

sea sentiment not to be appalled, corrupted or compromised. It knows no baseness; it cowers to no danger; it oppresses no weakness. Destructive enty of despotism, it is the sole conservator of liberary labor and property. only of desponses, it is no sold conservator of ito-prity, labor and property. It is the sentiment of Freedom, of equal rights, of equal obligations—the law of nature pervading the law of the land."

### WAYNESBURG, PA.

Wednesday, April 16, 1862.

NOTICE.

The chartered members of the Odd Fellow's Association will meet in the Register's office, on Thursday, April 11th, at 2 o'clock. A full attendance is desired, as business of importance will be transacted.

Absence from home and a pressure this week, for scribbling.

ANOTHER GLORIOUS VICTORY. The details of the great battle at Pittsburgh Landing, on the Tennessee River, will be found in our news columns, and will be read with great interest. The conand the obstinate valor of the Union forces have scarcely a parallel in the history of the war, and rendered the engagement one of the most sanguinary that ever occurred

### THANKS.

tiently awaited.

be decisive of the struggle. The next will

be in Eastern Virginia, and will be impa-

A. KENT, ASA Ross, and J. F. TEMPLE, Esos., have our thanks for the names of several new subscribers. Our list of prompt, paying subscribers has been encouragingly increased within the last few weeks. We trust our friends generally will exert themselves to extend our circulation. Remember the "better the pay, the better the preach."

PITTSBURG ADVERTISING FAVORS. readers to the advertisements of Pittsburgh in the market to wholesale and retail buy- for the administration.

### ACCIDENT.

Washington Dunson, of Franklin townwell.

#### BENEFIT OF THE NEGRO. The following are some of the measures

introduced into Congress: 1. Recognition of the negro Empire of

- Hayti. 2. Abolishment of negro slavery in the
- District of Columbia. 3. Prohibiting our army officers from
- returning fugitive slaves. 4. Establishing a plantation for free
- Northern people to support it.
- 5. Proposing to aid the States to abolish negro slavery, by taxing the Northern people to pay for the slaves.
- . 6. To repeal the Fugitive Slave Law. 7. To repeal the law which forbide negroes from being stage drivers or carrying the U. S. Mail.
- 3. To prohibit slaveholders from taking their slaves into Arizonia Territory.

There are other measures of a similar kind, but have not yet been fully matured and laid before Congress. By the time that body gives them a full discussion it will have a little leisure to consider the interests of white men. No wonder petitions are being sent into Congress, even from New England, to let the negro question alone.

### THE ABOLITIONISTS AND THE PRESIDENT.

John Hickman, of Penna,, one of the ul-

88.V8: "I speak frankly upon this point because I do not hang upon power. I am open to denounce anything objectionable in this Administration, as anything in the the contrary, it is covert and insidious .-It is not becoming the position of the Presidont of the United States. It is not such a one as a full grown man should publish to the nation in such a crisis as the pres- burg Democrat. ent. The President is not permitted to be imporant of the fact, which is fully evident to the party that elected him to office, that he has disappointed it in the progress of

ADAMS HOUSE.

this war,"

be Republicans now-a-days as a means of rascalities .- Brownsville Clipper.

A saint "assume" to be a devil to "ward off suspicion!" Preposterous!

TRUTH IN A FEW WORDS. It is estimated, says the York Gazette, that from Three Hundred and Fifty to Four Hundred Millions of Dollars would be required to purchase the Slaves. sum of \$300 apiece. This large amount pay in heavy taxes. The negroes once bought, the expense and trouble will be just begun. They must be clothed and kept from starvation afterwards. This will require more than the amount required for their purchase. This is indeed a ical, just and patrotic(?) Is such a party worthy of the confidence of the people?

PASSED THE SENATE. The bill for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, passed the Senate on Thursday, by a vote of 29 yeas to 14

nays. An amendment, offered by Mr. Doolittle, (Rep.) of Wisconsin, appropriating of office business have given us little time, \$100.000 to aid the voluntary emigration of the negroes liberated by the bill, to Hayti or Liberia, was adopted-yeas 27, nays 10. The following was the vote on the final passage of the bill, as amended: [Senator Cowan was not present.]

YEAS.—Anthony, Browning, Chandler, Clark, Collamer, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenspicuous gallantry of the Union officers, den, Foot, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Harlan, Harris, Howard, Howe, King, Lane, Ind., as far as my feeble abilities would permit. Lane, Kansas, Morrill, Pomerov, Sherman, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Trumbull, Wade, Wilkinson, Wilmot, Wilson, Mass.

