

sompromised. It knows no baseness; it cowers to be danger; it oppresses no weakness. Destructive only of despotism, it is the sole conservator of liberary and wrongers. y, labor and property. It is the sentiment of sedom, of equal rights, of equal obligations--the of nature pervading the law of the land."

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Wednesday, April 9, 1862.

WANTED.

A Journeyman Printer. A good compositor and pressman may hear of a permanent situation, at fair wages, by applying at this office. It is indispensible that he should be careful, neat and expert at Press, not afraid of work, and of good habits. None other need apply.

WHO ARE TO RESTORE THE UNION?

roneous and dangerous views of the rights gaged in the cultivation of the cane. and powers of Congress over the question mate and satisfactory adjustment of the unhappy sectional difficulties which led to disguised sympathy with the Wendell Phillips' fanatics, who canonize John Brown, each and every State the rights guaran- of grass and weeds. teed them by the existing Constitution .--Only a few days since, when Phillips harangued an audience in the Smithsonian Institute at Washington City, newspaper correspondents inform us that Vice President HAMLIN, Senator SUMNER, and all the "big guns" and oracles of Republicanism figured conspicuously in the crowd, and applauded the insane ravings of the speaker. "Straws show which way the wind blows," and there is no mistaking the direction the opinions of prominent Republicans is taking in the present crisis. They are gliding, obviously and rapidly into the fanaticism of the Helpers, the Love joys, and the Beechers, and will soon be prepared for any project, however monstrous and indefensible, which may be proposed by the zealots who have been laboring for years for the abolition of slavery and the dismemberment of the country, for they seek to effect the one by the accomfaction in the country, (for until recently, they have been too contemptible in numpetition for a dissolution of the Union, and fully skimmed it will crystalize in 24 to 48 ing the dingy, disconsolate, pine board they will be the last to abandon the mad hours. undertaking. What care they for the fundamental law, if it is interposed between them and negro emancipation? What for the public peace and the national prosperity? "Better have national ruin, and neither Constitution nor Union," they are bold enough to say, "than negro slavery;" and they multiply their disloyal expressions, and urge their treasonable schemes with unblushing effrontery and dogged obstinacy. The unfitness of such men for the work of restoring the Union, and bringing the country back to their ancient harmony, is too manifest for comment; and it is equally true of any party that holds to their dogmas, in whole or in part, or partakes

It remains, then, for the Democratic party to apply itself to the august and responsible duty of perpetuating the Constitution and the Union as they came from the hands of the fathers, and as they existed before the breaking out of the rebellion. Thorough knowledge of our political system, of the true sphere and scope of Federal authority, and uniform respect for the rights of the States and the people, qualify it pre-eminently for the great task before it. Its patriotism knows no limits but the confines of the Republic,-its policy has laid broad and deep the foundations of our national prosperity, while its justice to all sections and to all interests has alone preserwed us, for over fifty years, from the perils and terrible scourge of intestine war. It is charge the high obligations it imposes with impartial pidelity,

of their spirit.

GET YOUR BILLS PRINTED.

dise or property to sell at public outcry.for your traps :--

selves; in fact, it is just the reverse. While we may make fifty cents or one dollar by getting your bills to print, you may make ten, twenty or fifty dollars more on the sale of your effects, by having your bills printed. This is a fast age, as everybody knows. People walk, talk and do business fast .-To stop a man of business you must present something attractive to his eye. Ten men will stop to read a large printed handbill, where two stop to read a written one. A small piece of white paper will not attract attention as quick as a large piece of bright color, neither are light pen strokes as attractive or easily read as large, clear they can read as they run. It often takes a man as long to find out the time of sale on a written hand-bill, as he could read the contents of two printed ones. By means of printed bills more persons are diswn to sales, and where there is a large crowd there is more spirited bidding, and the advance thus obtained on one or two articles will pay for the wills. . Now, read-

er, are we not correct?

