Waynesburg Messenger

[illegible], JAS. S. JENNINGS, } Editors.

"A sentiment not to be appalled, corrupted or compromised. It knows no baseness; it cowers to no danger; it oppresses no weakness. Destructive only of despotism, it is the sole conservator of liberty, labor and property. It is the sentiment of Freedom, of equal rights, of equal obligations--the law of nature pervading the law of the land."

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Wednesday, June 3, 1863.

**DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.**

ASSEMBLY,
DR. ALEXANDER PATTON,
OF MORGAN TP.

PROTHONOTARY,
JUSTUS F. TEMPLE,
OF MARION TP.

TREASURER,
JAMES S. JENNINGS,
OF MARION TP.

REGISTER & RECORDER,
PETER BROWN,
OF MARION TP.

COMMISSIONER,
JOHN G. DINSMORE,
OF RICHHILL TP.

AUDITOR,
JOHN CLAYTON,
OF MORGAN TP.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,
DANIEL FULLER,
OF WHITELY TP.

"THE PRINTING PRESSES SHALL BE FREE TO EVERY PERSON WHO UNDERTAKES TO EXAMINE THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE OR ANY OTHER BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT; AND NO LAW SHALL EVER BE MADE TO RESTRAIN THE RIGHT THEREOF.—THE FREE COMMUNICATION OF THOUGHTS AND OPINIONS IS ONE OF THE INVALUABLE RIGHTS OF MAN; AND EVERY CITIZEN MAY FREELY SPEAK, WRITE AND PRINT UPON ANY SUBJECT, BEING RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ABUSE OF THAT LIBERTY."—Art. IX, Sec. VII, Constitution of Pennsylvania.

## THE COUNTY TICKET.

The Ticket nominated at the Democratic Primary Election on Saturday last will be found at our mast-head. It is composed of first-rate men, and we are persuaded will command the undivided support of the party. The candidates have the intelligence, experience and integrity necessary to the rightful and acceptable discharge of public duties and trusts; and if elected, will prove not only efficient, but popular public servants.

The canvas was quite animated, but the friends of the unsuccessful aspirants bear the defeat of their favorites with commendable good-humor, and will give the ticket, the WHOLE TICKET, a cordial support.

## PEACE AND ORDER.

It is the duty of all good citizens to discountenance and frown upon all attempts to disturb the peace of society. All are interested in the preservation of order, and all should lend their influence and example to this end. There is and can be no apology for outrages upon the persons or property of men. If differences of political opinion or associations, or if the intemperate expression of convictions honestly held are to justify brutal, if not deadly assaults on individuals, there is an end to all restraint, and men of all views and parties are exposed to shameless insult and outrage.

Democrats are not more interested in the maintenance of good order than Republicans, and are indisputably quite as able to resent indignities and to protect themselves from abuse. In these things all men stand on a common platform.—Equal in the rights and privileges of freemen, they should be equally prompt and determined in defending them.

These are exciting times, and it becomes everybody to avoid indiscreet and irritating expressions. Republicans should practice charity and moderation, as well as preach them, and are under just as great obligations to do so as Democrats. Let both parties be careful what counsel they give and what epithets they employ, and let men show they can differ in opinion and party attachments, and yet respect each other. No person need presume he can put his foot on his neighbor's neck because he is not of his faith or party, or does not swear in his words. *It can't be done,* and it is absurd and ridiculous to attempt it.

Freedom of speech is the birthright of every American citizen, and no man will relinquish it who is not *willing* and *fit* to be *a slave.* The right of the people to assemble at all times and places that may suit their convenience, and express their sentiments on all matters of political concern is guaranteed by the Constitution, and should be freely and fearlessly exercised. If we are no longer allowed to criticise the acts of our rulers, to expose the faithlessness and dishonesty of public officers, or to canvass measures of public policy, [illegible] left of our [illegible] but a name.

We counsel our Democratic friends to moderation and forbearance. Express your opinions on all occasions freely and decidedly, but in temperate language, and with true manly firmness. It is a right your opponents every where claim and exercise, and which you cheerfully concede them, and let them understand that *you* will not be deprived of it by any set of *men or any party.* Stand by the Union and Constitution, respect the constituted authorities and obey the laws. No matter how oppressive you may think them, obey them until you can change them through the legal and appointed methods. The BALLOT BOX is the remedy for bad rulers and laws; and while *it* is open to you, all will be well. Abstain from all acts of violence, and treat your opponents kindly and courteously. If they attack you, with a view to doing you bodily harm, defend yourself; it is your God-given right to do so, and you would be pussilanimous not to do it. But in no case be the aggressor, and by no means provoke or invite assault by foolish, heated, imprudent or angry expressions.

Again we say, obey the laws, and as far as you can and whenever you can appeal to the law for protection. It is intended to give security to your persons, your lives and your property; and it is only when it is defied and overridden by bad men, and made a dead letter, it becomes your duty to defend yourselves and vindicate your rights. Such occasions, thank God, are of rare occurrence, and for the sake of the happiness and well-being of society and for the good of the great cause of our country in which our sympathies are all enlisted, we trust they may never occur in this or in any community.

