

A sentiment not to be appalled, corrupted or compromised. It knows no baseness; it cowers to no danger; it oppresses no weakness. Destructive only of despotism, it is the sole conservator of lib-

## WAYNESBURG, PA.

# Wednesday, May 28, 1862.

GEN. HUNTER'S PROCLAMATION. General's Proclamation, and all the "nigger lovers" were chuckling over the bor. "good time coming," when the North Since the appearance of "Old Abe's" Proclamation, however, their tone has changed wonderfully, and instead of thinkbeginning to regard it "as a wrong step, in the wrong direction and at the wrong time." Although in a great splutter for the ushering in of the "nigger" millenium, they are willing to "wait a little longer" till Abraham is ready for the "ride." Whethproblematical, and depends on contingencies not likely to arise. He feels his way cautiously, at any rate, and is evidently anxious for a smooth road, in which he does well.

## SUPPORTING THE ADMINISTRA-TION.--A NEW TEST OF PATRIOT-

this locality, and throughout the country, blers to the contrary notwithstanding. have been laboring diligently for a year past to make the support of Mr. Lincoln's Administration in all its measures and appointments, sayings and doings, civil and military, a test of patriotism. Indeed, they have sought, night and day, in public and private, in print and out of print, to make it the only test of every Democrat's attachthe country. No matter what his character and antecedents, and though he served bravely and well under the banner of the enemy's soil, (as in Mexico,) he could not be a patriot if he did not heartily endorse every unfit and disgraceful appointment (Cameron's and Helper's among the number,) and every isolated act of the President and his advisers. The unconditional emancipation of all the slaves at the South, and their support and colonization at an enormous expense to the Government and the people,-the arming of the slaves and their enrollment in an army of freemen, and the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, -- these are some of the measures every man has been required to approve if he did not want to be stigmatized as a traitor and "Secessionist," and threatened with hanging by self-constituted Vigilance Committees, or arrested and imprisoned in forts and arsenals without judge or jury, or the benefit of the Habeas Corpus. No matter how flagrant the violation of the Constitution, or how outrageous the assault on the personal liberty of the citizen, if it were was sanctified, and should be not only concurred in, but lauded for its propriety and necessity by every sincere lover of his country. Such has been the language and teaching of every Abolitionized Republican street-corner and bar-room politician in the country, and such the policy and "reign of terror" they have sought to inaugurate. They would stifle free speech, as to insist that the official misconduct, the stupendous swindles and peculations of Republican functionaries should not he exposed and rebuked "lest it might discourage the cause," for sooth! Every thief, ing "shown up" and summarily ejected from the place he has disgraced by his villainies, lest it should discourage "the national cause!" Was ever such folly and

The Democracy of the country, loyal to the heart's core to the Constitution as it is and the Union as it was, should not be disturbed or annoyed by the disgraceful attempts of Abolition fanatics and libellers to arra, them against the war and the ulate wisdom of the Administration in all its policy and appointments. It is the constitutional right of every freeman to canvass fully, and without fear or molestation, the conduct and acts of all public officers. These men are the creatures of

the braying for the opposition.

them, because they are made and unmade MAUNIESUUT MESSENGER by them, and are accountable to them for every abuse of trust and wrongful and arbitrary exercise of power. When the Ad-

and remember the wrong-doer. Fellow-democrats: Your party has been faithful since its origin to the true interests of the country, has preserved the Union through past perils, has successfully defended the Government against its foreign enemies, and is now pledged to the maintenance of our institutions as they came from the hands of their framers. With erty, labor and property. It is the sentiment of Freedom, of equal rights, of equal obligations—the law of nature pervading the law of the land." and defy the assaults of its enemies.

#### ------THE "REPUBLICAN."

A brace of editorials in the last "Reoublican" do the Messenger and its Editors the grossest injustice, -misrepresenting their views and position, impugning their mo-The tone and language of the Republi- | tives, and even questioning their patriotism. can press, on receipt of Gen. Hunter's Toreply, at length, to the misstatements, the Proclamation, was decidedly on the re- reflections and uncharitable insinuations ioicing, swaggering and glorifying order. of the author would require a degree of "The New York Tribune declared that forbearance and patience we cannot easily Hunter's edict "struck slavery between command. We had thought highly of the the eves." Forney's Press pronounced it candor, honesty and manliness of the wri-"a right s. ep, in the right direction, and ter's character as a politician and an opat the right time;" and the "Pittsburgh ponent, until we read these articles, and Gazette" came limping after, sniffling the one which preceded them. They have something about the consummation of done much to change these impressions, "political and natural equality." None however, and to show us how unfair, unof the radicals had a doubt but that the generous and unscrupulous partizan big-President would confirm and approve the otry and prejudice may sometimes make an otherwise very clever man and good neigh-

Our political convictions are our own. should be deluged with Southern darkies, We swear in the words of no man, or set and slavery should be only a recollection of men, and we owe fealty to no party of a "by-gone" and "barbarous" age. which does not "carry the flag and keep step to the music of the Union," and the writer in the Republican knows it. No man can justly and truthfully charge us ing Hunter's "bull" just the thing, they are with ever giving utterance to a sentiment or harboring a thought inconsistent with hearty loyalty to the Government and sincere devotion to what we have conceived to be the best interests of the country .-Can as much be said of our Abolition friends, who seek to ignore and override er the President will ever be "fixed" for the Constitution, and who oppose the the "jaunt," however, is exceedingly Union as it was, or "any Union with slaveholders?" We leave the candid reader to answer.

