

Published every Wednesday by J. E. WENK. Office in Smearbaugh & Wenk Building, 1214 STREET, TIONESTA, PA.

FOREST REPUBLICAN.

VOL. XLV. NO. 17.

TIONESTA, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1912.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM.

RATES OF ADVERTISING: One Square, one inch, one week... \$ 1 00 One Square, one inch, one month... 3 00 One Square, one inch, 3 months... 5 00 One Square, one inch, one year... 10 00 Two Squares, one year... 15 00 Quarter Column, one year... 30 00 Half Column, one year... 50 00 One Column, one year... 100 00 Legal advertisements ten cents per line each insertion.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgess—J. C. Dunn, Justices of the Peace—C. A. Randall, D. W. Clark. Constables—J. W. Landers, J. T. Dale, O. R. Robinson, Wm. Smearbaugh, R. J. Hopkins, G. F. Watson, A. B. Kelly.

FOREST COUNTY OFFICERS.

Member of Congress—P. M. Spear. Member of Senate—J. K. P. Hall. Assembly—W. J. Campbell. President Judge—W. H. Hunkley. Associate Judges—Samuel Aul, Joseph M. Morgan.

Regular Terms of Court.

Fourth Monday of February. Third Monday of May. Fourth Monday of September. Third Monday of November.

Church and Sabbath School.

Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m. M. E. Sabbath School at 10:00 a. m. Preaching in M. E. Church every Sabbath evening by Rev. W. S. Burton.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TIONESTA LODGE, No. 369, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW POST, No. 274 G. A. R. Meets 1st Tuesday afternoon of each month at 3 o'clock.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW CORPS, No. 137, W. R. C. Meets first and third Wednesday evening of each month.

T. F. RITCHEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Tionesta, Pa.

M. A. CARLISLE, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Office over Forest County National Bank, TIONESTA, PA.

T. S. SHAWKEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Warren, Pa.

A. C. BROWN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office in Arner Building, Cor. Elm and Bridge Sts., Tionesta, Pa.

FRANK S. HUNTER, D. D. S. Rooms over Citizens Nat. Bank, TIONESTA, PA.

DR. F. J. BOVARD, Physician & Surgeon, TIONESTA, PA. Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted.

DR. J. B. SIGGINS, Physician and Surgeon, OIL CITY, PA.

HOTEL WEAVER, J. B. FIERCE, Proprietor. Modern and up-to-date in all its appointments. Every convenience and comfort provided for the traveling public.

CENTRAL HOUSE, R. A. FULTON, Proprietor. Tionesta, Pa. This is the most centrally located hotel in the place, and has all the modern improvements. No pains will be spared to make it a pleasant stopping place for the traveling public.

PHIL EMERT, FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER. Shop over R. L. Haslet's grocery store on Elm Street. Is prepared to do all kinds of custom work from the finest to the coarsest and guarantees his work to give perfect satisfaction. Prompt attention given to mending, and prices reasonable.

Fred. Grettenberger GENERAL BLACKSMITH & MACHINIST.

All work pertaining to Machinery, Engines, Oil Well Tools, Gas or Water Fittings and General Blacksmithing promptly done at Low Rates. Repairing Mill Machinery given special attention, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Shop in rear of and just west of the Shaw House, Tidoutte, Pa. Your patronage solicited.

FRED. GRETTEBERGER

THE TIONESTA Racket Store

Can supply your wants in such staple lines as Hand Painted Chins, Japanese China, Decorated Glassware, and Plain and Fancy Dishes, Candy, as well as other lines too numerous to mention.

Time to Think of Paint & Paper.

Before you plan your spring work in painting and papering let us give you our estimates on the complete job. Satisfaction guaranteed.

G. F. RODDA, Next Door to the Fruit Store, Elm Street, Tionesta, Pa.

ARMY OF COPS TO KEEP PEACE

Republican Convention Opened at Noon Today

BATTLE STARTS IMMEDIATELY

Freat Throng Fills Auditorium of Coliseum, Chicago, to Watch Political Adversaries Grapple—Roosevelt Plan Forbidding Contested Delegates to Sit in Judgment on Their Own Cases Will Indicate Strength.

TODAY'S PROGRAM.

- Noon—Convention called to order by Chairman Rosewater of the national committee. Prayer by Rev. James F. Gallagher. Presentation of the gavel from the Chicago citizens' committee. Reading of the temporary roll. Fight on the temporary roll. Election of the temporary chairman. Address of the temporary chairman. Election of temporary officers. Roll call of states for presentation of committee selections. Adjournment.

