Local Department.

Greene County.

The following sums were received at the State Treasury from Greene county during the year ending Nov. 30, 1863, as we learn from the Report of the Auditor General:—

Tax on Bank Dividends	$2.400,00
" on Corporation stocks	1.200,00
" on Real & Personal property	8.641,78
Tavern Licenses	332,50
Retailers' Licenses	585,50
Distillery Licenses	247,09
Tax on Writs, Wills, Deeds, &c.	243,30
Total	$13.670,17

The population of the county is set down at 24.406; the value of the real and personal property at $7.929,36, and the number of taxable inhabitants at 5,615.

New Bank.

The new National Bank at this place, we understand, has been organized, with a capital of $100,000, and the privilege of increasing to $300,000. DANIEL BONER, Esq. has been eleeted President, and JOHN O. FLENNIKEN, Cashier. The "Repnblican" informs us "a room has been secured and business will commence as soon as the currency can be furnished, which, it is expected will not be long."

The Draft in this District.

A circular issued by Capt. J. Cuthbertson, Provost Marshal for this district, shows that the whole number of men drawn in the district under the last draft, was 3993. Of this number 1104 paid commutation; 231 were mustered into the service; 167 furnished substitutes; 171 failed to report, and the remainder were exempted for various causes.

On Furlough.

Serg't. H. J. BOWLER and private JAMES M. SEALS, Company I, 8th Pa. Reserves, are at home on furlough, having re-enlisted.—They are both gallant and faithful soldiers, and have seen perilous and arduous service.

A Solemn Truth.

You may insert a thousand excellent things in a newspaper, and never hear a word of approbation from the readers; but just let a paragraph slip in, even by accident, of one or two lines not suited to their taste, and you will be sure to hear from them.

☞ Mrs. GRAHAM, wife of DAVID GRAHAM, of Franklin tp., wakened about 12 o'clock last Saturday night, and found her child, an infant some three months old, dead at her side. It was an unusually healthy child in appearance, and the cause of its death is unknown.

☞ A western presiding elder, boasting of the ample provision made for preachers in his district, said he had left the parsonage of A. while a donation was going on, where he saw one thousand seven hundred feet of sausages, which had been brought in, and it was still coming when he left.

War Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all concerned that those who subscribed to save the draft in Waynesburg, and have not paid the same, to make immediate and prompt payment to the committee, otherwise their names will be published with proper comments in the county papers, and then the collection at once enforced by Law. Gentlemen ought to know, if others do the fighting, they should contribute to their comfort.

BY ORDER OF THE MEETING.

A Card.

The undersigned tender their sincere thanks to their kind friends of Waynesburg for the liberal donation which was made by them on Friday evening. For this expression of their esteem and kindness, they will be gratefully remembered. May Heaven bless them!

H. H. FAIRALL,
S. K. FAIRALL.

☞ The Ohio river is frozen over at Wheeling, and teams cross on the ice.

Democratic Meeting.

The Democratic voters of Wayne tp. will meet at the store of B. F. Baily, on Roberts' Run, on the 22d of February next, at one o,clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the ensuing March election.—Also, at the same time and place, the Delegates of the several divisions of the Democratic Union organized in Greene county will meet to attend to important business relating to the county and District elections, for October next.

Each organized division will be entitled to three Delegates. Also, any township where in the Union has not yet been organized, shall be entitled to the same number of delegates that a Division has. We hope the Delegation will be composed of men with pure hearts and clear heads. A comfortable house will be furnished for the occasion. By order of the President.

An address will be delivered on the occasion. WM. L. COSGRAY, Pres't.

Jan. 22d, 1864.

FOR THE MESSENGER.

The "Messenger" in the Army.

MESSRS. JONES & JENNINGS:—Some time since being in Waynesburg, I heard a gentleman propose to send a number of copies of the "Cumberland Presbyterian" to the army, in a box, just being packed for the soldiers, but he objected to any "Messengers" being sent. At this I wondered. Upon my return home, I sought the acquaintance of an old and worthy gentleman, just returned from the army, to whom I related the above matter. Said he, with eyes flashing and cheeks flushing, "I can tell the whole cause and reason—there is too much truth in the "Messenger" for the taste of Abolition officers. Although despised by them, the "Messenger" he said was consulted on all difficult matters of news, its declarations and statements received at par, and after all this acknowledged to be the best paper coming into the army. The only objection to it was it could not make PLEASANT THE TRUTH.

WAYNE.

News.

