WEDNESDAY, OCT. \$1, 1968.

"THE PRINTING PRESSES SHALL BE FREE TO EVERY PERSON WHO UNDERTAKES TO EXAMINE THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLAhave accepted your invitation to be
the GOVERNMENT; AND NO LAW
SHALL EVER BE MADE TO RE.

CIrcumstances permitted, that to following special relative to Rosehave accepted your invitation to be
crans army appears under a Washington date. Things are unchanged
the Democracy of Milwaukie on the
with the exception that the enemy STRAIN THE RIGHT THEREOF .- 26th inst. THE FREE COMMUNICATION OF THOUGHTS AND OPINIONS IS ONE OF THE INVALUABLE RIGHTS OF MAN; AND EVERY CITIZEN MAY FREELY SPEAK, WRITE AND PRINT UPON ANY SUBJECT, BEING party. The fanatical leaders, who they will concentrate their artillery 13th and 14th Pennsylvania, and 10th rebel forces holding the Gaps are RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ABUSE OF THAT LIBERTY."—Art. IX, Sec. VII Constitution of Pennsylvania.

"IN THIS COUNTRY ESPE-CIALLY, IT IS A HABIT NOT ONLY ENTIRELY CONSISTENT WITH THE CONSTITUTION, BUT EVEN ESSEN-TIAL TO ITS STABILITY, TO REGARD THE ADMINISTRATION AT ANY TIME EXISTING AS DISTINCT AND SEPARATE FROM THE GOVERN-MENT ITSELF, AND TO CANVASS THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE ONE WITHOUT A THOUGHT OF DISLOY-ALTY TO THE OTHER."-Hon. WM, H. SEWARD, Secretary of State under the Lincoln Administration.

#### MONEY!

We have recently sent out accounts to all our subscribers who owe for a year or upwards. Will they have the goodness to respond immediately and favorably to the call? We have large obligations to meet in a short time, and are without the means to discharge them. Will our kind friends see to it that we are not left long in this condition? They can remit the amount of their indebtedness by mail if they are not coming to town soon, or can send it by some of their neighbors. We would especially request our patrons at a distance not to forget us.

#### GEN. MOCLELLAN FOR WOODWARD ---AN ABOLITION SLANDER RE-FUTED.

ORANGE, N. J., Oct. 12, 1863. To Hon. Chas. J. Biddle, Chairman Democratic State Central Committee : Dear Sir :- My attention has been called to an article in the Philadelphia Press, according that I had written to the managers of the Democratic meeting at Allentown, disspproving the objects of the meeting, and that if I voted or spoke it would be in favor of Gov. Curtin, and I am informed that similar assertions have been made throughout the State. It has been my earnest endeavor heretofore, to evade any participation in party and politics. I had determined to adhere to this course, but it is obvious that I cannot long remain in silence under such misar prehensions. I therefore request you to deny that I have written any such letter or maintained any such views as those attributed to me in the Philadelphia Press. I desire to state that having some days of this State, and who shall be honorably Woodward, I find that our views agreed. I regard his election as Governor of Pennthe nation. I understood Judge Woodward to be in favor of the prosecution of the war with all the means at the com. mand of the loyal States, until the military. power of the rebellion is destroyed. I understand him to be of the opinion that while the war is carried on with all possible decision and energy that the policy directing it should be in accordance with the principles of humanity and the Christian world, not injuring private rights and property, not demanded by military necessity, and recommended by military law among civilized nations .-And finally, I understand him to agree with me in the opinion that the sole great gaged in the mob arrested, then made an objects of this war are the restoration of the unity of the nation, the preservation of the constitution, and the supremacy of dered that the sum assessed to each of the laws of the country. Believing that

I am, very respectfully, yours, GEO. B. McCLELLAN.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM McCLEL LAN. Gen. McClellan sent the following let-

ter to a Democratic meeting recently held at Lewisburg, Pa .:-

"OBANGE, NEW JERSY, Sept. 23, 1863.