Senator Cowan has received much abuse from the ultra press of the country for his late speech upon the confiscation bill of Senator Trumbull. His speech, however, has been endorsed by the President, his Cabinet, a large majority of the leading lawyers and statesmen of Pennsylvania, while Senator Collamer, Fessenden, Doolittle, Browning and Clarke have expressed upon the floor their hearty concurrence therein; while he has the confidence of such men, he can await the ultimate en-

CULTIVATION OF CHINESE SUGAR

dorsement of his course by the whole read-

ing community. So says a Washington

CANE. The monopoly of cotton growing is not the only Southern Interest likely to be impaired by the present secession mania .-Tobacco will be grown and manufactured to a considerable extent outside of the sacred soil of Virginia, and sugar, even more largely in demand, will be made in the North in sufficient quaintities for home consumption, if the present high prices are of long continuance. The manufacture of sugar from the Sorghum, or Chinese sugar cane, has been carried on to a limited extent for a year or two past, in one or two Western States, but it is now attracting It grows more and more palpable, daily, general attention among leading agriculthat the restoration of the Union of our turists in the States of Ohio, Indiana and fathers, and the preservation of the Con- Illinois. The last number of the National stitution in its letter and spirit, is to be the Agriculturist contains seven or eight colappropriate work of the National Democ- umns of articles relating to this subject, racy. The Republican party, with its er- mainly communications, from parties en-

A letter from Blymer, Bates & Day, of of slavery, and with its decided abolition Mansfield, Ohio, recommends the selection proclivities, is utterly unfitted for the ulti- of good seed as a most important point; not known that he has definitely setand saving afterwards the best canes, sprouting the seed by soaking it in hot wathe present war. Its leaders, at least, ter, and roling in plaster, is urged to gain however it may be with the masses of the from one to three weeks in the beginning party, are in familiar association and un- of the season. It should be planted on good wheat land, or sandy loam, in rows running North and South, and three and a and who oppose any reconstruction of the half to four feet apart. The cane until Union that would preserve and secure to jointed must be kept well tilled, and clear

The best time for harvesting is when three-fourths of the seed have fully ripened, and if not immediately ground, the stalks should be kept in a barn or shed, as the juice will ferment if they are allowed to be in the sun. The canes should be stripped of leaves and tops-which contain no sugar-cut in two in the middle, and are then ready to crush.

If the object is to obtain sugar, the butts and tops should be worked separately, the buts containing much more sugar than the tops. Pass the juice through a common meal sieve into a juice tank, and allow it to run into the evaporator in a continuous stream. Keep the sides of the evaporator well skimmed, and when the syrup in the last channel has become thick enough to weigh 11 or 12 fbs to the gallon, let it run into a shallow trough, and as soon as you have got a depth of five or six inches, set plishment of the other. They were the first it immediately into a warm room, kept at | gions. a temperature of not less than 80° by a thermometer. Never allow the syrup to bebers to be styled a party,) to propose and come chilled through. If it has been care-

> strong linen sack, and well pressed, to looking hoosier, "when they gets hungry bring the sugar out dry and lively. If in. | they just go out to the corn crib and gnaw tended for sugar, put no chemicals in the syrup, as it will crystalize as well, if not to be: Water, 70, sugar, crystalizable, 75, unchristalizable, 5.5, fibre, albumen, fatty matter, and cerose, 16.463, silica, 062, chlorine, sulp. acid, phosphoric do., carbonic do., potash, lime, and magnesia, 475. A premium of \$25 offered by the Illinois State Sorghum Convention, brought out ten samples. It was taken by Mr. J. H. Smith, of Adams county, whose sample was taken from a lot one ton in weight, which, with forty five gallons of molasses, was the product of one acre of cane. If our farmers were to make Sorghum an article of more general cultivation, it might be found to pay quite as well as the ordinary

PARENTS, LOOK to YOUR CHILDREN. We fear that the parents in this borough are incurring a fearful responsibiliy in the matter of family training-a responsibility that will have to be met and answered. We doubt if there is a town in the country, situated as ours is, where boys of from six years old and upwards spend so much time on the street. On the street almost every night as late as nine and ten o'clock small boys may be seen .squat to the work before it, and it will dis- The parents either don't know, or don't care to know, of their whereabouts. The street-and particularly the street at night -is the high-school of vice, and the scholars are graduated early. Boys eight, A decidedly sensible editorial brother in | nine and ten years of age smoke cigars an adjoining county, drops the following with the air of men, and swear by rule. judicious hints to persons having merchan- Smoking, profanity, and worse vices, are the legitimate fruit of night street loafing. Pollow his counsel if you want fair prices | The Sabhath, too, is openly desecrated by boys. They rendezvous on the corners. Now, reader, don't imagine that we are and loaf upon store-boxes, to the annoyapeaking one word for you and two for our- ance of church-goers. The evil is on the increase, and unless checked will bring down the vengeance of Heaven upon those parents who wilfully shut their eyes to the

Ministers should preach upon the subject; the press should speak out; and the borough authorities should take action on it. If parents will not restrain their children, the public authorities should make examples of the boys themselves, for unless something is done, and that speedily, type. Men now-a-days want something crimes committed by these juveniles will one day startle a community into a proper

realization of the evil .- Washington Exam-The above is applicable to Waynes. burg as well as Washington.