Terrible Catastrophe in Santiago the Capitol of Chili.

Over Two Thousand Women and Children burned to Death.

One of the most horrible calamities that ever has fallen upon any people occurred in the city of Santiago, the capital of the Republic of Chili on the night of the 8th of December last. The Church of the Jesuits, in which was being celebrated the Immaculate Conception of the Virgin, was destroyed by fire, and with it were *burned and suffocated over two thousand women and children*, numbering among them the flower of the beauty and fashion of the capital. The *Mercurio del Vapir*, of the 17th, gives the following account of the terrible catastrophe:

On the commemoration of the Immaculate Conception, the last of the festivities of the month of May, the most popular and frequented of all our solemnities, thousands of fair devotees thronged to the last performance, which was to eclipse all that had preceded, At six in the evening the spacious steps and part of the open place before the church swarmed with ladies in veils frantically struggling to enter a temple where not one more could be made room for. A few minutes before seven, about to commence, they were still lighting the last lights in the chancel, when the portable gas in the half moon of canvas and wood that formed the pedestal of a colossal image of the Virgin Mary began to burn one of the extremities of that apparatus. Some one rushed on the raising flame and succeeded in smothering it, but by a fatal rebound the gas, compressed by the effort, burst out with redoubled vigor at the other extremity of the false half moon. Immediately a fierce flame rushed up. The persons who thronged the chancel fell towards the sacristy, crying "water water" whilst the women, who filled the nave, arose in tumultuous confusion, screaming for help.

The fire spread with wonderful rapidity, to the *roredos* of wood and hangings, and thence, attracted by the current of air that always circulates between the upper boarding and the roof, rolled through the church. In a few moments all over head was a mass of flames. In the meantime the men had succeeded in escaping; for in this church the sexes were separated by an iron grating, and the women had fled as far as the middle of the church, in a state of the most terrible contusion. But the headlong hurry, the fainting, the obstruction of the bell-shaped dresses, and the frantic eagerness to gain the street, formed an impenetrable barrier before the two doors, which, by a culpable imprudence, gave access to the free air only towards the open space in front and the small court of the west side of the church.—That obstacle was the barrier of death.

Help was all but impossible; a Hercules might have strained his strength in vain to pull one from the serried mass of frenzied wretches, who, piled one above another, as they climbed over to reach the air, wildly fastened the grip of death upon any one escaping, in order that they might be draged out, with them. Those who longed to save them were doomed to bear the most harrowing sight that ever seared human eyeballs—to see mothers, sisters, tender and timid women, dying that dreadful death, that appalled the stoutest heart of man, within one yard of salvation, within one yard of man who would have given their lives over and over again for them. It was maddening—the screaming and wringing of hands for help as the remorseless flames came on; and then, while some already died with fright were burned in ghastly indifference, others in their horrible agony—some in prayer—were tearing their hair and battering their faces.

Hardly had the noble men who had devoted themselves to save the lives at the peril of their own siezed by the arms or the clothes a prostrate form then the other woman, made with terror from the nearness of the fire, clutched the victim about to be saved and in some cases draged those who came to help them into that fiery vortex. It was almost impossible to extricate even one from that heap of despairing wretches and undo that ghastly knot. But the fire accomplished that which baffled man, and the passage into the doomed church was not cleared until that impenetrable phalanx of precious, beautiful life was a handful of cinders.

The fire imprisoned by the immense thickness of the wall, had devoured everything combustible by ten o'clock; and then, defying the sickening stench, people came to look for their lost ones. Oh, what a sight that fair, placid moon looked down upon! Closely packed crowds of calcined, distorted forms, wearing the fearful expression of the last pang, whose smile was once a heaven; the ghastly phalanx of black statutes, twisted in every variety of agony, stretching out their arms as if imploring mercy; and then, of the heap that had choked up the door, multitudes with their lower parts entirely untouched, and some all a shapeless mass, but with an arm or foot unscathed.

Their silence, after those piercing screams were hushed in death, was horrible. It was the silence of the grave, unbroken but by the bitter wail or fainting cry—over two thousand souls had passed through that ordeal of fire to the judgment seat of God.

