



WAYNESBURG, PA.  
Wednesday, Sept. 10, 1862.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.  
FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,  
ISAAC S. LENKER,  
OF UNION COUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,  
JAMES P. BARR,  
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.  
CONGRESS,  
GEN. JESSE LAZEAR,  
OF GREENE COUNTY.  
ASSEMBLY,  
ALEXANDER PATTON,  
OF MORGAN TP.

COMMISSIONER,  
JOHN PRIOR,  
OF MORGAN TP.

AUDITOR,  
ISRAEL BRES,  
OF MORRIS TP.

COUNTY SURVEYOR,  
GEORGE HOGE,  
OF CENTRE TP.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,  
WILLIAM DAVIS,  
OF JEFFERSON TP.

**DR. WALLACE, THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS AND PRESIDENT LINCOLN.**

It seems the Republican candidate for Congress in this district and President Lincoln do not agree in many questions brought before the present Congress, in which the negro is involved, and in no question more prominently than certain features of the Confiscation Bill.

The Constitution of the United States says: "No attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood nor forfeiture, except during the lifetime of the person attained." The President regarded that provision of the Confiscation bill which undertook to forfeit all property, absolutely, of the "person attained" as in clear conflict with this provision of the Constitution, and in this view he was sustained not only by the ablest Constitutional lawyers of his own party, as Judge Thomas of Massachusetts, Senator Browning of Illinois, and Senator Cowan of Pennsylvania, but of all the Democratic members in both Houses. Now although we have never regarded President Lincoln as a profound Statesman, yet we think even his political opponents consider him to be an able lawyer and a competent judge of a Constitutional question. But the profound aspirant for Representative for this Congressional District not only differs in opinion with the ablest men of his own party, but presumes even to treat with contempt the opinion of the President elected by his party. Dr. Wallace may be a very competent judge upon a medical question, but certainly upon a legal and Constitutional question, we may be excused for adopting the opinion of the President, rather than his. It will be recollected that Dr. Wallace not only voted against the President upon the Confiscation bill, but that he undertook in an elaborate speech, circulated all over this Congressional District to prove this very feature of the bill, which constitutes one of the most formidable objections mentioned in the President's veto of it, was not in conflict with the Constitution! We certainly cannot regard this as an evidence of either the intelligence or modesty of our would be Representative.

We confess we were somewhat surprised at this and many other of Dr. Wallace's votes during the past session of Congress, in which he evinced the fullest concurrence with the Abolitionists. If we mistake not Dr. Wallace, previously had the reputation of conservatism. As an old Line Whig he had the active hostility of the Radical Abolitionists of his county, and his majority was much reduced in consequence of that hostility. Can it be that the Doctor, by his radical votes in the present Congress has been angling for the vote of that character in his own county, which was previously withheld from him, and the want of which he knew might be seriously felt in the approaching campaign? But if so, is such course consistent with the high integrity which should characterize one who seeks our votes for the responsible office to which he is aspiring?

We have a single question which we desire to ask of the Conservative Republicans of this county and this Congressional district. Will you vote for Dr. Wallace who votes against President Lincoln on this subject, or for Gen. Lazear, who, upon this, as all other legitimate war questions, votes with President Lincoln?

**CAPT. McCULLOUGH'S COMPANY.**  
The Pittsburgh Chronicle thus noticed the arrival of the Waynesburg Rifles in that city:—  
FROM GREENE COUNTY.—A splendid company, the "Greene County Rifles," arrived in the city to-day, and left at once for "Camp Howe," where they will find ample preparations for their reception. The company numbers considerably over one hundred men, and is commanded by Captain McCullough. The members are all able, strapping fellows, and many of them over six feet in height.

**CONFEEEE MEETING.**

The Democratic Congressional conferees for the District composed of Washington, Greene, Lawrence and Beaver counties, met at the St. Charles Hotel, this city, on Tuesday, September 2. The Convention was organized by the election of Gen. W. S. Caloham, of Washington county, chairman and G. S. Long, of Beaver, Secretary. On motion of E. B. Dougherty, Esq., Hon. Jesse Lazear was unanimously nominated as Democratic candidate for Congress.