The rebel Government is said to be again on the more. They had better put he opposed, any to heaven for veng cancer he concern on wheels.

COULDED TRIBE THEK COWATONTER CONTENSATION BELL Mesers. Holt and Owen appointed by the President to settle all questions about army contracts, are both Democrats. Old "Abe" likes Republicans well enough, but can't trust them. His experience for one year proves that money will stick to their fingers. We hope these gentlemen may stop the stealings, but they have a large contract.—Washington Review.

That's our opinion.

THE Detroit Free Press thinks the time has come when the Republican party must cast off Abolitionism-when it must declare for the Constitution or against it .-Until it does so the Democracy have a right to hold it responsible for all that Abcontinent.

A Command for Gen. Kelly. General Fremont has issued an order assigning General Kelly a command. It will embrace all of Western Virginia, north and east of the counties of Jackson, Roane, Calhoun, Braxton, Lewis, Barbour and Tucker inclusive, and west of the Alleghenies. Maryland and Pennsylvania.tled the matter as vet.

REBEL LOSS AT DONELSON.—The Nashville Patriot gives complete statistics of the rebel loss at Fort Donthe truth than any yet published.— The whole number of men engaged was 18.829; the number of killed 237; the number of wounded 1,007

Communications.

The subjoined letter from a young ady friend will be read with interest by her Waynesburg acquaintances, who will her "Prairie" home :-

BULKLEY, IROQUOIS Co., ILL.,

March 12th, 1862. DEAR MESSENGER: You and your numerous admiring readers will, no doubt, be delighted to hear of my safe arrival at home on the 3rd inst. I had a pleasant journey, and found the West enjoying the mingled delights of snow, sleet and wind.

As the train leisurely emerged from the wooded swamps of Indiana on the farreaching, icy plains of Illinois, I was reminded of descriptions I had read of Siberian deserts, and other similar jolly re-

"How do folks get anything to eat so far off from anybody or anything?" exclaimed an old lady who had been obserhuts that lined the way at lonesome intera cob." "Du tell!" said the old lady.

I expressed to a friend whom I met on better, without them. An analysis of the | the train, some doubts as to my being able Sorghum plant shows its component parts to exist in this savage country, after experiencing several months of civilization. "Ma panvrette," he said feelingly, "bread and butter will keep you alive. Meanwhile you'd better drown your sorrows in the flowing bowl." He produced a decanter of pale, amber-tinted catawba, and I was staid with flagons, and comforted with apples till my spirits rose, and I was able to meet with grim defiance the insolent blast that smote me in the face, and toyed more familiarly than was agreeable with my drapery, as I stepped from the cars at the town of my destination. Before the platform stood a solitary farmer, whom I recognized as a neighbor of my father. I asked him how he was? He fixed on me a vacant, stony stare, sighed deeply, and remarked in hollow voice, "corn's a dime a bushel." As I passed on up the street, I met another acquaintance, of whom I made the same inquiry. He caught my hand and wrung it almost off, while he joyfully exclaimed, "Pork is riz!" I was deeply perplexed. Had I forgotten the language of these people, or did I drown my senses along with my sorrows, in that single gill of delicious pale catawba?

I stated my embarrassment to a lady friend. She informed me that my accent was in no way impaired, but that I had been oblivious of the etiquette of the country. It is customary first to ask the price of those important staples, corn and pork, when you are at liberty to inquire after the health of your friend and his family.