Heroic acts of sublime daring have not been wanting. Enduring gratitude has been excited in every Christian heart by the gallant efforts of Mr. Nelson the Minister of the United States, his countryman, Mr. Miggs, and several other foreigners. There were generous men who defied the fury of flames to save lives, and some of those died martyrs to their noble hearts. An Englishman or an American, it is unknown which, was seen to rush throug the flames, to sieze in his powerful arms a lady, stride with her a little way, and then, with her hair in a blaze, and choked with smoke, fall back into the volcano never to rise again.—A young lady named Ovalle, [illegible] vain implored some [illegible] to save her mother, rushed in, and shortly after [illegible] wards miraculously issued forth with her parent in her arms, saved. A young lady of the name of Solar, just before the smoke suffocated her, had the presence of mind to tie her handkerchief around her leg, so that her body might be recognized.

The priests are much censured for their part in the affair. It is alleged that they confined their efforts to the saving of a few of the valuables of the Church, and aided in no way in ministering to the sufferings of the few who were saved. The following from the *Murcurio* gives an idea of the class of persons that perished by the deplorable accident:—"Although many heroic men performed prodigies of daring and strength in tearing some from the death grasp of the phalanx of bodies that choked the door in some cases literarlly tearing off their arms without being able to extricate them, the number of saved by this means falls short of fifty. More than five hundred persons of our highest society have perished, the greater part young girls of fifteen to twenty years of age. One mother has perished, with her five daughters. Two thirds of the victims were servants, and there are many houses in which not one has escaped. Several houses have been noted by the police as empty because all their inhabitants have perished."

The latest information says that seventeen hundred bodies have been recognized, between four and five hundred were beyond recognition, and many were nothing but a shapeless mass.—Three thousand at least were in the building, and it is not yet known how many have escaped. No names are given. One hundred and fifty cart loads of unrecognized corpses were, on the 9th and 10, carried to the cemetery. The beauty and the wealth and the proud and the Spanish aristocracy all had their repaesentatives in that awful courtege;

A reaction has taken place here against the clergy. Public opinion demanded at once the conversion of the church site into a public square. This has been and is violently opposed by the clergy and their formidable party.

A decree has been issued ordering the entire demolition of the remains of the Church of the Campania, in which the accident occurred.

Terrible Accident on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The mail train for the West, which left this city at 10 30 on Saturday night, met with a serious accident at Birmingham, 17 miles east of Altoona, about daylight on Sunday morning; as the train was entering the bridge at Birmingham, the axle of the tender broke, throwing the baggage car, the express car, and two passenger cars into the river, 25 feet below. The stoves in the passenger cars up setting, the cars were set on fire and completely destroyed, the flames at the same time setting fire to the bridge, one span of which was burned. The sleeping car remained up on the track but was upset, and fire being communicated to it from the stove, it was also burned.

The express and baggage cars were saved with their contents; among other valuables in the express car, was $1,000,000 in greenbacks belonging to the government. Fortunately no lives lost, but some twenty-five persons were more or less injured. A. Steinmeyer of Pittsburgh was very seriously injured. Thos. Spole Leisenring, of Philadelphia, the conductor on the train, had a shoulder broken and was otherwise hurt, Phillip Matthews, of Philadelphia was also badly hurt. The other parties were furloughed soldiers going west.

Mr. Enoch Lewis, the Superintendent of the road was on the ground soon after the accident, and every thing possible was done for the sufferers. They were all removed to Altoona with the exception of Mr. Leisenring.

As soon as the rubbish could be removed the work of reconstructing the bridge was commenced, and at 10 o'clock last night had so far advanced as to ensure its complection for the regular passage of the train to-day.

Still Another Railroad Accident--Five Persons Killed.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 19.—The night express train from Buffalo stuck in the snow when three miles east of Painesville, and was run into by the accommodation train. Four cars were burned, *five persons killed and a number injured*. The cause of the disaster was as follows: Two men were detailed to watch alternately for the approaching train. The collision occurred while one was relieving the other, who had nearly perished from the cold. Among the killed is Henry Coffin, of New York.—The names of the others have not been ascertained. The wounded are Dr. McCabe, of Canton, Ohio, J. B. Stearns, of Ohio, James Gill, of Syracuse, W. F. Enders, of St. Louis, Miles Folsom, Jno Gladding of Oregon, Mrs. Catharine Post, of Claysville, Pa., B. Curran of Dunkirk, and a number of others whose names have not been reported.

The Superintendent, with a relief train from Cumberland, has reached the spot and the wounded are being cared for at the hotels and private houses.