After a brief discussion as to the state of the country and the necessity of an earnest campaign and triumphant election, on motion the Convention adjourned.

W. S. CALOHAM, Chairman.  
O. S. LONG, Secretary.—Pitts. Post.

**GREENE COUNTY AND HER VOLUNTEERS FOR THE WAR.**

We have heard of statements made by citizens of Greene county, which cast an imputation upon her patriotism. Whatever may have been the motives of these statements, we feel proud to dispel them by a statement of the facts developed by the recent enrollment. At the date of the enrollment, Greene county, had ten hundred and twenty-four Volunteers in the service or on their way to the war. The number required of Greene county, by the recent Proclamation of the Governor, is fourteen hundred and thirty-six. This would leave but little over four hundred yet to raise, but for the unfortunate fact, that three hundred and twenty-four of our Volunteers have gone into Virginia Regiments; and the State, under the present decision of the Governor, will get no credit for them. We hope this decision may yet be reversed, in justice to the patriotic citizens of several of our Townships bounding on the Virginia line, but we confess we do not at present see how this is to be done.

**NEW COMPANY.**

The new Company raising by Jams P. Cosgray, B. F. Campbell, Wm. C. Lindsey and Wm. Hays, met at their headquarters in this place on Thursday evening last, and elected the following officers:

W. C. LINDSEY, Esq., Captain.  
JAS. P. COSGRAY, First Lieut.  
B. F. CAMPBELL, Second Lieut.

The Company is fast filling up with fine stalwart men. The company will leave this place on Friday morning next, for Pittsburg to join their Regiment.

**NEW COMPANIES.**

SAMUEL MONTGOMERY, Esq., JOSEPH PHILAN, Esq., JAMES B. LINDSEY and COULTER WELLS are engaged in raising a new Company. This will afford another opportunity for enlisting in a Volunteer Company. All the bounty will be paid. For particulars see bills. Recruiting office, opposite the Court House.

We understood a Cavalry Company is being raised at Carmichaels. We commend this company to horseman desirous of entering the service.  
HERRICK is also recruiting. He will leave next Monday. Come on boys!

**THE DRAFT IN GREENE COUNTY.**

Gov. CURTIN has appointed Geo. L. WYLER, Esq., a leading lawyer at our Bar, Commissioner of the Draft for our county, and Dr. Wm. D. ROGERS, of Jefferson, Surgeon, to examine persons claiming exemption on the score of physical disability. Both are estimable gentlemen, and will discharge the duties of their appointments, we doubt not, with entire acceptability.

**FLAG PRESENTATION.**

An interesting ceremony took place at Camp Howe, yesterday morning, in the presence of a large number of spectators. It was the presentation of a fine stand of colors to the Lawrence Guards, of Monongahela City, by Hon. G. V. LAWRENCE, who made an eloquent and thrilling address. Capt. T. T. Gregg, of the Guards, replied in a few short but neat remarks.—The presentation was made in the presence of the Greene County Rifles, and Mr. Purman, of Waynesburg, followed Mr. Gregg in an able and patriotic speech. These two companies will be associated in the same regiment, and we are confident that they will do credit to Western Pennsylvania.—Pitts. Post.

**MEETING OF CONFEEERS.**

The meeting of Congressional Conferees in Pittsburg last Tuesday afternoon was a very pleasant occasion. Delegates from each of the counties of the District were present, and all seemed cheerful in view of the apparent certainty of the election of our candidate, Hon. JESSE LAZEAR, to Congress this fall. The utmost unanimity pervades the Democratic ranks all over the District, and the prospect of success is quite encouraging. Let every man do his duty—his duty to the country, to the Constitution and the Union, and we will roll up such a majority for Jesse Lazear this fall as will make abolitionism hide its head in shame.—Beaver Star.