> Wilson, Mo., Wright. All the yeas are Republicans, and the

nays Democrats and Union men.

TRUE WORDS. The N. Y. World, a Republican paper. protests against the attempts of the Sum pose of erasing from the national flag as understand that the examination will disand makes the following statement, which | corruption which has been used in the pasmight be considered prophecy, if it was sage of bills. This committee have been

"As soon as the war draws visibly to a We direct the special attention of our close, the Democratic party will, in any up for the express purpose of making Morrell's brigade of General Porter's Di- shot him, thus avenging his death. event, spring up again in full vigor. Heabusiness houses in to-day's paper. We vy taxation, the corrupt squandering of the would like to refer, in detail, to all the es- public money brought to light by Congrestablishments favoring us with their cards, sional committees of investigation, and that it has not been a white-washing con- mishers. but our space, this week, forbids it .- the questionable stretches of power to cern, but on the contrary, a disposition to Enough, for the present, to say that they which the Executive authority has resort | get all the facts and exhibit them to the are all first class houses, doing a large ed, will be charged home upon the Repub- people. business, and offering the best inducements lican party, which was alone responsible

TRAITORS IN THE CAPITOL. The Republican Senators of our State

debased themselves, and insulted their conship, while engaged in felling timber on stituents when, last week, they granted the morning of the 7th inst., was struck by the use of that Chamber to the notorious the butt end of a falling tree, about three traitor and disunionist, Wendell Phillips. compelled to call an extra session of the inches below the knee, fracturing the large When the leaders of the party in this State Legislature. This is predicted on the bone of the leg. Dr. Shields was called grant such privileges to such a man, is not and succeeded in placing the parts in apthe inference irresistible that they, at least, arrange and fix the tax bill for the State. position. Mr. Dunson, we learn, is getting are Abolitionists of the John Brown, Lloyd If our portion of the indebtedness of the what this distinguished disunionist feasted for the benefit of the negro that have been the willing ears of the Senators at Harris- ing interests are now heavily taxed, and pied several columns of the New York Tritract the following:

ty four, Maryland is a free State, Deleware negroes in South Carolina, and taxing the and half of Virginia, would to God that that building, (pointing to the Capitol,) with this city of Washington had been shelled to ashes last July.'

Speaking of the Constitution, he said: "Now I love it, though my friend (Dr. Pierpont,) who sits beside me, has heard 'me curse it a hundred times, and I shall 'again if it does not mean justice. I have 'labored nineteen years to take nineteen States out of this Union, and if I have spent any 'nineteen years to the satisfaction of my Pu-

'ritan conscience, it was those nineteen years.' Referring to Wm. Lloyd Garrison, a lifelong disunionist, and Abolition editor, who has kept for years, at the head of his paper, the infamous motto, "The Constitution is an agreement with death, and a covenant with hell," he spoke of him as "a "man who had done more, in the Provi-"dence of God, to shape the fate of this 'generation than any other one," and that "he (PHILLIPS,) was proud to sit at his

(GARRISON'S) feet." The brave McClellan was sneered at as "Quaker General," who had "never fired tra radical Republican members of Con- a cannon." We doubt not that our Abogress, lately made a furious attack in the lition Senator was hugely tickled to find House upon President Lincoln's Emanci- his Abolition harangue so ably seconded pation by Compensation Message. He by this vile curser of the Constitution; it so well accorded too, with his expressed views of that instrument in his political sermons and stump speeches in 1856,-When such foul slanderers of our forefathers-such revilers of the Constitution formlast or that may occur in the future Ad- ed by them are graciously allowed to vent ministrations. In no respect is the mess- their treason in the Senate Chamber of our age or the resolution manly or open. On State Capitol, it is high time that the people begin to look about them, to inform themselves of the principles and objects of that party with whom the Constitution is nothing, the negro everything.—Greens-after.