Railroad Accident--Cars Burned an Loss of Life,

CLEVELAND, January 19.—The night express train, bound West from Buffalo, stuck in the snow, three miles east of Painesville, to day, and was run into by the accommodation train. Four cars were burned, and five persons killed and a number wounded. Among the wounded are Dr. McLare, of Canton, Ohio; J. B. Steams and James Gill, of Syracuse; W. F. Enders, of St. Louis; Miles Folson and John Gladding of Oregon, Wisconsin; Catherine Post, of McConnelisville Ohio; John Gurley, of Claysville, Pa., John Curren, of Dunkirk, and a number of others. Among the killed is Henry Coffin, of New York; names of the others not ascertained.—The Superintendent with a relief train from Cleveland has reached the spot, and the wounded are being cared for at the hotels and private houses.

[illegible] lars of the church, are only temporary.

The War in West Virginia.

HEADQUARTERS, SECOND DIVISION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA, AT NEW CREEK, VA., Jan. 13, 1861.—*Captain*—A soldier of ours (James A. Walker, Co. H. 2d Maryland regiment,) who was captured in the attack upon the train at Moorfield and Allegheny Junction, on the 3d inst., by the enemy under Gen. Fitz Hugh Lee, escaped when near Brook's Gap, on the 5th instant, and reported to me this morning.

He informs me that thirteen of the enemy were killed, and twenty wounded in the skirmish. He also states that there were present, under the command of Gen. Fitz Hugh Lee, three companies of negro troops—cavalry, armed with carbines. They were not engaged in the attack, but stationed with the reserve.

The guards, he reports, openly admitted to the prisoners that they were accompanied by negro soldiers, stating, however, that the North had shown the example.

(Signed,) Faithfully,
JAS. A. MULLIGAN, Col.

Captain S. Melvin, Assistant Adjutant General, Department of West Va., Cumberland, Md.

A Federal Soldier Hung by the Rebels.

FORTRESS MONROE, Jan. 18.—A detachment of the 11th Penna. Cavalry returned yesterday from a raid through Easton, North Carolina. They report the finding of the body of a soldier hanging at Smith Mills, on the 14th inst., with the following words placed upon his back—"Here hangs private Samuel Jones, of the 5th Ohio Regiment, hung by order of Major General Picket, in retaliation for private David Bright, of the 62d Georgia Regiment, who was hung December 18th, 1863, by order of Brigadier-General Wild."

Good Advice.

A few years since a young man continually importuned Secretary Corwin for a clerkship. At last he advised him to "go out West, squat, build a cabin, and live like a freeman." The politician continued; "Accept a clerkship here, and you sink at once all the independence; your energy becomes relaxed and you are unfitted in a few years for any other and more independent position. I may give you a place to-day, I can kick you out again to-morrow, and there's another man over at the White House who can kick me out. And the people by and by can kick him out. But if you own an acre of land it is your castle, you are a sovereigu, and you will feel it in the very throbbing of your pulse, and every day of your life would assure me of your thanks for having thus advised you."

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 23, 1864.

FLOUR—The markets, which has been firm for sometime past, remains so.—The stock in first hands is not large, receipts while the receipts were barely sufficient to keep pace with the local demand. The exports east were only to a limited amount. Former prices were well sustained. Among the sale may be noted 120 bbls *extra* at $6,40@6,50; 96 bbls *Extra Family* at $7,55; 500 bbls do at $7,55@7,50 ⅌ bbl, all from store. Wagon parcels were disposed of at various prices, as per quality.

BUTTER—The demand was not active. We note sales of 1,400 lbs, fresh roll at 27@28c.

EGGS—not so firm; sales of 400 doz. at 22@24c.

APPLES—Holders were firm in their views; we note regular sales from stores at $2 75@3 ⅌ bbl, as per quantity.

CRANBERRIES—The supply on hand is not large; we note small sale at $12@13 ⅌ bbl, as per quality

LARD—The market was firm and excited. Holders are demanding 14@14½ sales 12 tierces at these figures.

GRAIN—We have no change to notice either as regards prices or demands; holders were firm but prices were unchanged.

DIED,

Of dropsy of the chest, at Walnut Grove, McDonough Co., Ill., on the 6th of Jan., 1864, Mrs. MARY PURMAN, wife of William Purman, aged 44 years, 7 months, and 22 days.

The deceased was formerly a resident of Washington co., Pa., and her husband of Greene Co., and a brother of A. A. Purman, of this place.

In Jackson tp., on Friday the 22d inst., 1864, REBECCA BOSWORTH, consort of Caleb Bosworth, aged 69 years, one month and 22 days.