**HURRAH FOR BROWNING.**

We clip the following from the Pittsburgh Gazette of Thursday last. It must be consoling for such journals to be necessitated to publish such matter. Say we, hurrah for Browning! This is merely a forerunner of what will take place all over the country, before the lapse of many months.—Examiner.  
"On Saturday, the 16th inst., Senator O. H. Browning made a speech at the Court House in Quincy, Illinois, denouncing the 'abolitionists' in unmeasured terms, and declaring that Senators Sumner, Wilson, and others, were 'disloyal traitors, crazy fanatics, bent on the destruction of the Government.' He was ready to go over to the Whatevers, or to act with patriotic men to whatever party they might belong, who were for the Union and the Constitution."  
Dr. J. M. Lazzle of Fairmont, was brought to Wheeling on Tuesday last and confined, having refused to take the oath, will be sent to Camp Chase.

**THE ARREST OF INGERSOLL—PLAIN TALK FROM A REPUBLICAN PAPER.**

The New York World, a Republican newspaper is outraged by the systematic attempt to stifle free speech and a free press. It actually published the "treasonable" speech of Mr. Ingersoll, and makes these publishing observations:

We bring elsewhere the speech delivered by Charles J. Ingersoll, at the Philadelphia Democratic meeting on Saturday last, for which he has been arrested by order of the Government. It no doubt contains a world of incendiary and disloyal matter, or else he would not have been arrested; but a great many honest people will "candle his brains" without finding it out. He expresses a doubt as to the wisdom and honesty of the administration, it is true; but then Horace Greeley and Wendell Phillips have done the same thing in a fifty-fold more offensive manner—yet the offender receives a respectful letter signed "A. Lincoln" and the other is sent to jail.

It is an extraordinary spectacle which we have witnessed for the last year—a free people, the freest on earth, tenacious of their rights, imperious for the largest liberty, quietly submitting to the suspension of their rights and liberties, to a restricted freedom of the press, the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*, imprisonments without trial, liberations without reparation. The President of the United States and his advisers will terribly mistake the temper of the American people, the secret of their submission to, of their demand for, these stretches of executive power, if they presume or act upon the presumption that they will tolerate them for any other end whatever than the suppression of the rebellion.

The President of the United States and his advisers will terribly mistake the temper of the American people, the secret of their submission to, of their demand for, these stretches of executive power, if they presume or act upon the presumption that they will tolerate them for any other end whatever than the suppression of the rebellion.

**A PREDICTION VERIFIED.**

We are informed, that at the late Harvest Home Celebration in the lower end of this county, one of the speakers, in substance declared, that "Had we been told twenty months ago that the present civil war was coming upon our country, we would have regarded it as a false prophecy; we would have not believed a word of it; because we did not then dream of its truth." Never was a more lamentable truth uttered, and the speaker, a gentleman of age and intelligence, knew whereof he testified; for it will be remembered, that during the campaign of 1860, every Democratic Press and Speaker in the land, did predict the coming of this very civil war, with all its horrors, in case a sectional candidate was elected to the Presidency.—And was this prediction believed? Far from it. On the contrary, we were assured that "we could not kick the Southern States out of the Union,"—that "the South-ern people would not fight"—that "it would be but a mere breakfast spell to whip them in again, if they did attempt to secede;—" and the whole Democratic party were denounced as alarmists and ridiculed as "Union Savers," because they were disposed to give heed to the warnings of Washington and Jackson, whose Farewell Addresses rise before us to-day with almost the sacred wisdom of inspired prophecy.—Truly were all Democrats then denounced as false prophets, and just as truly have their worst fears and predictions been verified.