### HOW FAR IS IT? The abolitionists in and about the ar-

my sing:
"John Brown's body lies moldering in the grave, but his soul is marching on!"
As the Bible which they profess to be-Jacob Lemley, Esq., formerly proprietor ate rest in heaven as soon as they die, it of the "Hamilton House," has leased the strikes us that the chivalrous and pike-

President Lincoln's scheme for "the warding off suspicion of their thieving gradual abolishment of slavery," if adop. Yorktown, Va., Besieged by McClellan's ted by Congress and the border slave States, would add about two hundred millions of dollars to our already over-burdened treasury and over-taxed people. The slaves in Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri, according to the census of 1860, amount to 441,295. At an average of \$500 each they would cost a sum of the Border States, allowing the small exceeding two hundred millions. And then if it is good to abolish slavery in these the Republican party are in favor of ma- States in this manner, it is equally good to king the honest tax-payers of the country | abolish it in the other States. Figure it up, reader, if you please, and see how much longer you can pay the fiddler while Republicans dance the free-nigger jig. Greensburg Democrat.

WHAT IT WOULD COST.

The order to stop recruiting for the army will close up one hundred and sevpretty Republican scheme, at once econom. enty-five recruiting stations in Pennsylvania alone. The officers are being relieved from duty by Captain Dodge as fast as their accounts can be adjusted and their claims paid off.

## Communications.

HARRISBURG, APRIL 3d, 1862. Messrs. Editors Messenger: The Legislature is about drawing to a close. Whether its labors are of such a character as to be commended to the kind consideration of the people, the future alone can tell. A number of important measures have been passed, and are now laws, and their merits or demerits must be judged by those who are to come after us. I have endeavored, to discharge my duty not only to the people of Greene county, but to those of the NAYS-Bayard, Carlile, Davis, Hender- whole State. If my action here meets with on the continent. It may be regarded as son, Kennedy, Latham, McDougal, Nesthe first of a series of battles which are to Willey Saulsbury, Starke, Willey, content. If it does not I still have the motives, and a regard for what is due to side. the people.

The committee to investigate the means used for the passage of the bill commuting the tonnage tax upon the Pennsylvania ner-Greely school of politicians to resusci- Rail Road, is still in operation, and going tate the Republican party "for the pur on with the examination of witnesses. I many stars as it originally contained," | close some astounding facts, showing the money, but it has not been so in this case. vision, two companies of the Third Penn-

witnesses, though I believe no fraud has

Some suppose that the Governor will be Garrison and Wendell Phillips school, and United States is to be assumed by the State are endeavoring to lead their constituents | then it will be necessary to have an extra up to the same point. We do not know session, in order that uniformity in the imposition of taxes may be had. The farmburg upon, but suppose his speech was of it is time some other interests would pay the same character as the one delivered a their share of the public burdens. If we few days since at Washington, which occu- have equality in our mode of taxation, the burden will not be cast upon one class of bune, of the 18th inst., from which we ex- | the community, but be distributed equally. The Legislature would now do something "Unless within twelve months or twenty- with this subject, but it is impossible to do so, because Congress has not yet passed the tax bill for the United States, and until they do, it would be folly to attempt to pass any bill in the Legislature of this State, for we know not what per cent of tax, and on what objects Congress may impose. In this view, an extra session may be demanded by public necessity, and for the protection of the people.

The principal portion of legislation now is local. All the Abolitionists in the Senate and House, having expended themselves on the slavery question, we are now hard at work attending to the public interests and we are now holding from two to three sessions each day, Saturdays and Sundays excepted. So far as local bills relating to the county of Greene is concerned, all is finished up. The Act to fix and regulate the compensation to be allowed to Sheriffs of Greene county for conveying convicts to the Penitentiaries has passed both houses of the Legislature, which provides as follows: that the comensation hereafter to be paid to the Sheriffs of Greene county for conveying prisoners sentenced by the Courts to the Penitentiaries of this Commonwealth, shall be as follows, to wit: three dollars per day for each day actually employed in such removal; three cents per mile for each mile, circular, traveled and such necessary expenses as may be actually incurred in such removal; a statement or exhibit of the items of such expense to be made out and verified by affidavit and approved by the Court. Also, an Act changing the time of holding the Township elections in Greene county from the third to the second Friday of March here-P. D.

## For the Messenger.

BASE FALSEHOOD. There is a flying report through Greene county that I should have said lieve, says the righteous enter into immedi- the Poor House would soon be done, cavalry drove in the rebel pickets. Grif-

MAY OF IMPORTANT WAR NEWS. Army.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The following is the summary of the intelligence received by the War Department up to ten o'clock

The first operations at Yorktown and Fortress Monroe, vesterday, the enemy's works were carefully examined by Gen. McClellan, and were found to be very strong, and the approaches difficult. The enemy were in force, and the water bat-York and Gloucester are said to

increased. There was sharp firthe right, but no harm done. Our forces were receiving supplies from Shipping Point, repairing roads and getting up large trains. It seemed plain that mortars and siege trains must be used before assaulting.

