

Waynesboro Village Record.

Thursday, June 12, 1873.

The Jones House at Harrisburg has been closed.

The decrease of the public debt during the month of May was \$3,525,282.50.

Eighteen bodies have been found in the river at New York within the two past weeks.

Prof. Howard Day, the colored editor and orator was married last week to a lady of color in Philadelphia.

General Sherman will remain in Washington all the summer, but will send his family to Carlisle, Pa.

Peace Commissioner Newham has been made blind by the injuries he received from the treacherous Modocs.

The Northumberland Press is responsible for the following: "A young man disguised as a woman has been selling corsets to Oshkosh ladies. He sold nearly one hundred, and himself fitted the garments."

The wife of Senator Schurz has become heir to a legacy of 250,000 Prussian thalers, or about \$175,000, by the death of her uncle, lately a resident of Hamburg, Germany.

The demand for the postal cards continues to be immense. The orders received at the Post-office Department aggregate 23,500,000, while the supply only reaches 8,000,000.

Chief Justice Chase was the last of his line; neither he nor his brothers—who all died before him—left any male descendants, therefore his branch of the family name will become extinct. The same may be said of his two illustrious predecessors, Judges Taney and Marshall.

Mr. Spurgeon has again declined an invitation to come to America. He writes to a Wisconsin man: "I am unable to visit the United States; and, moreover, I am no lecturer. To preach Jesus Christ simply in a plain manner is all my ambition. Eloquence I leave to others. May you and your great country prosper under the blessing of God."

Thomas Holohan, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Lampley, and sentenced to be hanged next Friday, has been reprieved by Governor Whyte until Friday, August 1st. The Court of Appeals having dismissed the bill of exceptions filed by Nicholson's counsel, the execution of Holohan has been postponed, so that the two murderers may suffer the extreme penalty of the law on the same day and from the same scaffold. United in crime, in death they will not be divided.

ANNAPOLIS, June 9. Contrary to the expectations of all, Nicholson was not brought into court for sentence this morning, but will be sentenced to-morrow, Tuesday morning, at 9 o'clock. The record will be sent immediately to the Governor, and the time of execution fixed, most probably, will be the 1st of August, so that Nicholson and Holohan will expiate their crime together.

Nicholson's wife has been seen Saturday, and will remain in Annapolis until her husband is removed to Baltimore. She has frequently visited the condemned man in company with the jailor.

His wife is in great distress, and seems to be almost entirely overcome by her great grief. Her interviews are most affecting. Nicholson has expressed a desire to see his children, which has not yet been gratified.

One of the worst things done among the many bad things perpetrated by the disreputable 42d Congress was the unfair legislation to favor the city papers at the expense of the country press. They enacted that the city publisher can send his paper (worthlessly made up in many cases from old matter in dailies) a thousand miles at the same cost of postage that a country publisher can send his paper one mile. This unjust discrimination, says the Lebanon Courier, is something that such would be monopolies as the N. Y. Tribune have long been struggling for, but no Congress was ever base enough to justify them until the 42d became infamous through its Credit Mobilier, extra pay and other guilty transactions, and probably adopted the unfair postage legislation on the ground that nothing it could do would make it more obnoxious to the public. There is no doubt the large city owners would pay liberally for just such legislation as they obtained, and it is not at all improbable that a searching investigation would show that some honorable gentlemen nicely feathered their nests for engineering the outrage on country publishers. With the 43d Congress correct these wrongs? We shall see.

John Hopkins, of Baltimore, who is now seventy-eight years of age, is a plain man in his dress, looking as if he were more like a poor clerk than a millionaire. He is of medium height and size, has a prominent nose, and a few wrinkles about his eyes, but his countenance is devoted to business; strict and unrelaxing, but not inordinately active—especially, it is said, in the men's arena of mercantile

The Modoc prisoners will be tried by a Military Commission. The whole question having been referred to the Attorney General, that officer has prepared an elaborate opinion in which he shows that having violated the laws of war, they must be tried by a military court. Such offences are not mentioned in our State statutes and there is no penalty provided for them. They must be punished under what the Attorney General calls the "Common law of war." General Sherman has issued instructions to General Schofield in accordance with this opinion, and a military court will be organized forthwith. The findings of the court must be sent to the President for his approval, so that a month or two will elapse before Captain Jack and his warriors are throttled according to the "Common law of war."