" Capt. H. W. Crotzer-My Dear Sir :-Yours of the 15th is received. I regret that is will be entirely out of my power to be present at Lewisburg on the let of October. Please convey to the gentlemen to whom I am indebted for the invitation my sincere thanks for their courtesy, and my heartfelt wishes that the result of their deliberations may do much towards the preservation of our Constitution, the maintenence of the laws, and the restoration of our Union—the great objects which should now be the aim of every true lover of his country. With many thanks to yourself for the kind manner in which you have conveyed the invitation,

I am, truly, yours, "Gro. B. McClellan." "At its conclusion, three hearty cheers were given for General McClellan."

is reported that the absence of General Rosecrans from the battle field of Chickamauga is attributed to the fact that he was, either previous or during the fight, seized with a fit of epilepsy. This will partially account for the defeat of the center and one wing of the Federal mainder of the rebel army is sent nearer the defenses of Richmond.

LETTER FROM GOV. SEYMOUR. We find the following letter from Hon. Horatio Seymour, written in reply to as invitation to address a LATEST FROM ROSECRANS. Democratic meeting at Milwankie, in our Western exchanges. It em-

sues before the people: GENTLEMEN: Nothing would have afforded me greater pleasure, had circumstances permitted, than to

shadows the nation; there is no about ten pieces in position, and aphope but in the restoration to pow-pear to have somewhat withdrawn er of the Democratic conservative their forces. It is supposed that cavalry is said to be severe. The will speedly dislodge them. The precipitated this bloody conflict by on Missionary Ridge. Some of the underrating the South, its resources enemy's pieces are heavy, and all and military ability, who scoffed at seem to carry well. They hold both the Crittenden compromise and all the Lookout Mountains, Missionary other efforts to avert civil war-who | Ridge, from which they threw shells rejected the measures of the Peace on the 4th and 5th inst. On the lat-Convention, and who, after war was | ter day one hundred and fifty shells forced upon us, have persistently were thrown by the enemy. They, created obstacles to its vigorous and however, inflicted no damage besuccessful prosecution, by perverting | youd that of wounding three men it from its original purpose, the restoration of the Union, as solemnly political adventurers—have by their with their army in our front, annoyaugurate peace.

throughout the North. Safeguards seat in Congress of liberty, wrested from despotism of the press, the midnight seizure, the mock trial and illegal banish-Ohio, and that too in a loyal dis- titlery. trict, where the civil law is in unobstructed operation—are among the mad acts by which all constitutional government and every principle dear to freemen, are sought to be killed and wounded. Deserters con-will take place to-day.

crushed and destroyed. treasure to overcome Southern trai- Georgia troops refused to cross the tors, we must with equal spirit and | Chickamauga, and Withers division similar sacrifices resist such treason- was sent down to compel them. The able usurpation at the North. The other: Tennessee troops had refuslatter, formidable and dangerous, be- to obey orders, and Longstreet's cause secret and insidious in its ad- force were sent against them. The vance, must be expelled at all haz- line of battle and flash of the guns

sound in this crisis of our nation's Monday, by which we conclude that

I am very respectfully and truly HORATIO SEYMOUR. yours, &c.

Naturalized Citizens in the Opinion of Abolitionists good Enough to Fight, but not fit to

By an emphatic majority, the Abolitionists of Rhode Island, at the State election on Monday, the 5th inst., voted down the will drive the enemy following amendment to the Constitution | front. of that State:

"Aliens, residents of this State, who have enlisted or volunteered, or who may enlist or volunteer, in any of the regiments ago had a full conversation with Judge discharged therefrom, and who are now or shall become naturalized citizens of the United States, shall be permitted to vote at all elections in this State on the same sylvania as called for by the interests of terms as native born citizens of this State." To this proposition the Abolitionists of Rhode Island answer with an emphatic

Printing Office Destroyed. The printing office of the Olney (Ill.) Herald was destroyed a few days ago, as we learn from the Springfield Journal, by a mob composed of soldiers. The provocation is not stated. It is stated, howed accidentally to go into Olney a few ed that he had the soldiers who were enassessment among them for the whole amount of the property destroyed, and orthem should be deducted from their pay, and duly paid over to the proprietor of the our opinions entirely agree upon these Herald. Soldiers who are sworn as they points, I would, were it in my power, are when sworn into the service, to sup give to Judge Woodward my voice and port the Constitution and the laws, should be the last men to violate and trainule the laws under their feet .- Quincy Herald.