Another dispatch, received at 10:30 A. m. states that Yorktown will fall, but not without a siege of two or three days.-Some of the outer works were taken.

A dispatch from General Wool states that Magruder had thirty thousand men at Yorktown.

Another dispatch to the Secretary of War states that a new rebel camp was discovered on the beach at the Rip Raps, and was shelled out by Colonel Holliday. A rebel tug was seen making a recon-

Several regiments of the enemy's infantry were seen from the Rip Raps during the day.

noon of Sunday.

On Sunday afternoon Shipping Point nad been taken, our gunboats having shelled out the water batteries. There was considerable delay caused in crossing Deep creek at Warwick Court House, and content. If it does not, I still have the resistance was made by the rebels, during consciousness of being governed by honest which several casualties occurred on our

All the fortified places of importance before Yorktown had been taken.

At every point the greatest enthusiasm revailed among the troops. A fuller detail is given in the following

To Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War: Before Yorktown, Saturday attempted to load. evening.—That portion of the army of the that these committees are sometimes got distant. The right was assigned to Gen. Every member of it has pursued a course sylvania cavairy, and a portion of Berdan's piece of ordnance, of one inch bore, rifled, which will, when the report is made, show division of sharp shooters, acting as skir- at the Berdan's.

Nothing of interest took place until distant, where they met the outer picket are also pursuing their examinations of there two hours in reconstructing a bridge, move. which had been destroyed by the rebels, as yet been shown in regard to the passage who retreated before the advance of our of the bank bill. What developments they skirmishers to Howard Creek, where will be able to make, I cannot at present | they had some abandoned earthworks.-Four shots were fired here by the rebels from two field pieces, which were soon silenced by the 4th Rhode Island battery, when the rebels beat a hasty retreat, ta-

The main body of the army here rested for the night, while General Morrill's brigade advanced three miles to Cuckleville Democratic Primary Election. BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, and six miles from Yorktown, and there encamped.

By seven o'clock Saturday morning, the column was again in motion, and at ten o'clock was in front of the enemy's works at Yorktown. The first shot fired was by the rebels, the shell passing over the heads of Gen. Porter and staff, without explo-

The batteries of Griffin, 3d and 4th Rhode Island and the 6th Massachusetts, were now placed in position, replying to very shot sent by the rebels. The cannonading continued with but slight intermission until dark. About four hundred shots were fired by both parties during the

The position of the rebels is a strong one. From present indications, their fortifications extending some two miles in length, and mounting heavy guns. The ground in front of their works is low and swampy, making it utterly impassi-

On Friday morning, about daylight, the rand army struck tents, and commenced the march "onward to Richmond." Gen. Heintzelman's corps de armee moved up through Great Bethel-the direct route to Yorktown. After leaving the camp, some miles beyond Hampton, the advance struck across New Market Bridge, along a most beautiful and romantic road, the birds singing sweetly through the woods. It seemed as though the grand army was a grand pageant, celebrating some gala

A company of Berdan's Sharpshooters ook the advance, with the 4th Michigan and the Fourteenth New York, and the ally 3d Pennsylvania Cavalry in the extreme

About twelve miles from Yorktown the booming of a gun was heard. It was now half nast one o'clock. The men were wearied, yet anxious to proceed. The discharges of heavy rifled pieces became numerous. The enemy seemed to respond briskly with a very heavy piece, as the sound of the discharge seemed sullen and

## THE ENEMY RETREAT.

We soon perceived Allen's Fifth Massachusetts Battery banging away at a very formidable earthwork. A short time prethat I heard D. T. ULLOM say that vious to this, the Third Pennsylvania where the soldiers' wives could be fins battery was also unlimbered in range. wielding John took another road, when ne left Virginia! If what the poet says—

would have to go there. Now, I give advancing toward the batteries. There is no rost for the vicked feet my word that I never heard Mr. There is no rost for the vicked feet my word that I never heard Mr. Utlon say any such thing; and I will never heard the batteries. There being no further response from the enemy, after firing seems sixteen shells, the columns of the same will never heard that I did.

HESTER A. TUTTLE. The Fourteenth New York, Companies B

After getting to the top of the hill, bat- | GREENE COUNTY, 85: teries could be seen all around. It was a very formidable stronghold. The enemy retreated. Major Phillips had command of the rebel cavalry. He left everything the account of John Phelan. Esq., Administrators of Remembrance H. Lindsey, deceased.

