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FOREST COUNTY OFFICERS. Member of Congress—P. M. Spear. Member of Senate—J. K. P. Hall.

Regular Terms of Court. Fourth Monday of February. Third Monday of May.

Church and Sabbath School. Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m. M. E. Sabbath School at 10:30 a. m.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TIONESTA LODGE, No. 369, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building.

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1908 TICKET IS RENOMINATED

Taft and Sherman Named by Republican Party

ROOSEVELT MEN "NOT VOTING"

Teddy Refuses to Allow His Name Be Placed in Nomination Because of His Claim of "Illegal Convention."

With nearly 350 of the Roosevelt delegates declining to vote the Republican national convention at Chicago renominated William Howard Taft of Ohio for president and James Schoolcraft Sherman of New York for vice president.

President Taft received 561 of the 1,078 votes in the convention, or twenty-one more than a majority. Vice President Sherman got 597.

The decision of the Roosevelt people under direction of their leader, to refrain from voting, left no other candidate near the president. The announcement of the Taft victory was greeted with cheering from his adherents and groans and hisses from the opposition.

The detailed roll was: Taft, 561; Roosevelt, 107; La Follette, 41; Cummins, 7; Hughes, 2; not voting, 344; absent, 6.

When it became certain that Mr. Taft would be nominated without great difficulty the leaders in control of the convention decided to give him as a running mate his companion on the ticket in 1908.

All others dropped from the race and Mr. Sherman was the only candidate regularly placed before the convention. A motion from New Hampshire to make the nomination by acclamation was declared out of order.

Warren G. Harding of Ohio placed the name of President Taft in nomination for the presidency. When New York, Roosevelt's state, was called there was no response and it became clearly evident that Roosevelt had made good his threat to bolt the convention and break away from the Republican party.

Mr. Harding when he nominated President Taft referred repeatedly to the strife in the Republican convention. He declared that "only once before was the foundation of the nation attacked," making reference to the Civil war.

He insisted that the people do rule, saying: "The American people literally began to rule in 1776 and there

has not been, and never will be, any suspension of that power. They ruled when they assented to Washington's declaration of a third term of the presidency."

Mr. Harding referred later to the "progressives" when he said that he had heard men "arrogate" to themselves that title, "seemingly forgetting that progression is the first essential to republican fellowship."

John Wanamaker of Philadelphia and Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia university, seconded Taft's nomination.

Michael B. O'Brien of Wisconsin put the name of Senator La Follette before the convention. Robert M. Pollock of North Dakota seconded the nomination.

Elihu Root was named as chairman of the committee to notify President Taft and T. H. Devine of Colorado chairman of the committee to notify Mr. Sherman.

Just before adjournment a resolution was adopted giving the national committee power to declare vacant the seat of any man on the committee refusing to support the nominees of the regular convention of 1912.

Shortly before Harding's nomination speech the Republican platform was adopted by the convention by a vote of 666 to 53. The Roosevelt out-and-outers did not vote—of these there were 343. There were ten absent.

PLATFORM IN BRIEF

Planks Upon Which Republican Party Goes Before the People.

Chicago, June 24.—The platform adopted at the Republican national convention in brief follows:

Reaffirms party's intention to uphold authority and integrity of the courts.

Opposes monopoly and privilege. Favors federal trade commission. Upholds Republican tariff policy of protection. Readjustments are recommended to be left to hands of tariff commission. Democratic bills passed by the house are condemned.

Recommends inquiry into high cost of living here and abroad. Says revision of banking and currency system is needed. Maintenance and extension of civil service law favored.

Would amend employers' liability law to extend its provisions to government employees. Legislation prohibiting campaign contributions by corporations to candidates for federal offices favored. Publicity of contributions approved. Continuation of present conservation policy pledged.

Favors legislation for the establishment of the parcels post. Declares rights of American citizens in foreign countries should be upheld. Policy of building up navy approved. Merchant marine should be helped.

Republican Ticket For 1912: Taft and Sherman



Photo by American Press Association. WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT For President.



Photo by American Press Association. JAMES SCHOOLCRAFT SHERMAN For Vice President.

Favors federal assistance in improving Mississippi river against floods. Continuation of federal reclamation policy favored. Liberal rivers and harbors policy approved. Favors development of Alaska's coal

lands. Present policy in governing Philippines and Porto Rico should be adhered to.

Laws to stop a stop to immigration evil pledged.

Favors laws for the better safety of life and property at sea.

FLINN QUITS HIS JOB

Wasson Chosen National Committeeman From Pennsylvania.

William Flinn has resigned as a Pennsylvania member of the Republican national committee.

His action, it is stated, is due to the general belief that the Roosevelt men will not be in control of the committee. Henry G. Wasson, Pennsylvania state chairman, was elected to fill the vacancy.

Root Delivered Keynote Speech.