**DEMOCRATIC LOYALTY.**

The Chicago Times handsomely compliments the loyalty of the Democracy, as shown by their efforts to crush the rebellion. Never, perhaps, in civil government, it remarks, has so grand a spectacle been presented as that of the Democratic party of this country coming up unanimously to the support of an administration which came into power against its wishes and upon issues out of which have grown the troubles with respect to which this support is given. The President commanded this support at the moment he made the first call to arms, and it has never since been withdrawn from him for a day. It has been unconditional as to the means of the great end, only that they should be constitutional, and that the great end should be held continually in view. It has been cordial and disinterested in the press and through all civil channels as lofty and self-sacrificing and devoted in the field. The Democratic party has furnished nearly two-thirds of all the soldiers who have gone to the war, and when the draft shall come it will furnish from its decimated ranks its fair proportion cheerfully. These soldiers have gone under the convictions of duty impressed upon them by the Democratic press, where all their lives they have been accustomed to look for guidance and counsel. The President owes more to the Democratic press for the popular unanimity which has sustained him, as well in times of disaster or triumph than to any other influence. When this popular unanimity has been impaired, it has been by his own party press, and his own party majority in Congress.

**THE NATIONAL TAX.**

DAVID K. SANKEY, of New Castle, Lawrence county, has been appointed Collector, and SAMUEL DAVENPORT, of Beaver, Assessor of the National tax for this Congressional District.

**THE OLD REGIMENTS.**

ISAAC TARGARDEN is still recruiting in this county for the old Regiments. When absent from Waynesburg, W. T. E. WEBB, Esq. will attend to business for him. Persons wishing to enlist can call on either.

**PROCLAMATION OF GOV. CURTIN.**

**GOING TO ARM THE STATE.**  
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,  
Harrisburg, September 4th 1862.  
Pennsylvania, ss.—In the name and by the authority of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I Andrew Curtin, Governor of the Commonwealth, do issue this my Proclamation: Whereas, In the present position of affairs it is expedient that measures should be taken to arm and prepare our people for defence; now, therefore, I do earnestly recommend the immediate formation through the Commonwealth of volunteer companies and regiments, in conformity with the Militia Act of 1858. Arms will be distributed to the organizations so to be formed, agreeably to the provisions of said Act.  
It is further recommended, that in order to give due opportunity for drill and instruction, all places of business will be closed daily, at 3 o'clock, P. M., so that persons employed therein may so that hour be at liberty to attend to their military duties.  
The cheerful alacrity with which the men of Pennsylvania have hitherto given themselves to the service of the country, having pressed heavily on her military resources, I am reluctant to ask her people to assume further burdens, but as their safety requires that they should do so, it is in their behalf that I put forth the recommendations herein contained, and urge a prompt compliance with them.  
Given under my hand the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, in the year of our Lord one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-two, and of the Commonwealth the 27th.  
ELI SLIFER,  
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

**The Draft in Greene County!**

LATE AND IMPORTANT INTELLIGENCE RELATING TO THE WAR!!

Official information has just been received from Harrisburg, fixing the quota of troops to be raised in Greene County under the various calls, at **1436!!**

She will get credit for all the troops serving in Pennsylvania Regiments, but not for those serving in Regiments raised in other States!

The following table, taken from the official enrollment, shows the number of persons to be drafted from this county. The calculation is made after giving credit for those who have volunteered up to the date, and the figures below show the number that will be drafted from each Township, unless raised by VOLUNTEERING between this day and the 15th inst.—

Aleppo.....	68
Cumberland.....	28
Carmichaels bor.....	28
Centre.....	32
Dunkard.....	70
Franklin.....	31
Gilmore.....	33
Greene.....	29
Jackson.....	30
Jefferson.....	27
Marion.....	none
Morris.....	58
Monongahela.....	44
Morgan.....	34
Perry.....	67
Richhill.....	114
Springshill.....	64
Wayne.....	52
Washington.....	15
Whiteley.....	36
Total.....	812

The above calculation may be relied upon as correct; if any errors exist therein, it is in placing the estimate too low.—The figures are not too high in any instance.

The Draft will certainly be made, and our citizens should be up and doing.

