

compromised. It knows no baseness; it cowers to no danger; it oppresses no weakness. Destructive only of despotism, it is the sole conservator of liberry, labor and property. It is the sentiment of Freedom, of equal rights, of equal obligations-the law of nature pervading the law of the land."

WAYNESBURG, PA.

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE-A BAD quire an expenditure of \$200,000,000 on

EXAMPLE. The treason of this man has at last taken form, and shape, and direction. He ter. Already the shipments from New has for months past been the bold and un- York has amounted to over 2,000,000 blushing apologist of the Rebellion, and bushels of wheat, 100,000 barrels of flour, only awaited opportunity to consummate and 65,000 bushels of corn. "The dehis treason. Throwing himself into the ficiency of the French wheat crop, to be arms of his Southern confederates, he will made up in a great measure from this counshare their fate and infamy, and forfeit try, is variously estimated at from 60,forever the high opinion entertained of his 000,000 to 80,000,000 bushels. This we character and patriotism by hosts of too probably cannot furnish; but we can furpartial friends and admirers. Possessing, nish Indian Corn in almost any quantity, as all concede he does, great and com- and as France has made a beginning with manding talents, a dignified and seductive that grain, its great cheapness will probaddress, and all the essentials of of suc- ably bring it into general use in a time cessful states manship, no man in the coun-when wheat is scarce and dear. If this try of his years had enjoyed a larger de- season of dearth in France should have gree of public favor or had before him a the effect of introducing Indian Corn into more brilliant and promising future. In France as a regular article of food among the broad and plain path of public duty in | the poorer classes, the benefit to the United a crisis like this, there was before Mr. | States farmers will be incalculable. BRECKINRIDGE a rich harvest of honors strike it down. Above all others, he should have clung to it and battled for it.

Mr. Breckingidge's treason to his country has but recently culminated, but his treason to the Democratic party had a much older date. It began in his abandonment of the well understood and clearly defined vexatious subject of slavery, and reached and desperate political adventurers, who, responsibility rests upon Mr. Breckingings | the burdens of war." for his treachery to his party and for his complicity in intrigues which were intended to destroy it. His offences were grave enough, and hard enough forgiven or forgotten, without superadding treason to the Government that made and nourished him. This last folly and crime overshadows all his other sins, and terminates a career which otherwise might have made his name and reputation a rich legacy to his family and countrymen.

We regret to see, on the part of some of our Republican cotemporaries, a disposition to hold Mr. BRECKINRIDGE'S friends and supporters at the North responsible for his treason. This is most unjust, ungenerous and unfair. The Democrats at the North who cast their votes for him were honest, but misguided men, who never harbored a suspicion of his loyalty, and their cordial and efficient co-operation to the Administration in its efforts to maintain the authority of the Government and the majesty of the laws. Every pulsation of the Democratic heart is for the UNION, and every effort will be put forth by the Democratic masses to consolidate and perpetuate it.

ULTRA ABOLITIONISM AND NEGRO EMANCIPATION.

There is a strong disposition evinced at present by Northern Abolitionists to divert the War from its original purpose of sustaining and perpetuating the Government, and convert it into a vast scheme of negro emancipation. The New York Tribune, in a late article "announced its anxiety for several Bull Run disasters, provided they would have the effect of uniting the Northern people in favor of immediate emancipation." This is the language of other kindred prints, and of most politicians of the "Tribune" ilk, and may be cians of the "Tribune" ilk, and may be received as an indication and foreshadowing of the fanatical aims of ultra Abolitionists. That their purposes will be defeated, however, we have every reason to believe, unless the Administration is overawed by their threats and bravado, and of this we their threats and bravado, and of this we indulge no apprehensions. The objects of the war were very clearly set forth in the President's Message and in the Resolutions of Congress at the extra session, and should be consistently and persistently adhered ple, and in no other way can the Union his horse blanket, we propose receiving status. Abelitionism has always been a only been in actual use about 14 years, thought that everywhere surround sharp shooters. After this there was especially so at this time, when a single tion, containing about 27 moth holes to trace the constellations there placed utes, during which Col. Cogswell, of cipation would literally wipe out every vesnal cost will be received.] tige of Union sentiment in the border and seceded States, and stir up dissensions among ourselves which would prove most. The members of this new Company asconsistence be what they may they are not into service. The corps will leave for friends to the country, and are doing the en-

shows how Abolitionism is regarded in the HEXSELLET army. He says: 'I was talking to an officer the other day in front of his tent, around which were standing six other officers .-The conversation turned on General Frejoin in and say, 'I would do the very use for them

BREADSTUFF FOR EUROPE.