Senator Elihu Root was elected temporary chairman of the Republican convention over Governor McGovern of Wisconsin. The Roosevelt and La Follette adherents had combined on McGovern. The vote was: Root, 558; McGovern, 592. Immediately Senator Root delivered the keynote speech to the Republicans. The senator in his speech urged harmony.

Vote by States on President.

Table with columns: States, Taft, Roosevelt, Cummins, Not voted. Lists 48 states and totals.

ROOSEVELT MEN FORM NEW PARTY

Bolt Republican Convention and Start Progressive Movement

350 DELEGATES TAKE PART

Convention of Bolters Will Probably Be Held in August—General Plan of Movement Not Yet Worked Out.

Former President Roosevelt was nominated for president on an independent ticket in the dying hours of the Republican national convention.

The colonel's followers gathered in Orchestra hall and held their convention. The bolt came as a result of the convention refusing to unseat some ninety Taft delegates and substituting in their places Roosevelt delegates.

The colonel claims these Taft men were put on the roll by fraud and his followers refused to take part any longer in what they considered an illegally constituted convention.

Colonel Roosevelt thanked the delegates for the nomination. He said that he recognized them as lawfully elected delegates representing an overwhelming majority of the voters at the primaries, but said he would accept the nomination subject to the formation and approval of a new party. He told them to go home, find out the sentiment of their people and then meet in "mass convention to nominate for the presidency a progressive candidate on a progressive platform."

Colonel Roosevelt referred to President Taft as "the man who inspired and profited by the fraud." The colonel continued:

"I am in this fight for certain principles and the first and most important of these goes back to Signal, and is embodied in the commandment 'Thou Shalt Not Steal.' Thou shalt not steal a nomination; thou shalt not steal in politics or in business. Thou shalt not steal from the people the right to rule themselves.

"I do not know whether our countrymen fully realize the gravity of the crisis which we at this moment face. There is no use in holding primaries, no use in holding elections, if we permit a small group of unscrupulous politicians, some of them certainly acting in the interests of big crooked business, to exercise their veto power over these primaries and elections by upsetting the results at their own pleasure."

Governor Johnson of California, who for the present at least is the colonel's

chief lieutenant, was empowered by a mass meeting of delegates and others to appoint a committee of seven which is to confer with Colonel Roosevelt and prepare a plan and platform to be presented to the bolters' convention.

No definite announcement of the plan was made and the date of the convention is still to be decided. It was rumored that it might be held here in Chicago on Aug. 23.

In general the plan seems to utilize the Roosevelt machine in states which the colonel carried at the primaries and in other states to present a complete progressive ticket.

In New York, for instance, if the plans talked for are carried out there will be progressive candidates for governor, congress and other relative offices that may be open when the contest begins.

In Pennsylvania it may be that William Flinn's plan of having the regular Republican electors cast their vote for Roosevelt who, of course, is certain to be the candidate of the new party, may be carried out.

In Minnesota it is planned to have the electors who favor Roosevelt resign and then to reappoint them by petition in order to make their positions secure. The plan of action in these and other states depends upon expert legal advice which is still to be had. At present everything connected with the new movement except the expressed intention of the colonel and some of his leaders to make a fight is up in the air.

THIRTY PERSONS DROWNED

Steamboat Dock Collapses — Passengers Thrown Into Niagara River.

Two hundred excursionists from Buffalo were dropped into the swift current of Niagara Falls at Eagle park, Grand Island, and thirty persons were drowned. A steamboat dock collapsed.

The victims were members of Amherst lodge, Order of Foresters. They had gone to Eagle park 500 struts. Half of the party had been safely returned. The first news of the accident reached the telephone central at Grand Island from Mrs. Miller, owner of Eagle park. She was hysterical, screaming that the dock had gone and 200 persons were in the water.

Will Probe Convention.

Representative Littleton has prepared a resolution calling for a congressional investigation of the charges of bribery at the Republican national convention, and, it is said, will submit it to the house.

Bars Cigarettes.

The town of Parsons, W. Va., has barred cigarettes within its borders and hereafter it will be a misdemeanor to have or dispose of the seductive "nail."

BIG CLOTHING DEAL!

Sale of Clothing for Men, Women and Children.

A Sale of Men's Clothing having no equal for bargains and inaugurated on account of vast purchase made by a syndicate of New York, Philadelphia and Chicago buyers of which we are a member.

Free Car Fare. Until July 4th we will allow car fare to Republican readers who purchase \$20.00 or over at this sale. Ask your salesperson for your car fare.

Men's High-Grade Suits, Indian Suits, Cowboy Suits, Dresses, Women's Pretty Tailored Suits, Women's Coats, Women's Goods, Skirts. Detailed list of clothing items and prices.

The Biggest Sale of Women's, Misses' and Children's Summer Goods ever offered at a sacrifice. Lots of Bargains. Lots of Goods you'll want badly. Sale today. Closes July 3. Follow the crowds.

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