

compromised. It knows no baseness, it cowers to no danger; it oppresses no weakness. Destructive only of despotism, it is the sole conservator of liberty, labor and property. It is the sentiment of Freedom, of equal rights, of equal obligations—the law of nature pervading the law of the land."

## WAYNESBURG, PA.

Wednesday, March 5, 1862.

### Subscribers in the West. We have a large number of subscribers

in the West to whom we sent accounts several months ago, and who have, as yet, given them no attention. Will those who have not remitted the amount due us, be good enough to forward it by mail, at our risk without further delay? We need the money to meet our obligations, and ought to have it at once.

### ILLUMINATION AND BEJOICING.

Saturday, the 22d inst., being the anniversary of the birthday of the "Father of his Country," was commemorated, in connection with our recent victories in Kentucky and Tennessee, by our citizens generally. All joined in an illumination and in hearty rejoicings over the brilliant successes of our arms. At an early hour in the evening lights were to be seen in nearty every window on Main street, and indeed on all the streets. The enthusiasm was unbounded, and the greatest good feeling prevailed. The citizens assembled. in front of the Court House, in the course of the evening, when John Phelan, Esq., was called to the Chair, and JOSEPH COOKE and Jas. S. Jennings appointed Secretaries. Washington's Farewell Address was then read in capital style by J. A. J. BUCHANAN, Esq., when Joseph G. RITCHIE and R. A. McConnell, Esq., were called out, and responded in eloquent and patriotic speeches.

Temple's Martial Band enlivened the occasion with a number of their choicest

Subsequently the crowd were assembled in front of Wilson's building by the burning of tar barrels. John Buchanan and WM. A. PORTER, Esqs. being present, were loudly called for, and made exceedingly happy and appropriate addresses.

the demonstration.

### COURT.

The approaching term of our Common Pleas Court is likely to be a very busy Scarcely a day passes without our adding to the number of our patrons. We hope soon to see the paper in the hands of every family in the county.

We have a large number of accounts on which have been standing from one to friends remember this at Court?

## OUR ROADS.

Our country roads are in a shocking condition at present, especially the road between Waynesburg and Rice's Landing. In many places it is almost impassible.—! The state of the roads is mainly attributable, we are told, to the neglect of supervisors to repair them last Summer. If this is the case, and "legal suasion" can be brought to bear on the gentlemen, we would like to see it employed. Neglect of this kind is utterly inexcusable, and supervisors who fail in their duty are a positive nuisance. Let us have such, in future, as will take some pride in our thor- fifth reader 15 scholars; fourth 20, third oughfares and keep them in respectable 4, second 5, outline geography with globe condition. 4, second 5, outline geography with globe &c., 20, arithmetic 18, mental 30. Num-

NEW SCHOOL HOUSE. It will be seen, by an advertisement in another column, that the Borough School Directors are receiving bids for the erection of a School House for the accommodation of the children of the District. The fortable size. No library. In the evening want of a large and commodious building has been felt for several years, and we are rejoiced at the prospect of soon having ter which Mr. McCallister and Mr. Manot only a first-rate house, but a school caulay made some very happy and well which will be a credit to the village. timed remarks on education and its influ-The Directors are entitled to great praise for their spirit and energy in the matter.

## PROMOTED.

Both of these gentlemen are faithful and such terms. admirably drilled soldiers, and enjoy the confidence and respect of their comrades, as well as of their superior officers. We are gratified to learn of their promotion.

### A NOVEL PRESENT.

We learn from WM. A. PORTER, Esq., that the Masonic Lodge of Beallsville, in the adjoining county of Washington, has been presented with an elegant sabre by Capt. John Keys, who has distinguished the unexpired term from which Jesse D. himself in the Cavalry service in Vir- Bright was ousted. ginia, and captured the sabre from a Rebel officer in a recent engagement. Krys is a daring and popular officer and a zealous

Our foreman, WM. H. WELLS, has received from Gov. CURTIN, the appointment of 1st Lieutenant in Col. Coulter's Regiment, Pennsylvania Reserve Corps. We done our gallant young friend, by the "powers that be," for his bravery and in Missouri. He was in all the important engagements, and received high street, New York. praise for his courage and endurance from his commanding officers. We will answer for his pluck in any emergency and for his devotion to the "flag of the Union."

ECONOMY IN GREENE COUNTY. An act is offered to repeal the law requiring the County Auditors' account for more than three successive weeks. Also The minister was constantly preaching, an act to repealthe law requiring the County to pay one hundred dollars out of the County funds to any agricultural society. Also an act requiring the County Auditors ed suit at the prayer and conference meetto credit the account of the Commissioners appointed in 1850 to erect a Poor House; and, further, allowing the Poor Directors one dollar and a half per day for each day necessarily employed in their duties .-Washington Review.