A DISTRESSING CASE.—A few weeks ago Mrs. Fowler, residing near Crumpton, whilst engaged in her household duties, observed her little son fall in the well near the house. She ran out looking down into the well saw the little fellow hanging within a short distance of the water. Calling a servant girl, she sent for her husband who was out in the field, and stood watching the child, expecting every moment to see him fall in the water and drown. In a few minutes, but what seemed to her a very long time, her husband arrived, descended the well and brought the little fellow out unharmed, but when father and son reached the top it was found that reason had left the distressed lady, and she is now, so we learn, hopelessly insane. The anxiety of night whilst watching and waiting was too severe for her, and her mind gave away under the pressure. Truly a sad case.—Centerville Observer.

Here is an enterprising man, indeed. A showman who resides in Tiffin, Ohio, offers the Government 60,000 for the use of Captain Jack, now in the custody of the military authorities. He desires to exhibit Captain Jack for sixty days, and offers to pay \$30,000 when the Modoc chief is delivered to him, and the other half at the end of sixty days; but in case Captain Jack commits suicide then he will pay \$1,000 per day up to the time that he may commit such act. He promises to keep Captain safe and return him in good order. It would be a magnificent ending of our Modoc war to have it result in a speculation for a rural showman.

A GREAT HORROR DONE AWAY WITH.—House cleaning is a great horror to nine men out of ten. When that time comes the "men folks," as a rule, give the domestic hearth a "wide berth." Oceans of suds—the product of tons of soap—fairly flood every part of the house. The women, from the mistress down, labor as they never worked before, and what with the discomfort, the smell of suds and the dampness, and not infrequently sickness, the product of colds and overwork, matters are generally disagreeable. The simple use of Sapolio instead of soap does away with all this discomfort. It lightens the labor a hundred per cent., because it removes dirt, grease, stains and spots, with hardly any labor, with but a little water, and in one tenth the usual time.

All officers of the State, including county officers, according to an amendment just adopted by the Constitutional Convention, are to have fixed regular salaries, to which no fees or other emoluments are to be attached. This will entirely do away with the fee bill a reform which will effect more purification in politics, than any other measure which could be possibly adopted. It is the corruption entailed by the fee bill all over the State which pollutes politics and makes knaves of men in public life, so that if this is abolished, and a system of regular salaries substituted, and these salaries kept within reasonable commercial bounds, we will get more faithful service, and less degraded partisan rivalry than that which now makes so much official business a bungle and contests at the polls a piece of black-guardism.—State Journal.

There is no more brutally treated class in the world than the Coolie laborers in Cuba. Worked to the verge of exhaustion, beaten and starved, chased with bloodhounds when they endeavor to escape, and punished with lashes when they are caught, numbers of them commit suicide to escape from such a life. An Havana paper has at last had the courage to speak out concerning this inhuman barbarity, but its voice is too feeble and the oppressors too powerful for any change of the better to be anticipated.

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.—A sewing machine costs for the work and material \$12. We pay \$60 for it. The same machine are exported to Europe and sold for \$32, after paying freight across the Atlantic. I found in the Belfast News, of Dec. 4, 1872, the advertisement of the "Singer" sewing machine for £6 10s, a difference of nearly \$30, under our patent laws, for being the more patient and glibly fools that ever pretended to a capacity of self-government.

McCormick gives evidence in a lawsuit, recently, that his reapers cost \$50 to manufacture. We pay nearly \$200 for them.

Strawberries at M. Geiser's

The Captured Modocs.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—The correspondent at Boyle's under date 4th inst. says: I had an interview with Captain Jack, through the medium of an interpreter. At first he was reticent; in fact, he did not even notice me. Finally, his sister Mary prevailed on him to talk. His first remark was in relation to his shackles. He said it made him feel mean to be hobbled like a horse. He was not afraid to die, and had no idea of running away. As he spoke his eyes snapped, and he looked a very lion in rage. All questions pertaining to his fighting he declined to answer. When I asked him his age he gave me to understand that he was 36, and he then voluntarily started upon a statement of his grievances and those of his people with reference to the Beane-Wright affray. He said that the white men murdered his people years ago, and that what he had done was only in payment of old debts. He did not enter into details, but left the interpreter (Scarface Charley) to patch up the story.