Most truthfully does the Harrisburg Telegraph, an Administration organ, say that "a spirit of mob-lawism is beginning to prevail in this and other States, which it is fearful to contemplate, outrageous to encourage, and culpable to tolerate."—And well does a Democratic cotemporary remark that "The people next October will set all these matters right."

We are now done with this subject.

## "MOB LAW."--CORPORAL EVANS.

The "Republican" has a strange, a surpassing strange article this week, on "Mob Law." Though in one breath it *expressly* counsels against all lawless demonstrations against the persons and property of Democrats, in another breath it furnishes excuse after excuse and apology after apology for such disgraceful outrages, and in substance intimates that the only security for Democrats is the abandonment of their party organization and the surrender of their honest convictions. Well, Monsieur Evans, *they will do neither.* They will stand by *both* to the end, sink or swim, come weal or woe, and the sooner your party friends understand it, the better.—They will discharge their whole duty to the country, but they will not be *gagged*, or denied the right of *peaceably assembling at their pleasure* and expressing their views of measures of public policy and the acts of their rulers. The *people* are the sovereigns in this country, not their *servants* nor *politicians*, and the attempts to stifle Free Speech and muzzle a Free Press, now making by the dominant party, is confirmation "strong as holy writ" of the fact that they are conscious of their own shortcomings and of the indefensible character of much of their policy and many of their acts.

Our neighbor of the "Republican" squarely asserts that many Democratic papers counsel "resistance to the law"—It is easy to *pen* such an assertion, Corporal, and *easy* to indite any thing; but it is quite another thing to *substantiate* such bold and monstrous declarations. We now call for the *proof* of this one of the many startling and extraordinary allegations in your article. We deny that any Democratic journal in the country ever counselled disobedience to the law, and we dare you to the proof. We *know* you have no allusion to the "Messenger," as *your* readers and *our own* would both know such an imputation on our course or teachings to be basely and utterly groundless; but you refer to *some* paper or papers, it is fair to presume, and we demand their names and the article or articles upon which you predicate so grave an accusation. If you have any respect for your own character, you will not fail to produce "the proof." Remember, we do not want assertion—we call for *proof*.

Corporal, to be candid, you are *incapable of telling the truth*, and as a partizan are utterly *unscrupulous.* Your article on "Mob Law" brings out your *real* character in these regards, and in others. You have a bad, black heart, full of malice and bitterness, and but for your own *coward fears*, would *boldly*, as you try *insidiously*, to incite men to deeds of blood, and violence and outrage. Belonging to the "*patriot* school, and railing at *party*, though a *party tool*," you would stop at nothing to gratify your hates and the hates of your owners, your preceptors and advisers. How *they* and *you* would like to decree the rack and jibbet to every Democrat! But would it not be well, Corporal, to have a care that the cords and tortures you intend for your neighbors are not reserved for yourself and your *tax-gathering* and "*twenty per cent.*" friends?

Corporal, we *pity* as much as we *despise* you, condemned, as you are, "to drudge, the meanest of the mean, to furnish falsehoods," and coin calumnies and scribble scandal for your dirty sheet at the bidding of the "living libels on mankind" who brought you back from your *money-making* but *bloodless* campaign on the Potomac to do an infinitely *nastier* work than *Cooke* would *descend* to, even at the *price of bread.* Your mendacity, and low-bred, disgraceful meanness will render any farther notice of you on our part, exceedingly distasteful and humiliating.

The Senior Editor spent Saturday last with the sterling Democracy of Old Richhill, and is under special obligations to them for the kindness and courtesy with which he was treated, and for the rousing vote they gave "BIG JIM." Notwithstanding they had a candidate of their own, in the person of one of their oldest citizens, and a faithful and life-long Democrat, our amiable and good-looking partner commanded over *one-half* of their votes. Our thanks are specially due the staunch friends who rendered us such efficient help in pressing his claims. We shall always hold them in grateful recollection.

☞Will Corporal Evans inform us what he means by publishing such contemptibly trashy stuff as one of his scribblers furnishes him this week? Does he want to "try our mettle" again? Does he want to "fling dirt" again? Is it impossible to *lift* him out of the *filth* in which he has so long *wallowed?* and *must* the *dog* so soon "return to his *vomit?*" Or does he expect to strike at us, from behind anonymous correspondents, hoping in that way to escape the *return* he deserves, and the scorn and contempt of all decent people?—If such be his tactics, shame on the cowardly puppy and miscreant!—He has neither the truthfulness, sincerity or decency of a *gentleman*, and has *put himself beneath the notice of gentlemen.*

## ON A VISIT.

On our late visit to Jacksonville we had the pleasure of encountering our good-looking and good-hearted young friend, Dr. T. W. Ross, Surgeon of the 7th Va. Regiment, now in the 2d Corps, Army of the Potomac. He is on a brief furlough, after the arduous professional service following the late reverses of our forces near the Rappahannock. His Regiment suffered considerably in the recent, as in former engagements.

The Doctor will accept our thanks for the elegant Cane he presented us. Health and happiness attend him, and length of days!

## Unconditional War Men.

We like the men who never say die—who go for the Union now and forever—who will never consent that the South shall go. But there is a class of unconditional war men which we are not in love with.