There is a great deficiency in crops in thus lucky. France, and a similar lack in Belgium, extent; and American farmers are likely to have an excellent market for their surplus Grain. Thirty-five ships are now Wednesday, October 30, 1861. loading with wheat at New York for Havre, and it is estimated that it will rethe part of the French to supply themselves with foreign breadstuffs the present Win-

It is estimated by an established Lonand usefulness. Owing all he was as a don authority that the necessities of L. Armbright, citizen and statesman to the liberal and Europe will require weekly shipments from S. H. Barnett, fostering genius of the Government, it was this country and from the Baltic and parricidal ingratitude in him to league him- Black Sea ports of 2,769,224 bush els of all W. J. Brown, self with its enemies in their attempts to grains, during the whole of what is called "the cereal year," ending August 31st, 1862. Suppose that we are called on to furnish only one-half of the quantity, what an enormous business is created!-Unfortunately our crops, in some of the Western States, are not as good as was hoped for, so that there may be a difficulty doctrines of the party on the vexed and in obtaining as much wheat and corn as Europe will want from us, as well as a its climax when he accepted a Presidential | difficulty in transporting it. But the fornomination from a handful of disappointed | eign demand will be sure to raise prices, and thus our farmers will profit as greatly it is now palpably evident, were as intent | as they would were their crops abundant. upon the disintegration of the country as It is a great and Providential thing, that upon the disorganization and defeat of the in a season of war, when business is so Democratic party. Had he adhered inflex- | much depressed, the agricultural interests ibly to the Democratic faith and organiza- | -the main source of the nation's wealthtion, the success of Mr. Douglas would are likely to be benefitted. While we are have been placed beyond peradventure, and | importing so few foreign goods, and exthe troubles now upon the country might | porting our own productions so largely, we have been wholly averted. Truly a terrible are strengthening ourselves for bearing

SAD OCCUBRENCE.

On Thursday morning last, a little daughter of Mr. A. J. Shriver, residing some two miles East of Waynesburg, was burnt to death from her clothes taking fire. Her mother, we understand, had left the house but a moment before to get a bucket of water, and on her return found the child enveloped in flames, and before they could be extinguished, was fatally burned. She was only about three years old, and was very interesting and promising.

FIRE AT BROWNSVILLE. We understand that quite a destructive fire occurred at Brownsville on Friday morning last. It was confined to the locality termed the "Neck." and consumed eleven buildings, with the principal portion of their contents. The "Times" eswho are now, almost to a man, lending tablishment, we regret to learn, was destroyed. Our friend Brown has our sincere sympathy in his loss.

WINTER SESSION OF WAYNESBURG

COLLEGE. The Win'er Session of this institution opens on Monday next, and we believe with fair prospects, notwithstanding the times and the state of the country. The advantages of a first-class literary institution to a community are too apparent to need sumeminently prosperous. The attendance from abroad, at the approaching Session, we are happy to learn, is likely to be quite as large, if not larger than usual.

CLOTHING.

Ready-made Clothing is the "rage" nowa-days, and there is no better place to buy the Court House. There are few better judges of wearing material and apparel

P. S. Since penning the above, TEMPLE to. In no other way can the war command has closed negotiations with CLARK for a the undivided support of the Northern peo- new coat! and as he has no further use for men of the South maintain their present sealed bids for it till Christmas. As it has given in examining the objects of evidently the object of the enemy's dangerous element in our politics, but it is and is admirably arranged for ventilla- him. Casting our eyes above we can a cessation of the fire for a few minthe square inch, no bids at less than origi- by the Omnipotent,—beneath, with a the Tammany regiment arrived with

CAPT. GORDON'S COMPANY.

disastrous and mischievous. Let no coun- sembled at Waynesburg on Thursday last, tenance be given to the fanatics who coun- and organized. Thirty-six fine, stalwart sel such a dangerous step. Let their profellows signed the roll, and were sworn 29th, by which time they expect to have 29th, by which title they expect to i

THE RESULT IN OHIO. Topp, Union Republican, has been electted Governor by a majority of some 50,000.