A critical study of Jack's face corroborates the impression derived at first sight. He is a thorough Indian. His head is large, quite square, and sets firmly on his shoulders. His eyes are black and bright, and his face broad, with prominent cheek bones. His nose is symmetrical and slightly aquiline; his lips thin and clean cut, and combined with his chin, indicate that resolution of purpose that has won such notoriety. His complexion is dark, and his face has a pleasant look. Take him all in all, he is a striking man. Place him among thousands and he would be taken for a Chief by any observing stranger.

Those who have seen him, do not wonder that he is leader of the Modocs. Tho' in chains, and on the brink of eternity, he is yet feared and respected by the Indians about him.

His nearest companion in chains, Schonchin, is about 50 years of age, is wrinkled, and has "villain" depicted in every line of his face. He wears his hair short, and stands about five feet in his moccasins.—Boston Charlie is about twenty-five years old. His face is expressionless. Jack would attempt to escape if he had a chance, even at the risk of being shot down. Probably he never realized that his death was inevitable until the irons were placed on his feet.

Scarface Charlie says Jack told him he could get clear when the white men were asleep. This was before the irons were brought into use. General Davis is satisfied that Jack did try to escape last night, and through the aid of confederates on the outside, for upon examination of his shackles this morning, it was found that one of the rivets had been filed nearly in two. His legs only are confined.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon Colonel Mason arrived here from Fairchild's ranch, with the infantry force of the expedition, and the seventy Modocs who came in there. Thus we have here one hundred and twenty-eight captives.

MURDERED BY HIS SON.—On the 3d inst. Frank H. Walworth, aged 19 years, shot and killed his father, Mansfield T. Walworth, in the Sturtevant house, at New York. The deceased was an author and boarded at the Sturtevant house. He did not live with his family, and domestic trouble was the cause of the tragedy. Young Walworth, who lives at Saratoga, directly after the shooting went to the police station and surrendered himself.

The following is the prisoner's story as told to the coroner in answer to questions put by the gentleman: I resided with my mother in Saratoga, my father having parted from her some years ago. My father is an author, and I have been studying law. I think my father was about 41 years old, but do not know where he was born. My father has not lived with my mother since we left three years ago, but he has repeatedly sent us threatening and insulting letters. Only a short time since he threatened to shoot my mother and myself. I shoot him because of this.

Not long ago I met him in the street in Saratoga, and then told him if he did not keep away from us, or insulted my mother any more I would shoot him. I told him there were bounds which I would not allow any man to go beyond with impunity, especially when my mother was being insulted.

The Telegraph reports a cowardly massacre of unarmed Modoc prisoners by a squad of Oregon volunteers. Seventeen Modocs, including women and children, in a wagon drawn by mules, in charge of a man named Fairchild and others, were overtaken by the soldiers, and a number of them brutally murdered, notwithstanding the pleadings of the poor wretches, for mercy, and the shrieks and groans of the women and the children. Four were instantly killed and one squaw frightfully wounded.

A WHITE ROBIN.—Says the Lancaster Express: A beautiful white robin may now be seen upon the old Wetzell farm at the head of East King street. It is mated with a red robin, and they have built their nest upon a tree on the premises. The white bird has a pale red breast and a black top knot. The rest of the feathers are snowy white.

The Democratic State Convention will be held at Wilkesbarre, August 27th.

Total News.

The new School Board met and organized on Tuesday evening last.

Preparations for the Fourth of July celebrations are now in order.

Candidates are moving toward the front.

Gettysburg is to have a grand tournament on the 4th of July.

The Hagerstown Female Seminary has become the property in fee of Mr. C. W. Humrichouse.

Attention is called to the advertisement of our enterprising neighbor and groceryman, W. A. Reid, in to-day's paper.

In the battle with the Modocs on the Lava Beds, Wm. Boyle, son of Dr. W. H. Boyle, of Chambersburg was among the killed.