HERE AND ABROAD.

It is sometimes interesting to note how closely even cotemporary history repeats itself. The Washington Chronicle says

"The friends of Curtin and the Union who have left this city and vicinity, during the past week or two, for the purpose of voting the Union ticket, number over

nine thousand, exclusive of soldiers." And an exchange mentions that-"The Prussian Government has demanded that all public functionaries

should actively support its candidates in the coming elections.' The way in which the funds and energies of the Government have lately been employed is indicated by the follow-

ing advertisement in the editorial columns of the Washington Chronicle: "Lieut. Col. Greene, Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Washington, is the holder of one hundred tickets which he intends to present gratuitously to the mechanics employed in his Department who desire to go home to Pennsylvania to

It is thought that the movement of the rebel army opposite Meade is for the the 1st New Jersey. purpose of getting nearer to Gordonsville. from whence Bragg and Beauregard can be easily reinforced. It is a supply depot, and a force sufficient for the entrenchments may be left there, while the re-

### Aems of the Day.

Movements of the Enemy!! bodies a clear statement of the is-Quarrel and Fight among the Rebels! i Casualties in late Battle 15,000.

NEW YORK, October 13th.—The following special relative to Rose- with Indian-like advantages of a surhave removed their artillery from In the gloomy night which over- Lookout Mountains, where they had and killing one horse.

We have several lines of entrench-

The divisions of the army will be front to-day. after a struggle of centuries, are by consolidated into six to form the 4th them ignored or swept away. The and 5th corps, with Gens. Thomas ald indicate the position of the opposubstitution of an irresponsible mili- and Granger as commanders. Those | sing armies on Monday. tary tyranny in place of law, the sup- under the former will be commandpression of free speech—the muzzling | ed by Gens. Bayard, Davis, and Rosment of a distinguished citizen of Gen. Brannan will be Chief of Ar-

firm the statement, but differ as to While we freely expend blood and the cause. One version is that this was the nature of their trouble.

having brought any charges against Gens. McCook and Crittenden. It is believed generally that these offithan the reports in regard to them

With the assisance of reinforce. will soon be made, it is hoped, which to Rappahannock Station.

The army is still well supplied with everything but clothing and usually cold weather, causes con-

siderable suffering.
All the wounded able to bear removal have been sent North. The casualties in the late battles

will not be less than 15,000 On Thursday the rebels on the opposite side of the river, fired into our wagons and ambulance trains; passing over the valley road, wounding two men, and killing and wound-

ing seven mules. They seem determined on embarrassing our transportation in every possible way.

The forces of Wheeler, after burn. ing a portion of Shelbyville, were atever, that Gen. Ammen, who has com- tacked by Coi. Crook not far from mand of the soldiers in this State, happen- that place on Wednesday. We kill-120 of the enemy, and took 300 hours after the office was destroyed, and prisoners and two pieces of artillery. The rebels were pursued by our forces in the direction of Fayetteville, overtaken and thirty more prisoners lost by them. At last accounts they were making their way into the interior, closely pursued by our cavalry, which is regarded as sufficient to take care of then.

> Rhoddy has crossed the Tennessee with 100 men. He passed through as far as Kinsville, on the Memphis and Chattanooga railroad yesterday and made off in the direction of Win-

Friday night they drove in our pickets. At the Summit this side of alry, belonging to Kilpatrick's di-Cowan, some damage was done by vision, attempted a reconnoissance force last night to that point, but the supported by infantry and artillery, rebels did not venture on an attack.

Meade's Army--The Fight at White Suiphur Springs.