BIG BEET.—Our townsman, Mr. JEWELL, mont's proclamation, and one said, 'If has left at our office the largest Beet we this is to be made a war against slavery, 1 have seen for years. It is 22½ inches in shall resign, no matter what the conse-circumference. Any of our subscribers Company took a trip to the moun- was executed as well as the circumquences may be.' I don't think there was who think they can beat it are at liberty to an officer there, except one, who did not leave any number with us. We'll find ing over "Pine Knob," from whose the river bank about twenty minutes

GOOD NEWS FOR THE FARMER -- caped the flames at the late fire at Browns ogist to investigate the records of the ance to the island was a large boat

Holland and Spain, though to a smaller Col. Norton McGiffin, of Washington, Pa., has been unanimously elected Lieut. Colonel of Col. Howell's Regiment.

UNION CAVALRY.

List of the names of the Union Cavalry from Pennsylvania, now in Camp Carlisle,

at Wheeling, Va .: COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.

HARRY FARABEE, Captain. P. Ackley, 1st Lieutenant. H. P. Boon, 2d Lieutenant.

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS. S. GRIM, Quarter-Master Sergeant.

W. A. McCoy, Orderly Sergeant. J. W. DAY, 1st H. Bell, M. CARROLL. 3d

D. J. Curry, 4th J. R. MCoy, . Wood, J. P. Allum. 8. Stickle. Z. Bane, N. Booth, Jas. Henderson. Jas. McClay,

J. E. Lenox. Buglers-James Conley, J. L. Jones. Blacksmith-A. Wibley. Farier-Wm. McCoy. Wagoner-J. L. Molden.

Saddler-D. Howell. PRIVATES. P. Allison, W. R. McDaid, J. S. Noble. A. Neuman. Wm. Bartholemew. J. Neuman. D. Powers, W. Potter. C. H. Potter, R. H. Carroll. A. B. Porter, J. T. Quinn, W. Chambers. T. Rankin, Riggs, M. Riley,

Wm. Rigsby, Stoller, R. Dickinson. M. Seaburn. L. C. Deaver. J. Smith. Wm. Stewart. N. Elliott. J. Shaw, Thompson, Vandegriff, L. Fonner, J. H. Walton, Wallie > Hatfield. Wm. Wilson,

W. White, F. Jones, D. H. Younkin, J. Fisher, Jos. McCoy, J. Yoder, J. Carrh. L. Lenox. A. J. Mannon, G. Loyd, Thos. McGlumphy, Messenger,

J. M. McNeal.

M. S. McDaid,

C. Minor.

From Correspondents.

D. Sanders,

M. Pettit,

J. Pettit.

For the Messenger. CAMP LAFAYETTE, UNIONTOWN, PA.,)

Editors Messenger:-Since wricheering intelligence that the people of Greene, one and all, are engaged in procuring recruits, and advancing the interests of the Fifth Company of Green County's volunteers. On Saturday last. Rev. J. N. Pierce arrived in camp, as our regularly appointed chaplain, bringing with him four new recruits; and since that time another has been added, formerly a member of Capt. Kniceley's company. Thus, the skies begin to brighten, and the ming up, and should stimulate our people many other rumors that are so fre- in number, under Lieut. Col. Wistar; and of his ability to defeat them, but to renewed efforts to render the College quently affoat on the sea of public two mountain howitzers, commanded under no consideratios to bring on a dation in truth. Only this morning N. Y., battery, commanded by Lieut. main forces of both sides.

a report of this kind, I suppose, has Barnhall, were in front of the centre, to the import that very soon we of the action. and overcoats.

never sleep on guard if he keeps his About this time the news spread mind filled with useful and good that Gen. Baker was killed while in and weary, if he only properly employs those senses which his Creator he was pierced by six balls. He was has given in examining the objects of evidently the object of the enemy's him examine his own mind and heart, | in charge, throwing over rel

Lately several friends from our native town called in at our quarters, some of them partaking with us of a right to the left, which was executed soldiers repast. It cheered us to know as calmly as at a battalion drill. Col.

to fight. tains, spending most of the day stroll- stances would permit. They reached HURD, we are glad to learn, es. It is also a fine locality for the Geol- shore. The only means of conveyville. We're afraid he'll not always be past, as they are written in the alpha- capable of carrying about forty perbet of the rocks.