The above acts are likely to become lar or two; but "money is money" now-a-

### ON A VISIT.

Lieut. D. GRAY PURMAN, of the 16th Wisconsin Regiment, who has been visiting his friends in this place for some days past, has returned to camp life and duties. He is in robust health, and has the physique to carry him through a dozen campaigns. The hearty well-wishes of hosts of friends

### CLOSING OUT AT OLD PRICES.

WM. A. PORTER, is closing out his old stock of Dry Goods at old rates, notwithstanding recent advances in Eastern markets. He is dealing thus liberally with strife and bitterness which are rendhis shelves and replenishing his stock. usefulness and turning them unhapor produce to barter, will find this a fine opportunity to save largely in their pur-

The "inimitable Joe," we understand, assortments; and as he is just as shrewd sagacious and experienced merchant .-The Ladies especially, about whom Joe is always thinking and dreaming and cidedly rich and rare in the Dress Goods;

### RETURNED.

WM. L. LABEAR, Esq., has just reached home from a visit to the Greene county lads on the Potomac. He found them generally healthy and happy as lords, and anxious for a "brush" with the Rebels .-Everything passed off pleasantly, and From what he tells us, important moveeverybody was apparently delighted with ments were made last week by our troops, in the direction of Centreville and Manassas. Look out for stirring news from that quarter before long.

### PLAYED OUT.

We agree with the "Greensburg Democountry friends an excellent opportunity out in Pennsylvania. They have not the to call and subscribe for the "Messenger." | courage to issue a call for the nomination of a Republican State ticket. Very low have the Republican leaders sunk in the popular estimation; very weak has their organization become. And no wonderthe corruptions and plunderings of their our books for Job Work and Advertising, men in office have become a stench in the nostrils of all honest people, and a straight | Evacuation of Nashville--Martial Law two and a half years, and which we would Republican ticket would be doomed to a be gratified to have settled. Will our defeat of the most ignominious character. The leaders of that party know this, and they know they would richly deserve it.-They have abused the trust of the people; they have falsified every promise on which they carried the election; and they have, many of them, made themselves rich by systematic plundering and swindling, while the people are taxed to death.

> missioner's Ramble" in reference to Mr. John Zimer, son of Hemry Zimer of our

"Feb. 2d. Visited Broadwell school-

Teacher, Mr. John Zimer. Branches taught in classes. Reading in McGuffey's ber gentlemen 38, number ladies 26.— This school is very encouraging. There is a promptness in the scholars in the school room, "much to be admired," and shows a respect for the teacher that encourages him to dilligence and care, worthy "his devotion to the school room." This is a new school house and of comthe house was filled with parents and scholars to hear what the School Commissioner had to say on "education," af-

## STATIONERY PACKAGES.

LEWIS DAY sends us a package of his Stationery and Envelopes. It contains 12 Capt. Ray, of the Ringgold Cavalry, has sheets of letter paper, 12 of note paper, source or power of the Federal Governbeen appointed Major of the 3d Battalion, 12 buff, and 12 white envelopes, a penhold-1st Regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Corps. er and pen, &c., and all for 25 cents! No-bership with the Democratic party. JONAH LUCAS has been appointed Battalion body is excusable for being without wri-Adjutant, with the rank of 2d Lieutenant. ting materials when they can be had on

## COMMUNICATIONS.

Our usual editorial variety is excluded this week by several interesting communications. We would be pleased to hear often from our valued correspondent, "J.

## A GOOD APPOINTMENT.

Governor Morton, of Indiana, has appointed Hon. JOSEPH A. WRIGHT to fill

Mr. WRIGHT is a Democrat, and was appointed by Mr. Buchanan, Minister to a delicious cake. The newly married golden bonors for himself and his country remembrance of the printer.

### THE HOME JOURNAL,

The Home Journal, of New York, edited by Gen. GEO. P. Morris and N. P. Willis, Esq., is the best literary paper in the country. Its tone is elevated, its contents rejoice most sincerely in the tardy justice highly interesting, and its typographical execution faultless. We would be glad to see its already immense circulation good conduct in last Summer's campaign | quadrupled. Terms, \$2,00 per annum. Address Morris & Willis, 107 Fulton

### GOOD STORY--HOW POLITICAL PREACHING WAS CURED.

The Hartford Times relates the following: A Congregational Church, in a neighboring State, got so completely enlisted in one of the Presidential contests, that little attention was given to religious questions. praying and exhorting upon political issues, and his deacons and laymen followings. Finally, a worthy old farmer, one of the staunchest and best members of the church, and a firm, undeviating Democrat, was called upon to offer a prayer. "O, Lord," said he, "uphold the