Washington, Oct. 14th.—Passenthat vesterday there was heavy from Culpepper. skirmishing to the right, while in the centre and on the left, there was sued, in which our infantry supports robels in Federal uniform. Near only occasional picket firing, by were worsted and compelled to retire, the encampment of Lieutenant which one man was killed.

It is reported that Gregg's division which had severely contested the fight at White Sulpnur Springs on made a splendid charge, and recap- the head, evidently after they were Monday with a large cavalry force, tured all the prisoners taken except captured. supported by infantry and artillery, was compelled to fall back on ac- ments coming to their assistance, count of not being supported properly by infantry, and lost a number of men, among which were fifty of There is heavy firing this afternoon,

An enraged mother in Illinois recently twisted her little offspring's says our forces have evacuated Culmose until she fractured the bone; broke another pledge's arm, and killed a third with a rolling pin.

Their value however, was trifling—

The forces have evacuated Culmose the fine of , killed a third with a rolling pin.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The evening Star says the skilful mancen- Further from the front says that vre by which Gen. Meade check- Gen Meade has fallen back to the mated his astute adversary, and north bank of the Rappanannock. without loss of any sort to any appreciable extent, and placing himself "on the other side of Jordon." and in a position where be preferred to accept battle, seems to have con-

prise and in ambascade. The change of position made by our army was effected without the front. slightest confusion. The amount of not make a car load altogether .- | Mountains. A large cavalry force The loss in Gen. Gregg's division of sent from here yesterday, however

New York suffered most. On Sunday night our forces crossed the Rappahannock, and on Monday morning two corps crossed and drove the enemy to Brandy station with a severe loss in killed, wounded and prisoners on the rebel side .-They then received an order to fall back, which they did in good order.

General Buford, with his cavalry, to-day: was on the left of Kilpatrick in the centre, and Gregg on the right .avowed in our national Congress, ments, and extensive earthworks are Gregg and Buford succeeded in hold-manding, announces to the army into a hopeless emancipation cru- still going on. The plan of the ene- ing the enemy in check on the right that the rear guard, consisting of the sade, and by driving from the army my appears to be not to make an at- and left until nine o'clock, when, sade, and by driving from the army my appears to be not to make an attacked yester-through abolition intrigues, General tack in front, but to compel us to acting under orders, they fell back day while marching, by flauk. The

entire policy exhibited alike their ing us with their artillery and military situation to-day shows that ners. The skill and promptitude of incapacity to carry on war or to in- breaking our lines of communication the rebels have abandoned their ap- Major General Warren, the gallantby cavalry raids in our rear. A parent purpose of flanking Meade, ry and bravery of the officers and Failing to crush the Southern re- general order issued on the 7th an- and have withdrawn towards the bellion, their entire energies seem nounces Maj. Gen. Reynolds as chief Rapidan. It therefore dooks as titled to high commendation. now directed to the destruction of staff in place of Gen. Garfield, who though their late movement is some popular rights and personal freedom vacates his position to assume his cover to military demonstrations on Meade, their part elsewhere. All is quiet in

The following dispatch to the Her-

Headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, Oct. 12, 6 a. m .- The trains seau, and those under the latter by have all come in safely and in excel-Gens. Wood, Sheridan and Palmer. lent order. Kilpatrick and Buford have also arrived at the river and are in line of battle. Our forces are There seems to be good reason for now in a position to contest any fur-rebel dead and wounded fell into cur believing that the rebels had a ther advance of the enemy, who apfight among themselves last Monday pear in force south of the river. I in which five or six hundred were do not think a general engagement ers.

ards.

