

Published every Wednesday by J. E. WENK. Office in Smearbaugh & Wank Building, ELM STREET, TIONESTA, PA.

Terms, \$1.00 A Year, strictly in Advance. Entered as second-class matter at the post-office at Tionesta. No subscription received for a shorter period than three months.

RATES OF ADVERTISING: One Square, one inch, one week... \$ 1 00 One Square, one inch, one month... 3 00 One Square, one inch, 3 months... 5 00 One Square, one inch, one year... 10 00 Two Squares, one year... 15 00 Quarter Column, one year... 30 00 Half Column, one year... 50 00 One Column, one year... 100 00 Legal advertisements ten cents per line each insertion.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgess.—J. C. Dunn. Justices of the Peace.—C. A. Randal, D. W. Clark. Constables.—J. W. Landers, J. T. Dale, G. B. Robinson, Wm. Smearbaugh, R. J. Hopkins, G. F. Watson, A. B. Kelly.

FOREST COUNTY OFFICERS.

Member of Congress.—W. J. Hallings. Member of Senate.—J. K. P. Hall. Assembly.—A. R. Meachling. President Judge.—W. D. Hinekey. Associate Judges.—Samuel Aul, Joseph M. Morgan.

Regular Terms of Court.

Fourth Monday of February. Third Monday of May. Fourth Monday of September. Third Monday of November.

Church and Sabbath Schools.

Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m. M. E. Sabbath School at 10:00 a. m. Brethren in Christ Church every Sabbath evening by Rev. W. S. Burton.

Business Directory.

TIONESTA LODGE, No. 369, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW POST, No. 274 C. G. A. R. Meets 1st Tuesday afternoon of each month at 3 o'clock.

T. F. FITCHEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Tionesta, Pa.

M. A. CARRINGER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Office over Forest County National Bank Building, TIONESTA, PA.

CURTIS M. SHAWKEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Warren, Pa. Practice in Forest Co.

A. C. BROWN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office in Arns Building, Cor. Elm and Bridge Sts., Tionesta, Pa.

DR. F. J. BOVARD, Physician & Surgeon, TIONESTA, PA. Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted.

DR. J. B. SIGGINS, Physician and Surgeon, OIL CITY, PA.

HOTEL WEAVER, J. B. PIERCE, Proprietor. Modern and up-to-date in all its appointments. Every convenience and comfort provided for the traveling public.

PHIL EMERT, FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER. Shop over R. L. Hasler's grocery store on Elm street. Is prepared to do all kinds of custom work from the finest to the coarsest and guarantees his work to give perfect satisfaction.

JAMES HASLET, GENERAL MERCHANT Furniture Dealer, —AND— UNDERTAKER. TIONESTA, PENN.

Waverly A Thin, Pale Oil. It feeds freely, free from carbon. Waverly Special Auto Oil. Ideal for either air-cooled or water-cooled autos.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS. Ladies, Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills. They are the only pills that are sold by druggists everywhere.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Never fails. Buy it now. It may save life.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One. A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:— That section four of article nine, which reads as follows:—

Number Two. A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, so as to permit special legislation regulating labor.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof. Amendment to Article Three, Section Seven.

Section 2. Amend section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:— "Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension, or...

Number Three. A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section three, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, so as to permit special legislation regulating labor.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the Senate concur), That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

clation for individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down a railroad track.

"Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special laws may be passed:—

Number Four. A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to taxation.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Number Five. A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, so as to permit special legislation regulating labor.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

lar terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall be held in an odd-numbered year: Provided further, That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time, whose terms of office may end in an odd-numbered year, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the next succeeding even-numbered year.

A true copy of Concurrent Resolution No. 3.

ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four. A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to taxation.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Section 2. Amend section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:— "All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity," so as to read as follows:—

All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws, and the subjects of taxation may be classified for the purpose of laying graded or progressive taxes; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.

ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Five. A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, so as to permit special legislation regulating labor.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:— "Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension, or...

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Section 2. Amend section three of article nine, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:—

HUERTA NOT TO BE RECOGNIZED

President's Attitude on Mexico Remains Unchanged

AMBASSADOR'S TRIP USELESS

General Scheme of Handling Mexican Situation is Gradually Enfolded Itself in President Wilson's Mind.