Democratic party, which has received

brought great blessings upon this Republic. If it be thy pleasure, and I believe it will be, oh carry that institutions. party through this struggle to a competent triumph. Oh, bless the oppo- the ranks of the people, and unpolluted by nents of Democracy personally, but the corrupting influences of public life, do so, as I verily believe it is. Be on the side of Democracy, O Lord, as put these questions to men of some experithou hast been, and in their peaceful ly, man against brother. And, oh, I have all been in the same direction. beseech thee especially to free the Christian Churches from the political have already been plied to fullness as he is polite and good-natured, we expect long, and so repeatedly guided to vic- vote of my friend. him to accomplish something in the Goods- tory, and sustained in the establishbuying line worthy his reputation as a ment of sound measures. Oh, turn his mind from these things, and direct scolding, may look out for something deand let them take care of him, and

This was a stumper. It was the first prayers and exhortations had been made hour, and the meeting then adjourned .-by the people outside of the church.more Christian charity, more brotherly course.

## Declared in West Tennessee.

answered in more respects than one.

rebels, with Gov. Harris, retreated untouched. From the Lincoln, Ill. Herald, we to Murfreesboro. Harris burnt all

Gen. Grant declared martial law over West Tennessee, with the understanding that when a sufficient little differently, as told by a former mem-

trictions will be withdrawn. follow the flag.

PARTY. The Democratic party stands to-day where it has always stood, and where, as ciples, it must always stand—on the side of the Constitution. Strict and instanta-Constitution as being the obligation that country, and as being, also, the only ment, is required as a condition of mem-

To be a friend of the Constitution is to incur the suspicion and dislike of the Abolitionists. They have so long regarded that instrument as a "league with death and a covenant with hell" that they eagerly embrace the occasion of war to assail its provisions.

At the Hamilton House, on the 27th ANDER STEWART and Miss Ellen Lenly, of Waynesburg, Pa.

Along with the above notice came

### Our Loss at Fort Donelson.

By a dispatch to the Cincinnati Commercial from Cairo, we learn that our loss during the three days' fighting at Fort Donelson, as derived from official sources, foots up an follows:

Though large, this is considerably under the estimate at first reported.

# From Correspondents.

### For the Messenger. LEGISLATIVE CORRUPTION.

Whether justly or unjustly, truly or falsely, legislative corruption has been a general complaint, not only in our own to fix this imputation upon men who occupy these positions. Legislative investigahuman nature when tempted by money.

Our legislators have not escaped this general odium. While many upright men laws. They "draw a fine sight" on a dol-thy support ever since the great Jef- are sent to make our laws-men whose fersonian struggle. Continue to integrity is incapable of being swayed by bless that party which has, under corrupt influences—the grossness of the thy protection and providence, venality of many of their fellows, of whose actions they could not but be sensible, has shocked their sensibilities, and driven them to hopeless despair for the purity of our Ask any unperverted man, fresh from

> utterly destroy their fanatical and what he thinks of general legislative ininjurious schemes, if it be thy will to tegrity, and my word for it, his answer will be unfavorable. I have myself, as a matter of curiosity,

> ence in legislative life, whose integrity I pursuits, instead of warring wicked- knew to be irreproachable, and the answers

A friend of mine was elected to the Senate of Pennsylvania. He was the soul of honor. He told me that during his first session, while yet inexperienced in the his customers, with a view to emptying ing them asunder, destroying their venality and corruptions, which subsequent experience disclosed, that he had no doubt Bargain-seekers, who have the cash to buy, pily into mere political associations. he had been frequently sold by tricky Let us hear something of thy word men, his associates, without the slightest and mercy on the Sabbath. We have already been plied to fullness wrong. His neighbor, perhaps on an adjoining seat, would solicit his vote for with political fanaticism, and our measures of which he knew little, and he minister has become a stump orator voted for them, to oblige that friend, who, goes East next week to lay in the Spring against the good old party which doubtless, had sold his own vote, and inthou, in thy wisdom, hath upheld so creased the price, by carrying with his the

Another member of the Legislature from an adjoining county-a grave, dignified, honorable man, and an Elder in a respectable Church, found himself a member his attention to his legitimate relig- of the Legislature. I enquired of him his ious duties, or turn him over directly experience on this subject. He had never into the hands of the Abolition party had the attempt made upon him, to his knowledge, but once, and that was after provide us a true Minister of the the vote had been given which he was Gospel. At any rate, the present of the price of the Divorce Committee, had state of things cannot last. If politics taken some interest in carrying a case of are to rule, I shall claim one-half the divorce through his committee and then time in behalf of the Democratic par- through the House. He had had no diffity, so that there may be a fair dis- culty, as the case was a plain one. It was cussion within these walls. Amen." on the part of a wife who had been deserted, after being brutally treated by her husband. After the case was over, one of prayer ever publicly offered in that church the friends of the lady approached him and for the success of the Democratic party asked what amount of compensation he example and its nominees, though hundreds of pected for his service. My friend told him he was a Representative of the people, under the obligation of an oath, and that against that party. When the old man he had given his vote and services in that finished, there was a silence for half an particular instance, because he thought the lady had presented such a case as jus-And thus ended the political preaching in tified him in so doing, and that it did not one, and will no doubt be largely attended by suitors and others. It will afford our crat" that the Republican party is played that church. From that time forward, money for his vote, and the interview endaccord with his sense of propriety to take the minister attended to his gospel duties, ed. My friend said he could not well kick and left all political questions to be settled the man out of his room, because from his knowledge of him, he could not believe he intended to insult him. This case Again the society prospered, and there shows that this sort of thing is regarded was a better feeling among its members— at Harrisburg as pretty much a matter of