LIME.—Hess & Bro. have another kiln of lime under way. They request us to say that they will be prepared to furnish supplies regularly during the season.

We call special attention to extensive sale of real estate in this issue by Geo. J. Balsley and Wm. B. Raby, as signers of A. S. Monn.

This region during the past few days has been favored with several refreshing rain-showers, which will contribute much to the growth of vegetation generally. For want of it the corn-fields presented a rather sickly appearance.

FIRE.—A heavy fire raged in the mountain Northeast of this place on Sunday last. It seemed to be in the direction of the Caledonia Iron Works. The day was a windy one and the fire spread rapidly, no doubt doing considerable damage.

TALL RYE.—Mr. Frisby Stouffer of Ringgold District sent us a specimen of his rye the other day. One stalk measured 8 feet 2 inches. With one or two exceptions this beats all the specimens noticed in our exchanges.

STRAWBERRIES.—The first Strawberries of the season made their appearance on our streets last week at 20 cents per box, at which figures they have since been retailing. We are told they are very plentiful in this region.

CLERK.—Mr. Adam B. Stoler has been chosen Clerk of the Washington township School Board. The selection is one in every way worthy to be made. Mr. Stoler has labored for many years in the schools of the district, and has special qualifications for the place to which he has just been chosen.

NOMINATED.—At the Democratic County Convention on Tuesday last, Geo. W. Welsh, Esq., was nominated for the Assembly, Hiram White for County Treasurer, and Wm. D. Guthrie for Commissioner. We have not yet learned the names of the other candidates nominated. Will give the ticket complete in our next issue.

HERCULEAN LIFTING JACK.—We understand our friend Dr. I. N. Snively, who sometime since purchased the right of territory for the sale of the Riddleberger Lifting Jack, has succeeded in making a number of fine sales. The indications are that the Dr. will realize a handsome sum of money out of this simple but useful invention. We have no doubt they will ere long be in general use. No one who owns buggies or wagons should do without so convenient a contrivance.

We suggest the propriety of our Borough Council taking an early stroll through the different alleys of the town. In at least some of them they will find filth enough to infect the atmosphere if not brood contagion. And we would further suggest the importance of an inspection of the pavements, on Main Street particularly.

BIG SNAKE.—A subscriber to the Record informs us that a monster black snake was last week seen at the Mentzer Gap Road near Monterey. It is said to have been at least 12 feet long, and as thick round as the thigh of an ordinary sized man. The gentleman who came up with his snakeish dismounted and threw a large stone upon it, but failing to kill the reptile and being partially disabled in one of his arms was afraid to renew the assault.

THE NEW BANK.—Books for capital Stock to the Waynesboro' Bank was opened on the 4th inst., and about one-half the required amount of stock has since been subscribed. It is expected the balance will be taken in a short time, when a second banking house will be opened out in our town. The investment will prove perfectly safe and no doubt profitable. We are requested to say that the books have been left at the office of Jos. Douglas Esq., where persons desiring stock in the new institution are requested to call.

The Daily News says the Western Maryland Railroad Company have contracted with the Pacific & Atlantic Telegraph Co. to put up a wire from Baltimore to Hagerstown, to be completed by the 15th inst., workmen arrived in Hagerstown on Saturday from Pittsburgh and Columbus, O., and left same day for Union Bridge, to which place the wire has been already extended from Baltimore.

New Volume.

This number commences the twenty-sixth volume of the Record, the paper having been established in the spring of 1847. Twenty-five years ago from which time our connection with it dates, the patronage of the office was meager compared with what it is to-day. Our subscription list then numbered about three hundred and fifty paying subscribers, a goodly proportion of whom are still its patrons. The increase during all this time though not rapid, has been gradual and we are now enabled to exhibit a list containing the names of nearly a thousand subscribers, with the advertising patronage proportionately increased. As the public has encouraged our humble efforts we have enlarged and otherwise endeavored to improve the paper from time to time, to thus merit a continuation of the patronage so liberally bestowed, incurring by the last improvement an expenditure of over \$1200. In the future as in the past no pains will be spared to make it an acceptable family newspaper, and as soon as circumstances will permit we purpose another enlargement by which we may be enabled to furnish its patrons with an increased amount of news and miscellaneous readings. In all our experience there is only one thing of which complaint may be made as an obstacle in the way of our success, and that is the tardiness with which many patrons have met their payments. This has been the most discouraging feature of the business and still subjects us to serious loss and inconvenience. With a large sum of money—we mean in the aggregate—long overdue, ample for all necessary expenses, we are not unfrequently compelled to resort to loans and interest payments to meet current expenses. Fortunately however, the larger proportion of our patrons have always proved prompt paying ones, without which the paper would long since have ceased to have an existence. But a quarter of a century—years checkered with many sad changes—has elapsed since the first number was issued, and despite all reverses and the machinations of enemies it enters its twenty-sixth year with increased patronage and under more encouraging circumstances than ever before.