While members of the senate committee on foreign relations were unanimous in declaring that Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson had made a most favorable impression in his discussion of the Mexican question statements of another character were being made by high authorities.

It was said authoritatively that Ambassador Wilson in his conference at the White House on Monday last had not in the slightest degree altered the president's analysis of the situation in Mexico or changed his judgment as to what is best to be done.

It was indicated not only does the president hold exactly the same views on the Mexican situation that he entertained before listening to Ambassador Wilson, but that these views differ most materially from those of the ambassador. In other words, so far as the administration is directly concerned the ambassador to Mexico might just as well never have come to Washington.

It was indicated that a policy in regard to Mexico is rapidly taking shape in the mind of President Wilson. Announcement of this policy will be deferred, however, until the administration has an opportunity to see the results likely to be obtained by the efforts of certain Mexicans interested in bringing about a compromise arrangement in regard to the presidency of Mexico.

The character of the plan the president is considering is disclosed sufficiently to warrant the statement that there is in it not the slightest suggestion of conditional recognition of Huerta, such as is proposed by Ambassador Wilson.

On the contrary, it is predicated on the elimination of General Huerta from the provisional presidency of Mexico. It is understood that it has to do entirely with a movement toward conciliation and mediation, though what form this step, if finally adopted, is to take has not yet been indicated by officials of the administration.

It has been declared recently by close observers of the situation what the United States will do about Mexico is largely a psychological problem entirely contained within the mind of President Wilson. It is known that for many days he has been turning the matter over depending but very little upon the counsel of others in or near the administration, and it understood that the plan when announced will be the result of the president's deep thought on the question.

The statements regarding the failure of Ambassador Wilson to make the slightest impression upon the president's preconceived views in regard to Mexico caused no small degree of astonishment here. It was regarded as extraordinary in view of the distinctly favorable impression the ambassador had made in his talk with the senate committee.

Even prejudiced against him said they believed Henry Lane Wilson had the right ideas about conditions and policies in Mexico. There was even a disposition to criticize the administration for not having previously furnished the committee with the information given by the ambassador, most of which it was learned was taken from documentary evidence long in the possession of the state department.

The announcement concerning the president and the ambassador is regarded as having raised a direct issue between the senate committee and the White House. Whether members of the committee will care to discuss this phase of the situation with the president, now that his attitude toward Ambassador Wilson's views is known, was not indicated. It is believed, though that there is likely to develop a lack of harmony between the views of the senate committee and those of the administration in regard to Mexico.

Boy Thrown Under Hay Rake. Raymond Goodwin, aged seventeen, was seriously injured when the horse attached to the hay rake he was driving ran away and went down a steep embankment near Waynesburg, Pa. The youth was thrown and landed among the steel teeth of the rake.

One of Victims of Robbers at Narragansett Pier



MRS. CHARLES C. RUMSEY, Daughter of Late E. H. Harriman.

DETECTIVE ARMY BAFFLED

Friends of Servants Believed to Have Stolen \$275,000 Worth of Gems. The disappearance of \$275,000 worth of jewels from two residences in the summer colony at Narragansett Pier, R. I., remains unexplained though a small army of detectives has been diligently at work for more than a week.

The character of the plan the president is considering is disclosed sufficiently to warrant the statement that there is in it not the slightest suggestion of conditional recognition of Huerta, such as is proposed by Ambassador Wilson.

On the contrary, it is predicated on the elimination of General Huerta from the provisional presidency of Mexico. It is understood that it has to do entirely with a movement toward conciliation and mediation, though what form this step, if finally adopted, is to take has not yet been indicated by officials of the administration.

TOWN OFFERED FOR SALE

Owner Goes Bankrupt and Property Must Be Sacrificed. Paxinos, near Suabury, Pa., a town of 200 population and owned by J. Warner Milfin, a brick manufacturer, is to be sold under the hammer in two weeks by E. M. Leader of Shiloh, appointed assignee by the Northumberland county court. Only two properties in the town are not owned by Milfin.

Bankruptcy is the cause for the sale. The entire town was staked out by engineers and an effort will be made to sell it as a whole; otherwise individual sales will be made.

TRAIN WRECK AT TYRONE, PA.

Engineer Killed; More Than 100 Passengers Injured. Over one hundred passengers were injured and the engineer of a locomotive was killed when passenger train No. 13 ran into the rear of passenger train No. 15 at Tyrone, Pa. The coaches of train No. 15 were badly damaged.