I find here a deeper and more intense feeling concerning the war than exists in Waynesburg-probably for the reason that all the men who have gone from this county are engaged in active service, and that the horrors and dangers of war are brought home to us. Two companies of our volunteers were at Ft. Donelson, and

a third figured in the late battle in Arkan-

sas. The most painful anxiety is felt by the friends of the latter, who are yet ignorant of their fate. Oh, the untold miseries of this dreadful contest! The loving hearts at home that bleed and smart for every soldier's wounds-the hearts that will ache on, and in their aching break long after the last mangled victim has ceased to suffer! The soul sickens to think of them. What punishment too severe can be inflicted upon the miscreant crew whose base ambition has been the means of bringing all these titter woes upon us. The blood of the righteous, the teers of the bereaved, and the gream of

Mr. We admit the following communi- | Calmel Bute's Busings on Gen. Jacks estion with some reluctance, been its personal character, and do it solely to enable Mr. Ullow to correct some reports to his prejudice which it appears have been extensively circulated .- [Eds. Mess.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Messrs. Jones & Jennings: In reply to a report which has become quite current, and which had its origin in personal malice, I wish to state a few plain facts to my fellow citizens through the medium of your

In the first place, I wish to remark that I have been charged with saying, in the olition has done to produce rebellion. A presence of a respectable lady, "that the political warfare against the rebels is no Poor House would soon be done, when the longer necessary. It is simple nonsense- soldiers' wives could be taken care of waste of ink and paper. The army fights there." It appears that this falsehood and them. The only political fight which re- slander has brought on me a long train of mains for the North is under this very is- personal abuse and threats. My enemies sue-Abolition or Union, treason or loyal- have ransacked their catalogue of slang. ty, the Constitution or no Constitution .- and out of their ample stock have selected This is the real issue; and the first and their vilest epithets to hurl at my devoted holiest duty of every citizen is to tear the head, and have even gone so far as to mask of patriotism from the faces of the threaten me with "Judge Lynch." Now. extremists, and to expose them to infamy I have never made use of any such lanas co-conspirators with Davis and Floyd; guage as is attributed to me, either in jest as the authors of schemes which, if suc- or in earnest. "Out of their own mouths cessful, will extirpate liberty from this they shall be condemned," for the same lady to whom they say I made the remark, herewith files her statement to the contra -

Party prejudice, I doubt not, had a great deal to do with originating and spreading this atrocious calumny, for I flud I am not the only one slandered, but scores and hundreds of other Democrats are bitterly abused, notwithstanding the organization to which they belong is largely represented General Kelly will probably make his in the rank and file of the army, and many headquarters at Grafton, though it is of the best officers in the field belong to that brave old party-a party which has stood manfully by the Union and Government in and through every peril that has threatened them, and poured out its best blood in their defence. While Democrats. elson, which it says may be relied in common with men of all parties, are upon as more nearly approximating cheerfully and honestly laboring to meet all the Government, State and county demands, and are doing all they can in support of the war, and of the families of volunteeers, furnishing their wives with wood and coal, doing their milling, &c., it appears very ungenerous and unkind that abuse should be employed, where thanks are justly due.

Now, I am not opposed to the relief tax, and never was, but think it a good law, if be pleased to learn of her safe arrival at the money is judiciously applied. The charge that I am opposed to the relief system is as false and groundless as the other charge brought against me. .

It is not enough for certain individuals DREW JACKSON. to heap their vile epithets on me, but they go still further, and show their malice by throwing out slurs about my family. I naid no attention to all this, so long as it proceeded from low and grovelling characters, "considering the source," (as the person said when the donkey kicked him,) and thinking no person of good sense or good standing would even listen to it, but within a few days I find there are more knaves or dupes than I had dreamed of, and truth and justice require me to vindicate myself append to this communication.

I see in the "Republican" of March 18th., a letter from Rev. J. N. Pierce, Chaplain of the 85th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, who has either been sadly misled and deceived, or else has stooped a great way below his sacred calling. Surely no man of even ordinary discretion, much less a Christian minister, would circulate reports to the injury of his neighbors without first informing himself of their truth and credibility, unless he is the dupe of the designing. Mr. Pierce says in the letter I refer to:

"The Greene county boys have been made sad by some very unkind and unpatriotic remarks, reported to have been made by citizens of Greene county, concerning the wives and children of the soldiers from that county, now in the army. It seems some have gone so far as to say that they would try and keep the aforesaid wives and children from starving during this winter, and in the spring they would have the poor house ready, where they could keep them at very little expense."

Now, in my humble opinion, the Reverend gentleman, before giving currency to eon. such reports through the columns of a public iournal, should first have written privately to ascertain their truth. Although such stories went to camp, so far as they relate to myself (and I doubt not to others) they are base and malicious fabrications. Read the certificates below.

Respectfully yours, D. T. ULLOM.