I trust the voice of the Wisconsin Democracy will utter no uncertain the time of their cannonading on the latest the voice of the Wisconsin the time of their cannonading on about half a mile from the south side.

army has fallen back to this side of prisoners state they had mar Rappahannock, followed by from Hanover Court House, army, which is in great force Richmond, since Saturday last about half a mile from the south side. about half a mile from the south side of that river. The enemy made a feint, Important from Gen. Banks' moving up the valley on the southern General Rosecrans denies officially bank of the Robertson river, and our cavalry under Buford crossed at . Germania Ford, and took possession is believed generally that these offi-cers will show a much better record them. When our force was all has the following important news: across the river without time to de- san rangers are along the river on ments already arrived, movements stroy the crossing, and pursued him the right bank from Donaldsonville

to Rappahannock Station.

Gen. Kilpatrick; with a force of cavalry and artiflery, which had made a reconnoisance near Madison Court House, was cut off yesterday afternoon on the road to Culpepper, by a portion of Ewell's corps, formed acrossthe only road by which he could retreat, in twelve ranks, with two sentinels on each flank.—

to the mouth of Red river, and on the river, and on the left bank from Baton Rouge, and often below that point to Natchez and beyond.

Gen. Herron's division, at Morgan or Morgan's Bend, on the right bank, about twenty-five miles above Port Hudson, had been engaged for several days skirmishing with a body, with two sentinels on each flank.—

as they supposed of querrillas. The

hannock, when the enemy made have resumed the offensive, and are his feint of moving up the Valley - pressing Dana's men with such vigor Gen. Meade also made a feint of fol- that the gunboats have been called lowing him in force to attack him in in to aid them in repulsing the enethe rear, massing his troops at Rac- my. coon Ford for that purpose. This drew back Lee's army, so that the structures standing in the way have intended flanking movement was been leveled to the ground, but it is frustrated. Gen. Meade has brought reported that still the gunboats can off every wagon and all his stores.

Desperate Fight with Stuart's Cavalry-Federals Defeated-Culpepper Court House Evacuated-Our Army Fallen Back.

NEW YORK, October 13.—A Washington special of the 12th says:-Early on Saturday a brigade of cavthrowing down stones, but to no on the south side of the Robertson great extent, and obstructions have river They were attacked by a been removed. Gen. Hooker sent a large force of rebel cavalry, amply under command of Gen. Stuart. in person. The infantry force was one Skirmishing on the Right of Ewell's divisions, and numbered about 8,000 men. A brisk fight ensued, lasting about an hour when our cavalry was compelled to fall back on gers from the front to-day report their infantry supports, three miles

At this place another conflict enthe rebels capturing about one hun- | Pond his escort broke, and out of dred of the 12th New York. Our one hundred men, seventy-eight cavalry again formed into line, and men were killed, all shot through fifteen or twenty. Rebel reinforcepepper, skirmishing all the way.-

been renewed. Later intelligence from the front

From the Army of the Potomac. It is reported that the whole rebel army as crossed the Rapidan.-

Prisoners captured on Saturday, state that Longstreet's corps had returned from the southwest. This, however, is doubted. The rebels commenced to cross the Rapidan on do not seem inclined to fight unless of Madison Court House, with the with at 73c; 400 at 74c. Barley scarce, and with Indian-like advantages of a surevident intention of turning General Meade's right wing. Heavy cavalry reinforcements have been sent to the

It is reported that the rebel cavstores destroyed, or left behind would alry hold all the Gaps in Bull Run supposed to be White's and Moseby's

#### Attack on Meade's Army!! Rebels Repulsed with Heavy Loss.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15:-The following general order was published

Headquarters Army of the Potomac, Oct. 15.-The Major General com-McClellan and other officers of mili- abandon Chattanooga by simply on our main body, the purpose of enemy after a spirited contest, was tary experience, to make place for holding us in our present position, the movement having been effected. repulsed, losing a battery of five A special to the World says the guns, two Colonels, and 450 prisosoldiers of the Second corps, are en-

By command of Major General S. WILLIAMS,

Ass't Adj't Gen. The guns captured, four of which

The march from our late to the present position was accomplished in Latest from Gen. Mead's Army. most perfect order, and without the The Washington Republican of loss of wagons or other property.-Monday evening contained the follow The enemy was held in check at ing, which the censor would not allow every point where they attempted a to be telegraphed to the press: We surprise or attack. The forces that have information from the front attacked Gen. Warren was portions this morning that General Mead's of Gen. Hill's Corps. Some of the army has fallen back to this side of prisoners state they had marched the Rappahannock, followed by from Hanover Court House, near