They are described in the following spicy paragraph from the New Haven Courier, a Republican paper. There is a world of truth in what this honest Republican journal says of these villians: "Contractors have carried on the war. The blood of our men, and graves of the wounded, the tears of the orphan and the wail of the widow, have been coined into money. * * * They have swindled the Government out of hundreds of millions. They have piled fortune on fortune, and as a distinguished officer at Washington writes us, all the operations of this war are managed by political swindlers."

## RETURNING REASON

"We are well aware that the Democratic party does not endorse very many of the acts of the Administration. *We have no right to ask such an endorsement at its hands.* Upon any of the details of the Administration, upon any of the measures which the President and Congress may see fit to adopt, *that party has a perfect right to its own opinions. It may with perfect propriety protest against the Proclamation of Emancipation, the policy of arbitrary arrests, the enlistment of negro soldiers, and any other measure of the Administration.*"—*New York Times.*

Most magnanimous Republican! Hast thou at length discovered that Democrats may honestly differ with the Administration, and yet sustain the Government?

## SOUND ADVICE.

That excellent Democratic journal, the Philadelphia *Age*, in speaking of the many recent outrages committed on the freedom of speech and of the press, and the disposition shown to retaliate, uses the following sensible words:

To our Democratic friends throughout the City and State, we say, be patient:—"wait a little longer." No cause was ever advanced by "stooping to conquer," and none was ever permanently injured by relentless persecution. The remedy for all our ills is the ballot-box—prepare for that—and thoroughly organize in every ward, borough, township and county in the Commonwealth. Hold Democratic meetings in every nook and corner—in school-houses, and by the wayside—in hills and shady groves; and fully arouse the people to a proper sense of the dangers which surround them. "Be just and fear not." Ask for nothing but what is right, and tamely submit to nothing that is wrong. Above all things, *keep strictly* within the limits of the Constitution and the laws, contemned as they are by the Abolition leaders and Jacobin Leagues; and though the present be shrouded in gloom, remember, with hopeful hearts, that "the hour that is darkest is the hour before day!"

## THE EXEMPTION CLAUSE.

Attorney General Bates has prepared an opinion, which, it is said, is accepted by the Department, that the law of Congress regarding the payment of three hundred dollars in lieu of service, when a person is drafted, is mandatory, and that this sum, and no less, must be fixed in all such cases, but it is also held that this only exempts the party from that particular draft when the money is paid, and that a similar liability is incurred upon each and every draft.

☞A Connecticut soldier was knocked down in New Orleans by a "colored gentleman" for saying that the object of the war was not to free the niggers. The case was taken before one of Mr. Lincoln's judges, who decided that the soldier had no right to talk so to the "colored gentleman."

The Democracy of Greene County will hold a Mass Meeting in the Court House in Waynesburg on

**TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 9.**

**HON. WM. MONTGOMERY,**

Of Washington, will POSITIVELY be present and address the meeting.—Let there be a large turn out, as business of importance to the party will be transacted.

## HOW CLERGYMEN DIFFER.

While the *not* very reverend Henry Ward Beecher thinks religion is promoted by the gospel of gunpowder, an Episcopalian minister, of Massachusetts, in a pastoral letter to his church, says:

If it be true, as Burke said, that "Civil wars strike the *deepest of all other* into the manners of the people; that they vitiate their politics; that they corrupt their morals; that they pervert even their natural relish of equity and justice; that by teaching us to consider our fellow creatures in a hostile light, the whole body of the nation becomes less dear to us; that the very names of affection and kindred, which were the bonds of charity when we agreed, become new incentives to hatred and rage, when the communions of our country are dissolved,"—then surely we have "*a thousand several tongues*" attesting the voice of God in His Church, calling us to the House of Prayer, and leading us to implore the interposition of His Providence in our behalf, not as individuals only, but also as a Church and a Nation.

## VALLANDIGHAM SENT SOUTH.

Newspaper correspondents state that Vallandigham arrived at Murfreesboro' under a strong escort on the 24th. The train did not stop at Nashville. The Cincinnati Commercial's special says his arrival was expected by the military public, but the time not being known, no demonstration of any kind took place.—He was quietly taken in a carriage to the quarters of Major Wille, Provost Marshal General, where he was seen by Gen. Rosecrans and a number of officers. He appeared to be fully composed, and abstained from the expression of any offensive sentiment.

At two o'clock, a. m., his southern journey was continued. Major Willis, with a mounted escort, started down to take him beyond our lines, on the Shelbyville pike. The prisoner was cheerful, and discussed his situation very coolly, but upon approaching the nearest rebel pickets, commanded by Col. Webb, of the Fifty-Fourth Alabama, some eight miles out, he became perceptibly affected.

Upon taking leave of his companions, he said in substance:—"I am a citizen of the United States, and loyal to them, and I want you to understand that you leave me here as a prisoner to the Confederate authorities."

To Col. Webb he made a similar declaration. The latter received him with the remark that he had read his speeches but did not like them, and that he could not receive him within the Confederate lines, but would permit him to remain at his post until he had ascertained the pleasure of his superiors. The flag of truce party then left Vallandigham to his fate, and returned.