The second and s behind-meat on the fire cooking. They were somewhat surprised at the rapid advance of the Union forces.

THE FORTIFICATIONS-CAMP MISERY. The Second and Eighth Mississippi occupied the above fortifications, and called the place Camp Misery. Most of the resdents that remained had their houses filled with children. They claimed them as their own, but it was evident that they belonged to the secessionists, who had gone o fight in the rebel cause.

Gen. Heintzelman and Gen. Porter arriving, made a house, in the centre of these fortifications the headquarters of this corps. During the evening, several families came out of the woods with white flags flying, wanting to get to their residences, which they had escaped from during the day through fear. They were terribly frightened, claiming that gentlemen would not insult them, their only fear being from stragglers.

The Union army bivouacked in the rebel camp "misery," preparatory to an early start.

THE BATTLE.

The fight was carried on almost entirely with artillery, with the exception of Bernoissance off Sewall's Point in the after- dan's Sharpshooters. Weeden's Battery opened first, followed by Martin's on the left. Soon Griffin's Third Rhode Island, and Fifth Massachusetts, were in position, and the battle commenced in earnest. The discharges were rapid on the Union side, answered at intervals by the enemy.

The first man struck was J. Reynolds, of he Rhode Island Battery. He was struck with a piece of shell.

Two of Col. Sam Black's men were next hit by a round shot-a thirty-two-tearing the knapsack off one man. One was wounded slightly, while the other was mortally wounded.

The sharpshooters, with their telescopic rifles, kept the enemy away from their guns. They crept within a half mile of the rebels. For one hour they did not reply, our sharpshooters popping them off as soon as they

Three of Berdan's Sharpshooters were Potomac, recently concentrated at Old at this time wounded, and one killed-a not the expression of truth already quite indefatigable in their labors, and worked Point, advanced vesterday morning in the man from New Hampshire. He was shot almost night and day. It is well known direction of Yorktown, twenty-four miles through the forehead, by a musket ball .-Lieut Colonel Ripley killed the man who

During the day the rebels fired a small

After Griffin's Battery was brought into action, it silenced three guns of the rebels. their arrival at Big Bethel, twelve miles The artillerists acted nobly during the whole engagement. They took their posi-The committee to investigate the banks of the rebels. The troops were delayed tion and maintained it until ordered to Heavy firing closed with the day; but

> banging away, far in the advance. Prof-Lowe, at the close of the day, sent his balloon up, for the purpose of reconnoissance. Dental .-- Dr. S. S. PATTON, Main

during the night the pickets could be heard

street, Waynesburg, Pa., attends to all branches of the Dental profession, unless advertised, in this paper, for other points.

# ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce JAMES HUGHES, Esq., of Richhill township, as a candidate for Assembly subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary elec-We are authorized to announce Rev. THOMAS ROSE of Perry township, as a candidate for Assem-bly, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary

We are authorized to announce Dr. ALEXANDER PATTON, of Clarksville, as a candidate for Assem-bly, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary Election.

We are authorized to announce R. K. CAMPBELL, of Marion township, as a candidate for Assembly, sub-lection to the decision of the Democratic Primary Elec-tion.

COMMISSIONER.

MESSES. EDITORS:—Please announce RUSSELL ARMSTRONG, of Cumberland township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primery election, and oblige his numerous fixed in Commissioner. MANY DEMOCRATS.

We are authorized te announce JOHN PRIOR, of Morgan township, as a candidate for County Com-missioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary Election.

WE are authorized to announce JOSEPH KNISELY of Wayne township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Primary election, to be held in May next. We are authorized to announce SIMON RINEHART Sr. of Marion township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Prunary election, to be held in May next.

We are authorized to announce JOHN RAMER, of Monongahels township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democrat-c Primary election.

AUDITOR-

We are authorized to announce ISRAEL BRESS, of Morris township, as a candidate for County Auditor, subject to the decision of the Primary election, to be eld in May next.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR. We are authorized to announce Wm. DAVIS of Jefferson township, as a candidate for Poor House Director, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary election.

### WAYNESBURG COLLEGE. THE Summer Session will open on the First day of May, 1862. The prospects for the term are unusu-

A NORMAL CLASS Will be conducted for the special benefit of such as are preparing to teach, which arrangement, it is believed, will afford all the advantages to be enjoyed at the heat Norman. School.