I never heard Mr. D. T. Ullom, nor any of his family, say that the wives of the soldiers should be put in the poor house, nor never heard any one say that they would try and keep them from starving during the winter when, in the spring, the poor house would be done, where they could be kept at very little expense; nor I never told Mrs. Hetty Grimes, or Mr. John Lightner that I ever heard Mr. Ullom, his family, or any one else say any such thing; although I understand they say I did at a certain time at which time, I can prove there was no such language made use of, nor so such conversation whatever.

MARIA L. GLADDEN.

Mr. John Lightner says that the day I was drawing Maria L. Gladden's fodder, Maria L. Gladden remarked to Hetty Grimes that father (D. T. Ullom,) was going to put Hetty Grimes and Sarah Babbit in the poor house. But it is not so; there were no such words uttered in my presence, and I was present all the time that Mr. Lightner was. JOHN T. ULLOM.

An unpaid bill for three gallons of peach brandy was found in the quarters of | Machine for sale. It is entirely new, just the reverend rebel Gen. Polk, as well as from the Manufactory and is one of the stall to high-quith, and any and are the control of the each or approved produce.

On the conclusion of the reading of Jackson's Proclamation to the people of South Carolina in the Pennsylvania Legislature on the 18th of March, Mr. TATE (Columbia) was called upon for a few remarks, to which he responded as follows:

MR. SPEAKER:—I concur with the gentlemen to whose kindness I am indebted for courtesy of the House, that a brief reference, at least, is due the name and fame of the departed patriot and statesman, whose living admonition and undying legacy we have just been called upon to thus publicly celebrate.

Near and dear to the American people is the name of Andrew Jackson. We do well to-day to turn aside for an hour from the legitimate business of legislation, to hear the admonitions and warnings of one who, though dead, yet speaketh.-

opinion that, had we observed the try would to day have been at peace. I agree with my patriotic friend of of offering the resolution inviting this celebration that Andrew Jackson was the second Saviour of his country. Washington he truly denominated the first, and Jackson the second-in which sentiment I cordially concur, and have no doubt that it commends the judgment of every patriot in the land. Such sentiments as those enunciated in the message of Gen. Jackson are full of meaning and admonition, and must be especially refreshing to the loyal Dysentery, on September 28th, 1861, Mrs. citizen in these times of treason and MARY SMITH, in the 78th year of her be especially refreshing to the loyal rebellion. We hail them as an oasis in the moral waste of this degenerate world. The best energies of his life. and the most powerful efforts of his administration, were devoted to the suppression of rebellion, and the defence of the Constitution. Obedience to the law and deference to the Union was the watch-word of Andrew Jackson. It was he who fear-

lessly declared, "THE FEDERAL UNION -it must be preserved," and were he to-day upon the theatre of action, would no doubt signalize that determination of his purpose with an emphatic "By the Eternal." Sir, I too vish we had such a man as AN-

Mr. Speaker, thanking Divine Providence, in the name of the people of Pennsylvania, and through them of the world, for the two first named benefactors of our race, in the persons of Washington and Jackson, may we not confidently trust that, in the munificence of the same unerring wisdom, he has raised up, in the person of Gen. McCaray, the third "Saviour of our Country.

I am not yet done with Andrew Jackson. He suppressed nullification from the foul aspersion sought to be cast in 1832, and, if now living, would upon me. This I do by the certificates I wipe out rebellion in 1862. His motto would now be that of all his followers. "The Constitution as it is-the Union as it was!"

And now, Mr. Speaker a word in relation to our beloved, bleeding, suffering and distracted country. fair temple of our liberties has been ruthlessly assailed by traitorous hands, and the sacred tombs of Mount Vernon, Monticello and the Hermitage-the imperishable heritage of our fathers and our fathers Godhave been desecrated by treason's unholy ambition. Such violators of law and humanity, I hold, would-

"Pillage the Pallace of the King of Kings, And clip the guilding from an angel's wings, Would cheat the living-wrong the dead,

And rob the orphan of its crust of bread. In conclusion, may we not here, as the representatives of one branch of the Legislature, congratulate the loyal people of the whole country upon the prospects of an early and enduring peace. A peace that will comprehend the honor of the thirtyfour stars of the Union. Black rebelion and treason will then be banished from the land never again to disgrace our country's fair escutch-

For them I have neither mercy or sympathy. Men who desert the Union, and attempt to destroy or mar its beauty, have no claim to its protection and immunities, but deserve its unlimited execuations. Of such truthfully has the poet said:

> Perish the hand that would destroy The temple of our sires. Perish the heart that hopes for joy In its consuming fires ! Let not the monster be forget Who dares to light the flame: But curse him with a traitor's lot, And with a traitors name.