> love. The old man's earnest prayer was lection. Our present Representative, when about leaving the seat of Government for his home, was accosted by an acquaintance with the inquiry, whether he had seen a certain individual and received fifty dollars Sr. Louis, Feb. 26.—A Fort Don- from him? The Representative expressed some surprise that the person mentioned elson dispatch to the Democrat, of yes- should have money for him, as he had terday, says that a boat just from never had any dealings with him. The Clarksville reports the evacuation of stated. He was asked what the money other repeated his knowledge of the fact Nashville. The Union citizens of was for, and told that it was his share of the that place sent the boat to Clarks- money appropriated for carrying a certain measure, which he named. Our Represenmoney appropriated for carrying a certain ville, which towed up one of our tative stated that he had voted for the gunboats for their protection. The measure, believing that it was right, and of course left for home with the money

These cases show the practice prevailing clip the following from the "School Com- the State documents before leaving, at Harrisburg, of paying money for the mem bers' votes, and that it is not attempted to be concealed.

> number of citizens of the State re- ber of the Legislature from this county, turn to their allegiance, and show a now deceased. In that case the integrity desire to maintain law and order of the member could not be vouched for so over the territory, all military res- readily as in those previously mentioned. One of the professional borers who infest Postal faculties are extended to and disgrace the halls of legislation, ap-Clarksville, and the mail-bags will proached the member with a request that e would assist in carrying a charter for a certain Bank. The member, knowing a thing or two, showed some shyness in being POSITION OF THE DEMOCRATIC approached. Borer, knowing his man, did not spend more time than to let him understand that his vote was very much needed to carry the measure. The next morning the member found a letter lying on his long as it is faithful to Democratic prin- table, in his boarding house, addressed to him anonymously, requesting his vote for the Bank mentioned in the previous instance, and containing one hundred dollars neous obedience to each and every Consti- in Bank notes! The member, in repeating ing what we have always charged home to tutional provision is the fixed and unalter- the facts to a confidant, said, very naively able rule of the Democratic conscience; and very truly, that he could do nothing and full and constant recognition of the else than take care of the money, as it apparently had no owner!

Now, connecting such facts with the though the people's interests were deeply views and desires.

injured thereby. But besides the excellent men who are inst., by Rev. Wm. Campbell, Mr. ALEX- a reasonable ground of hope that the com- dence in a Government which seduced mittees recently raised to investigate the them to fight for "the Union and the Con-

For the Messenger. MILO, WETSEL CO., VA., ?

Feb. 21st, 1862. MESSES. EDITORS :-- Our West Virginia Convention has at length completed its labors, and offers us a Constitution to which, I think little objection can be raised. The "nigger question" had very nearly been fatal to the unanimity of feeling that generally prevailed among the members; some wishing the initiatory steps taken toward giving us a free State, whilst others thought policy demanded silence on the subject, leaving to time the solution of its status on that subject. A compromise was finally effected by ordaining that no slave or free negro shall be brought into the State after the Constitution goes into effect. The new State has several corners to pass yet, before it is a settled fact. It has to be accepted by a vote of the people in April next, also by the Legislature at its next session, and then to be admitted as a State by Congress. Its boundaries include now forty-four counties, and authorizes seven other counties. State, but most of the States of this Union. viz: Pendleton, Hardy, Hampshire, Mor-Many gross and palpable facts have served gan, Berkley, Jefferson and Frederick to vote on their admission with the rest as part of the new State. Their vote is not to be included in the general count, but tions have produced disclosures that make they are to be admitted, or not, with the honest men shudder at the weakness of rest, as a majority of their people may de-It is to be hoped that the recent successes