Messrs. Frick & Co. of the Waynesboro' Steam Engine and Boiler Works is just now running an increased force of hands and are daily receiving orders for more work. They have acquired a reputation for their Engines and Boilers surpassed by few if any of the larger manufacturing concerns of the State, and with which they are now able to compete. It affords us pleasure to announce that this establishment—so important an appendage to our Borough—is prospering beyond the most sanguine expectations of the public spirited gentlemen composing the company.

We understand the general indications of a good wheat harvest is causing an increased demand for the celebrated Geiser Separator. The Geiser Manufacturing Company consequently count a larger force of employes than usual. They are making every effort to meet all demands upon them for machines. The superiority of their Separator over others in use is a fact very generally admitted.

SECRETS OF HEALTH.—Keep warm. Eat regularly and slowly. Take early and light suppers. Maintain regular bodily habits. Get plenty of sleep at night. Do some good daily. Choose cheerful companions. Don't sigh for what you don't need. Avoid idlers, men or women. Speak only the truth when you talk. Rise early from bed. Govern your passions. Avoid whisky and tobacco. Be temperate in all things. Keep out of debt. Subscribe for the Record and induce your neighbor to do likewise.

WILD TURKEYS.—A couple of weeks since a gentleman came upon a wild turkey hen on the South Mountain, not far from the Gate House, with 18 or 20 young turkeys. He succeeded in capturing seven of the number. He took them home and put them under his tame turkeys. If he succeeds in raising them it is doubtful whether he will be able to prevent them returning to their naturally wild haunts. A few years since a nest of eggs was discovered on the South Mountain. The eggs were taken to the settlement and hatched out by a tame turkey, but as soon as large enough they took to the mountain and the owner failed to recover a single one of the flock.

PRAYER MEETING & S. S.—A very interesting prayer meeting was held at the School House, in Tomstown, on last Sabbath afternoon, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. of this place. At the close these were taken for the organization of a Sabbath School. Mr. Geo. Lackens was chosen temporary Superintendent, and C. Jos. Rock, and Mr. Miller, of Quincy, Librarians. The Sabbath School will be opened at 4 o'clock on next Sabbath afternoon. We suppose the members of the Christian Association will readily give such personal assistance as may be needed.

The business of jug factories is improving.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

The regular monthly meeting of Council was held on last Monday evening. Present:—S. Rider, President, Messrs. Dock, Middour & Reid. The business of the evening was the consideration of the turnpike contract of E. Diffenderfer. Agreeably to order of last meeting, the Council on May 24th made examination of the work on South street. As the result of the measurement at eleven different places the average was found to be as follows: width of pike 19 feet, depth in centre 8 1/2 inches, depth at side 5 1/2 inches (average side and centre 7 inches).

The specifications called for length 110 perches, width 19 feet, depth at side 6 inches, the centre 12 inches. Contract price \$1750.