DIED, of Scarlet Fever, Dec. 16th, 1863, SAMUEL COLVER, in his 7th year, and Dec. 19th, MARY LOUISA, children of John and Rebecca Prior, of Morgan Tp., Greene co., Pa.

DIED, of Diptheria, Jan. 11th, 1864, FRANK, son of Wm. B. and Elizabeth Stewart, of Morgan Tp., Greene county, Pa., aged 3 years.

Exempt from Draft.

When there are two or more sons of aged or infirm parents subject to draft, (that is between the age of twenty and forty-five years) one of the sons may be exempted. It is absolutely necessary, however, that the papers should be prepared, and the application made before the draft takes place. The undersigned have received the latest and fullest instructions in reference to the above claim, and will make out the papers for all who may wish to be so exempted.

RITCHIE & PHELAN.

SAPONIFIER, OR CONCENTRATED LYE,

FAMILY SOAP MAKER.

WAR makes high prices; Saponifire helps to reduce them. It makes SOAP for FOUR cents a pound by using your kitchen grease.

☞ CAUTION! As spurious Lyes are offered also we warn all and only buy the Patented article put up in tin cans, all others being COUNTERFEITS.

PENNA. SALT MANUFACTURING CO., Philadelphia—No. 132 Walnut St., Pittsburgh—Fifth St. and Diamond Way.

Nov. 25, 1863.—3 mo.

☞ Grover & Baker's Sewing MACHINES for family and manufacturing purposes are the best in use.

A. F. CHATONEY,
April 8, 1863.-1y. 18 Fifth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Lost Found.

DR. S. S. PATTON has returned, and is now at his room, prepared to wait upon those wishing any thing in the line of Dentistry. July 1, '63.

☞ New Hat and Cap Store.—WM. FLEMING, No. 139 WOOD Stree PITTSBURGH, PA., has established a NEW HAT AND CAP HOUSE, and persons visiting the city will find it a first class establishment, fitted up in the latest modern style, with every convenience for doing a Wholesale and detail Trade. A large stock of every variety, style and quality of HATS and CAPS kept constantly on hand, which will be sold at the very lowest prices.—Mr. Fleming is a Practical Hatter, and guarantees satisfaction to purchasers. Oct. 1, 1862—1y.

Orphan's Court Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Greene county, the undersigned will sell on the premises on

Saturday, March 5th, 1864,

the following described Real Estate, to wit: a trac, of land situate in Wayne township, Greene county; adjoining lands of Henry Shriver, William Spragg, Ignatis Cosgray and others, containing about FIFTY ACRES, *on one half of which there is a life estate of* James Cosgray. There are about thirty acres cleared on the tract. There are erected on said property a Log House, Log stable and Log barn.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, a third in six months, and the remaining third in twelve months, with interest from the confirmation.

SIMON STROSNIDER, Guardian of James H and Rebecca Ann Cosgray, minor children of J. P. Cosgray, dec'd.

Jan. 27, '64.

LOST!

THE subscriber lost an order a few days ago, for $100 granted by the School Directors of Marion township. There is a credit on the back of it for $20. The public are notified not to trade for said order; and any person finding it will oblige by handing it to the subscriber. SAMUEL GROVE.

Jan. 27, 1864.

NOTICE.

LEFT my bed and board without just cause, in Jackson tp., in Greene county, Pa., on Thursday, Jan. 21st, 1864, my wife, Nancy Jane Huffman, and two children, Mary E. and Mason S. Huffman. I hereby warn all persons not to trust or harbor them on my account, as I will not be responsible for them.

Jan. 27, 1864. WM. H. HUFFMAN.

Poor House--Report of Grand Jury.

To the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions in and for the County of Greene:

The undersigned, Grand Jurors for the said county, summoned at December Session, 1863, having been directed by the Court of Quarter Sessions to visit the House for the support and maintenance of the poor of said county, and to report upon the condition of the House and its *inmates, &c., do respectfully submit*—

That on the 23d day of December, 1863, they visited the House and farm, and after a very thorough examination, in which they were very kindly and courteously assisted by the steward and matron, they found the House and inmates in a most creditable condition—as much so as they think possible under the disadvantages under which the steward and matron have labored. The inmates appeared healthy, clean and comfortable, and no cause of complaint could be discovered as to their condition. In their opinion, the rooms allotted to the insane paupers are not well calculated to insure the comfort and safety of the unfortunate inmates, but under the arrangement of the House, no other or better plan could be adopted. They also think the drainage of the cellars to the House entirely insufficient; but this, they suggest, can be remedied without great expense. They also examined the location of the proposed barn, and think the site the most suitable on the farm. They think the grading around the House should be done as soon as possible, and the fences built around the House, and the necessary *trees planted out*.