> of such of our Republican friends as are so anxious to save the Union by abolishing slavery in the South, or, as they say, cunningly, as they no doubt think, emancipating them. They do not appear to understand that it does not take very keen intellects to see or understand that abolition is abolition, even if called 'emancipation." Any man can clearly see that if all the slaves are "emancipated" as proposed, slavery is abolished, and it would lighten the loss of the loyal slave owner but little to tell him that it was emancipation, not abolition. This war is a heavy blow to slavery at best; but every loyal man is satisfied, probably, with the confiscation of the property of those in rebellion, let it be slave property or otherwise. So far right, and so far the Constitution justifies, but when we let our rabid anti-slavery feelings so far overcome our judgment as to wish to take advantage of a state of war to violate the Constitution and commence a monstrous John Brown raid, thus indiscriminately assailing the rights of all who may happen to have their lot cast in the South, loyal or otherwise, we but place ourselves precisely on the same good. platform as the Secessionists, and are not one whit better than they. In the hour of our country's danger .-

when our armies stood demoralized—our capital threatened-when the stoutest heart stood appalled and saw that our only safety lay in unanimity in the North: when men and money were urgently and speedily required, Congress at the demand of the conservative voice of the country, almost unanimously asserted that the war was only to support and uphold the Constitution and the laws, and that there was no intention to interfere with the rights or institutions of the South; but so soon as the violated Constitution and laws could be vindicated, the war should cease. Under this assertion the ranks of our armies were filled with unexampled rapidity; money flowed into the coffers of our Government like water, from quarters where otherwise there could not have been had one cent .-Millions for the defence of the Union, to uphold the Constitution, but not one cent at the Greene House, with remedies the rest, vied with the Northmen in showing their loyalty and devotion to the country. Every day's evidence only demonstrates more fully the fact that even in the more Southern States all that is wanted to prove the sincerity of the love of the old Union among the masses of the people is protection from its armed enemies. Secession, they assert, has only held its sway by armed force. As is truly remarked by the Louisville Democrat on this subject: "It is easy for an organized few, armed

and equipped, to silence the majority of ! unarmed and unorganized people; to carry their usurpation and tyranny to almost any extent. The terrific scenes of the French revolution went on to the dismay and consternation of a brave people, and it was the work after all of a few desperate and organized bodies of men. The South has been treated the same way. They have been run over by a few desperate politicians, who gained a temporary power by riding skillfully the storm of passion they raised. The people have paid dearly for their supineness, in allowing the desperate politicians to get a start of them.'

It is true, no doubt, that if the Southern people could be assured that the great maority of the Northern people were "eman cipationists," there would be a united South that utter extermination alone could subdue. Every Northern man can bring home to his own bosom and feelings what his course would be, were the South to attempt to overrun or invade them, with the avowed object of stripping them of that which the Constitution of their State and Nation guaranteed them. The Southern Secessionists well understand this feeling, as the one that has helped them so far to accomplish what has been done, and look to the aid of the abolitionists now as their only sheet anchor for success in the future. A late number of the "Memphis (Tenn.) Avalanche" says in speaking of the Union

spirit in the South: "There is but one mode of effectually crushing the spirit of rebellion in East Tennessee: Let it be plainly announced that Abolitionism has supreme sway in Washington; that the Federal Congress has declared all negroes absolutely free; that Africans, with the torch of incendiarism and the assassin's knife, are to become part and parcel f the Northern armies; and then we may look for a degree of unanimity of sentiment throughout Western Virginia and East Tennessee hitherto unknown.'

Are not such Republicans as now own themselves "emancipationists" but verifythem? How long is it that these same men denied the "soft impeachment," most indignantly, of desiring to interfere with slavery in the States? Would not the Government be only doing its duty, by inrests upon the people of all sections of the passage of the repeal of the tonnage tax stalling such as assume to be leaders, law, the releasing the first mortgage of within four walls, as they do with Seces the State on the Sunbury and Eric Rail- sion traitors? They are far more dangerroad, the law permitting the suspension of ous men, when they have power to influspecie payments by the Banks, and the ence public opinion, and should properly permission to them to issue small notes, be cared for-as most undoubtedly now (a privilege which nearly all of them ac- the greatest danger to our success in overcepted, and which, of course, they coveted,) coming Secession is the fanaticism of the it requires but slight knowledge of the old Republican bellweathers, who, inflammen who composed the last Legislature, ed by their rabid anti-slaveryism, would to come to the conclusion that they saw their risk the loss of the Union itself in the interest in voting for these measures, al- hope of carrying out their long cherished

Have these "emancipationists" even thought of a restored Union? If so, known to be elected to the present Legisla-ture, the fact that no member of that Legis-lish it? Do they think the hundred thoulature, outside of the city and county of sand of loyal people in the slave States, Philadelphia, with one exception, has robbed of their property in violation of a been returned to the present Legislature, con-veys an assurance that the people are to uphold, will make good loyal citizens in arousing to their own interests; and gives | the future? Can they place much confiquestions of whether such legislation was stitution as it is," and then violated its procured by bribery, may be thorough and pledge as soon as they got an army and searching and may result in a better con- means great enough to do it? No! the the Berlin Government, where he won couple have our best wishes for their kind of the people of this State. So mote it be! lish our government so as to give us security in the future, is to do full justice to