Mr. Tate concluded by offering the following:

Resolved, That 5,000 copies of Andrew Jackson's Proclamation to the people of South Carolina, and an equal number of his farewell address to the people of the United States. be printed for general distribution.

Unionists Captured. A late Richmond Examiner contains the following telegram:

CHARLESTOWN, S. C., March 17th.-Lieut. Col. Bennet, of the 51st Pennsylvania Regiment, Lieut. Riley, of the 47th New York, and S. H. Willis, Union government agent and cotton broker, were captured by our pickets on Edisto Island, on Sunday, and brought here to-day as prisoners of war. They were riding in a buggy when captured.

SEWING MACHINE FOR SALE.

We have on hand a first rate Sewing degraphests. The old sinuse to par- host machines in gree. It will be sold low for

Reports About the Me The intent intelligence folk, by the underground railroad, says the correspondent of the Baltimore American, leaves no doubt that the Merrimae is thoroughly repaired and in commission, ready for another expedition against the wooden walls of the Federal navy, and the river jet to the decision transports lying in the Roads. The delay in her coming out is believed to be caused by waiting for ammunition for the heavy guns that have been placed on board of her, and also some infernal machines which have been constructed by Bombastes
Maury. The steamers Yorktown
and Lamestown are also being to the primary election, to be held in May next. and Jamestown are also being strengthened, and more thoroughly clad with iron, to accompany the Merrimac. There is also a rumor that two more steamers are being

As to the loss of life on the Merrimac, we have now what is claimed May we long treasure his wise coun- to be positive information that it was sels, and practice his wholesome pre- pretty heavy. One of the recently arrived contrabands states that he Mr. Speaker, I am clearly of the was a nurse in the general hospital, and that up to the time of his deteachings of the sterling "Sage of parture, he had helped to shroud 30 the Hermitage," to which we have of the crew of the Merrimac, and just been listening, our beloved coun- that both Captain Buchanan and Lieutenant Minor are dead. There will be conducted for the special benefit of such as was still a number of the wounded was still a number of the wounded will afford all the advantages to be enjoyed at the Philadelphia-the Hon. Mr. Dennis surviving. They, the contrabands. -who remarked in his able defence also state that the last two shots of of Gen. Jackson, upon the 13th of the Monitor were represented to be last February, when I had the honor the only ones that seriously injured the Merrimac. These were thrown under her shield at the moment she attempted to run the Monitor down. Notwithstanding the great delay in the appearance of the Merrimac, she is hourly expected at Fortress Monroe, and the naval and military commanders are prepared to receive her at any moment.

clad with iron at Richmond, to join

the expedition.

DIED.

At her son's in Springhill township, of

October 4, 1861, of Dysentery, WIL-LIAM, son of John R. and Lucy Smith, of Springhill tp., in the 13th year of her age. November 2, 1861, of Croup, ADALINE, daughter of John R. and Lucy Smith, aged 1 year, 3 months, and 18 days.

March 22, 1862, after about 14 months Illness, LUCY, wife of John R. Smith, in the 38th year of her age.

The mother and companion has left her husband and eight children to mourn the loss of one whom they dearly loved. She was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church. A few days before her death she called her husband, children and neighbors, and requested them to meet her

Special Hotices.

TO INVALIDS.

Dr. WHITTLESY'S next professional visit to Waynesburg, will be made on Monday and Tuesday. 28th and 29th days of April. Office Rooms at the Hamilton House, with remedies entirely new. Dr. Whittlesy cures the following complaints, viz: diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Liver, Stomach, Dropsy-also, all diseases of the Blood, such as Scrofula, Erysipelas, Cancer, Fever Sores, Nervous Derangements, and all other complaints. All forms of Female Weakness and Difficulties attended to with unparalleled success.

Dr. Whittlesy's office rooms will hereafter be at the Hamilton House, directly opposite the Court

BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION.