The Grand Jurors further suggest that under the present system of paying for everything in orders, the Directors find it very difficult to carry on the affairs of the farm and house with proper economy, and that the law should be so altered or framed as to require the County Treasurer to collect the estimate of the Directors in cash. It would be the same to the tax-payers, and would be a decided saving to the people, as it would enable the steward and Directors to purchase the necessary clothing, provisions, &c., &c., at a more reasonable price.

In conclusion, they cnnnot close this report without again expressing their decided approbation of the manner in which the House has *kept, and the inmates taken care of*. They believe that the steward has most faithfully discharged his duty, and they regard the matron as admirably qualified for the position she occupies, and that her industry, care and attention in providing for the comfort of the unfortunate inmates deserves the approbation of every person interested in the institution.

John B Gordon, Fore'n,	Henry J Six,
John D Rees,	Ephraim S. Wood,
Matthew Green,	Jesse Craig,
Isaac J Hupp,	Thomas Hinerman,
James Barnes,	Samuel Gass,
Lorenzo D Inghram,	John Munnel,
L A Pryor,	John M Stevenson,
John Hunnell,	Ellis Campbell,
H C Bell,	David Rush,
Abraham Blatchley,	Daniel Ackley.

Music for the Million.

SONGS FOR THE LOYAL,

BY ROBERT MORRIS, ESQ.

The undersigned have just published a series of six *Songs and Roles, entitled as follows:*

"My Love is on the Battle-field."
"The Nation shall not Die"
"The Christian Commission."
"Gettysburg."
"The Young Volunteer."
"The Son who was his Mother's Pride."

The words in every case by Robert Morris, Esq; the music by accomplished composers. The spirit and tone are alike stirring and patriotic, and altogether suited to the times.

The price is One Dollar per copy for the series, or twenty-five cents for any one song, to be sent to any part of the United States, free of postage. Postmasters and agents remitting five dollars will receive six copies. Address LEE & WALKER,

Jan. 27, '64. No. 722 Chestnut St., Phila.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Greene county, I will expose at public sale on the premises in Jackson tp., on

Thursday, February 18th, 1864,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., a tract of land containing

One Hundred and Forty-five Acres,

more or less, adjoining lands of Uriah Ankrom, Thos. McCullough, Isaac McCullough's heirs, and Abraham Staggers. Between 60 and 70 acres of the above tract are cleared and under cultivation. There are erected, on said farm,

A LOG HOUSE,

and other outbuildings. There is also an apple orchard on the premises.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, one third in one year thereafter, and one-third in two years, with interest.

JOHN SCOTT, Adm'r
Jan. 20, 1864. Jos. Morris, dec'd.

Valuable Estate for SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Greene County, there will be offered at public outcry, on the premises, in Morgan tp, in said co., on

Thursday, Feb, 25th, 1864,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the Homestead Farm of JAMES HUGHES, Esq., containing

230 Acres,

more or less, adjoining lands of H C. Houlsworth, J S. Smith, Lot Leonard, Solomon Hickman and others. There is erected on this farm a good

TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

Log Barn and other out buildings. Two Apple Orchards and a Sugar Camp. This body of land is well situated on Ten Mile Creek, about one mile and a half above Jefferson, and is well watered and timbered.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money on confirmation; one third in one year thereafter; one third in two years, with interest from confirmation.

JAMES HUGHES,
JOHN HUGHES,
Executors.

Jan. 20th, 1864.

Dress Goods

OF EVERY KIND.

MERINOES, of every Color,
EMPRESS CLOTH, all Colors,
FRENCH Gala Plaids;
BLACK and FANCY Silks;
CLOAKS, of all Sizes;
CLOAKS, of all Materials;
CLOAKS, at all Prices;
LINEN GOODS, of all Kinds;
SHAWLS, in every Size;
EMBROIDERED CURTAINS;
CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Tweeds;

AT

ALEXANDER BATES',

27 FIFTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

KAY & RICHARDS,

Importers and Dealers in

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

NO. 30 FIFTH STREET,
First door below Exchange Bank,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
WHERE EVERY INSCRIPTION OF

Housekeeping Articles,

Consisting of Hardware, Plain and Planished Tinware, Brushes, Wooden Ware, Baskets, Plated Ware, Cutlery, Iron Ware, Japanned Ware, and Cooking Utensils of all kinds.