To-day an amusing incident occur- swamped, and another boat of small red. A fellow not obtaining a "pass" | dimensions. to go out of the encampment, took The troops marching along the what, in soldiers phrase, is called "a shore made a desperate resistance, fence furlough," i. e., jumped the and it is believed the enemy took been heard from. Yours as ever, J. J. P.

The Battle at Edward's Ferry--Full Particulars of the Affair--Partial List of Killed and Wounded.

Poolsville, October 22.—The following report of the battle of Bull's Bluff, midway between Conrad's posite Harrison's Island, which occured yesterday, is gained from authentic sources:-On Sunday night, Col. Devin, of the 15th Massachusetts regiment, who had for some time guarded Harrison's Island with one company, ordered Captain Philbrick, of Company H, and Quartermaster Howe, of his staff, with a detachment of two hundred men to scout the Virginia shore in the direction of Leesburg. They crossed from the Island to the shore, and executed the order by approaching within three quarters of a mile of Leesburg, returning to their starting point about ten o'clock at night, discovering, as they supposed, a small camp one mile or more from Leesburg.

On reporting to Col. Devin, the latter, with about 300 men, pushed forward as directed by Gen. Stone in same locality, with orders to destroy the camp. At daybreak the scouts returned to Col. Devin, who remained with his command concealed, and word was sent back that no enemy was in Capt. Philbrick's company took an advanced position, while the remaining companies were concealed as a reservein case of an attack on the advance. When about a mile and a half from the river and five hundred yards in advance of Col. Devin's reserve, Captain Philbrick, accompanied by Col. Devin in person, attacked and drove back a company of Mississippi riflemen, and then fell back to the reserve concealed in the rear, on the appearance of a body of rebel cavalry. In the skirmish Capt. Philbrick had difficulty in getting near enough to the enemy for his smooth bore guns to have much effect, whereas the enemy used long

ting my last communication, our one company of his regiment, which Captain has arrived in Camp bring- remained on the shore to cover the ing with him several old members of return of Col. Devin. The Colonel, the Company who had been absent however, maintained his ground, and on furloughs, together with some by 300 more of his regiment, under was reinforced during the morning Lieut. Col. Ward. About 1 o'clock he was attacked by a considerable force of riflemen, who attempted to might be successful, and after resisting them for some time, Col. Devin slowly retreated in perfect order to

the river shore. General Baker had arrived with a up, look more cheering than at any his successful resistance to a supe-accuracy and terrific effect. former period. Perhaps it is well rior force and giving his command, It is proper to state, in connection that such is the case, for the rumor now less than six hundred men, the with the foregoing, that Gen. Stone's has gone though the camp, that all right of the line of battle, the centre orders to Col. Baker were to advance the companies must be made up to and left being formed of about three a brigade, including a battery, to the their minimum number (eighty-three,) hundred of the Massachusetts Twen-support of Col. Devin, and to attack very shortly, and soon be "on the tieth, under Col. Lee, and the Cali- the enemy in force only in case of a march." But this may be like the fornia battalion, about five hundred knowledge of their superior numbers gossip, having not a particle of foun- by La French, and one piece of the general engagement between the been "going the rounds" of the camp, just previous to the commencement

were to receive our caps, blankets, The attack was commenced by the enemy on our right, but was soon Various are the conjectures as to directed more heavily to the centre our probable destination, some confi- and left. For about ten hours the it at than at CLARK's Emporium. fronting | dently asserting that we will go to battle raged terrifically; a complete Harrisburg to drill, others that For. shower of leaden hail fell. Three tress Monroe will be our winterquar. several times the left of the line ters. But concerning this matter the made an advance, but was compelled

thoughts; and he will not grow tired the act of pushing a cannon forward and weary, if he only properly em- with his shoulder to the wheel, when Geologic eye, penetrate earth's crust, two companies, and he being the causing it to reveal the mysteries of senior officer, the command devolved past ages,—and around, view the for- upon him. In a short time it became est trees, assisted by the Botanist. evident to Col. Cogswell that the day But not only are there subjects for was lost, and he thought it best to thought for the soldier without him, cut his way through to Edwards' but also far greater ones within. Let Ferry, where General German was by turning his intellect in upon itself, anonta, by direction of Gan Stone, and a treasure offsweet thoughts will who was a sight of the battle mile there he bound. But I am dwalling Edwards Verry, directing the games. too long on this topic.