Regarding Northern Abolitionism as quite as dangerous and mischievous an element in our politics as Southern Secession, we shall continue to denounce it just as long as we please and in just such terms as we consider befitting and sufficiently plain and emphatic, the admonitions of the "Repub-Republican and Abolition leaders in lican" and its junta of nigger-struck scrib-"Adjourned without day."

# WASHINGTON COUNTY.

The gallant Democracy of this county, who never falter, or "weary in well-doing," held a county Convention on Monday of last week in the Court-House in Washington. All the Districts were repment to the Government and institutions of resented, and the greatest harmony and good feeling prevailed.

J. L. Judson, Esq., Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, presented a and uncertainty of war. And we are adseries affirming the unalterable attach- monished by holy writ that the race is not ment of the Democratic party to the Constitution and the Union, denouncing Southern Secession and Northern Sectionalism as alike inimical to the true interests of shores, and laid our country waste? No. the country, and protesting against "the sir: no sir. It would be a conquest withmonstrous and unparalleled peculations and frauds that have been proved to exist achieved by one over another portion of in the War and Naval Departments."

The course of General Lazear was endorsed in the following terms:-

Resolved. That the course of Gen. Jesse Lazear, of Greene county, our Representative in Congress, meets our hearty approval, and we cordially unite in present ing his name to the present Congressional district for re-nomination.

On motion, Gen. Wm. Patterson, of Cross Creek; George W, Miller, Esq., of South Strabane, and A. H. Ecker, of Washington, were chosen as delegates to the State Convention-the first as Senatorial, and the two last named as Representative,-with instructions to vote for and use their influence to secure the nomination of W. T. H. Pauley, Esq., of Greene county, for Auditor General, and Hon. committed in the name of the "Union," it | Findley Patterson, of Washington county, for Surveyor General.

# COL. HOWELL.

A letter to the Senior Editor from Lieut. MICHENER, of the 85th Regiment, contains the following mention of the gallant part Col. Howell and his men played at the battle of Williamsburg:-

"We, Casey's Division, have been following the retreating rebels since they muzzle the press, and deny the people the right to inquire into the acts and doings gade, was in the battle of Williamsburg; of their servants. Some of these stupid but I believe the newspapers have scarcely and intolerant fanatics have gone so far given us a passing notice, though we were in the hottest of the fight. Gen. Casey was behind, sick, and our Brigade commander, Gen. Keim, was not able to take the field: hence it fell on our noble Col. (Howell) to lead the whole Brigade into battle. Well did he perform his part, riding along the line encouraging his cheat and scalliwag in the Government men while under a perfect shower of shot service must be whitewashed, instead of be and shell, as fearless as though he were pleading a case at the bar. The Rebels aimed too high. The only casualties to our Regiment (85th) was the wounding of Captain Morris, of Greene county, and Sargeant Miller, of Fayette. Captain Mor-'nonsense heard before? Yet such is the ris was struck with a piece of shell, and stuff we hear daily from the asses who do ried away by a cannon ball, and the other

# GEN. LAZEAR.

er badly mangled. He died; but Captain Morris is again able for duty."

The Beaver Argus thus speaks of our

popular townsman:--Hon. JESSE LAZEAR, who is announced as a candidate for re-election to Congress, Government, and to impugn their patriot- subject to the nomination of the Commitism, because they may question the immactee of conference, is a sterling Democrat petitions may prove but the prelude to the ulate wisdom of the Administration in all and, in every respect, a reliable man.— His record, amid all the fanaticism which adjure all the inhabitants of the free States has disgraced the Thirty-seventh Con- to rebuke and discountenance, by their gress, is singularly pure. He was always opinion and their example, measures which in his place and always voted on the right must inevitably lead to the most calamiside, though the Nation has to mourn that tous consequences. And let us all as counhe was too often in the minority. He is trymen, as friends and as brothers, cherish worth a score of those noisy demagogues in unfading memory the motto which bore the people, and instead of being above and who waste the time of Congress in spout- our ancestors triumphantly through all the ly wounds in superior to the people, they are beneath ing about every measure that comes up.