Messrs. Grove and McGinley, committee (of last council) on construction of pike appeared before the Council and said that they had examined the work frequently while it was being done, and that the stone were put on to the required depth, and was done in a satisfactory manner. The Contractor said the road had been open all the time for public travel, that a great deal of travel has gone over it, and seven months have elapsed since the first part of it was finished, and for these reasons the stone had sunken. The Council after much consideration, agreed on motion, to take the work off the contractor's hands, and ordered that drafts be issued for the amount due him after examination of the bills and vouchers. The Contractor presented a bill of \$35,000 for work done in filling at the bridge on South st. on account of freshets, &c.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE.—The following transfers of real estate were filed for record in the office of A. A. Skinner, Register and Recorder of Franklin county, during May:

Joseph Burger to John Brown, 10 acres and 4 perches of land, in Quincy township, for \$501.25. Abraham S. Oiler to John Brown, 15 acres and 75 perches of land, in Washington township, for \$1,533.70. Abim. Stamey to Jacob Rock, 12 acres and 13 perches of land, in Quincy township, for \$900. Jacob Stouffer to Jacob S. Lehman, 121 acres and 71 perches of land, in Guilford township, for \$15,787.63.

Abraham Snowberger, Adm'r of Elianull, dec'd, to Samuel Stoops, 10 acres and 37 perches of land, for \$479.50. Dr. I. N. Snively to John Riddleberger, a lot of ground, in Waynesboro', for \$2,400. Henrietta M. Eyer to Daniel Hollinger, a lot of ground, in Waynesboro', for \$25.

[For the Village Record. Mind your own Business.

There is a limit given to everything.—A man must make it his point in life to learn what that limit is. He must again avoid opposite extremes. Man's experience is his best teacher. It sometimes proves him in a manner not agreeable to his views. Men teach men how far they can interfere in another's business. This occurs quite frequently and leaves bad results. It consists in fractured limbs, in sanguinary dog-fights, and results finally by a decision of justice. A man must strictly attend to his own business, and that will not effect more than a legal interference in the affairs of others. Every man has his station in life; a particular work given to that station, beyond which he has no business to interfere.—Business men generally remain within bounds, but we are infested with a large class of people who interfere in anything that comes before them. You know their reputation. How often are they sneered at, condemned by the public, and sometimes booted like a poodle-dog. Will not such people soon learn the right way to interfere in the affairs of others? There are young men and young ladies, old men and old women, to-day in Waynesboro', who are busily engaged in meddling with other peoples' work. When they cannot make trouble come fast enough with truth, they pollute their lips with lies. They tread upon others rights, and mar the happiness of their fellow beings. They spurn the man of truth and right. They are sorely grieved (let on to be) when reproved of their misdemeanor. To all such let me say, examine your path, and if there be a knot untied in the line which marks your proper course, you have a voice continually speaking to you, and saying, mend your own string. Shame on the man or woman who will forget their own business and meddle with that of others. They receive nothing for their compensation but the disgust and reproach of their community. Poor pay, indeed.—And now, considering well your mission in life, will such, to whom we have reference, continue in this impropriety? Think of the position you fill in life; think of yourself as a responsible being, think of the welfare of your neighbors and friends, remember the Eleventh commandment and mind your own business.

REM VIDISS.—BALLOON TRIP TO EUROPE.—Professor John Wise and W. H. Donaldson, two experienced and well known aviators, propose to take the balloon voyage of which so much has been said and so little done. The Boston Board of Aldermen have responded to a petition from them and made an appropriation of \$3,000 to aid them in fitting out their aerial ship, in which they will start from the Common in that city on the Fourth of July. The gentlemen intend taking two other persons with them, and through the co-operation of the Franklin Institute in Philadelphia, expect to secure the services of two scientific men.

Professor Wise has this reason for undertaking his perilous voyage on the fol-

lowing theories; At a certain height above the earth there is a continuous air current or tide setting from west to east, caused mainly by the centrifugal force generated by the revolution of the earth on its axis, and that this current moves at the rate of from 90 to 100 miles per hour. Thus he expects to reach England in two days, at the most, from the time of starting.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Dr. Garvin's Tar Remedies purify the blood. Sold by all Druggists.

BUY A SUEW.—At Geo. Boerner's, Southeast corner of the Diamond, a suit of clothes can be had for a few dollars. Call and see. June 12-2t

New Cabbage, Beans, & Bananas can be had in a few days at the new Grocery Store of M. Geiser.

There are still a few choice flower plants, monthly and perpetual bloomers, fine foliage plants, &c., for sale cheap at June 13-1t P. Geiser's Grocery.

TO ORDER.—Cloth and Cassimere suits made to order. Satisfaction guaranteed or no sale. Call on GEO. BOERNER, June 12-2t S. E. Cor. Diamond.