> Department-A Severe Battle and Federal Defeat-General

Dana in a Perilous Situation. NEW YORK, October 10.—The across, the enemy came against Bu-Gen. Logan hovers around Baton ford in great force, and drove him Rouge, and clouds of mounted partito the mouth of Red river, and on

blankets, the want of which, in un- afternoon on the road to Culpepper, or Morgan's Bend, on the right bank, with two sentinels on each flank - as they supposed, of guerrillas. The Kilpatrick was compelled to charge rebels becoming more daring and Silver Double Time Hunting Levers. directly into them. He led the annoying, Gen. Dana, now in com-

All the sugar houses and all other be of little service owing to the numerous bluffs in that vicinity. The rebels are still there, and will do greater mischief if General Dana is not reinforced.

This body of Confederates is said to be under the command of Prince Polignac, now Brigadier General in the provisional army of the Confederate States. The truth is reinforce ments are sadly needed here, and until they are received the people of the North need not expect to hear of anything being done in this Department beyond the mere holding of the same.

The Attack on Gen. Blunt-Federals Murdered After Capt wre. Sr. Louis, October 10.—The Democrat's Leavenworth special gives the particulars of the attack on Gen. Blunt and escort below Fort Scott. He was attacked by three hundred

Major Curtis, son of General Curtis, was thrown from his horse and our forces were pushed back to Cul- found with a bullet hole through his head. He was undoubtedly murdered after being taken prisoner .indicating that the engagement had Lieut. Pond's company was attacked about the same, time, and had four men killed and three wounded .-

PITTSBURGH MARKETS. Oct 18th 1863

Apples. The market was firm with a good demand, the receipts for some days past being limited. Sales 110 bbls at \$2.50@3.00.

Grain-The market at this time is just in the state that correct quotations were difficult to obtain. In the West there has been a large decline in certain descriptions. Oats are in fair demand .in demand, with sales of Spring at \$1.30, and Fall at \$1.0, at the breweries. The offerings for some days past were light .-Wheat, market firm, but prices were un changed. Sales of 1500 bush on private terms. The current rates were, Red \$1.15; White, \$1.25 B bush. Corn, holders were firm at the late advance. Among the sales were two lots of 1000 and 500 bushels at depot, at \$1.06. Rye, none in market. It would command \$1.10

Flour-The market yesterday presented no change worthy of notice. Holders were firm, and on account of the small stock in first hands and the light receipts, tended to maintain the present prices .-The receipts will necessarily be limited until we have a rise of water, as the railroads are overtaxed with business .-The rates remain the same viz: Extra, \$5.50@5.75; Extra Family, \$6.60@6.75. Fancy brands sold at higher figures.

Groceries-Continue very firm both here and elsewhere. The sales yesterday was to a fair extent, in lots to suit the wants of the local trade at the following prices, viz: Sugar-Sales of Caba at 123 @13\frac{1}{2}. Orleans at 13\frac{2}{4}\ldots 14. Crushed at 17\ldots 17\frac{1}{2}. "A" Coffee, at 16\frac{1}{2}, "B" Coffee at 161. Molasses-Sales of Orleans, old, at 60c; new, at 65c. Coffee-Sales of Rio at 32@34. Syrups-Prices ranged from 60@68c p gal.
Salt-Sales of 100 bbls from store, at

\$2.50@2.60 P bbl. Hay-The market was firm with a good demand. Sales of 24 loads at the scales, at \$27@33 \$2 ton. Sales of 100

tous to go out of the market, at \$30 \$

#### SHERIFF'S SALE.

are United States Regulation 3-inch, and one Blakely gun, were exhibited here to day.

The prisoners were most Carlinians, fifty of whom have expressed the desire to take the oath of allegiance.