## The Desolated Hearthstone of a Martyr to Civil Liberty.

The following dispatch reached us at a late hour last night. If true, it adds mountains to the weight of guilt resting upon those who have unlawfully seized and imprisoned or expatriated an American citizen for exercising the right of free speech given him by God and the Constitution. We have no space for comment upon this sad result—American freemen will make their own comments.—*Philadelphia Age.*

MRS. VALLANDIGHAM.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The Syracuse Courier of yesterday states that Mrs. Vallandigham has become insane.

## Speaking Disrespectfully of the President.

On Wednesday afternoon, Mr. Wm. J. Lusk, a highly respectable citizen of Garrard county, in this State, was arrested on the cars between Frankfort and this city by Lieutenant Bohanon, of Penna., and, being conveyed to this city was confined in the military prison, where he spent Wednesday night. On yesterday morning Mr. Lusk appeared before Col. Mundy, and when the only charge against him was stated to be, that he had "*spoken disrespectfully of the President,*" Col. Mundy immediately released him unconditionally. The Colonel told Mr. Lusk, who is a Union man, that he had the right to entertain and freely express his opinion of the President. We know Mr. Lusk as one of the staunchest Union men in Garrard county.--*Louisville Democrat.*

## The "Chuckleheads."

A correspondent suggests that those who call the Democrats Copperheads, are very properly entitled to the sobriquet of "Chuckleheads," from their blunders and imbecility in the prosecution of the war. The Copperhead may be a very venomous animal, but the Chucklehead, by his ignorance and pretension, would sacrifice an army, a country and a Government, rather than give up a theory which time and experience has demonstrated to be false and ruinous.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

## THE RELIGIOUS PRESS AND THE PRESIDENT.

The New York Observer and the Presbyterian Banner condemn President Lincoln for visiting the army and holding reviews of the troops on the Sabbath day. These journals fail to see the consistency of such conduct on the part of one who appoints days of fasting and prayer.

## [illegible] of the Democratic [illegible] Election, held in Greene County May 30, 1863.

| TOWNSHIPS. | Assembly. PATTON | ROSS | Proth'y. TEMPLE | CHALFANT | Commissioner. [illegible] | [illegible] | D[illegible] |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Marion | 83 | 44 | 110 | 21 | 74 | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Franklin | 98 | 116 | 150 | 66 | 78 | 95 | [illegible] |
| Jefferson | 129 | 25 | 150 | 8 | 82 | 58 | [illegible] |
| Morgan | 81 | 18 | 68 | 33 | 63 | 28 | 10 |
| Cumberland | 128 | 35 | 103 | 54 | 100 | 30 | 31 |
| Greene | 64 | 63 | 77 | 41 | 80 | 9 | 38 |
| Monongahela | 82 | 13 | 59 | 42 | 23 | 70 | 5 |
| Dunkard | 122 | 26 | 124 | 25 | 66 | 15 | 65 |
| Perry | 32 | 79 | 41 | 68 | 19 | 26 | 71 |
| Whiteley | 13 | 118 | 30 | 100 | 13 | 4 | 50 |
| Wayne | 40 | 129 | 86 | 78 | 42 | 91 | 33 |
| Gilmore | 56 | 17 | 68 | 7 | 21 | 19 | 34 |
| Jackson | 50 | 27 | 56 | 22 | 35 | 37 | 5 |
| Springhill | 13 | 93 | 102 | 3 | 52 | 42 | 15 |
| Alleppo | 36 | 66 | 97 | 25 | 58 | 15 | 44 |
| Richhill | 171 | 142 | 269 | 37 | 307 | 8 | 4 |
| Morris | | | | | | | |
| Washington | 104 | 35 | 126 | 7 | 65 | 41 | 27 |
| Centre | 126 | 21 | 136 | 19 | [illegible] | 66 | 26 |

*Treasurer.*

| TOWNSHIPS. | JENNINGS | IAMS | STEWART | KENT | LANG |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Marion | 83 | 48 | 1 | 6 | 2 |
| Franklin | 160 | 41 | 2 | 14 | |
| Jefferson | 41 | 65 | 49 | 5 | 4 |
| Morgan | 70 | 19 | 4 | 1 | 7 |
| Cumberland | 80 | 35 | 51 | 1 | |
| Greene | 8 | 6 | 112 | | |
| Monongahela | 12 | 25 | 65 | 4 | |
| Dunkard | 84 | 14 | 56 | 1 | |
| Perry | 37 | 18 | 61 | 2 | |
| Whiteley | 50 | 14 | 67 | 3 | |
| Wayne | 40 | 25 | 48 | 51 | 1 |
| Gilmore | 21 | 13 | 3 | 36 | |
| Jackson | 18 | 45 | 1 | 12 | 3 |
| Springhill | 47 | 41 | 6 | 3 | 10 |
| Alleppo | 56 | 19 | 12 | 18 | 17 |
| Richhill | 169 | 136 | 5 | | 27 |
| Morris | | | | | |
| Washington | 47 | 88 | | 2 | 1 |
| Centre | 52 | 36 | 6 | 68 | 3 |