If you want a nice suit of Ready-made Clothing call at Geo. Boerner's Store, Remond, South-east corner of the Diamond. June 12-2t

Pine Apples, Oranges, Lemons, Prunes and Dates expected Friday afternoon at M. Geiser's Grocery. June 12-1t

ANOTHER ARRIVAL.—George Boerner, Merchant Tailor, has just received the largest stock of Ready-made Clothing, for the Summer trade, even brought to Waynesboro', and which he is selling cheaper than ever. Call at the South-east corner of the Diamond and see for yourselves. June 12-2t

REMOVAL.—The firm of Stover & Wolff will remove and open out their stock of goods this (Thursday) morning in the room formerly occupied by Jerome Beaver, N. E. Cor. of the Diamond, where they would respectfully invite the trade to examine their stock and low prices. They are determined to close out the stock on hand as near as possible during the summer and will therefore give great inducements to purchasers. All bills discounted for cash. June 12t STOVER & WOLFF.

GARDEN PLANTS.—I will be prepared to furnish Beet, Cabbage, Tomato, Sweet-potatoe Plants of the choicest varieties. P. Geiser.

For Choice Butter go to June 4-2w] M. Geiser's Store.

All the latest styles of Straw and Felt Hats just received at the Town Hall Store of BEAVER & JACOBS. June 4-3w

A Second Supply of Ladies, Misses and Childrens' Shoes just opened at the Town Hall Store of BEAVER & JACOBS. June 4-2w

Mr. Farmer, are your Horses or Cattle lousy? Go to Amberson & Backbill and get a safe and sure remedy. may 29-3w

Just Opened and now on Exhibition an assortment of fine Chromos and Pictures—varying in price from twenty cents to thirteen dollars. Call and see them at Amberson & Backbill's Drug and Book Store. may 29-3w

COUGHS AND COLDS.—There are few persons aware of the importance of attending to a cough or cold at its first appearance. The thousands who die annually of consumption, were first attacked with a "slight" cough or cold, which they thought would soon "wear" itself off, and therefore neglected to use the proper remedies until they became incurable. Every day that a cough, cold or any lung disease is neglected, makes the chances of a cure more uncertain. We would recommend all suffering from disease of the LUNGS whatever to use HASSON'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAR. It never fails in curing the worst cases of coughs, colds, hoarseness, sore throat, catarrh and asthma. It is an infallible remedy for Hooping Cough. Being prescribed by some of the leading Physicians in the Northern and Southern States and being prepared under the immediate supervision of a graduate of the Pennsylvania Medical College. The proprietors beg leave to inform all that it is no "Quack" preparation, but made strictly in accordance with the advanced principles and theory of medicine. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers throughout the United States.

P. S. See that the signature of RUSSELL & LAWRENCE, Proprietors is on each wrapper. For sale by Dr. J. Burns Amberson Waynesboro', Pa. 2t

MARRIAGES.

On Thursday, May 15, 1873, by the Rev. Mr. Hough of the M. E. C. South, C. WESLEY LOGAN, (formerly of Waynesboro') to MOLLIE E. EGNER, of Baltimore.

With the above notice was enclosed the customary dollar "greenback" for which "West" will accept the Printer's thanks and congratulations. May fortune smile propitiously on our young friend and his fair partner and a happy life-lot await them in the future.

On the 9th of June, by Rev. J. Donahue, Mr. NOAH KOONS of Frederick Co., Md., to Miss ANNE M. E. EYLER, of Mechanicstown, Md.

In Morrison, April 21st, 1873, Mr. C. F. FURLEY, formerly of Ridgeport, Md., to Miss S. H. HARVEY, of Carroll county, Illinois.

On the 5th inst., at the home of the bride, by Rev. A. H. Sherts, Mr. A. L. Huber, of Letterkenny township, to Miss E. J. Coble, daughter of Mr. Daniel Coble, of St. Thomas.

On the 5th inst., at the home of the bride, by Rev. A. H. Sherts, Mr. A. L. HUBER, of Letterkenny township, to Miss EMMA J., daughter of Mr. Daniel Coble, of St. Thomas.