fall. Punish the guilty, and protect the

innocent. Confiscate the property, of all kinds, of those in arms against the Government, or who give "aid and comfort" to its enemies. Let the property of all such be used to assist in paying the expenses of a war their folly and madness has brought upon us. Respect the rights and hold on to the loyal men of the South, who number hundreds of thousands, as the sheet anchor of hope in the future. They are to be the nucleus around which is to be gathered our future dependance for safety. Make the whole South our devo-ted and determined enemies, as we most certainly should by an indiscriminate robbery-forit would be nothing else to fleece a friend of the Union merely because he was a Southerner and his neighbor a traitor, - and farewell to our glorious Union in the first Foreign war in which we would be engaged. In such a war, the six or seven millions of the South would fill up the ranks of our enemies. Such men would need no higher incentive to action than the recollection of their own wrongs. The restoration to those rights their own Government had wrested from them, would be looked to as the compensation for their services. And Foreign Governments, enemies of our freedom, our growth and prosperity, would soon find a pretext, with the hope of such allies to make the assault upon us, which just now, "tempered with mercy" would of our armies may tend to calm the fears do more to restore and defend than arm-

> It is matter of sincere congratulation to those who look to the perpetuity of the Union as paramount to all other considerations, that the majority of all parties, North or South, look upon matters in this light and cannot be swaved by sectional passion so far as to be willing to 'let the Union slide." What made very plausible capital, when addressed to the thoughtless passions of the multitude, from the stump, by Republican orators, their Statesmen feel very shy of putting in practical operation now. Whilst they felt and asserted that the South could not be "kicked out of the Union," they considered themselves safe in enacting any measure they had the numerical strength to pass. A change 'came o'er the spirit of their dream' of the more responsible ones at least, and Messre. Lincoln and Seward, with a majority of Congress, find their oath of office to support and maintain the Constitution of the United States" a bar to the "higher law," and surrender their more ultra antislavery views on the altar of their country's

> Our forces certainly will soon be able to clear out Winchester and get our road opened. Some five or six thousand solliers, with great quantities of wagons, have passed here eastward within the last few weeks, and I learn that equal numbers have passed on the Northwestern, or Parkersburg road. Enough with the previous forces of Lander, in connection with the great army on the Potomac, one would hink, to sweep Virginia of every vestige of Secessionism. God grant it may be so. J. W. H.

## Special Hotices.

TO INVALIDS.

Dr. Whittlesy's next professional visit to Waynesburg, will be made on Monday and Tuesday, 24th and 25th days of March. Office Rooms to Abolitionism. Men by regiments in entirely new. Dr. WHITTLESY cures the border States, slave owners with the following complaints, viz: diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Liver, Stomach, Dropsy-also, all diseases of the Blocd, such as Scrofula, Erysipelas, Cancer, Fever Sores, Nervous Derangements, and all other The account of Benjamin Long, Executor of Margaret complaints. All forms of Female Weakness and Difficulties attended to with unparalleled success.

> The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid .- Published for the benefit and as a warnvous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., supplying at the same time the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelop, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bed-

Dental .- Dr. S. S. PATTON, Main street, Waynesburg, Pa., attends to all branches of the Dental profession, unless advertised, in this paper, for other points.

## REAUTIFUL COMPLEXION.

DR. THOMAS F. CHAPMAN will send to all who wish it (free of charge.) the recipe and full directions for making and using a beautiful vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freck res. &c., &c., leaving the skin smooth, clean and beau tiful: also, full directions for using PRIATERAL'S CRIP-BRATED STIMULANT, warranted to start a full growth of Whiskers, or a Mustache, in less than thirty days Either of the above can be obtained by return mail, by ddatessing (with stamps for return postage,) Dr. THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Practical Chemist, 831 Broadway, New York. Jan 23-2m.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF A THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF A SUFFERER.—Published as a warning, and for the expecial benefit of Young Men and those who suffer with Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Premature Decay, &c., &c., &c., by one who has cured himself by simple means, after being put to great expense and inconvenience, through the uas of worthless medicines prescribed by learned Doctors.

Single copies may be had of the author, C. A. LAM BERT, Esq., Greenpoint, Long Island, by enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope. Address CHARLES A. LAMBERT, Esq., Greenpoint, Long Island, New York.

Jan. 22—2m.

To Consumptives.—The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a tew weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is auxious to make known to his fellow sufferers, the mean of curs.

cription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sendi Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spre formation which he conceives to be invaluable ormation which he conceives to be invaluable, and hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will ost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wis ling the prescription will address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

## TO CONTRACTORS.

EALED Proposals will be received by the School Directors of Marion township for the building of a NEW SCHOOL HOUSE. Plan and specifications can be seen at W. T. E. Webb's office.

Proposals will be received until March 10th. 1862.

J. A. J. BUCHANAN,
March 5, 1862.

For School Directors.