Our casualties yesterday were small. A considerable number of rebel dead and wounded fell into Gurhands, the latter not being included in the forgoing aggregate of prisoners.

The march from our late to the.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Waynesburg, Pa., Oct. 13th. 1862.

AND OUR PEOPLE AT HOME

RE NOW OFFERED an opportunity by which

600D AND DURABLE TIME-PIECE

VERY LOW FIGURE!

OUR WATCHES ARE Warranted to Keep Time One Year,

and the buyer is allowed the

Before payment is required.

PRIVILEGE OF EXAMINATION

IMPROVED DUPLEX IN FULL

RUBY ACTIONS. A first class Hunting Time-Piece of silver material

charge in person, telling his men they must do or die. The cavalry cut its way through a concentrated fire, such as had hardly been experienced by our troops during the war. It is quite probable his rear, with his artillery retired through Culpepper.—Kilpatrick's loss in killed and wounded was 150.

Gen. Meade is said to have displayed good generalship in bringing his army back to the line of the Rappahannock, when the enemy made BEST QUALITY SILVER CASES, over which

## MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY THE CASH

Money may be sent by express at our expense. THOS. CAFFERTY & CO., 93 and 95 Broad St., opposite City Bank, Oct.21. 63. Providence, R. I.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY.

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### DR, HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

DR. C. M. JACKSON, Phila., Pa.

WILL effectually cure LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, Chronic or Ner WILL effectually cure LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDIUE, Chronic or Ner vous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Erdetations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Plt of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dats or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Duil Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Vellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits, and will positive ly prevent

Yellow Fever, Billious Fever, &c. THEY CONTAIN

NO ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKEY!

They will cung the above diseases in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred.

Induced by the extensive sale and universal popularity of Hoofland's German Bitters, (purely vegetable,) hosts of ignorant Quacks and unscrupulous adventurers, have opened upon suffering humanity the floodgates of Nostrums in the shape of poor whiskey, vilely conpounded with miurious drugs, and christened Tonics. Stomachics and Bitters.

Beware of the imnumerable Alcoholic preparations in plethoric hottles and highellied kegs, under the modification of Bitters; which instead of curing, only aggravate disease, and leave the disappointed suffer.

aggravate disease, and leave the disappointed suffer

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS! Are not a new and untried article, but have stood th test for fifteen years trial by the American public; an their reputation and sale are not rivalled by any simila

reparation.

The proprieters have thousands of Letters from the

The proper tost entirent CLERGYMEN,
CLERGYMEN,
LAWYERS,
PHYSICIANS,
AND CITIZENS, Testifying of their own personal knowledge, to the peneficial effects and medical virtues of these Bitters.

beneficial effects and medical virtues of these Bitters.
DO YOU WANT SOMETHING TO STRENGTHEN YOU?
DO YOU WANT A GOOD APPETITE?
DO YOU WANT TO BUILD UP YOUR CONSTITUTION?
DO YOU WANT TO FEEL WELL?
DO YOU WANT TO GET RID OF NERVOUSNESS?
BO YOU WANT ENERGY?
DO YOU WANT TO SLEEP WELL?
DO YOU WANT A BRISK AND VIGOROUS FEEL-ING?

If you do, use HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects; I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

in the hope that he may thus contribute to the beneat of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofand's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend, Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefere thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

Phila., June 23, '61.

A B THICKTELL A D TOTALLIE

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

There are many preparations sold under the name of Bitters, put up in quart bottles, compounded of the cheapest whiskey or common rum, costing from 20 to 40 cents per gallon, the taste disguised by Anise or Coriander Seed

This class of Bitters has caused and will continue to cause as long as they can be sold hundreds to die the

This class of Bitters has caused and will continue to cause, as long as they can be sold, hundreds to die the death of the drunkard. By their use the system is kept continually under the influence of Alcoholic Stimulants of the worst kind, the desire for Liquor is created and kept up, and the result is all the horrors attendant upon a drunka d's life and death.