**The Aggregate Quota of Troops to be Raised by Each County.**

The following table shows the number of troops to be furnished by the several counties. The quotas embrace all the troops called for since the commencement of the war, excepting the three months men.—The number assigned to each county will be apportioned among the several townships, boroughs and precincts by the Commissioner, in accordance with the enrollment; and he will credit each township, precinct, &c., with the men already furnished, as shown by the enrollment, and make a draft for the number necessary to fill the quota, unless volunteers are furnished on or before the day fixed for the draft. Credit cannot be allowed for teamsters, mechanics in the army, men enlisted in the regular army or marines, or for volunteers enlisted in regiments of other States. Several counties have already raised their full quotas and there will be no draft in such counties. The troops to be raised for the old regiments are not embraced in this table. There will probably be a special draft for those:

Adams.....	1,646
Allegheny.....	959
Armstrong.....	1,023
Beaver.....	1,234
Berks.....	1,577
Bedford.....	1,577
Berks.....	2,522
Buckley.....	3,258
Columbia.....	2,248
Bradford.....	2,444
Bucks.....	3,753
Franklin.....	2,387
Cambria.....	1,723
Carroll.....	278
Chatham.....	4,307
Chester.....	1,920
Centre.....	1,920
Clinton.....	1,643
Clarke.....	1,119
Crawford.....	2,858
Delaware.....	2,801
Dauphin.....	1,861
Dennison.....	2,801
Dickinson.....	344
Franklin.....	2,387
Greene.....	2,248
Hampden.....	1,426
Huntingdon.....	1,659
Indiana.....	1,022
Jefferson.....	1,022

**THE DRAFT IN GREENE COUNTY!**

LATE AND IMPORTANT INTELLIGENCE RELATING TO THE WAR!!

Official information has just been received from Harrisburg, fixing the quota of troops to be raised in Greene County under the various calls, at **1436!!**

She will get credit for all the troops serving in Pennsylvania Regiments, but not for those serving in Regiments raised in other States!

**THE LADIES' FESTIVAL.**

We neglected, last week, to mention that we attended the Festival of the Ladies' Soldier's Aid Society at College Hall on Thursday evening, Aug. 28th. The literary exercises were of a very interesting character, and were received with many marks of approbation. The supply of "sweetmeats" was bountiful, but was soon exhausted by the scores of willing buyers. The Association must have realized quite a handsome sum on the occasion, as it deserved to.

The following letter was received by the society which explains itself:—

Headquarters, Pennsylvania Militia, Quartermaster General's Office,  
Harrisburg, Aug. 26, '62.

DEAR MISS:—The box from the Soldiers Aid Society of Greene County, from being directed to Gov. Curtin, instead of this office, has only just been received. It has now arrived safely and will be forwarded, by express, to Washington City, where in the various hospitals, there are now a large number of our sick and wounded Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Thanking the kind donors of this acceptable donation for our brave and suffering soldiers, I remain very respectfully,  
R. C. HALE, Q. M. G.  
MISS HADDIE C. MILLER, Cor. Sec'y,  
Soldiers Aid Society, Waynesburg,  
Greene county, Pa.

**General Kelley.**

On Sunday last, Gen. Kelley telegraphed for aid, as he supposed he would be attacked by some 1,500 cavalry and some 3,000 or 4,000 artillery and infantry. A portion of these, however, took the road to Buckhannon and thus diminished the force of the enemy. On Monday he had a skirmish with a portion of the enemy somewhere in the neighborhood of Phillippi. We learn from a very reliable source, that he killed a captain and a corporal, and drove the enemy back. The Gen. considers himself safe at present.—Thus, the Gen. after a lapse of about fifteen months, finds himself nearly on the same ground where he commenced the first battle of Virginia. What coincides this with? So is McDowell now nearly on the same spot where he was some thirteen months ago.—Washington Post.

**IMPORTANT MILITARY CHANGES.**

General T. W. Sherman, known as Fort Royal Sherman, left yesterday in the morning, to supersede General Phelps at New Orleans. General Mitchell, whose meteoric career in Alabama a short time ago attracted the attention of the world, has arrived in this city on his way to supersede General Hunter at Hilton Head.—Thus two men of abolition propensities, both of them more famous for special anti-slavery proclamations than for any act in the suppression of the rebellion, will resign their places to men whose fidelity to the Union as it was, and the constitution as it is, is undoubted.

