island. Independence is aimed at. The present revolt was started by 147 men with 45 fowling pieces, 4 rifles, a few pistols, and long country knives. In three days the army grew to 4000, and in a month to 9000.

Help the poor according to your means.

PARIS, December 12.—The decision of President MacMahon in the case of Bazaine is announced this morning. The sentence of death against the Marshal is commuted to twenty years' seclusion. He is to bear the effects of degradation from rank, but will be spared humiliating ceremony.

Marshal Bazaine addressed a letter to his counsel yesterday, thanking them for their efforts in his behalf, and concluding as follows: "I shall not appeal against the sentence, not wishing to prolong in the eyes of the world the spectacle of such a painful struggle. I request you to take no further steps. I look no longer to men for judgment. Strong in my conscience, which reproaches me with nothing, I confidently await justification, which will come with the laps of time and the subsidence of party passions."

The Conservative press generally approve of the commutation of the sentence. The Siecle says it will create a painful surprise in the country. The island of Sainte Marguerite, off Cannes, has been selected as the place of confinement for Marshal Bazaine, and he will be sent there this week. The Marshal received the news of the commutation of his sentence without emotion.

The Assyrian inscriptions found by Mr. Smith of the British Museum, have attracted great interest, as stated on Saturday. Another expedition sent out to the Holy Land has just returned. This is the one organized by the Palestine Exploration Society in 1871, and placed under the command of Lieutenant Steever. It reached Es Salt on the first of April, and pitched its camp soon after at Hesban, in the Land of Moab. From there a complete survey was made of six hundred square miles, and from it an accurate map of one inch to the mile has been filled in. Lieutenant Steever arrived in New York lately and delivered an address, in which he stated that it was proposed to explore and map the whole of Palestine. The cost would be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided over five years. We would then have the Land of Palestine, in all its peculiarities before us, a thing absolutely necessary to the study of the Bible in its fullness. The sites of many towns have already been fixed, valuable inscriptions recovered, and discoveries on minor points of much interest made.

The Court of Pardons of New Jersey has postponed the consideration of the petition of Louis Waldenburger, of Egg Harbor City, until the next session of the court. It is stated that the prisoner, who has been confined in State Prison for fourteen years for the murder of his child, knew that his wife committed the murder, and would not divulge until after his wife's death, which took place a short time ago. He was sentenced to be hung but the sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life, because the evidence on which he was convicted was entirely circumstantial. His petition bears the signatures of the lawyers who were present at his trial, and of the twelve jurymen, besides a large number of the prominent citizens of the vicinity. One of the other two jurymen is dead, and the other left for parts unknown ten years ago.

The steamer Denmark took out a cheese weighing 2,200 pounds net. It was ordered by an English firm, and made at Oriskany Factory, at Whitesboro, Oneida county, New York State. It was made from 21,000 pounds of milk, and at first measured 26 inches in height, but shrank two inches in curing. It now measures 14 inches in height by 54 inches in diameter. It is surrounded by two strong bandages, and stands as square and true as any cheese ever seen. It was five days in the press and forty days in curing. It is intended as a Christmas show in England. Five other cheeses, each weighing from 1,000 to 1,200 pounds net, were shipped in the same vessel.

Engineers say it will take twenty days to raise the sunken coal barge now lying before the Spanish steamer Arapiles in dock at New York, preventing that vessel from going to sea. It was a little singular that the barge should sink just there, about the time the steamer was ready for sea. As the Spaniards are unreasonable enough to insinuate, that the "accident" was intended to keep the steamer safe until the war question was settled.

Mrs. S. M. Parker has been appointed deputy collector of internal revenue for the fourth district of Indiana. This is the first lady appointed to the position of collector of internal revenue. The internal revenue bureau at Washington has led off in the promotion of competent and meritorious females, and has quite a number of third and fourth-class female clerks.

Isaac Eckert, aged seventy-five years, one of the oldest iron masters of the State of Pennsylvania, and one of the most influential citizens of Reading, died suddenly on Saturday afternoon of apoplexy.

The German Empire will be represented at the Centennial exhibition at Philadelphia, in 1876. Prince Bismarck will appoint commissioners to represent Germany on that occasion.

If you want warm feet don't wear tight shoes.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

LOOK! LOOK! AND WONDER.—Price & Hoesslich call the attention of the trade to their immense stock of new goods. Bought at Panic Prices, and to be sold at special low figures, within the next sixty days. dec 18-14

TAKE NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that boys and all other persons engaged in noisy conduct, and disorderly congregating on the streets, disturbing the peace good order and quiet of the Borough by disorderly and unlawfully assembling at, and participating in Callithumpian Bandings, or disturbing private property—and placing it in and around the Public Square, or discharging firearms, setting off squibs, fireworks, fire crackers, or any combustible matter within the limits of the Borough, will be dealt with according to law: I, therefore, Chief Burgess of the Borough of Waynesboro', by authority of the Town Council, do appoint John H. Herr, Wm. F. Horner, John H. Miller Deputy Constables to assist Constable Robinson in preserving and maintaining the peace, good order and quiet of the Borough during the coming Holiday season, and at such other times as occasion may require during the present winter. A. H. STRICKLER, Chief Burgess. December 16, 1873.