DR. THOMAS F. CHAPMAN will send to all who DR. THOMAS F. CHAPMAN will send to all who wish it (free of charge,) the recipe and full directions for making and using a beautiful vegetable Baim, that will effectually remove Pimples, Blotomes, Tan, Feech. Les, &c., &c., leaving the skin smooth, clean and beautiful; also, full directions for using Pelateral's Cele-Brates of Stimulary, warranted to start a full growth of Whiskers, or a Mustache, in less thap thirty days Either of the above can be obtained by return mail, by Eddalessing (with stamps for return postage,) Dr. ThOS F. CHAPMAN, Practical Chemist, 831 Broadway, New York.

531 Broadwa Jan 23—2m. THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF A SUFFERER.—Published as a warning, and for the especial benefit or Young Men and those who suffer with Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Premature Decay, &c., &c., by one who has cured himself by simple means, after being put to great expense and inconvenience, through the use of worthless medicines

by simple means, after being put to great expense and inconvenience, through the use of worthless medicines prescribed by learned Doctors.

Single copies may be had of the author, C. A. LAM BERT, Esq., Greenpoint, Long Island, by enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope. Address CHARLES A. LAMBERT, Esq., Greenpoint, Long Island, New York.

Jan. 22—2m. To Consumptives-The Advertises

To Consumptives—The Advertiser having heen restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease. Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means or cure.

To all who desire it, he will been a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Surk Curk for Consumption Asthma, Brochettis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the affirsted, and spread "nomation which he conceives to be invaluable and he hopes a very sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing Parties wishing the prescription will address, REV. ED WARD A. WILSON, Williamsbrug, Kings Connly, New York

The Confessions and Experience of an The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid.—Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., supplying at the same time the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelop, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedord, Kings county, N. Y. [March 5—4m.

Dental .-- Dr. S. S. PATTON, Main street, Waynesburg, Pa., attends to all branches of the Dental profession, unless advertised, in this paper, for other points.

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the citizens of Waynesburg and vicinity, as a Physician and Surgeon. Office opposite the Republican office. He hopes by a due appreciation of the laws of human life and health, so native medication, and strict attention business, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.
April 9, 1862.

DR. A. J. EGGY

EXECUTOR'S MOTICE. ETTERS TESTAMENTARY having been this day

rections contained in the last will and George Kent, deceased, late of Centre tow County, Pa., notice is hereby given to all indebted to the estate of said decedent to ma indested to the estate of said occedent to make intine-diate payment, and those having claims again the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. GEORGE KENT, April 9, 1862.

Executor's Notice. ETTERS TESTAMENTARY having been this day

EFTERS TESTANENTARY having been the say gray granted to the undersigned, in pursuance of the directions contained in the last will and testament of Joseph B. Johnson, deceased, late of Jackson township, Greene Cuenty, Pn., notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payments, and those having claims against the same, to present them properly authenticated for sentences. BAVID and SAEAH OFFIRSON Executives of the last will and testament.

Democratic Primary Cleetion.

We are authorised Marion town

COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce JOHN PRIOR, of Morgan township, as a candidate for County Com-missioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary Election.

We are authorized to announce SIMON RINGHART

Sr.. of Marion township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Primary election, to be held in May next. We are authorized to announce JOHN RAMER, of Monongahela township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democrab-ic Primary election.

AUDITOR-

We are authorized to amaounce ISRAEL BREES, of Morris township, as a candidate for tounty Auditor, subject to the decision of the Primary election, to be held in May next.

WAYNESBURG COLLEGE.

HE Summer Session wift open on the First day of May, 1862. The prospects for the term are wasse-

Boarding In private families, with good rooms, and other accom-nodations, can be had at \$2,00 per week.

All expecting to be in attendance during the next term, are requested to be presented the let day, or the

day preceding,

For further in formation, and aid in making satisfies tory arrangements, address or call apon the President.
April 2, 1862.
A. B. MILLER.

The Union Forever

Good Clothing or None for the Soldier and the Civilian!

NATHANIEL CLARK, A LISON'S Building, opposite the Court House is just opening a large and elegant assortment of

CLOTHING For Men and Boys, purchased on very favorable terms for Cash, and will positively be sold at shost profits for current funds. His stock embraces not only

Garments of all descriptions, but CLOTHS, CASSIMERES.

SATINETS, JEANS, HATS AND CAPS, and every thing in the furnishing line.

Dusiness and Dress Suits got up on short sotice and in the most fashionable styles.