**Godey's Lady Book.**

The September number of this popular periodical has reached us. The frontispiece, finely engraved on steel, is an admirable illustration of a story, by Stutton Elliott, entitled "Contribution." Among the poets, is a charming lyric by Miss Elanor C. Donnelly; and we notice part of a humorous prose sketch by the author of "Miss Slimmings." Fashions, patterns, music, &c., further enrich this number of Godey. The colored two-page plate is strikingly attractive, as usual.

**A Raid on Phillippi Anticipated.**

A correspondent writing from Phillippi on the 31st says:—A report reached this place yesterday that a large force of rebel cavalry had made a raid on Buckhannon, taking possession of the place and killing nearly all of the little force of soldiers stationed there. Capt. Reese, of the Sixth Virginia regiment, now at Wilkinson in the alert, for fear of a dash on this place from that direction. The Captain and his boys were ready for them last night, and are looking for them to-day.

**LIEUT. A. H. BARNES.**

Maj. H. L. Barnes has appointed Lieut. A. H. Barnes to serve as Brigade Inspector in his absence. Lieut. Barnes has just returned from the West where he was engaged in active service.

**NARROW ESCAPE.**

On Friday last, a little child of Mr. Jesse HUNNEEL, of this place, being sent to wash its hands, went out of the house, and finding no water convenient, went, it is supposed, to the Cistern for the purpose of procuring some, and losing its balance, fell in, where it was soon found by its mother, with life almost extinct. A vigorous application of appropriate remedies soon restored the little one to consciousness. Let this be a warning to parents.

**DISCOURAGING ENLISTMENTS.**

We understand that DEMAS McCOLLUM, of Amwell Twp., and JACOB JEFFRIES, of West Pike Run Twp., Washington county, were arrested the other day for discouraging enlistments. They had a hearing in Washington before the U. S. Marshal, and were sent to Pittsburg for trial.

**St. Joseph, Sept. 2.—Poindexter,**

the notorious rebel leader of guerrilla bands in Missouri, was caught on the Northern Missouri Railroad, twenty miles from Hudson, asleep in a house. He has been condemned as a spy, and will suffer death.

A practical man in Philadelphia has invented a cannon which he says will throw a forty pound ball eight or ten miles.

**The Jenkins Raid in Virginia.**

Lieut. Col. Frost, now in Wheeling, states that Jenkins, the guerilla leader, brought with him into Western Virginia about eight hundred mounted rebels. His object is to steal and destroy Government property, and steal horses. From the course he is taking, Col. Frost is of the opinion that Jenkins is making for the Kanawha Valley, knowing that Cox's forces are no longer there, and that his design is to surprise and defeat the small Federal force in and about Charleston, fill the Government wagons with salt, and guard them safely up the Valley with his force of cavalry. Salt is a thing badly needed in the Southern Confederacy. It was one of Letcher's stated reasons for recently convening the legislature to provide ways and means for procuring salt. Jenkins got nothing by the surrender of Spencer. Everything of value belonging to the Government had long since been removed to Ravenswood.

**WAYNESBURG COLLEGE.**

The public examination of the classes in the Female Department will be held on Wednesday, September 17th, 1862.

The Commencement Exercises will take place on the evening of the same day, at which time an essay will be read to the Alumni of the College.

The friends of the institution and of education are requested to attend.

A few weeks since a farmer in Perry county, Indiana, cradled three acres of wheat, and that night his wife, not to be outdone by him, cradled three babies.