| TOWNSHIPS. | Reg. & Recorder. BROWN | WORLEY | KNOTTS | SUTTON | P. H. Dir'r. FULLER | BATSON | Aud. CLAYTON |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Marion | 44 | 84 | 3 | 4 | 49 | 56 | 79 |
| Franklin | 112 | 80 | | 24 | 153 | 48 | 149 |
| Jefferson | 27 | 90 | 30 | 10 | 131 | 9 | 141 |
| Morgan | 42 | 45 | 4 | 9 | 75 | 20 | 88 |
| Cumberland | 15 | 20 | 133 | | 84 | 3 | 68 |
| Greene | 5 | 15 | 102 | 3 | 110 | 7 | 90 |
| Monongahela | 5 | 13 | 87 | | 78 | 3 | 47 |
| Dunkard | 48 | 23 | 50 | 29 | 94 | 16 | 5 |
| Perry | 71 | 19 | 25 | 1 | 90 | 2 | 7 |
| Whiteley | 43 | 20 | 70 | | 129 | 3 | 54 |
| Wayne | 89 | 31 | 24 | 19 | 98 | 46 | 89 |
| Gilmore | 41 | 11 | 5 | 15 | 33 | 22 | 42 |
| Jackson | 43 | 12 | 3 | 17 | 51 | 9 | 45 |
| Springhill | 73 | 13 | 10 | 1 | 68 | 34 | 58 |
| Alleppo | 23 | [illegible] | 45 | 5 | 55 | 33 | |
| Richhill | 179 | 75 | 18 | 36 | | | |
| Morris | | | | | | | |
| Washington | 30 | 5 | 1 | 101 | 96 | 28 | 117 |
| Centre | 82 | 25 | 4 | 43 | 18 | 122 | 79 |

Assembly—John Phelan Esq., received 1.
P. H. Director—Bowlby 5.

WE certify the above to be a correct return of the Democratic Primary Election held on Saturday May 30th, 1863, so far as received.

The official vote of Richhill and Morris townships has not as yet been received.

DAVID CRAWFORD, President.
W T H PAULEY, JOSEPH G. RITCHIE, } Secretaries.
*Waynesburg, June 2, 1863.*

☞Hear cream colored Theodore Tilton of the *Independent:* "Were all religion blotted out from the face of the earth, the plantation slaves would re-habilitate it, every doctrine. The negro was in this greater than the white, equal to the white woman." There isn't any statute, State or National, against a man's making an ass of himself; yet it is a pity to see some men do it, sometimes, without provocation or temptation.—*Springfield (Mass.) Republican.*

**SPECIAL NOTICE.**

☞ On and after JULY 1st, 1863, the privilege of converting the present issue of LEGAL TENDER NOTES INTO THE NATIONAL SIX PER CENT. LOAN, [commonly called "Five-Twenties"] will cease.

All who wish to invest in the Five-Twenty Loan must, therefore, apply before the 1st of JULY next.

JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
No. 114 S. THIRD St., Philadelphia.

☞ **Grover & Baker's Sewing** MACHINES for family and manufacturing purpose are the best in use

A. F. CHATONEY,
April 8 1863.-1y. 18 Fifth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

**New Hat and Cap Store.**—WM. FLEMING, No 139 *WOOD Street PITTSBURGH, PA.*, has established a *NEW HAT AND CAP HOUSE*, and persons visiting the city will find it a first class establishment, fitted up in the latest modern style, with every convenience for doing a Wholesale and Retail Trade. A large stock of every variety, style and quality of HATS and CAPS kept constantly on hand, which will be sold at the very lowest prices.—Mr. Fleming is a Practical Hatter, and guarantees satisfaction to purchasers. Oct. 1, 1862—1y.

**HOUSE & LOT AT PUBLIC SALE.**

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, in the village of Jefferson, on

**SATURDAY, JUNE 27TH, 1863,**

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the House and Lot now in the occupancy of John Snyder, and formerly owned by Jno. Linton, dec'd. Terms easy and made known on day of sale.

MICHAEL McGOVERN,
June 3d, 1863. Agent.

**SAPONIFIER,**

—OR—

**CONCENTRATED LYE,**

**THE FAMILY SOAP MAKER.**

The public are cautioned against the SPURIOUS articles of LYE for making SOAP, &c., now offered for sale. The only GENUINE and PATENTED Lye is that made by the PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, their trade mark for it being "SAPONIFIER, OR CONCENTRATED LYE."—The great success of this article has led unprincipled parties to endeavor to imitate it, in violation of the Company's PATENTS.

All Manufacturers, Buyers or Sellers of these Spurious Lyes, are hereby notified that the Company have employed as their Attorneys,

GEORGE HARDING Esq., of Phila., and
WILLIAM BAKEWELL, Esq., of Pittsburg.

And that all Manufacturers, Users or Sellers of Lye, in violation of the rights of the company, will be prosecuted at once.

The SAPONIFIER or CONCENTRATED LYE is for sale by all Druggists, Grocers and Country Stores.