Flour, Buckwheat and Corn Meal, can be had at M. GESSER'S GROCERY. dec 11-14

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—Just arrived Candy, plain and fancy; Oranges, Lemons, Figs, French Currants, Layer and Seedless Raisins, Prunes, Citron, Coconuts and Cranberries. Also choice Syrups and New Orleans Molasses, Brown and White Sugar, all the above can be bought at Panic Prices, for the cash. M. GESSER, dec 11-14

FRESH OYSTERS.—At Reid's Grocery on Friday evening. —Fresh Seedless Raisins, Currants, Citron, and choice N. Orleans Molasses at Reid's.

FRESH STOCK.—The subscriber announces to his customers that he has just returned from the East with a full stock of Christmas goods, Fancy articles, etc. dec 4-31 F. FOURTHMAN.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, rough skin, pimples, ringworm, salt-rheum and other cutaneous affections cured, and the skin made soft and smooth, by using the JENNER TALK SOAP, made by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. Be certain to get the Juniper Tar Soap, as there are many imitations. Made with common tar which are worthless. dec 4-14

WANTED.—Everybody to know that Amberson & Brockbill are selling Kerosene at 25 cents per gallon cash, 30 cents on credit. This Kerosene is guaranteed to stand a fire test of 110 degrees before it will explode and is not half Benzine as some would like you to believe. In this State there is a very rigid law against the sale of any oil under 110 degrees, for illumination. nov 27-31

CALL AND SETTLE.—Persons indebted to the undersigned by either note or book account are requested to call and make payment to H. M. Sibbet, Esq., in whose hands said notes and accounts have been placed for collection. C. L. HOLLINGSBERG, nov 20-47

HATS.—Mrs. K. G. STOVER has received a supply of the latest styles of hats.—Thankful to the ladies for past patronage, she solicits a continuance of the same. oct 30-47

Call at STOVER & WOLFF'S, N. E. Corner of the Diamond, if you want to buy cheap goods. They are making special inducements to purchasers, and discounting all cash bills, in order to reduce the stock on hand. Give them a call before buying elsewhere. July 21-47

Make Money fast and honorably \$12.50 per day, or \$75 per week by which you are applying for a territorial right, which are given free to agents, to sell the best, strongest, most useful, and rapid selling Sewing Machine, and Patent Button Hole Worker ever used or recommended by families, or buy one for your own use, it is only \$5. Sent free by express. Address for particulars Jerome B. Hudson & Co., Corner Greenwich & Cortlandt Sts., New York.

MARRIAGES. —On the 4th inst., by the Rev. Jno. Shank, Mr. DANIEL ESHLEMAN, of Washington co., Md., to Miss SUSANNA HURST, daughter of Christian Horner, of Antrim township, Franklin co., Pa. —ANOTHER DOLLAR.—A one dollar "greenback" accompanied the above notice for which the happy groom will accept our thanks. May fortune smile propitiously on him and his fair partner and the good things of earth ever strew their pathway through life.

On the 2nd inst., by the Rev. H. C. Leisher, at his residence, Mr. LEWIS AUSTHERMAN, to Miss HANNAH WINGFIELD, both of New Guilford, this county. —On the 11th inst., by the father of the bride, assisted by Rev. R. B. Hamlin, Mr. WILLIAM BROCKBILL to Miss LAURA V. DYSON, all of Chambersburg. —On the 9th inst., by Rev. B. G. Huber, Mr. JOSEPH B. FREEZE, and Miss OMA A. LEMASTER, all of Chambersburg. —On the 4th inst., by Rev. B. B. Hamlin, Mr. SOLOMON HUNSECKER to Miss ELIZABETH STOFFER, both of Franklin co., Pa. —On the 11th of December, by Rev. D. V. Heister, Mr. D. B. DUNKERSON, of Lewisburg, Pa., to Miss MARY ALICE SPIDLE, of Fayetteville, Pa.

In Chambersburg, on the 14th inst., by the Rev. John Fohl, Mr. WM. W. YOCKEY, of New Guilford, to Miss MARY A. HASSLER, of Alto Dale. DEATHS. —On the 9th inst., near Greencastle, infant son of Samuel and Alice Kuhn, aged 9 days. —On the 10th inst., near Marion, Mrs. ELIZABETH SHELLEB, aged 82 years, 6 months and 4 days. —In Washington county, Md., on the 31st inst., after a short illness, Mrs. ELIZABETH CUSHWA BREWEL, aged 71 years, 8 months and 9 days. —On the 10th of Dec., 1873 in St. Thomas, MAGDALENA SELLERS, aged 82 years, 4 months and 7 days. —On the 11th inst., Mr. G. F. LEHNER, in the 31st year of his age.