Train No. 13, which was made up at Harrisburg and was westbound, crashed into train No. 15, Philadelphia for Pittsburg, which was just pulling out of the Tyrone station. No. 15 was five minutes late and No. 13 was a through train. A parlor car was at the rear of No. 15 and most of the seriously injured were in that car. The first three cars on No. 13 were mail cars. Mail Clerks Herb, Seitz, Fisk and Huntzberger were injured.

All the injured were given first aid treatment by Tyrone physicians and druggists. A special train was made up and the seriously injured were taken to hospitals at Altoona.

It is thought the wreck was due to a mix-up in the signals. It is believed that train No. 13 was let through the block and the engineer did not see the train in front of him until it was too late to avert the wreck. There is a sharp curve just near the station and this obstructed the engineer's view. The weather was bright and clear.

Wins Bottle Husband. Emmett Bowers of Benwood, W. Va., and Miss Lillian Blynum of Massachusetts were married at the parsonage of St. Matthew's Lutheran church in Benwood by Rev. George Heim. Two years ago Bowers threw a bottle containing his name and address into the Ohio river. Miss Blynum, who was visiting in Louisville, found the bottle. A courtship began which resulted in the marriage.

Bolt Kills in Deep Shaft. Lightning struck at the bottom of a 1,200-foot shaft at the Pottsville colliery near Pottsville, Pa., operated by the Lehigh Valley company and instantly killed a workman. Another worker was seriously injured.

Shooting on Fifth Avenue. A man thought to be Abraham Fink of Buffalo, N. Y., shot Victor Rogers of the same city in Fifth avenue, New York, and then blew his brains out.

NINETEEN DIE UNDER GROUND

Double Explosion in Mine at Tower City, Pa.

FIRST BLAST WAS OF DYNAMITE

Bodies of Two Men Still Believed to Be Under Fall of Rock—Rescuers Killed by Second Explosion.

The number of dead as a result of the double explosion at the East Brookside colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company at Tower City, Pa., was increased to nineteen by the death at Pottsville of John Lorenz, mine superintendent.

Daniel Farley and John Fessler, fire bosses, are still in the workings in spite of the efforts which have made to rescue them. It is now almost certain that they are buried under a big fall of rock.

Harry Schoffstall, night inspector, who was the only one of the first rescuing party to escape with his life, is still living and chances are good for his recovery.

The theory of the miners as to the cause of the accident is that the first explosion was one of dynamite, probably caused by the laborers in the tunnel striking a dunnal cap in the debris with their shovels, setting off 175 pounds of dynamite which had been carried into the mine by the tunnel workers. This explosion, it is believed, liberated a large body of gas which exploded just as the rescuing party neared the tunnel, killing five of the six.

SLASHES THROATS OF TOTS

Philadelphia Mother Kills Two Children and Self—Others May Die. Believed to have become mentally deranged through the serious illness of her baby, Mrs. Alice Brogan cut the throats of four of her children and then slashed her own, in West Philadelphia, according to the police.

The mother is dead and two of the children, Thomas, three and Victor, seven, also died. The other two children, eight and nine, are in a precarious condition in a hospital. The woman was about 35 years old.

The husband of the woman was not at home at the time and the cries of the children as the mother attacked them attracted neighbors who summoned the police. The woman and the two younger children were dead when the police broke into the house.

The woman's baby is in a hospital with a fever and she received word that the child could not live. This, the police believe, unbalanced her mind.

SLAP ON BACK BREAKS NECK

Man in Hospital With Fighting Chance For Life. Uriah Washburn, a watchman, is in a hospital in Chester, Pa., with his life despaired of because James Wilson slapped him on the back and broke his neck. Once before Washburn had his neck broken, but it was sutured together with silver wire and no one ever knew that the accident had happened.

For years Washburn has gone about his work, which has been of the lightest kind, but the operation that was performed had been so well done that to all intents and purposes the watchman was a perfectly normal person. At the hospital the surgeons say they may be able to perform a similar operation again.

PITCHED BALL FATAL

Batter, Hit Over Heart, Runs to First and Drops Dead. Charles Deets, aged twenty-two, of Kingston, Pa., is dead from being hit over the heart by a baseball pitched by Harry Allen, star twirler of the Alderson club.