**TAKE NOTICE,**

The United States Circuit Court, Western District, Pennsylvania, No. 1 of May Term, in 1862, in suit of the "Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company," vs. "Thos. G. Chase," decreed to the Company, on Nov. 15, 1862, the exclusive right granted by a patent owned by them for the Saponifier. Patent dated October 21, 1856. Perpetual injunction awarded.

**THE PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING CO.**

**OFFICES:**

**127 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.**
**Pitt St. and Duquesne Way Pittsburgh.**
May 27, 1863.

**Administrator's Notice.**

LETTERS of administration "de bonis non" having been granted by the Register to the undersigned upon the estate of JOSEPH McNEELY, dec'd, late of Morgan tp., all persons indebted to the estate will call and make immediate settlement, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

May 27, '63. JOHN McNEELY, Adm'r.

**[illegible]**

[illegible] hereby given to [illegible] undersigned Merchants, &c., th[illegible] have been appraised and [illegible] as below, and [illegible] of Appeal will be held at the Commis[illegible]e, in Waynesburg, on Thursday, the 9d day [illegible] next, when and where all persons can attend, if they see proper.

WM. FOX,
Mercantile Appraiser.

| Names. | Class. | $ cts. |
|---|---|---|
| **ALLEPPO TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| [illegible] B. Woodruff, | 14 | 7 00 |
| **CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP.** *Carmichaels Borough.* | | |
| [illegible] P. Crossdale | 14 | 7 00 |
| [illegible] J. Acklin | 14 | 7 00 |
| Alfred Frost | 14 | 7 00 |
| William Courtney | 14 | 7 00 |
| Richard Morford | 14 | 7 00 |
| James Flenniken | 14 | 7 00 |
| J. W. Hathaway | 13 | 10 00 |
| J. Barkman | 14 | 7 00 |
| **DUNKARD TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Malen Stanley | 14 | 7 00 |
| George O. Lemley | 14 | 7 00 |
| W. P. Williams | 14 | 7 00 |
| A. P. Stewart | 14 | 7 00 |
| John E. Taylor | 13 | 10 00 |
| **FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Ellen Huss | 14 | 7 00 |
| A. J. Lippencott | 14 | 7 00 |
| Jesse Hook | 14 | 7 00 |
| **GILMORE TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| P. McCullough & Co | 13 | 10 00 |
| **GREENE TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Emry Taylor | 13 | 10 00 |
| Malen Stanley | 14 | 7 00 |
| **JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Mary A. Jordan | 14 | 7 00 |
| T. P. Pollock | 14 | 7 00 |
| Robert Reynolds | 14 | 7 00 |
| Hughes & Oliver | 13 | 10 00 |
| Smith & Poge | 14 | 7 00 |
| J. H. Hughes | 14 | 7 00 |
| H. H. Lindsey | 14 | 7 00 |
| William Black | 14 | 7 00 |
| S, & J. Sedgwick | 13 | 10 00 |
| J. S. Walton | 14 | 7 00 |
| **JACKSON TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| P. M. Grimes | 14 | 7 00 |
| **MORRIS TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| George Hoskinson | 14 | 7 00 |
| Remley & Swart | 14 | 7 00 |
| **MORGAN TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Miller Iams | 14 | 7 00 |
| Arnold & Sargent | 14 | 7 00 |
| Amos Walton | 14 | 7 00 |
| Fletcher Allman | 14 | 7 00 |
| **MONONGAHELA TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Wm Gray | 13 | 10 00 |
| Alexander Mestrezatt | 14 | 7 00 |
| Lewis Herrington | 14 | 7 00 |
| George Herrington | 14 | 7 00 |
| W. H. McCoy | 13 | 10 00 |
| A. & W. Boohner | 14 | 7 00 |
| Robert Ross | 14 | 7 00 |
| J. C. & G. Black & Co. | 14 | 7 00 |
| Reece Shelby | 14 | 7 00 |
| **MARION TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| J. C. Lightcap | 14 | 7 00 |
| Wm. A. Porter | 13 | 10 00 |
| M. A Harvey | 14 | 7 00 |
| W. L. Creigh | 14 | 7 00 |
| Minor & Brother | 13 | 10 00 |
| Isaac Hooper | 14 | 7 00 |
| A. J. Sowers | 14 | 7 00 |
| Nathaniel Clark | 13 | 10 00 |
| R. Clark | 13 | 7 00 |
| R. K. Campbell | 14 | 7 00 |
| Joseph Yater | 14 | 7 00 |
| Andrew Wilson, Jr. | 14 | 7 00 |
| Green & Strosnider | 14 | 7 00 |
| John Munnell | 14 | 7 00 |
| A. Wilson, Sr. | 14 | 7 00 |
| Josiah Porter | 13 | 10 00 |
| Lewis Day | 14 | 7 00 |
| Thomas Bradley | 14 | 7 00 |
| James Guiher | 14 | 7 00 |
| D. W. Braden | 14 | 7 00 |
| **PERRY TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| E. F. Morris | 13 | 10 00 |
| M Chalfant & Co | 14 | 7 00 |
| W G Morris | 14 | 7 00 |
| **RICHHILL TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| D M Walton | 13 | 10 00 |
| Hughes & Kincade | 14 | 7 00 |
| W H Hilton | 14 | 7 00 |
| G W Ferrell & Co | 14 | 7 00 |
| John W Walton | 13 | 10 00 |
| Morgan Bell | 14 | 7 00 |
| Mascon & Sihawk | 14 | 7 00 |
| **CENTRE TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| S Coe & Son | 14 | 7 00 |
| W H Hilton | 14 | 7 00 |
| John Call & Co | 14 | 7 00 |
| A Kent | 14 | 7 00 |
| **SPRINGHILL TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Geo. Hoskinson & Son | 14 | 7 00 |
| G J Johns & Co | 14 | 7 00 |
| **WHITELEY TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| John Hudson | 14 | 7 00 |
| W D Hudson | 14 | 7 00 |
| Marion Chalfant | 14 | 7 00 |
| **WAYNE TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| A M Baily & Son | 14 | 7 00 |
| Thomas Brock | 14 | 7 00 |
| Samuel Hindgardner's | 14 | 7 00 |
| **SPRINGHILL TOWNSHIP.** *Distilleries.* | | |
| J. Roach & Co. | no class | 5 00 |
| **CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Simon Moredock | no class | 15 00 |
| Uriah Rinehart | do. | 15 00 |
| **DUNKARD TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| John South | no class | 15 00 |
| Jones & Woolsey | do. | 20 00 |
| **FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Jesse Hook | 6 | 25 00 |
| **JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Amos Martin | no class | 15 00 |
| George Moredock | do. | 15 00 |
| **MONONGAHELA TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Samuel Minor | no class | 15 00 |
| William Gray | 3 | 50 00 |
| Alexander Mestrezatt | 5 | 25 00 |
| **MORGAN TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| G. Moredock | 6 | 25 00 |
| **RICHHILL TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Weldin J. Bryan | no class | 10 00 |
| J. M. Hilton | do. | 10 00 |
| **JACKSON TOWNSHIP.** | | |
| Williams & Eagon | no class | 6 00 |