fer the 15th Massachusetts from the

that we were thus respected and hon- Cogswell soon became satisfied of the ored by those for whom we went out improbability of reaching Edwards' Ferry, as desired, and gave an order On last Saturday several of our to fall back towards the river, which summit most delectable views of the before nightfall. Here the Fifteenth surrounding country can be obtained. deployed as skirmishers along the sons, which was over-crowded and

fence. The sentinel near whom he comparatively few prisoners in conse- MANY DANGEROUS MALADIES WHICH ARE alighted took after him "double quick" | quence. Those who could swim plunfor a considerable distance, but find- ged into the water, many carrying ing he was losing ground, gave up their arms with them, and others the chase, amid great cheers and threw them into the river to prevent laughter. The fellow has not yet them falling into the enemy's hands. Some escaped by availing themselves of the darkness and the heavily wooded banks, but several are known to have been drowned in the waters of

the Potomac. The behavior of our troops before a superior number of the enemy was marked by noble bravery and endurance. Near the close of the action, Ferry and Edward's Ferry, and op- lost, the two companies of the Tamand after the day was irretrievably many regiment which had just arrived made a desperate charge on the enemy, but were met with a terrific fire. It is probable that the officer who appeared in front and gave the order to make this charge was a secession officer, and was mistaken by our men for one of their commanders.

The brave Lieut. Bramhall, of the New York Ninth battery, lost one of his guns, and was himself wounded severely but not fatally. The gallant Lieut. French, of the howitzer battery, fired four shots with his own hands after the day was lost and his own men had scattered: he was shot in the left breast and ankle, but not mortally. On reaching the island, which he did by throwing his sword and revolver into the river and swimming across, Col. Diven at once posted thirty of his men so as to prevent any attempt of the enemy at

Massachusetts 15th were killed:-Capt. Rockwood, Co, A; Capt. Simonds, Co. B; Capt. Bowman, Co. C. The following were probably killed: Capt. Studly, company D; 2d Lieut. Grout, 2d Lieut. Wassal, company E; Capt. Gatchell, company K. The following men were wounded in the regiment: Lieut. Col. Ward, leg amputated; Capt. Sloan, company F, slighttated; Capt. Sloan, company f, sight, and the same hour that Col. Devin's command left the shore to make the advance, Col. Lee, of the Massachusetts 20th, of the 20th Massachusetts, sent over and Col. Cogswell, of the Tammany

outflank him. Fearing that they was uninjured. Most of the woundbattalion of the California Regiment, There is at present no means of ascercommanded by Licut. Col. Wistar. taining the loss of the enemy, but it General Baker then took command, must have been immense, as our few prospects of our company being filled first complimenting Col. Devin for pieces of artillery were served with

Married.

On the 5th, inst., by the Rev. C. Tilton, Mr. Sanuel Graham to Miss Elizabeth E. Boyn, both of Greene County, Pa.

GREENE COUNTY, ss.

IN the Orphan's Court of said county, of March In the matter of the partition of the real estate of Thomas Lucas, Sr., late of Cumberland township, co-

Oats! Oats!! Oats!!!

2,000 BUSHELS OF OATS wanted. All those knowing themselves indebted to the firm oust keep up our stock and cannot do it without money Oct. 30, 1861. BRADLEY & WEBS.

Executors' Notice.

ETTERS testamentary upon the estate of JACOH LANTZ, late of Greene township, dec'd, having en granted to the undersigned, they hereby reques persons indebted to said estate to make immediat payment, and those having claims against the same present them duly authenticated for settlement. BENJAMIN SOUTH,
BENJAMIN LANTZ,
Executors

Executors' Notice. KTTERS testamentary upon the cause of JOHA JAMISON, decreased, had of Camberland town p, having been granted the independent their bereby

An order was now issued to trans. OOM SUBERTION.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK.

Will be at the

PITTEBURGE, PA On Monday and Tuesday, October 7th and 8th November 4th and 5th, and Dec. 2d and 3d. November 4th and 5th, and Dec. 2d and 3d.

Dr schenck desires all his old patients to come and see him when he visits pittsburgh. He makes no charge for cases that he has examinated once already. He only charges in new cases when he makes an examination with the "respirometer." For such an examination his charge is invariably three dollars.

THE MANDRAKE PILLS.

CURE FOR DISEASED LIVER,

CAUSED BY A MORBID CONDITION

OF THAT ORGAN.