#### ABOLITION AND CIVIL WAR. OPINION OF HENRY CLAY.

We commend the following eloquent ministration and your servants generally and earnest remarks to the perusal and do right, sustain and commend them; calm consideration of every sincere lover when they do wrong, denounce the wrong of his country. They are extracted from a speech of HENRY CLAY, delivered in the United States Senate on the 7th of February, 1839, on the reception, by that body, of a large number of Abolition Petitions. No man living, whatever his political opinions or affiliations, or however long and persistently he might have opposed Mr. Clay's elevation to the Presidency, ever questioned his pure and exalted patriotism. The Union of the States was the love of his life, and to consolidate and perpetuate it he bent every energy of his great mind and consecrated the best years and efforts of his long career; and in every time of its imminent peril he contributed more, perhaps, to its preservation than any cotemporary statesman. Indeed the latest labors of his life were devoted to its perpetuation, and we have often thanked Heaven that the noble old Roman did not fall at his post until the dangers he had so ably and successfully combatted had, to all appearance, passed away, and the future gave promise of a permanent and peaceful

The sagacity and extraordinary political foresight of Mr. Clay, and his just appreciation of the dangers of Abolitionism, are all evidenced by the extracts we publish .-His words were prophetic, and the failure to heed them has brought upon the country the terrible scourge and evils he fore- | land on which he has a pre-emption claim." saw. But to the extracts .-

"Sir," said Mr. CLAY, "I am not in the

habit of speaking lightly of the possibility

of dissolving this happy Union. ate knows that I have deprecated allusions on ordinary occasions, to that direful event. The country will testify that, if there be anything in the history of my public ca reer worthy of recollection, it is the truth and sincerity of my ardent devotion to its lasting preservation. But we should be false in our allegiance to it, if we did not discriminate between the imaginary and realdangers by which it may be assailed. Abolition should no longer be regarded as an imaginary danger. The Abolitionists, let me suppose, succeed in their present aim of uniting the inhabitants of the free States as one man, against the inhabitants of the slave States. Union on the one side will beget union on the other. And this process of reciprocal consolidation will be attended with all the violent prejudices, embittered passions, and implacable ani mosities which ever degraded or deformed human nature. A virtual dissolution of the Union will have taken place, while the forms of its existence remain. The most valuable element of union, mutual kindness, the feelings of sympathy, the fraternal bonds, which now happily unite us will have been extinguished forever. One section will stand in menace and hostile array against the other. The collision of opinion will be quickly followed by the clash of arms. I will not attempt to describe scenes which now happily lie concealed from our view. Abolitionists themselves would shrink back in dismay and norror at the contemplation of desolated fields, conflagrated cities, murdered inhabitants, and the overthrow of the fairest fabric of human government that ever rose to animate the hopes of civilized man. Nor should these abolitionists flatter themselves that, if they can succeed in their object of uniting the people of the free States they will enter the contest with the numeri history and the experience proves the hazalways to the swift nor the battle to the strong. But if they were to conquer, whom would they conquer? A foreign foe-one who had insulted our flag, invaded our out laurels, without glory—a self, a suicidconquest—a conquest of brothers, the descendants of common ancestors, who nobly pledged their lives, their fortunes. and their sacred honor, who had fought and bled, side by side, in many a hard battle on land and ocean, severed our country from the British crown, and es-

tablished our national independence. I am. Mr. President, no friend of slavery. The searcher of all hearts knows that every pulsation of mine beats high and strong in the cause of civil liberty.-Wherever it is safe and practicable, I desire to see every portion of the human family in the enjoyment of it. But I prefer the liberty of my own race to that of any other race. The liberty of the descendants of Africa in the United States is incompatible with the safety and liberty of the European descendants. Their slavery forms an exception—an exception result ing from a stern and inexorable necessityto the general liberty in the United States.

We did not originate, nor are we responsible for, this necessity. Their liberty, if it were possible, could only be established by violating the incontestible powers of the States, and subverting the Union. And beneath the ruins of the Union would be buried, sooner or later, the liberty of both races.

But if one dark spot exists on our political horizon, is it not obscured by the bright and effulgent and cheering light that beams all around us? Was ever a people before so blessed as we are, if true to ourselves? Did ever any other nation contain within its bosom so many elements of prosperity, of greatness, and of glory? Our only real danger lies ahead. conspicuous, elevated, and visible,. It was clearly discerned at the commencement, and distinctly throughout our whole career. Shall we wantonly run upon it, and destroy all the glorious anticipations of the high destiny that awaits us? beseech the abolitionists themselves, solennly to pause in their mad and fatal course. Amid the infinite variety of objects of humanity and benevolence which invite the employment of their energies, let them select some one more harmless. that does not threaten to deluge our country in blood. I call upon that small portion of the clergy, which has lent itself to these wild and ruinous schemes, not to forget the holy nature of the divine mission of the Founder of our religion, and to profit by his peaceful examples. I entreat that portion of my country women who have given their countenance to abolition, to remember that they are ever most loved and honored when moving in their own appropriate and delightful sphere; and to reflect that the ink which they shed in subscribing with their fair hands abolition shedding of the blood of their brethren. I

will conduct their posterity through all ! that may, in the dispensations of Providence, be reserved for them."

THE HAMILTON HOUSE. SAM. HARTZELL, the new landlord of the Hamilton House, is winning "golden opinions" from the travelling community. He has admirably refitted and refurnished the establishment, and spends three-fifths of his time hunting substantials and delicacies for his gaests. Everything is dished up at his tables that could tempt the

A letter from Hon. G. A. Grow gives the following brief summary of the new Home-

"All the lands owned by the Government are open to settlement under it in quantities not exceeding 160 acres to each person. "Any person who is a citizen of the Uni-

ted States, or has declared intention to become such, who is 21 years old, or the head of a family, or has served in the military or naval service of the country during this Rebellion, can make the entry on payment of ten dollars, and the fees of the Register and Receiver of the Land Office. That is

all the settler has to pay at any time. "The act takes effect the first of January next, and requires a residence and cultivation of five years to perfect the title.