June 3d, 1863 —4t

**MASONIC CELEBRATION.**

AT a regular meeting of I. L. Craft Lodge, No. 329, A. Y. M., held at Greensboro, Greene county, Pa., it was Resolved that the members of said Lodge celebrate the coming Anniversary of St. John, the Baptist,

**On the 24th day of June, 1863.**

All Lodges, Chapters, and Commanders in the District, and all sojourning Masons in good standing, are respectfully invited to attend and participate in the ceremonies of the day.

THOMAS W. LYONS,
J. C. G. BLACK,
ROBERT MAPLE,
C. BURWELL,
ISAAC MORRIS,
WM. CLEAVENGER, } Com.
May 27, '63.

**REGISTER'S NOTICE.**

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned, that the following Executors, Administrators and Guardians have ordered their several accounts to be published for settlement at June Term, 1863, and that said accounts will be filed according to law, and presented to the Orphan's Court of said county and State of Pennsylvania at said Term, on Wednesday, the 10th day of June, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for confirmation and allowance.

N. B. Said accounts must be on file thirty days preceding the sitting of said Court.—Those upon whom citations have been issued, will please file their accounts and save trouble.

Account of John Price, Gardian of Elizabeth Neal, formerly Sharpneck, a minor child of Peter Sharpneck, dec'd.

Final account of Jacob Smith, Administrator of Alexander Smith, dec'd, and distribution account.

Account of Walter L. Batson, Administrator of John Batson, dec'd.

Account of W. L. Batson, Administrator of Isaac Norris, dec'd.

Account of Wm. B. Stewart, Guardian of Sarah Jane Litzenburg and Benjamin Litzenburg, minor children of James Litzenburg, dec'd.

Account of John Scott, Guardian of Robert Applegate and Elvira Applegate, minor children of Isaiah Applegate, dec'd.

Account of Samuel Jewel and John C. Flenniken, Executors of Samuel Jewel, dec'd.

Account of Temple Bryan, Administrator upon the Estate of James Bryan, dec'd.

Account of Martha Ellen Walton and Ralph Drake, Administrators of Abraham Walton, dec'd.

Account of William Crosgray, Adm'r of J. T. Crosgray, dec'd.

JUSTUS F. TEMPLE, Register.
Register's Office, Waynesburg, May 6, 1863.

**For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.**

Put up in 25c. 50c. $1 00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for HOTELS, PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
Sold by all DRUGGISTS and RETAILERS everywhere.
!!! BEWARE !!! of all worthless imitations.
See that "COSTARS" name is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.

☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR,
PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Sold by Isaac Hooper, Rhemick Clark and other Waynesburg, Pa.
May 6, 1863.—6 m.

**MOZAMBIQUES, LENOS,**

AND

**GRENEDINES,**

JUST OPENED, AT

**ALEXANDER BATES',**

**21 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.**

The stock of **DRESS GOODS, Sacques, CIRCULARS, SILKS and SHAWLS** is complete, and worthy the attention of the Ladies. Call and see.

ALEXANDER BATES,
May 27, '63. 21 FIFTH STREET.

**COUNTRY MERCHANTS**

supplied with Goods at prices to suit their trade.