A great variety of Shaker Goods, Bird Cages, &c, can be obtained on the most reasonable terms.

Refrigerators and Water Coolers, DOOR MATS AND FANCY GOODS.

Sept 30, 1863. KAY & RICHARDS.

W. D. & H. M'CALLUM,

No. 87 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, SHADES, DRUGGETS, and all in their line, which they offer at prices much reduced from those of last season, having been purchased during the late decline at Lowest CASH RATES.

CHURCH CARPETS,

supplied as usual on small advance on cost.

Dec. 2, 1863.-3m.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Greene County, ss:

IN the Orphan's Court of said County, of June Term, 1862, No. 3. *In the matter of the partition and valuation of the Real Estate of Ruth Houlsworth, dec'd.* And now to wit: Dec. 22, 1863. The heirs called to wit: Hugh C. Houlsworth appeared in open Court and refuses to take any part of the Real Estate at the valuation and appraisement, and the other heirs being severally called each make default. Whereupon the Court order and decree that the Executors of said deceased make sale of the Real Estate, to wit:

Purpart No. 1, being a house and lot in the town of Jefferson, Greene county, Pennsylvania, situate on Main street, and adjoining lots of——

Purpart No. 2, being a lot of ground in Jefferson tp., Greene county, Penna., adjoining lands of John Smith's heirs, Michael McGovern and others, containing five Acres and fourteen perches, upon the following terms, to wit: One-third of the purchase money to be paid at confirmation of sale; one-third in one year thereafter with interest from date of confirmation, and the remaining one-third in two years thereafter, with interest from date of confirmation. The Executors will make report of their proceedings therein to the next Orphan's Court to be held for Greene county.

JUSTUS F. TEMPLE, Clerk.

In pursuance of the above order, the subscribers will offer at public sale, on the premises in Jefferson, the property mentioned in the above or of Court, on SATURDAY, the 20th of February, 1864, at 2 o'clock, P. M

ELIJAH ADAMS, } Ex'rs.
Jan. 20, '64. HUGH C. HOULSWORTH, }

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Waynesburg, on Saturday the 20th day of February next, at 2 o'clock, P. M, the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of James Kincaid, of, in and *to a certain lot of ground situated in the village of Jefferson, fronting* on Main street sixty feet and running back to Mulberry Ally, adjoining lot of Edward Parkinsen on the North, and Jacob French on the South, and has erected thereon a large Frame dwelling house, Frame stable, Well of water and some fruit trees. Also, an out lot adjoining lands of Edward Parkinson, Michael McGovern, and running to Mill street, containing about three and a half acres, more or less.

Taken in execution as the property of James Kincaid at the suit of *Edward Parkinson, surviving Mathias Hunnel, dec'd.* THOS. LUCAS,

Sheriff's Office, Waynesburg, Pa., } Sheriff.
January 20, 1864.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene co., and so me directed, there will be exposed to public, *sale at the Court House*, in Waynesburg, on Saturday Feb. 20th, 1864, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to a certain tract of land, situate in Jackson tp., Greene county, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Johnson T. Smith, John Stockdale, John Eisminger and others, containing 98 acres, more or less, about nine acres of which are cleared, and has erected thereon one log dwelling house.

Taken in execution as the property of Perry Vandruff at the *suit of George W. McCormick.*

THOS. LUCAS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Waynesburg, Pa., Jan. 20, '64.

GREENE COUNTY, SS:

IN the Orphans' Court of said county, of September Term, 1863, No. 1. In the matter of the partition or valuation of the Real Estate of John Steel, Deceased.

And now, to wit, December 22d, 1863, the Sheriff's return to Inquisition confirmed, and the Grant of a rule on the Heirs and legal Representatives of said deceased, to come into Court, on the first day of next Term, and accept or refuse the Real Estate, at the valuation or bid for the same, or show cause why the same shall not be sold. By the Court.

Jan. 20, 1864. JUSTUS F. TEMPLE, Clerk.

GREENE COUNTY, SS:

IN the Orphans' Court of said county, of September Term, 1863, No. 11. In the matter of the partition, or valuation of the Real Estate of Benjamin Jennings, Esq, dec'd.

And now, to wit: Dec. 21, 1863. Sheriff's return to writ of Inquisition confirmed, and the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal Representatives of said deceased, to come into Court on the first day of next Term, and accept or refuse the Real Estate at the valuation or bid for the same or show cause why the same shall not be sold. By the Court.