"Any person can enter, under the act,

#### PARSON BROWNLOW ON ABOLITION ISTS AND DISUNIONISTS.

stant, contains a note from Rev. W. G. Brownlow, addressed to the editor of that paper. In his note the Parson speaks of the invitation extended to him by both branches of the Ohio Legislature, to speak in the Hall of Representatives; and of his ntroduction to the Legislature by Goveror Todd. Parson 1. nor Todd. Parson Brownlow then goes on to state, in order to correct an alleged misrepresentation by a correspondent of the Tribune, what his remarks really were, which, he says, covered a space of one hour. The following is the last paragraph in the Parson's summary of his remarks before the Ohio Legislature:

Finally, said I, if I had been authorized some three or five years ago, by competent authority, to arrest some of your most wicked Northern Abolition agitators and an equal number of our God forsaken, and hell-deserving Southern Disunionists, and had hung them upon a gallows, buried them in a common ditch, in the District of Columbia, embalmed their bodies with ginseng weeds and dog-fennel, there would have been none of these troubles to-day upon the country.

The note from which the foregoing is taken is signed "W. G. Browntow," and dated "Crosswicks, N. J., May 8, 1862."

## THEIR STOCK IN TRADE.

What would the Abolitionists do without John C. Breckinridge? He is their only stock in trade. The Patriot and Union cal superiority hat will ensure victory. All says they should certainly intercede for his life after he shall have been captured, out of pure gratitude for the service he has rendered their cause. His name is in every Abolitionist's mouth. It would be a sore trial for any Republican or Abolition paper to mention the Democratic party without the prefix of "Breckinridge." All Democrats, whether they supported Douglas. or not, are now "Breckinridge" Democrats, if these lying sheets could be believed. He is their trump card, and they are playing it with a vengeance.

But what, we ask, has Democratic principles to do with Breckinridge? He deserted them, and so has John Hickman and John W. Forney, (to say nothing of the lesser lights here and elsewhere.) and yet who would think of holding the Democratc party responsible for the acts of either of these renegades! The idea is absurd; but, absurd as it is, it is the kind of stuff that Abolition diatribes are composed of now-a-days.

# Robert J. Walker on the Rebellion.

Hon. Robert J. Walker thinks the re sult of the rebellion is to be of immense value to the country. It will give confidence at home, and command respect from abroad. Mr. Walker is firm in the opinion that amnesty to the deluded masses, and exile to the leaders, is the only thing that will settle the matter after the struggle of armies is over.

Dr. L. Oldshue.—The above gentleman continues his practice, as will be seen, by advertisement in to-day's paper, at No. 132 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. He is thoroughly studied in the anatomy of the human system and science of medicine, and has, during a practice of some twenty years, met with the most wonderful success. He practices both the Uroscopian and Eclectic systems, and his treatments are both safe and effectual. In the cure of Cancers, particularly, he has acquired an extensive reputation.

Bes Daniel S. Dickinson, who was for a real Union party in New York, can't stand the late address and resolutions. He says its authors tried how far they could depart from the Republican creed without missing it, and how near they could come to the Democratic creed without hitting it.

Horrible Barbarities.—We have received a private letter from a Surgeon, who performed a number of operations on the battle-field of Williamsburg, and he gives additional instances of the frightful barbarities perpetrated by the rebels on our fallen soldiers. Our heart sickens when he tells us that he found the bodies of brave Union soldiers which bodies of brave Union soldiers which had been bayoneted as they lay wounded and helpless in their gore. One stab did not satiate the savages, but they inflicted half a dozen ghastly wounds in some instances.—Pitts-

A man in Doylestown, while eating shad for breakfast, got into his throat what he supposed to be a fish , hone. A physician was called, and extracted a needle.

Bring us a little of the needful when you come to Court.

# Special Actices.

## TO INVALIDS.

appetite, and every attention is paid to the comfort of sojourners. Our country friends could desire no better stopping-place as regards either fare and accommodations or cheap bills. Give Sam a call.

THE NEW HOMESTEAD BILL.