To give the public a clear understanding of the mode in which SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS produce those wonderful effects which are attested by thousands of reliable witnesses, we present a brief DESCRIPTION OF THE HUMAN LIVER

this popular medicine perceptible to every man's understanding.

The Liver is supplied with blood-vessels, nerves and absorbents. One of its obvious uses is to secrete and prepare the bile. It likewise filters the blood and separates that fluid from all its impurities. How indispensably necessary to health is the proper performance of this function! If the liver is diseased it cannot purify the blood, and if that is sent back through the lungs, brain and other parts in a morbid condition, it must cause jaundice, biliousness, obstruction of the kidneys, gravel and many other complesials, more or less painful and dangerous, but the least of them quite enough to make a man sick and uncomfortable, and unfit for the performance of any of the duties of life. This unhealthy state of the system very often ends in pulmonary consumption.

The circulation of the blood is conducted in this manner: The heart sends the vital current down throthe arteries, it passes through the flesh, taking up all impurities in its progress, then the stream of blood flows backward through the veins and passes to the liver to be purified. It is impossible to cure consumption, scrofula, scarcely any other kind of ulceration, while that inportant organ, the Liver, is diseased. It is for that reason that regular physicians rarely cure consumption. They usually begin their treatment with the use of some cough medicine, the base of which is morphia or opium in some shape, which locks up the liver, instead of relaxing the secretions, giving a

which is morphia or opium in some shape, which locks up the liver, instead of relaxing the secretions, giving a tone to the stomach, and producing a healthy flow of

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP. Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills.

will strengthen the system, purify the blood, and ripen and heal wicers on the lungs.

In tunerculous consumption, where the stomach and liver is generally in a tolerably healthy condition, the Pulmonic Syrup alone will root out all impurities of the blood, and restore the patient to health, if the cavities in the lungs are not too deep. But where consumption originates, as two-thirds of the cases do in this section of the country, sympathising from a torpid liver or disordered stomach, it requires the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, in connection, to bring them in action—then the Pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blood, and thus throw out all impursuit. This force was subquently augmented by the arrival there of other companies from the Maryland shore, under Col. Hicks, of the 19th Massachusetts.

Col. Devins received a slight contusion in the neck from a musket ball. The killed and wounded:—Col. Wistar of Philadelphia, in command of the California regiment. is supposed to be mortally wounded. The following commissioned officers of the Massachusetts 15th were killed:—

Wonderful and Mandrake Pills, in connection, to bring to the min action—then the Pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blond, and thus throw out all importance in the pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blond, and thus throw out all importance in the pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blond, and thus throw out all importance in the pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blond, and thus throw out all importance in the pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blond, and thus throw out all importance in the pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blond, and thus throw out all importance in the pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blond, and thus throw out all importance in the pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blond, and thus throw out all importance in the pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blond, and thus throw out all importance in the consumption and scroftlous diseases must yield to those medicines if properly taken. They have cured thousands, and other thousands are now black the consumption and scroftlous diseases must yield to those medicines if properly taken. They have cured thousands, and other thousands are now the pulmonic Syrup seems to go or dissolve into the blond, and thus throw out all importance in vertices; the unstance that the consumption and scroftlous diseases must yield to those medicines if properly taken. They have cured thousands, and other thousands are now the pulmonic Syrup seems to prove the disease by them. SCIEENCK'S MANDRAE PILLS are dissolved in the consumpti

WONDERFUL CURES.

In such cases, the ailment is often caused by worms By using SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, the astale bile and corrupt matter which constitute what are called the "worms' beds" are worked off, and the worms themselves pass off with them. Some weeks ago a lady told Dr. Schenck that she had taken the Pills for liver complaint, but to her surprise, the medi-

Col. Lee, of the Massachusetts 20th, and Col. Cogswell, of the Tammany regiment, are probably prisoners.

As an instance of the weight and concentration of the enemy's fire, the clothing and equipments of Quartermaster Howe, of the 15th Massachusetts, bore the marks of four rifle shots, one ball passing through the crown of his cap, and another flattening on the plate of his belt, yet he was uninjured. Most of the wounded have been conveyed to their respective encampment hospitals. The enemy's force was very large. Their positions were well selected from a familiar knowledge of the country. There is at present no means of ascertaining the loss of the enemy, but it must have been immense, as our few pieces of artillery were served with accuracy and terrific effect.