### TO COUNTRY DEALERS. SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY

AT WHOLESALE. THE subscriber has always on hand Osgood's and McGuffey's Spellers and Readers, Ray's Arithmetics, Piuneo's Grammars, Stoddard's Mental Arithmetics, Bibles and Testaments, Letter and Cap Papers, Commercial Note Papers, Envelops, Blank Books, Pass Books, Steel Pens and Holders, School Copy Books, School Slates, Ink and Inkstands, Bonnet Boards, &c., &c.

IJ USUAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH.
Goods backed and delivered to any mart of the city Boards, &c., &c.

USUAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

Goods packed and delivered to any part of the city.

ROBERT S. DAVIS,

Feb. 19—2m.

93 Wood street, Pittsburg, Pa.

T. BOWY. (Successor to G. Parys & Co.) Pittsburgh Steam Refined CANDY MANUFACTORY WHOLESALE DEALER IN Foreign and Domestic Fraits, Nuts, Pickles, Preserves, Sardines, Casseps, Pire Works, &c., No. 167 LIBERTY STREET, Feb. 26, 1862.

## Sheriff's Sales.

DY VIRTUE of a writ of Venditioni Exponse, issue to out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greecounty, and to me directed, there will be exposed public sale at the Court House, in Waynesburg, on Wednesday, the 19th Day of March next, at one o'clock, P. M., the following property. vis:

All the right, tige, interest and claim of the defendant of, in and to a tract of land situate in Olimore township, Greene county, Pa., bounded by lands of Joseph Wileman, Garrison's heits and others, containing one hundred and seventy acres, more or less, about fifty acres of which are cleared, upon which is erected one cabin house and an apple orchard.

Taken in execution as the property of Stephen White at the suit of P. McCallough & Co.

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant of, in and to a certain tract of land situate in Gilmore township, Greene county, Pa., bounded by lands of Joseph Wileman, Garrison's heirs and others, sontaining one hundred and seventy acres, more or less, Wednesday, the 19th Day of March next,

about fifty acres of which are cleared, upon which is erected one cabin house, and an apple orchard.

Taken in execution as the property of Stephen White at the suit of P. McCallough & Ce.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant of, in and to a tract of land situate in Aleppo township, Greene Co., Pa., adjoinining lands of George Plants, Henry Haffman and others, containing sixty acres, more or less, about fifty acres of which are cleared, and has erected thereon one log dwelling house, log stable, and other buildings, also an apple orchard and spring of water.

Taken in execution as the property of Henry Barnhart, at the suit of W. J. Bryan for the use of C. A. Black.

THOMAS LUCAS, Sheriff. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Waynesburg, Feb. 27, 1862.

KGHLOCK'S DANDELION COFFEE. I ... so preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a NUTAITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

Kollock's Levain. he purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for asking light, sweet and nutritious bread and cakes Manufactured by M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist, corner of Broad and Chesuut streets, PHILADELPHIA, and SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS.

# LIST OF CAUSES For Trial at March Term, 1862. SECOND WEEK-FIRST SECTION. vs. Sn.ith, 12 Sept. T., 1825. vs. Scott, 28 June T., 1857. vs. Cole's adm'rs, 76 Dec. T., 1858. vs. Flenniken, 73 March T., 1859. vs. Srickler, 49 Sept. T., 1859. vs. Shelby, 114 June T., 1860. SECOND SECTION. Kent vs. Braderd, 92 Sept. T., 1860. Smith's heirs vs. Sayers, 165 March T., 1861. Gordon vs. Hudgens, 82 June T., 1861. Lambert vs. Lambert, 99 June T., 1861. Commonwealth vs. Moredock, 19 Sapt. T., 1861. Rose and wife vs. Stephens & Phillips, 84 Dec. 1861. PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE, Waynesburg, February 26, 1862.

### List of Applicants for Tavern Licenses.

AT MARCH SESSIONS, 1862. Andrew Lantz, Morrisville.
George Cowell. Davistown, Dunkard township.
Jacob Lemly, Waynesburg Borough.
Samuel Hartzell.
Waynesburg, February 26, 1862.
Waynesburg, February 28, 1862.
S. M. Booher, Richhill township, Greene Co., Pa.
Samuel Rinehart, Rogersville, Pa.

### Register's Notice,

NOTICE is hereby given to all whomit may concern that the undersigned Executors, Administrators and Guardians, have ordered their several accounts to be published for settlement at March term, 1863, and that said accounts will be filed accounting to law, and presented to the Orphans' Court for the county of Greene, State of Pennsylvania, at said Term, on Wednesday, the 19th day of March, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for confirmation and allowance.

The account of Jacob Vernon, administrator of the estate of Svivanus Smith. Sc., dec'd.