**FRESH ARRIVAL OF FALL & WINTER GOODS!**



IT is with great pleasure I announce to the citizens of Waynesburg, and Greene county, that I am now receiving and opening my

**FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF GOODS!**

Which for Beauty, Variety, and Cheapness and substantiality, will prove satisfactory to all competent judges. I have greatly enlarged my stock and am better prepared than ever before to supply the wants of the public. I invite an examination to a partial list of my stock which consists of:

FINE BOOTS,	LADIES' HATS,
KIP DO,	MISSSES HATS,
COARSE DO,	MEN BONNETS,
BOYS DO,	LADIES' HOSE,
YOUTH'S DO,	MISSSES' HOSE,
LADIES' BOOTS,	CHILDREN'S HOSE,
LADIES' BALMOALS,	VALISES AND TRUNKS,
MISSSES' BOOTS,	SILK HATS,
MEN'S BRIGANS,	FRENCH FUR HATS,
BOYS DO,	OLD UNION DO,
YOUTH'S DO,	CONTRABAND DO,
BOYS CAPS,	BOYS DO,
MEN'S DO,	CHILDREN'S CAPS,

A variety too numerous to mention. Thankful for past favors. We hope by attention to business, honesty and integrity to still merit a share of public patronage, at Sayer's Corner.

J. C. LIGHTCAP,  
Waynesburg, Sept. 10, '62.

**SCHOOL DIRECTORS AND SCHOOL TEACHERS OF GREENE COUNTY, GIVE ATTENTION.**

EXAMINATIONS will be held at times and places as named in the following list: For Franklin and Marion tps., Sept. 18th, at Waynesburg. Morgan tp., Sept. 19, at Centre School house. Wayne, and Jefferson bor., Sept. 20, at Jefferson. Whiteley tp., Sept. 22, at New Town. Greene tp., Sept. 23, at Garrards Fort. Monongahela, Sept. 24, at Newport. Cumberland tp., and Carmichaels bor., Sept. 27, at Carmichaels. Wayne tp., Sept. 29, at Sprags School house. Perry tp., Sept. 30, at Mt. Moriah. Dunkard tp., Oct. 1, at Taylortown. Gilmore tp., Oct. 2, at Jolley's School house. Jackson tp., Oct. 3, at Johnson's School house. Springshill, Oct. 4, at Whites' School house. Morris tp., Oct. 4, at Rogers' School house. Washington, Oct. 13, at Boyd's School house. Richhill, Oct. 14, at Jacksonville. Aleppo, Oct. 15, at Elkins School house.

TAKE NOTICE.—Each examination will begin at 9 o'clock, a. m., and be continued until 4 p. m. Teachers coming after the examination is closed on any branch will receive no grade for that day. It is extremely good policy for those who are to be examined, to be present on the day of examination in an adjoining Tp. The Directors are requested to attend the examinations; and all friends of the cause, to be present, and give their aid and influence to the cause. The Greene County Teacher's Institute will meet in Carmichaels, Pa., on Wednesday, Sept. 24th, at 7 o'clock, p. m., in the lecture Room of the Academy. The Deputy Superintendent of the State, S. P. Bates, and other distinguished educators are expected to be present. It is earnestly hoped that all the teachers in the county will be present. The Institute will adjourn on Friday evening.

A word of DISCOURAGEMENT.—It is hoped that all the Schools in the county will be open at least four months during the coming winter. We must educate our children. It is our duty, and it will also be necessary for the good of the Schools to be taught by ladies. I do not regard this as any misfortune. Among the best schools taught last winter were several taught by ladies. Those that are qualified can teach as successfully as gentlemen. Let them be paid for their labor. Not wishing to dictate by any means, I would suggest the following as reasonable rates, for those holding certificates with a majority of 4's—\$12.00 per month; Do. 3's—\$7.00; Do. 2's—\$6.00 per month; Do. 1's—\$20.00. According to the instructions of the State Superintendent, the figure 3 indicates middling quality, and the figure 2, very good; and the figure 1, better; but no one will be able to get it. I will follow the instructions. Do you must understand and appreciate accordingly.

A. B. MILLER, Sup't.

**Administrator's Notice.**

LETTERS of Administration upon the estate of ARCHIBALD HAMILTON, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Greene County, Perceps knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and pay the same, and those having claims against said estate are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement at the Hamilton House, in the Borough of Waynesburg, on the 17th day of September, 1862.

**TO INVOLVE.**