WEED TONIC and ANDRAKE PILLs, after which is now perfectly well.

A lady came to Dr. Schenck at the Marlborough Hotels, Boston; she was supposed by her physicians to be afflicted with tape worm. As he had severe pains and semicted with tape worm. As he had severe pains and semicted with tape worm, and it mould creep up into her throat and appear to hite; the only way to quiet it was to drink milk, when it would creep up into her throat and appear to hite; the only way to quiet it was to drink milk, when it would creep up into her throat and appear to hite; the only way to quiet it was to drink milk, when it would creep up into her throat and appear to hite; the only way to quiet it was to drink milk, when it would creep up into her throat and afferd with tape worm. See feelings, at times, almost them her had be in ow perfectly well.

A lady came to Dr. Schenck at the Marlborough Hotels, Boston; she was supposed by her physicians to he afflicted with tape worm. As he had severe pains and efficiency with tape worm. As he had severe pains and the section of her. These feelings, at times, almost them had the howels stable down and go to sleep. She was very costive, skin yellow, and which in ordinary persons would have be passed a large quantity of meus a and leave the patient in a healthy condition

A volume would be required to give a brief account

A volume would be required to give a brief account of the remarkable cures performed by DOCTOR SCHENCK'S MEDICINES, viz. PULMONIC SYR-UP, SEA-WEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS—all of which are accompanied by find directions for the use of them. Dr SCHENCK has a suite of rooms in each of the large cities where he has an extensive practice. All persons who wish to consult with him, will meet with kind and attentive treatment. He makes no charge for advice.

The MANDRAKE PILLS, and other medicines may be had at No. 140 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. Price 25 cents PER BOX. Can be seat by mail to any address.

Oct. 19, 1861-3m.

GREENE ACADEMY.

THE WINTER SESSION of this institution will commence on the FIRST MONDAY of November next. For particulars applly to Oct. 23, 1861-31. Principal.

Guardian's Sale,

DY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Greene County, the undersigned will sell at public out-cry, on the premises, on Tuesday, Nevember 26th, 1861, all the interest and estate of JOB THOMAS RIDGWAY, a minor child of William and Sarsh Ridgway, in the following described tract of land, viz: A tract of land situated in Washington township, Greene county, adjoining lands of Jacob Johns, Asa Mikchell and others, containing

400 Acres, nore or less, and known as the Cowen Parm.

TERMS OF SALE.—The money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale.

JOHN C. RIDGWAY,
Oct 23, 1861.

Guardian.

Executors' Sale.

BY virtue, and in pursuance of the directions contained in the last will and testament of BARNET O. NEEL, late of Cumbertand township, deceased, and an order and decree of the Orphans' Court of reene county, there will be exposed to public sale, on he premises, on **Thursday**, **Nov. 21st**, 1861, a tract of land, situate in Cumberland township afore, said, adjoining landa of John S. Flenniken, Jno. Crago, heirs of Thomas Anderson, deceased, heirs of Win Cloud, deceased, and others, containing 246 Acres.

More or less, about 160 acres of which are cleared, and has thereon erected a Brick House, two storieshigh,

A Frame Barn, Two Tenant Hofses, &c. Said land is well watered and timbered, and shounds in good Stone Coal, Limestone, &c. This préperty is very destrable on account of its location being within one mile of the on account of its location being within one Monongahela river, and well adapted to either or farming nurnoses. It will be sold in one

NEW BOOT AND SHOE SHOP! CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST! T. W. THOMPSON

ITAS just opened a new Bot and Shoe Shoe to the Rooms formerly occupied by Wm. SEALS, open site the new Horst. in. Waynahare and is prepared in nake to order BOOTS AND SHOES of every seriation at about notice, and at the lowest pages prices.

Waynahare Oct. 23, 1811-181.

LOUADEZ. DUNN & HOWNEY

EDWARD SPEECER. MERCHANT TAILOR

No. 260 Liberty street, Nearly opposite Hand, Oct. 9, 1861:1y...

Pifth Avenue Exchange, DAN, BARNARD, ... Proprietor, no. 72 fifth street, pittsburgh, p**en**n'a. HAVING had many years experience in the business. he is prepared to supply the best the market affords. His Bar will be furnished at all times with the best Wines, Liquors, and Ales; and refreshments will be furnished at all times, day and night, Sundays excepted.