For those who desire and will have a Liquor Bitters, we publish the following receipt. Get one bottle of Hoofland's German Bitters and mix with three quarts of good Brandy or whiskey, and the result will be a preparation that will far excel in medical virtues and true excellence any of the numerous Liquor Bitters in the market, and will cost much 'ess. You will

ters in the market, and will cost much have all the virtues of HOOFLAND'S BITTERS in con-nection with a good article of Liquor, at a much less price than these inferior preparations will cost you.

# Attention, Soldiers

AND THE FRIENDS OF SOLDIER We call the attention of all having friends in the army to the fact that "HOOFLAND'S German Bitters" will cure nine-tenths of the diseases induced by exposures and private us incident to camp life. In the fists, published almost daily in the newspapers, on the arrival of the sick, it will be noticed that a very large proportion are suffering from debility. Every case of that kind can be readily cured by Hoofland's German Bitters. Diseases resulting from disorders of the digestive organs are speedly removed. We have no hesitation in stating that, if these Bitters were freely used among our sodiers, hundreds of lives might be saved that otherwise will be lost.

We call particular attention to the following remarkable and well authenticated cure of one of the nation's heroes, whose life, to use his own language, "has been saved by the Bitters."

mation's neroes, wince the, to use his own language, "has been saved by the Bitters."

PHELIHIADVLI, A ugust 23rd, 1662.

Messrs. Jones & Ecans:—Well gentlemen, your Hoofland's Gerinan Bitters have saved my life.—There is no mistake in this. It is vouched for by numbers of my comrades, some of whose names are appended, and who were fully cognizant of all the circumstances of my case. I am, and have been for the last four years, a member of sherman's celebrated battery, and moder the immediate command of Capt. R. B. Ayers. Through the exposure attendant upon my arcanous duties, I was attacked in November last with inflamation of the lungs, and was for seventy-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debitity, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed from the White House, and sent to this city on board the Steamer "State of Maine," from which I landed on the 28th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and yeu ontain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow anything, and if I did force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

again. I could not even keep a glass of water on my stom-ach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been work-ing faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me troug the grasp of the dread Archer, frankly told me her could do no more for me, and advised me to see troug the grasp of the dread Archer, frankly told me, he's could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergy man, and to make such disposition of my limited in de as best suited me. An acquaintance who visited me at the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinbron, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forforn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the gloomy shadow of death receded, and I am now, thank God for it, getting better. Though I have taken but two bottles, I have gained ten pounds, and I feel sanguine of being permitted to rejoin my wife and daughter from whom I have heard nothing for eighteen monthstion, gentlemen, I am a loyal Virginian, from the vicinity of Front Royal. Fo your invaluable Bitter I owe the certainty of life which has taken the place of vague fears—to your flitters will I owe the glorious privilege of again clasping to my bosom those who are dearest to me in hie.

We fully concur in the truth of the above statement as we had despaired of seeing our comrade, Mr. Ma. lone restored to health.

JOHN CUDDLEBACK, 1st New York Battery, GEORGE A. ACKLEY, Co. C., 11th Maine.

LEWIS CHEVALIER, 92d New York.

I E. SPENCER, 1st Artillery Battery, F.

J. B. FAREWELL, Co. B., 3d Vermont.

HENRY T MACDONALD Co. C. 6th Maine.

JOHN F. WARD, Co. B. 5th Naine.

HERMAN KO'-EL, Co. H., 72d New York.

NATHANIEL B. THOMAS, Co. F., 95th Penn.

ANDREW J KIMAALL. Co. A., 3d Vermont.

JOHN JENKINS, Co. B., 106th Penn.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON," is on to WRAPPER of each bottle. PRICE PER BOTTLE 75 CENTS. OR HALF DOZ, FOR \$4 00,

Should your nearest druggist not have the acticle, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express. Principal Office and Manufactory,

NO. 631 ARCH STREET.

M. JACKSON & Co.,) Fropriotor4

17 HOR/HALE by Drugrists and Dust-town in stylished scatter. August 26, 1863.