The account of Jacob Vernon, administrator of the estate of Sylvanus Smith, Sr., dec'd.
The account of Michael McGovern, guardian of John Rex, a minor child of Charles Rex, dec'd.
The account of George King and Simon Coen, administrators of William King, deceased.
The partial account of Andrew Johnson, administrator of Phenius Johnson, dec'd.
The account of John Hoge, Esq., Administrator of Experience Hoge, dec'd, who was guardian of Sayah Ellen, Experience and Elizabeth Hoge, minor children of Barrack Hoge, deceased.
The account of Smith Lang, Administrator of John Lang, late of Richhill township, deceased.
The account of Benjamin Long, Szecutor of Margaret

The account of Benjamin Long, Executor of Margare, Paul, dec'd.
The final account of Alfred Myers, acting Administrator of William S. Paul, dec'd.
The account of Michael McGovern, Guardian of the minor children of John Bradley.
The account of Charles Tilton, Guardian of Delita Adamson, (now Gordon,) a minor child of Smitty Adamson, dec'd.
The account of Alfred Myers, Administrator of Levisa Garrard, deceased.

trairrard, deceased.

The partial account of John Evans and Joseph Evans,
Executors of the last will and testament of Caleb
Evans, deceased.

The account of John Phelan, Esq., Administrator of
Joseph Duly, late of Dunkard township, dec'd.

Final account of Silas Barnes, Administrator of Chrales
Hedge, deceased.

Hedge, deceased. JUSTUS F. TEMPLE, Register Waynesburg, January 22, 1862.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of an Order of the Orphana' Court of Greene county, to me directed, I will expose to PUBLIC SALE on the

8th Day of March, 1862, on the premises, in Centre township, adjoining lands of Wm. Tuttle, James West, Moses Johnson and others, A Tract of Land,

### late the residence of WM. H. HUSS, decensed, con ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-ONE ACRES. more or less. The premises will be sold in parcels o entire, as will best suit the purchaser.

TERMS OF SALB. One-third of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, one-third in one year, and the remaining third in two years thereafter, with interest on the whole from the confirmation of the sale.

BENJAMIN ROSS,
Feb. 25, 1862. Executor of Wm. H. Huss. dec'd.

# TO CONSTABLES,

AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED.

AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED.

If WILL be seen by reference to the Resonation
adopted by the Board of Auditors of Greene county,
at its late annual settlement, and published in the
Missenger of the 5th inst., that the County Tressurer
is required to proceed at once to the collection of outstanding State and county taxes for previous years, so
that at the next annual settlement, NO CREDIT
NEED BE ASKED FOR UNCOLLECTED TAXES.
The Acts of 3d April, 1851, and 8th May, 1855, make
it the express duty of the Treasurer, at the expiration
of four months from the date of Constables' warrands,
to proceed, by suit upon their official bonds, to collect
any taxes which they may have neglected to receive
and pay over; and also declars that, upon all such
sums, such delinguist Constables or Collectors shall
pay interest at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum.
Under these positive requirements of two and the
Board of Auditors, no discretion is left with the
reasurer, and notice is hereby given to all concrued,
that on crebefore the 1s day of April next, the mees-

Treasurer, and notice is hereby given to all concraed, that on or before the is day of April next, the mecasary legal steps will be taken to collect all outstanding I will be at the Treasurer's Office, in Waynesburg, on the FIRST and THIRD MONDAYS and TUES-DAYS of every month.

JOSEPH F. RANDOLPH.

County Treasurer. TREASURER'S OFFICE, Waynesburg, Feb. 12, 1802. ONE HUNDRED MEN WANTED

for col. Howell's regiment! RECRUITS will be allowed to join any Company in the Regiment, and will be entitled to the relief pay; bounty of ONE RUNDRED BOLLARS at the close of the war, and 160 acres of land, under the laws of Pennsylvania and the United States. Reservits will be boarded from the day of enlustment, and uniformed

and drilled at headquarters. At hea i-parters Rectaining Departments
BROWNSVILLE, Ps. S. Waiton, Amity, Pa; or Sergeant Coughenour Elio, Fayette mainty, Pa. [Feb 5, 1862.

Administrator's Notice.

Administrator a several.

I ETTERS of Administration baving been granted to the undersigned upon the eatnet of JANE WATSON, dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present the m, properly authenticated, for settlement.

DANIEL DONLEY, Administrator.

Administrators' Notice. Administrators Notice.

Literary of Administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Samuel Hickman, late of Whitely township, dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims againgt the same to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JESSE HICKMAN,
MORGAN HICKMAN,
February 19, 1862.

## Administrator's Notice.

I ETTERS of Administration on the estate of JARE.

L TAYLOR, late of Centre township, dee'd, having quen granted to the undersigned, notice in brooky given of all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those baving claims against the same, will present them, properly authenticiped, he settlement.

JORN Research