Cet. 9, 1861:19.



ONE DOLLAR! STORE. NO. 56 MARKET ST. NEAR THIRD,

PITTSBURGH, PA Beautiful sets Mosaic Jewelry. " Lava "
Carbuncle " A large variety of other styles of Jewelry, Watch Chains, Neck Chains, &c. Your choice of any article for \$1. Oct. 9, '61:1m.

ATTRACTIVE DRY GOODS!!! C HANSON LOVE, NO. 74 MARKET STREET.

PATTSBUR

TAS just received a large assortment of
Beautiful all Wood Babiner autiful all Wool Delaines, Magnificent Silk Robes Rich Silk Robes, Very Cheap. Handsome Black and Fancy Dress Silks, Handsome Succession Stella and other Shawis, Needle Work, Collars and Sets very cheap

PITTSBURGH. PA

Toweling Sets less than half price,
Canten and Wool Flannels, all colors,
Bleached and Unbleaches Shirting and Sheeting. Ginghams,

and Checks,

and Mitte of all kinds selting ver



AT THE CORNUCOPIA, NO. 40 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WILL be receiving desity, throughout the season, fresh CHESAPEARE BAY OYSTERS, FISH, GAME, &c., which he will furnish at lowest market rates to Hoteis, Restaurants and private fan Oysters by the single Can or less.

Oct. 9, 1861;1y.

NEW FALL GOODS.

Qash Buyers JOSEPH HORNE.

NOW offers for sale, at the very lowest market prices to wholesale and retail buyers, a very larger and well selected stock of Dress Trimmings, embroideries, Ribbed Woolen Hogiery, Boston Hosiery, undershirts & drawers, Zephyr Worsted

A FULL LINE OF MILLINERY GOODS; HOOP SKIRTS AND CORBETS, SKIRT BRAIDS, TAPES, COMBS, PINS, NEEDLES, NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.

This notice is especially intended for Country Mechants and Miliners who visit the city for the purpor of buying goods. HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE. HUKIND I ILLIAMINO. 77 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA Oct. 9, 1861,2m.

VENITIAN BLINDS! G. P. WERTZ, First Premium and Excelsion

NO. 72, CORNER THIRD AND MARKET ST., WARRROOM ON FIRST PLOOR, PITTBBURGH. PA.

THOSE wishing to turnish their houses with Ver MOST EXQUISITE AND ELABORATE PINISE. Will find it to their interest to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. My work is got up by the best mechanics. Every attention is paid to the wants of customers.

PRICES LOW. ALL WORK WARRANTED!

OLD BLINDS REPAIRED NEATLY, or remodeled, if desired, to appear the same as new, of the LATEST STYLE, without extortion. Blinds & Revolving or Stationary Shutters. Would save money by giving me a call, Corner of Third and Market Street. GEORGE P. WERTZ.

Oct. 9, 1861; ly. A. Y. SCOTT. W. H. STURGBON. N. U. WALKER, SCOTT, STURGEON & CO.. Importers and Jobbers i FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

FANCY GOODS, And manufacturers of all kinds of Looking Glasses and Children's Coaches, NO. 62 WOOD STREET, CORNER POURTH, Oct. 9, 1861:1y. PITTREURGE RA.

H. D. BRECHT & BRO., Manufacturers of

LOOKING GLASSES PORTRAIT AND PICTURE FRAMES. Gilt and Imitation Rosewood Mouldings, Dealers in French Plate and Window Glass 198 SMITHFIELD STREET.

PRILER'S BLOCK, between Fifth and Sixty
Prices. Particular attention given to repairing Pains
lags, Requiding Frames and business cards framind a
wholesale price.

Oct. 9, 1891:1y.

RUSH HOUSE. M. RUSH, Proprietor.

No. 397 Liberty St., near Pa. R. R. Depot PITTSBURGH, PA. HIS house has been lately enlarged, refligs re furnished, and is now in the best of one e accommodation of boarders and travelers. BEST OF OYSTERS RECEIVED DAMEY. Sold wholesale and retr., or served up if The delicacies of the season always on a with superior brands of Liquess, &c. Oct. 9, 1861:1y.

Cracker and Based Bakery. W.C. MACKEY, CRACE AND FAMILY REPARE CAR Lo. 44 Pm

DR CALVIN KING, SURGION DES DIES