A Lettin from Hong of A Courney and to the appetite, and every attention is paid to the complete the processional visit to Waynesburg, will be made on Monday and Tues lay, the 2d and 3d days of June. Office rooms at the Hamilton House, with remedies entirely new. Dr. Whitelesy cures the following complaints, viz. Diseases of the Blood, such as Scorfula. Fryspelas, Cancer, Fever Sores, Nervous Derangements, and all other complaints. All forms of Female Weakness and Difficulties attended to with unparalleled success. Dr. Whittlesy's office rooms will hereafter be at the Hamilton House, with remedies entirely new. Dr. Whiteley cures the following complaints, viz. Diseases of the Blood, such as Scorfula. Fryspelas, Cancer, Fever Sores, Nervous Derangements, and all other complaints. All forms of Female Weakness and Difficulties attended to with unparalleled success. Dr. Whittlesy's office rooms will hereafter be at the Hamilton House, with remedies entirely new. Dr. Whiteley cures the following complaints, viz. Diseases of the Blood, such as Scorfula. Fryspelas, Cancer, Fever Sores, Nervous Derangements, and all other complaints. All forms of Female Weakness and Difficulties attended to with unparalleled success. Dr. Whittlesy's office rooms will hereafter be at the Hamilton House, with remedies entirely new. Dr. Whiteley in the properties of the Blood, such as Scorfula. Fryspelas, Cancer, Fever Sores, Nervous Derangements, and all other complaints. All forms of Female Weakness and Difficulties attended to with unparalleled success. Dr. Whittlesy's office rooms will hereafter be at the Hamilton House, with remedies entirely new. Dr. Whiteley in the Edd and 3d days of June. Office rooms at the Hamilton House, with remedies entirely new. Dr. Whiteley in the Edd and 3d days of June. Office rooms May 14, 1862.

#### TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE ADVERTISER, HAVING BEEN RESTORED to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy ther having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease. Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means

nation which he conceives invlauable, and he hopes every sufferer will try this remedy, as it will cost then nothing, and may prove a blessing. notting, and may prove a neessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh,

May 20, 1862-3m.

Kings County, New York.

CARD TO YOUNG LADIES & GENTLEMEN A CARD TO YOUNG EXDIFES & GENTLEMEN.
The subscriber will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the Recipe and directions for making a simple Vegetable Balm, that will, in from two to eight simple Vegetable Balm, that will, in from two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, Sallowness, and all impurities and roughness of the Skin, leaving the same—as Nature intended it should be-soft, clear, smooth and beautiful. Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postare.)

THOS. F. CHAPMAN. Practical Chemist, May 20, 1862-2 m.

831 Broadway, New York

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF

A Retired Clergyman having been restored to health in a lew days, after many years of great Nervous Suffering, is willing to assist others by sending (free), on the receipt of a post-paid directed envelope, a copy of the prescription used. Direct to REV. JOHN M. DAGNALL. 186 Fution street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dental .-- Dr. S. S. PATTON, Main street, Waynesburg, Pa., attends to all branches of the Dental profession, unless advertised, in this paper, for other points.

## POOR HOUSE NOTICE.

A LTHOUGH not entirely ready to accommodate the paupers of the county as they should be, the Steward and Directors have concluded to open the house for their reception on the first Monday of June next. The overseers of the several townships may therefore act accordingly. As the house is not in a condition for the proper custody and care of insane paupers and no other arrangements made for them, it is proper to say that none such can be received untill further provisions are made.

JOSHUA ACKLEY,
C. A. BLACK,
May 25,'62:3t.

AARON SHELBY,

Directors.

## AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the officers of the Board of Managers, of the Greene Academy of Carmichaels Borough, Greene county, Pa, that the Auditors of said county will meet at the above named Academy, in said borough of Carmichaels, on the Second Monday of June, 1862, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, for the purpose of Auditing the Account of said institution.

ASA ROSS

ASA ROSS,
JOHN G. DINSMORE,
May 28,'62-1w.
THOMAS SCOTT,

# DB. L. OLDZIUZ.

PRACTICING PHYSICIAN. His system is Eclectic, connected with Unoscopta. He has paid particular attention to the study of this "Old German Mode" of distinguishing diseases, and respectfully solicits those living at a distance laboring under "chronic affections," that have not been cured because perhaps their diseases were not understood, to send him a vial of their urine for examination, and the necessary medicines can be sent them. Office and residence, 132 Grant street, Pittsburgh. May 28, 1862:1f.

#### List of Applicants for Tayern Licenses at June Session, 1862.

Jesse Mitchell, Jackson township.
Enoch Hennan, Jolleytown, Gilmore township.
Isnac J. Hupp, Freeport, Springhill township.
Thomas Odenbaugh, Jackson township.
Samuel Hinegardner, Wayne township.
Joel L. Sutton. Waynesburg Borough.
John Hugies, Rices Landing.
Margerie Bryan, Jacksonville, Richhill township.
Samannah, Pattir do do do do do Susannah Pettit, do do do. D. A. WORLEY, Clerk, Q. S.

## COUNTRY MERCHANTS ATTENTION!! T. A. M'CLELLAND.

Auction & Commission Merchant, No. 55 Fifth Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WOULD call the special attention of country Mer-chants and the Trade to a very large and varied BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS,

For Ladies Gents, Misses, Boys and Children's wear just received from Boston. Having special arrangements and being in regular receipt of Goods, we are prepared to offer better inducements both in regard to PRICE and QUALITY of Goods than any other house in the West. May 21, 1862.

# SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene Co., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the door of the Court House, in Waynesburg, on

Monday, the 9th day of June,

at I o'clock, P. M., the following property, viz:
All the right, title, interest and claim of the Defendant of, in and to a certain tract of land situate in Aleppo township, Greene County, Pa., adjoining lands of George Plants, Matthew Jobs and others, containing SIXTY ACRES, more or less, about Thirty acres of which are cleared, and has erected thereon one Log Dwelling House, one Log Stable, and an apple and peach orchard, also a spring of water.