Boarding

In private families, with good rooms, and other accommodations, can be had at \$2,00 per week.

All expecting to be in attendance during the next term, are requested to be present on the let day, or the day preceding.

For further in formation, and aid in making satisfactory arrangements, address or call apon the President.

April 2, 1862.

A. B. MILLER.

## GREENE ACADEMY.

THE Summer Session of this Institution will commence on the First Monday of May next, with a very good prospect of a full attendance. The Normal session of last Summer was a complete success. The Normal session for this Summer will commence about the 10th of August. Tuition from 34 to 310 per session of five months. Boarding can be had from \$1,50 to 32 per week. Instruction will be given in all the branches usually taught in our best Colleges. Miss Russell will take charge of the Female Department. For particulars address the Principal, A. W. Ross, by letter. Direct to Carmichaels, Greene County, Pa. April 15, 1663.

EXECUTOR'S MOTICE. ETTERS TESTAMENTARY having been granted to the undersigned, upon the estate of ELIZA-BETH FERMEN, deceased, late of Greeke county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make inamediate payment, and those having claims against the same, with ploses purposed than properly estimated, for estimate. E CHALENE,

In the Orphans' Court of Gre December Term, 1861,

agis make choice of A. A. Purman, as Auditor, where-upon, the Court appoint Mr. Purman Auditor to inves-tigate the exceptions filed and report tiffe facts.

By the Court, D. A. WORLEY.

The undersigned Auditor will attend to the duties c the above appointment at the office of Purman & Ritchie in Waynesburgh, on the 5th day of May next, when and where all persons interested may attend. A. A. PURMAN, Audito April. 15, 1862.

GREENE COUNTY, SS; In the Orphan's Court of said county, of December 'erm, 1861, No. v. In the matter or the settlement of the account of An-a Williams, Administratrix of Ephraim Williams, de-

Account confirmed by the Court, December 19, 1862, Account confirmed by the Court, December 19, 1862, exceptions filed, and by consent the confirmation of this account, at December Term, 1861, is taken off; George L. Wyly, Esq., is appointed Audior to hear the exceptions, and report thereon. (See account of excep-By the Court, D. A. WORLEY, Clerk O. C.

I will attend to the duties of the above appointment at my office, in Waynesburg, on the 15th day of May next, at which time and place at persons interested can attend, if they see proper.

GEO. L. WYLY
Additor

GREENE COUNTY, SS:

In the Orphan's Court of said County, of March Perm, 1862, No. 1. Term, 1862, No. 1.

In the matter of the partition and sale of the Real Estate of Thomas Lucas, Sen., deceased.

And now to wit; March 28, 1862, the Court appoint Joseph G. Ritchie, Esq., Anditor to distribute the fund arising from the sale of the Real Estate of the said Thomas Lucas, deceased. D. A. WORLEY, Clerk O. S.

I will attend to the duties of the annual state office of Purman & Ritchie, in Waynesburg, on Saurday, the 3d day of May, 1862, at which time and place all persons interested can attend, if they see J. G. RITCHIE Auditor. I will attend to the duties of the above appointment April 15, 1862.

GREENE COUNTY, SS:

In the Orphan's Court of said county, of March Term In the matter of the settlement of the estate of Elizabeth McFarland, deceased. L.S. And now, to wit; March 26, 1862, the Court appoint D. Crawford, Esq., Auditor, to

hear and report upon the exceptions filed. (See account for exceptions )

By the Court,

D. A. WORLEY, Clerk O. C. I will attend to the duties of the above appoin ment at my office, on the 20th day of May next, when and where all persons interested may attend, it they think proper.

D. CRAWFORD, April 15, 1862,

GREENE COUNTY, SS: In the Orphans' Court of said county, of March

In the matter of settlement in the account of Silas Barnes Administrator of Charles Hedge, deceased.

And now to wit: March 26, 1862,
R. A. McConnell, Esquir e, appointed Auditor to make distribution, &c., and to report upon the liens, and the right of judg nent. Creditors to have payment from the assets. &c.

By the Court,

D. A. WORLEY, Clerk O. C.

I will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at my office, in Waynesburg, on Saturday, the 24th day of May, 1862, at one o'clock. P. M., at which time and place all persons interested are requested to attend.

R. A. McCONNELL,
April 16, 1862.

Auditor.