Jan. 20, 1864. JUSTUS F. TEMPLE, Clerk.

GREENE COUNTY, SS:

IN the Orphan's Court of said county of Dec. Term, 1863, No. 12. In the matter of the settlement of the account of William Lang, Administrator of Wm. L. Martin, dec'd. Balance in accountant's hands $52,39.

And now to wit: Dec. 23, 1863, account confirmed and the Court appoint G. W. G. Waddle, Esq., Auditor to distribute the funds in the Administrator's hands.

JUSTUS F. TEMPLE, Clerk.

I will attend to the duties of the above appointment at the Recorder's Office, Waynesburg, Pa., on Thursday, the 11th day of February, 1864, at which time and place, all parties interested can attend if they see proper. G. W. G. WADDLE, Auditor.

LEGAL NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary upon the estate of Samuel Hinegarden, late of Wayne tp., Greene county, dec'd., having been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against sisd estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement. J. A. SANTEE,

Battelle Tp., Monongalia Co., W. Va.
Jan. 6, 1864. Executor.

LEGAL NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration of the estate of ELIZABETH LINTON, dec'd, late of Monongahela tp, Greene county, Pa., having been granted by the Register of said county, to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

Jan. 13, '64. A. V. BOUGHNER, Adm'r.

Philadelphia:

Dr. Hoofland's GERMAN BITTERS

PREPARED
BY DR. C. M. JACKSON, Phila., Pa.

IS NOT A
Bar Room Drink
OR A
SUBSTITUTE FOR RUM
OR AN
Intoxicating Beverage, but
A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED
VEGETABLE EXTRACT
A PURE TONIC,
Free from Alcoholic Stimulant or Injurious
DRUGS,
AND WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE
LIVER COMPLAINT,
DYSPEPSIA,
and JAUNDICE.

Hoofland's German Bitters

WILL CURE EVERY CASE OF

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a Disordered Stomach.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS

Resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

Hoofland's German Bitters

WILL GIVE YOU

A GOOD APPETITE,
STRONG NERVES,
HEALTY NERVES,
STEADY NERVES,
BRISK FEELINGS,
ENERGETIC FEELINGS,
HEALTY FEELINGS,
A GOOD CONSTITUTION,
A STRONG CONSTITUTION,
A HEALTHY CONSTITUTION,
A SOUND CONSTITUTION.

WEAK — WILL MAKE THE — STRONG,
Delicate — WILL MAKE THE — Hearty,
Thin — WILL MAKE THE — Stout,
Depressed — WILL MAKE THE — Lively,
Sallow Complexion — WILL MAKE THE — Clear,
Dull Eye — WILL MAKE THE — Clear & Bright,

Will prove a blessing to

Every Family,

Can be used by perfect safety by

MALE OR FEMALE, OLD OR YOUNG.

PARTICULAR NOTICE,

There are many preparations sold under the name of Bitters, put up in quart bottles, compounded of the cheapest whiskey or common rum, costing from 20 to 40 cents per gallon, the taste disguised by Anise or Coriander Seed.

This class of Bitters has caused and will continue cause, as long as they can be sold, hundreds to die the death of the drunkard. By their use the system is kept continually under the influence of Alcoholic Stimulants of the worst kind, the desire for Liquor is created and kept up, and the result is all the horrors attendant upon a drunkard's life and death.

For those who desire and will have a Liquor Bitters, we publish the following receipt. Get one bottle of Hoofland's German Bitters and mix with three quarts of good Brandy or whiskey, and the result will be a preparation that will far excel in medical virtues and true excellence any of the numerous Liquor Bitters in the market, and will cost much less. You will have all the virtues of HOOFLAND'S BITTERS in connection with a good article of Liquor, at a much less price than these inferior preparations will cost you.

DELICATE CHILDREN,

Those suffering from MARASMUS, wasting away with scarcely any flesh on their bones, are cured in a very short time; one bottle in such cases, will have most surprising effect.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from fevers of any kind—These Bitters will renew your strength in a very short time.

FEVER AN DAGUE,

The chills will not return if these Bitters are used.—No person in a Fever and Ague District should be without them.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects; I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefit he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend, Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, while suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and which I almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank him and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

Phila., June 23, '62. J. N. BROWN.

ATTENTION SOLDIERS!

AND THE FRIENDS OF SOLDIERS.

We call the attention of all having friends in the army to the fact that "HOOFLAND'S German Bitters" will cure nine-tenths of the diseases incurred by exposures and privations inc