Taken into execution as the property of Daniel Strope, at the suit of Henry Riffe for the use of E. M. Taken into execution as the property of Daniel Strope, at the suit of Henry Riffle for the use of E. M. Sayers.

ALSO,
At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of the Defen lant, of, in and to a certain lot of ground in the town of Jacksonville, Richhill tp. Greene County, Pa., bounded by lot of Davio Brower on the East, Phillip Snyder on the West, and fronting 75 feet on Main street, and running North 100 feet to an alley, and fina erected thereon one Two Story Frame House, occupied as a "tavern stand," and has a frame kitchen, a frame stable, well of water, and other out buildings, and some fruit trees.

Taken into execution as the property of Jacob Newland, surviving Charles Petit, at the suit of David Enoch for John Gregory.

ALSO, ALSO,

ALOU,

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to a tract of land situate in Alleppo tp., Greene county, Pa., adjoining lands of George Plants, Henry Huffman and others, containing sixty acres, more or jess, about fifty acres of which are cleared, and has erected thercon one Log Dwelling House, log stable and other outbuildings; also an apple orchard and aspring of water.

Taken in execution as the property of Henry Barnhart, at the suit of W. J. Bryan for use of C. A. Black. ALSO,

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to a tract of land situate in Richhill tp., Greene county, Pa., adjoining lands of Elias Headley, Archer Adams and others, con-

G. H. CRAFT, THE SHADOW CATCHER, WILL BE IN WAYNESBURG by the 23rd of May with his PICTURE CAR. He will take Pictures and put them up in good cases for ONLY 25 cts.—Troublesome children will cost more.

#### WOOL CARDING. WM. ROGERS

AT THE WAYNESBURG STEAM MILL, has fitted up his CARDING MACHINES in fine order and secured the services of a competent assistant for the purpose of CARDING WOOL. He respectfully solicits the patronage of the Wool growing public and assures them that every care will be taken to do work

# List of Causes for Trial at June Term,

Roberts vs Reeves. No. 52 May term, 1860. Gidley's Adm's vs Pettibone, Hoban & Co., No. 110, Sep. term, 1862. Dunn vs Scott's heirs, No. 284, June term, 1857. Swart for use vs Flenniken, No. 73 Marsh, "1859. Headley's Adm's vs Dereamer's Adm's, No. 47, June term, 1859. Showalter vs Gump, No. 21, June term, 1860. No. 137, " " " No. 137, " " " No. 104, Dec. " " 1861. No. 55, March " 1861. Chalman vs Oliver, Ullom vs Oliver, Doman vs Wright, No. 104, Dec. "Doman vs Wright, No. 55, March 1661. Com'th of Pa. vs Nyswanger, et al. No. 51, Sep.

No. 56, Sep. term, 1861.
D. A. WORLEY, Prothonolary. Ryan vs Whitlatch, Prothonotary's Office. \\
May 21, 1862.

## REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, that the following Executors, Administrators and Guardians have ordered their several accounts to be published for settlement, at the June Term, 1862, and that said accounts will be fired according to law, and presented to the Or<sub>i</sub> hans' Court forsaid county and State of Pennsylvanta, at said Term, on Wednesday, the 11th day of June, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for confirmation and allowance. ance.
N. B. Said accounts must be on file thirty days pre-

ceding the sitting of the said Court. Those upon whom citations have been issued will please file their accounts and save trouble JUSTUS F. TEMPLE, Register.

The account of Westey McClure Administrator of John Wilkinson, deceased, who was Guardian of the minor children of Elmore Farman deceased.

The final account of Miller lams, Administrator of John Feaster, deceased.

The account of Alexander V. Boughner and James V. Boughner Administrators of Daniel Boughner deceased, who was Guardian of the minor children of Ephraim Williams, deceased.

The account of James Long, Guardian of Amanda, James, Columbus, Joel E. and Mary Anne Lorg, minor children of Mary Anne Long, deceased.

The account of Lewis Eberhert, Executor of Sopina Eberhart, deceased. The account of Charles Tilton, Guardian of Hannah

phia Eberhart, deceased. M. Adamson, deceased, a minor child of Smith Adam-The partial account of Ezekiel Braden. Administra tor of the estate of Jonathan Walton, deceased. The account of Joseph Scott, Administrator of John

The account of Joseph Scott, Administrator of John Scott, deceased.

The account of Moses and Simon Strosnider, Administrators of Michael Strosnider, deceased, who was Administrator of Charles Crago, deceased.

The account of Henry Sharpnack, Administrat or of Geo. B. Kerr, deceased.

The account of Henry Sharpnack Guardian of Mary E. Huston, formerly Mary E. Horner, dec'd, minor child of Amos Horner, dec'd.

The account of H. W. Brock, Henry C., Glenn and A. B. Pratt, Administrators of Fletcher Brock, late of Wayne township, deceased.