### HAMILTON HOUSE. Waynesburg, Greene County. Pa.

S. HARTZELL, Proprietor

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends that he has taken this well known House where he is prepared to accommodate travellers and others, with goodand substantial meat, drink, &c. He will spare no pains or attention in rendering his guests comfortable and happy during their sojourn with him, not lorgetting to give due attention to their horses and carriages, &c.

S. HARTZELL April 10,-No 44-tf

ADAMS HOUSE. Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa.

JACOB LEMLEY, PROPRIETOR. THIS well known Hotel has been refitted in new style by its present proprietor, who takes this opportunity of informing the travelling public that he is fully prepared to accommodate them with the best the market affords, besides giving them comtortable quarters and beds.

The has also fine stabling for any number of hor ses.

Waynesburg, April 16, 1862.

J. R. WELDIN,

Printer & Binder AND Manufacturer of Blank Books, No. 101 WOOD STREET, BETWEEN DIAMOND

ALLEY AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Wrapping, Wall & Window Paper. CASH FOR RAGS.

April 16, 1862-6m. ST. CLAIR HOTEL, CORNER OF PENN & ST. CLAIR STREETS, J. N. ANDERSON, PROPRIETOR.

The Cheap Bills, and good fare. Stabling for any umber of horses. April 16-lyr. THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE.

INVENTED 1845-IMPROVED 1860. ADAPTED TO ALL KINDS OF MANUFACTUR-ING PURPOSES

Sewing Equally as well on muslins, Cloth and Leather. CORNER OF PENN & ST. CLAIR STREETS,

April 16--lyr. A. M. M'GREGOR, AGENT HOME MADE SHIRTS! R. WILLIAMSON

PITTSBURGH, PA.

MAMUFACTURER OF SHIRTS, COLLARS, WRISTBANDS, BOSOMS, AND FURNISHING GOODS. No. 47, St. Clair Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

April 16-lvr. M'CALLUM'S CARPET STORE

NO. 87, FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. SPRING STYLES OF 1862. CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,

WINDOW SHADES, FLOOR RUGS, HEARTH RUGS, MATTS, &c., AT LOWEST RATES FOR CASH. April 16-3mos

JOHN N. MARON COLVIN & MASON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, WOOL AND PRODUCE, NO. 6, SMITHFIELD STREET. OPPOSITE MONONGAHELA HOUSE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. M. MIELROY.

DEALER IN FANCY AND STAPLE

G O O D 8 DRY AND SUMMER GOODS JUST

RECEIVED. WILD ST., CORNERS OF THE PITTEBURGU, PA.

1862 1862. Pittesunces, April, 1986

JOSEPH HORNE. No. 27 Market Street. Pittsburgh, Begs leave to call the attention of COUNTRY MER CHANTS, MILLINERS and RETAIL BUYERS, to

Large Stock of Goods

which will be sold for cash as low as they can be bought.

Bonnets, Children's Hats, Shater Hoods, French
Flowers, Ribbons, Bonnet Silks, Bombazine, Crapes,
Frames, Velvet Ribbons, and all other kinds of

## Millineba Coods

red Collars and setts.
Handkerchiefs,
Infant's Waists and Caps,

Flowerings,
Black Lace Veils,
Granaine Veils,
Crape and Love Veils;
Ladies and Misses Cotton Hose,
Men's Cotton Socks, Men's Cotton Sock
Gloves and Gauntiers, of all kinds,
Hoop Skirts and Consets,
Ladies' and Gents, Linen Hokfs,
Hair Natts and Mohair Caps.
Spo. Cottons, Skirt Braids,
Pins. Needles, Tapes, Combs,
Patent Thread, Shoe Lacers,
one and a fell line of

and a full line of Notions and Fancy Goods.

### NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY COMING IN

JOSEPH HORNE, 77 Market Street

### TO THE PUBLIC, DRY GOODS & VARIETIES

### ISAAC TAYLOR,

OF THE LATE FIRMS OF D. GREGG & CO., and GREGG & TAYLOR, both of which have heen dissolved. begs leave to inform city and country merchanis that he has opened an entirely NEW STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND VARIETIES, at his warehouse, No. 129 WOOD STREET, for a doors above Fifth, where he will be much pleased to see his friends and the customers of the old houses, and continue his business relations with them, pledging himself by the favorable prices of his goods, and eleven years of active experience in the trade together with strict attention to the wants of customers to merit their patronage.

article in the Dry Goods and Variety line, and has been purchased since the reduction in prices, and on the most favorable terms, for cash. City and Country Merchants will find it to their interest to examine ou stock before purchasing elsewhere. Merchant Tailors are particularly invited to call. ISAAC TAYLOR, 129 Wood Street.