Waynesburg, March 19th, 1862.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponse, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public as at the COURT HOUSE in Waynesburg, on Thursday the 17th day of April, 1863,

Thursday the 17th day of April, 1862, at One o'clock, P. M., the following property, viz.
All the right, title, interest and claim of the Defendants of, in and to, a certain messuage, and half lot of ground, situate in the Borough of Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa., being the West half of lot marked with the number 123, in the original plan of said town, adjoining Main street on the North, Andrew Wilson on the East, Cherry Alley on the South, D. W. Braden on the West—fronting on Main Street 30 feet, and running back 180 feet, and has rected thereon one

Frame House, Two Stories High, with Kitchen and cellar, and one Stable, and other out buildings.

with Kitchen and cellar, and one Stable, and other out buildings.

Taken into execution as the property of S. B. LU-CAS, alias Sainuel B. Lucas, William Lucas, Zebuloq Cooper, G. W. Knisely, alias George W. Knisely and Peter Brown, at the suit of Dr. A. Ingiram.

ALSO,

At the same time and place, all the right, title, intenset and claim of the Defendant, of, in and to, a certain measuage and half lot of ground, situate in the Borough of Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa., being the West half of lot marked in the original plan of said town, with the number 123, adjoining Main street on the North, Andrew Wilson on the East, Cherry Alley on Main street 30 feet, and running back 180 feet, and has erected thereon one FRAME HOUSE, two stories high, kitchen and cellar, one stable, and other outbuildings.

Taken in execution as the property of George W. Taken in execution as the property of George W.

ALSO,
At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of the Defendant of, in and to a tract of

land situate in Gilmore township, Greene County, Pa., bounded by lands of Joseph Wileman, Garrison's heirs, and others, containing ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY ACRES, more or less, about Fifty acres of which are cleared, upon which is eracted one Cabla House, and an Apple orchard.

Taken into execution as the property of Staphon White, at the suit of P. McCullough & Co.

March 98 1868 March 28, 1862,

MOTICE. THE undersigned, Commissioners of Greene County, having, as they believe, discovered great inequality and error in the valuation made and returned by the Assessor of the several tevnships, notice of which was given some days since, and believing it to be their was given some anys since, and oneving it to be tassed duty under the law to revise and correct the same, give this addisional notice that they will meet in their office in Waynesburg, on the 21st day of April next, for the purpose of confirming such revision, when and where persons interested may actend if they see proper. WM. BRADER,

BLIAL LONG. DANIEL THROCKWORTON,

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

N pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court or Greene County, and the authority invested in use by the last Will and Testament of JOHN HAINES

Wednesday, the 9th day of April, 1862 the following described Real Estate, late the property of John Haines, deceased, to wit: A TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Whitely township, Greene county, adjoining lands of Samuel Long, George Hatfield, and others,

One Hundred and Fifty Acres, more or less, about One Hundred Acres of which are cleared, and on which are erected a log DWELLING HOUSE, two stories high, a Hewed Log Barn, and other necessary outbuildings. There is a considerable number of Fruit Trees of different kinds on the premises. Terms made known on day of sale by the undersigned.

DANIEL FULLER,
BOLOMON COWELL,
March 26, 1862.

March 26, 1862.

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA Is a concentrated extract of Para Baranparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater at terative power as to afford an effective antidate for diseases Barsaparilla is reputed to cure. Such a remoder is surely wanted by those who suffer from Stramous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense a rwice to this large class of our afflicted fellow-fitzens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found in the following complaints:—

following complaints:—
Scrofula and Scrofulous complaints. Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases, Ulcers, Pinaples, Bloches, Tumore, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Syphilis and Syphilitis Affections, Mercurial Disease, Dropsy, Neuralgia error Tro Doloreux, Debility, Dyspessia and Indigestion, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from Impurity of the Blood.

Erysipelas, Ross or St. Anthony's Firs, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from Impurity of the Blood.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expet the found hu mors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timety exputsion of them many randing disorders are nipped in the bud. Multistee cast, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sorse, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural changes of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse can the vitiated blood whenever you find its impuritions ourse; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even when no particular disorder is left, people enjoy bettee health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Ease the blood healthy, and all is well; but with the pabelum of hife disordered, there can be no lasting health. Soon-r cr later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little if any Barsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappeditment has followed the use of the various extracts of Emparatilla which flood the market, until the name sufficiently despised, and has become synches what recent the name from the load of obloquy which imposition and cheat. Still we call this exemptation is has virtued which are irresistable by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to care.

we. 96.
WH. J. CRESCH. WH. A. Printing and one water in country.
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