The account of Michael McGovern, Guardian of Geo. Rex and John Rex, minor children of Charles Rex, deceased. leceased. The account of Francis Baldwin, Executor of Phillip

Barney, deceased.

The account of Justus Garrard, Guardian of the mior children of Ephraim Williams, deceased.
The account of John Hoge, Esq., Administrator of Experience Hoge, deceased.

The account of James R. Rhodes, Administrator of Thomas J. Rhodes, deceased. homas J. Rhodes, deceased.
The account of Jesse Bussey, Guardian of Mary Bown, formerly a minor daughter of Pierce Linch, dec'd.
The account of Walter L. Batson, Executor of Rebecca Vanscoyoc, dec'd.

The account of Peter Cole and Jacob Cole, Administrator's of John Cole, dec'd.

#### A List of Venders of Merchandise in Greene County, for the year 1862.

THE Court of Appeal, to finally arrange the classification of the Venders of Merchandise and Distilers, within Greene County, will be held in the Court House ir Waynesburg on Monday, June 2d, 1862, when and where the following persons may be heard upon their arrangement in the several classes and otherwise disposed of, according to law, viz: MARION TOWNSHIP.

R. K. Campbell, Wm. A Porter, Andrew Wilson, Jr., Joseph Yeater, Nathaniel Clark, George Hoskinson, Minor & Co. Minor & Co., R. Clark, Wm. L. Creigh, Isauc Hooper, John C. Fienniken, M. A. Harvey, A. J. Sowers, mas Bradley Van Buren Ada Lewis Day & Co., Andrew Wilson, Sr., John Munnell, FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP. w Lantz, Distillery, Uriah Lippencott,

RICHHILL TOWNSHIP. W. J. Bryan, Distillery, W. Walton & Co., . Ferrel, . R. Boram, Morgan Bell, W Hilton Hilton & Adan.s, Distillery,

CENTRE TOWNSHIP. Call & Co., A. Kent, Morgan Hedge, Dr. T. Rodgers,

S. Woods, JACKSON TOWNSHIP. P. M. Grimes, Williams & Eagon, Distillery, SPRINGHILL TOWNSHIP.

corge Hoskinson & Son, J. B. Woodruff, Morford & Co., Distillery, Barnard Shultz, Roach & Hupp, GILMORE TOWNSHIP.

H. McCullough & Co., WAYNE TOWNSHIP. A. M. Baily & Son, John Chambers, Thomas F. Brock,

S. Hinegardner, PERRY TOWNSHIP. DUNKARD TOWNSHIP.

. A. Cramer, ch South, Distillery. A. P. Stewart. John E. Taylor, Jones & Woolsey, Distillery, G. O. Lendey, Mahlon Stanley, GREENE TOWNSHIP.

Mahlon Stanley, Imri Taylor, Abner Morris, MONONGAHELA TOWNSHIP.

C. A. Mestrezatt, Distillery, A. Mestrezatt, seph Hamilton. Distillery, l. C. G. Black & Co.

CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP. ings Crawford, Elias Flenniken, Simon Mordock, Distillery, Jriah Rinehart, A Frost, S. J. Acktin, I. W. Hathaway, J. Barkman, J. B. Darling, Richard Moffit, . Fleuniken & Croasdale, E. McWilliams. JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP.

S. & J. Sedgwick, S. & J. Sedgwick, Benjamin Craft. Distillery

Hughes & Oliver,

MORGAN TOWNSHIP. MORRIS TOWNSHIP Frank Remley,

Frank Day, 14 WHITELEY TOWNSHIP. John Hudson, Walter Hudson, Marion Chalfant O. VANCLEVE, Mer. Appraiser. May 7, 1862. 4s. HOSHIMKA LODGE, No. 558 I.O. of J.F.



M EET in Waynesburg, in Allison's Hall, opposite the Court House, on Thursday evening of each week, at 7½ o'clock. Offices:

H. L. BBARNES, P. G. { T. I. PORTER, N. G. } Norman Worley, E. G. J. F. Temple, Sec'y, B. F. Herrington, Treas. W. A. Porter, Chaplain.

# BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & CAPS FOR SALE CHEAP, AT SAYERS' CORNER, FOR CASH

AS I have rented the above named and desirable acorder to do a retail Hat, Cap, Boot and Shoe Business, and commenting no other business with the two branches named, I hope I will be able to self goods at such prices as will give entire satisfaction to the community. All my Goods are fresh from the East, bought for Cash, from the best houses in Philadelphia. Persens haying from me, will run no risk in getting old stocks of Goods, thrown into Auction, which of itself should be sufficient inducement to purchasers in my line to give me a call before purchasing elaewhere. Come along and examine my stock. I charge nothing for showing my goods, and if you do not want to buy to-day, you may to morrow, or your neighbors may. Come and see me if you please, as I wish to get acquainted with the people of Greene county.

Respectfully Yours, JOHN C LIGHTCAP, WAYNESBURG, May 7, 1862.

ELI ATEN. ATEN & PHELAN,

CABINET FURNITURE ROOMS one door east, of Minor's store, where all kinds of Furniture will be furnished to order in the most approved style.—
COFFINS will be put up with the greatest possible dispatch at large real state. Spatch, at low rates.
WAYNESBURG, May 7, 1862.