P. S.—The books, notes and papers of the firm of D. GREGG & CO., are in my hands, and I alone am ISAAC TAYLOR April 16, 1862-1m.

BONNETS, &c., AT WHOLESALE. M'CORD & CO.,

Hats, Caps, straw Goods, Bonnets, Shaker Hoods, Paim-Leaf Hats, And all the new styles of MISSES' and LADIES' HATS to be found in any city, which they are prepared to sell lower than they cau be purchased elsewhere.—Please calf and examine our stock.

M'CORD & CO.,

Anril 16, 1862-ly.

Manufacturers.

BECKMAN & LONG, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in

Agricultural & Farming Implements SEEDS. &G.

cursery,

J Agents for Cook's Sugar Evaporator.

Sorghum or Chinese Sugar Cane Seed, of supeior quality, always on hand. No. 127 Liberty Street, y Pittsburgh, Pa-April 16, 1862-1v

THOMAS PALMER No. 91, Wood St., Between 4th & 5th. SECOND DOOR BELOW DIAMOND ALLEY.

150,000 Rolls Wall Paper to be sold this Spring. Also Figured Curtains, Fire Board Prints, Lesters, &c.— New Patterns—Bright, Beautiful and Showy. Come all, and see for yourselves. Our motto is, "SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK SALES."

# PITTSBURGE

MOURNING & HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS STORE.

Selected with much care, and at the lowest of

with four stops and two ranks of keys OF 5 OCTAVES.

Octave Portable Melodeons....
Octave Portable Melodeons..... A aplendid selected lot of the above instruments just received direct from the manufactory in Boston, and for sale by JOHN H. MELLOR. 81 Wood Street.

A piberal discount to Clergymen and Teachers.

April 16, 1862 ly.

Now receiving a new supply of Piano Fortes from Chickering & Sons, Boston, Hazleton Brothers, New Chickering & Sons, Boston, Hazleton Brothers, New York; Hallett, Davis & Co., Boston; George Steek, New York, and Haines Brothers, New York, all of which will be sold at Eastern Factory prices.

JOHN H. MELLOR,
81 Wood street, between Diamond and Fourth.

SECOND HANDED PIANOS At \$25, \$50, \$60, \$75, \$100, \$125, and \$150, for sale by JOHN H. MELLOR, \$1 Wood Street. April 16—6.00s.

REMOVAL, SIMON KAUPMAN. KLEE, KAUFMAN & CO., Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

CLOTHING, No. 20, Wood street, next door to corner of Figs. Always on hand, a large assortment of Cloths, Canel-meres, Vestings and Furnishing Goods. (Jan. 20,

REYMER & BROTHERS (Successors to Reymer & Anderson,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PORDIGH PRUITS Nos. 126 and 126 WOOD STREET, above Figh. Late No. 52 Wood Street, PITTSBURGH, PA. March 11, 1862—6m.

ST. WIGHOLAS MOTES.

WHOLESALE.

age.

The stock is entirely new, consisting of almost every

1862.] TO MERCHANTS. [1862. HATS, CAPS, AND STRAW GOODS.

131 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., HAVE now on hands for their Spring sales the

April 16, 1862-1y. HENRY B. LONG

Agents for the Buckeye Mower and Reaper, Wood's lower and Iron Harvester, and Bockstock & Ammon's

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!

PITTSBURGH, PA.

D. COOPER & CO., NO. 75, MARKET ST., PITTSBURGH. TAMILIES in mourning will at all times find here
a large assortment of such Goods as are used

MOURNING prices.
ALSO—Our stock of Household Goods, such as Table Linens, Sheetings, Counterpanes, Towals, &c., is always full and complete.
April 15—2mos.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN AN ORGAN MELODEON.

THE ABOVE INSTRUMENT has been in use in a private family less than two years, and is in excellent order in every respect. The style of furniture is very handsome, and equal to the best made Pianoforte. Manufucturer's price \$200 in Boston; for sale now for \$124, cash, by JOHN II. MELLOR, 81 Wood Street.

AMLIN'S BOSTON MPIONER.

Octave Double Reed Melodeons

NEW PIANOS.

P. Reymer. J. S. Reymer. H. D. Reymer (Late at Miller & Ricketson's.)

CORNER GRANT AND 4TH STREET