**DRY GOODS!**

**D. GREGG & CO.,**

Wholesale Dealers in

**Foreign, Domestic & Fancy**

**DRY GOODS,**

**and small wares,**

**No. 99 Wood street,**

**PITTSBURGH, PA.,**

CALL the attention of the trade and Country Merchants especially, to their large and complete stock of goods, comprising all articles in their line.—Purchased exclusively for cash before the recent advance in prices, which they now offer at a very small advance to Cash and short time buyers.

DAVID GREGG. JAMES RAFFERTY. JOHN RICHARDSON.
Pittsburgh, April 8, 1862.-3mos.

**WHOLESALE**

**DRY GOODS.**

**WILSON & McELROY,**

**54 WOOD STREET,**

**PITTSBURGH,**

OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR

**SPRING,**

**1863,**

AT THE

**LOWEST**

**MARKET PRICES.**

March 25, 1863.

**JAS. P. TANNER,**

NO. 56 WOOD STREET

**PITTSBURGH, PA.**

OFFERS FOR SALE 2500 CASES OF CHOICE and newest styles of

**BOOTS AND SHOES,**

**WOOL AND FUR HATS,**

**Palm Leaf and Leghorn Hats,**

HOODS, BONNETS, &c.

Bought before the recent heavy advance, which will be sold at a bare commission of profits, and fully from

**Fifteen to Twenty per cent. under Manufacturers' Prices.**

This is probably the largest stock to be found in any house east or west of the mountains.

Buyers will promote their interests by purchasing, and they are invited to call. April 8, '63.-3m.

**HOUSEKEEPERS**

**FURNISHING STORE.**

**GOODS FOR THE**

**KITCHEN**

| | |
|---|---|
| Tin Ware, | Brushes, |
| Wooden Ware, | Baskets, |
| Spice Boxes, | Jelly Moulds, |
| Cup Tubs, | Wash Basins, |
| Slaw Cutters, | Cup Mops, |
| Hair Sieves, | Wire Sieves, |
| Mince Knives, | Coal Scuttles, |
| Silver Soap, | Stove Polish, |
| Chamoise Skins, | Knife Washers, |
| Skewers, | Basting Spoons, |
| Gridirons, | Coffee Mills, |
| Lemon Squeezers | Wash Boards |
| Stew Pans | Sauce Pans |
| Wafle Irons | Bird Roasters |
| Fish Kettles | Fry Pans |
| Ham Boilers | Farina Boilers |
| Graters | Egg Beaters |
| Larding Needles | Flour Pails |
| Pudding Pans | Water Filters, |
| Bread Pans | Pie Plates |
| Butter Ladles | Clothes Wringers |
| Iron Holders | Wooden Spoons |
| Step Ladders | Butter Prints |
| Keelers | Wash Tubs, |
| Clothes Lines | Soap Cups |
| Scales | Toast Forks |
| Cook's Knive | Sad Irons |
| Bread Boxes | Meat Presses |
| Scoops | Cake Boxes, &c., &c. |

*FOR THE DINING ROOM.---SILVER PLATED.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Castors | Call Bells |
| Syrup Jugs | Nut Picks |
| Cake Knives | Fish Knives |
| Crumb Knives | Ice Cream Knives |
| Salt Stands | Napkin Rings |
| Fruit Stands | Cake Baskets |
| Butter Knives | Forks and Spoons |
| Soup Ladles | Oyster Ladles |
| Gravy Ladles | Sugar Spoons |
| Children's Cups | Mustard Spoons |
| Round and Oval Salvers | Pitchers |
| Bouquet Stands | Goblets |

*CUTLERY.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Ivory Handled Knives | Carvers |
| Cocoa do do | Forks |
| Stag do do | Square Waiters |
| English Tea Trays | Crumb Brushes |
| Fork and Spoon Trays | Crumb Trays |
| Dish Covers | Chafing Dishes |
| Hash Dishes | Coffee Biggins |
| Wine Strainers | Coffee Caleuier |
| Spirit Coffee Spots, | Nut Crackers |
| Table Mats | Round Waiters |
| Bread Baskets | Cork Screws |
| Wine Coolers | Knife Sharpeners |
| Refrigerators | Water Coolers &c., |

*FOR THE CHAMBER.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Toilet Jars | Water Carriers |
| Foot Baths | Chamber Buckets |
| Infant's Baths | Bowls and Pitchers |
| Mattrass Brushes | Gas Shades |
| Shaving Ætnas | Nursery Shades |
| Bronze Match Holders | Nursery Lamps |
| Flower Stands | Clothes Whiskes, |
| Nursery Refrigerators | Clothes Hempers |
| Wax Tapers | Night Lights |

*MISCELLANEOUS.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Library Steps | Door Mats |
| Vienna Fish Globes | Yestas |
| Bird Cages | Meat-Safes |
| Vizzetts | Pocket Knives |
| Card de Visi Frames | Flasks |
| Camp Knives | Camp Portfolios, |

And everything pertaining to a well appointed House hold.

To be obtained at reasonable prices at the NEW STORE of

**KAY & RICHARDS,**
**30 Fifth street,**
First Door below Exchange Bank,
Pittsburgh, Oct. 1st, 1862 1y.