# The Union Forever!

Second Arrival of Spring and Summer Clothing.

A LLISON'S Building, opposite the Court House, is just opening a large and elegant assortment of Ready Made

For Men and Boys, purchased on very favorable terms for Cash, and will positively be sold at short profits for current funds. His stock embraces not only Garments of all descriptions, bu CLOTHS, CASSIMERES

# Waynesburg, March 19th, 1862, NEW GOODS AT OLD PRICES!

MINOR & CO,

ATTRE FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' EXCHANGE, A RE now opening the largest assortment of Dry Goods to be found in the county, which will positively be sold at the Lowest Prices to suit the times. SPRING & SUMMER DRY GOODS s complete, embracing everything usnally kept in thi

The choicest selection of New and Beautiful Dress Goods, new style, very rich. In fact, everything to MEN'S WEAR.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tweeds, and everything in the staple and fancy goods line.

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS!

Bonnets, Shaker Hoods, Palun-Leaf Hats, comprising all the new styles, which will be sold low.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A full stock of Mourning, House keeping, Fashionable Millinery Goods, Notions, &c.
GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, Family Groceries constantly on hand, at the lowest prices. Fish, Salt, Hardware and Queensware.
The public are respectfully invited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

DRY GOODS

HAVING just received from the Eastern-Cities a large and extensive assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, I am now prepared to furnish all goods, (with a few exceptions,) at the old prices. My stock comprises all

Muslin Delaines, French Ginghams, Barage Delaines. Domestic Ginghams, Bleached Muslins. Brown Muslins,

Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., Together with a variety of NOTIONS. Customers and the public generally are invited to call and examine his assortment. Sold cheap for cash, or country produce.

GEORGE HOSKINSON.

Wayesburg, April 30, 1862.

MRS. C. H. SIMPSON, having prepared herself for carrying on the Millinery business, in all its branches, respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the community, and will use her best endeavors to give satisfaction to all who may employ her. Residence, a few doors West of Miss Harvey's Drug store. Waynesburg, April 23.

LIVERY OPENED AGAIN. THE undersigned would inform the citizens and peo ple generally, that he has resumed the LIVER'S BUSINESS again, and is able to accommodate al

A CARD. DR. JAMES GUIHER presents his thanks to his friends for the liberal support heretofore given him, and informs them that he has removed his office to

#### HAMILTON HOUSE. Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa.

S. HARTZELL, Proprietor. THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends that he has taken this well known House where he is prepared to accommodate travellers and others, with good and substantial meat, drink, &c. He will spare no pains or attention in rendering his guests comfortable and happy during their sojourn with him, not forgetting to give due attention to their horses and carriages, &c. S. HARTZELL

April 10,-No 41-tf

ADAMS HOUSE, Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa. JACOB LEMLEY, PROPRIETOR.

ters and beds.

If He has also fine stabling for any number of hor waynesburg, April 16, 1862.

ETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, upon the estate of JOHN BAT SON, deceased, of Richhill township, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing tnemselves indebted to said estate to take inmediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for studement.

WALTER L. BATSON Adm'r. May 14, 1862.

# Administrator's Notice.

ETTERS of Administration, de bonis non, with the will annexed, having been granted to the under-signed, upon the Estate of JANE BAILY, dec'd, of Whitely township, notice is hereby given to all per-Whitely township, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them properly authenticated for settlement and those indebted to the same to make immediate payment.

ABNER BAILY,
May 21, 1862.—61.

Administrator.

EXPOUTOR'S MOTICE.

# NATHANIEL CLARK

CLOTHING

# ing in the furnishing line.

SATINETS, JEANS, HATS AND CAPS, and every

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

Every description of Boots, Snoes and Gatters, for nen, women, Misses, boy's, youth's and children's year, in great profusion. men, women, misson.
wear, in great profusion.

MOURNING GOODS, &c.

House keeping, Fi

ock before purchasing elsewhere. Waynesburg, April 30, 1862. MINOR & CO.

CHEAP FOR CASH!!

Dress Trimmings,

Cloths and Cassimeres, Queensware, Hats and Caps,

MILLINERY.

who may favor him with a call, with everything that line.

W. G. W. DAY,

WAYNESBURG, May 7, 1862—3m.

Proprietor.

# Ledwith's Building, opposite the Court Houss, where he will be ready to attend to the wants of the public whenever they require his professional services. May 14, 1862.

Tills well known Hotel has been refitted in new style by its present proprietor, who takes this opportunity of informing the travelling public that he is fully prepared to accommodate them with the best the market affords, besides giving them countortable quarters and helds

Administrator's Notice.

May 21, 1862.-6t.

LETTERS testamentary, having been granted the undersigned, upon the entate of John Thomas late of Franklin Township, decassed, notice is here given to all persons knewing themselves indebted said estate to make immediate payment, and those he ing claims against the same are requested to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

OLIVER THOMAS, JOSEPH PATTERSON,
May 7, 1862.

7,00