Chicago, June 18.—Bringing to a climax a week filled with events without political precedent—a week which has been marked by extreme bitterness between the forces of President Taft and Colonel Roosevelt and which has seen the entrance into Chicago of the colonel himself after an already sensational campaign—the 1,078 delegates to the Republican national convention were called to order shortly after noon today by Chairman Victor Rosewater of the national committee.

The scenes inside the great auditorium of the Coliseum before the gavel fell on what promises to be the most tumultuous convention since the Republican party was formed were inspiring. The doors opened early and thousands of ticket holders, including hundreds of women, passed through, filling the seats in the galleries and crowding into every inch of standing room.

On the floor of the convention hall the delegates coming in by states made the steel rafters of the great hall ring with their shouts and cheers for their favorite candidates. The abilities of Sergeant-at-Arms Stone and his army of employes especially trained for the occasion were severely strained bringing order out of the crush and jam.

In the streets outside the building where history is to be made thousands of persons watched the big doling. Marching clubs with brass bands added to the noise and confusion.

The Taft chieftains had taken steps to preserve peace in the convention if possible. Twenty members of the national committee headed by Senator Crane had a long conference with Governor Deneen of Illinois and with the police authorities of Chicago. Because of this conference scores of policemen were stationed inside the big building and it is arranged that every bluecoat in Chicago will be called if their services are necessary.

As an extra precaution Governor Deneen visited Colonel Roosevelt and Mr. Flinn and informed them that he would insist on lawful procedure during the convention.

The Roosevelt men will begin their fight when Chairman Rosewater directs the secretary of the convention to call the temporary rolls. The fight is to begin when the state of California is called.

Governor Johnson has insisted that he would vote the delegation as a unit for Roosevelt, although there are two Taft men in the delegation. This action by Governor Johnson, it is expected, will be objected to by the two Taft delegates from the Fourth California district.

This juncture will be grasped by the Roosevelt floor leader as the one upon which to get the "expurgated" vote of delegates. The floor leader will move at once that the temporary roll be rejected and that a substitute roll, including the seventy or eighty delegates claimed by Teddy.

If the Roosevelt forces succeed they will be shifting the fight upon the Taft followers' shoulders. Instead of appearing as contestants before the credentials committee they would appear as "absolved." The Taft forces then would have to again battle for the seats awarded them by the national committee and at the same time they could attack the standing of but nineteen of the Roosevelt delegates.

Even in such an event the Taft followers will be in preponderance on the credentials committee. If they stand firm the majority report will be in favor of seating the Taft delegates.

With the majority report a minority report recommending the seating of the Roosevelt delegates will be offered. The real test of strength will then come. It will be a straight out-and-out issue as to which of the principal candidates controls the delegates and as to which report is ratified. Control of the convention by either Taft or Roosevelt will be marked from that time on.

VICE PRESIDENT "IFS."

Chicago, June 18.—In all the melees between the Taft and Roosevelt forces there is still time to talk of vice presidential possibilities. The situation today may be put as follows:

If Taft Wins: James Sherman of New York, C. M. Fairbanks of Indiana, John A. Mead of Vermont, John Wanamaker of Pennsylvania.

If Roosevelt Wins: H. S. Hadley of Missouri, James R. Garfield of Ohio, Ben Lindsey of Colorado, William E. Borah of Idaho, Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana, W. R. Stubbs of Kansas, Hiram W. Johnson of California, W. P. Glasscock of West Virginia.

DENY DEFECTIONS IN TAFT'S RANKS

Only Two Southern Delegates Lost, Say Leaders

Chicago, June 18.—This morning the Taft chieftains issued a statement saying in substance that the efforts of the Roosevelt men to win delegates from Taft have resulted in the acquisition of but two southern delegates.

J. C. Styles, S. S. Minsey and J. H. Boone of the Georgia delegation, whom the Roosevelt managers asserted had joined Delegate Grier in the revolt from the Taft column, repudiated the assertions of Grier.

Then, too, the Taft managers got after Mr. Flinn and Roosevelt for slandering the Hawaiian delegation for Roosevelt and issued a letter from the governor of Hawaii saying that the delegates from Hawaii were instructed to vote for President Taft.

Louisiana held a meeting and agreed to vote for Taft and Senator Root as temporary chairman of the convention.

President Koenig of the New York county Republican committee declared that the New York state delegation was stronger today for Taft than at any time during the past month. It looks, he said, as though all but ten delegates, perhaps eleven of the delegates would stick to Taft.

Two members of the Pennsylvania delegation to the convention hitherto figured in the Taft column, announced that they will not support the president but will vote for a third candidate. The delegates are Congressman W. W. Grist and W. H. Keller of Lancaster. The dark horses they favor in the order of their preference are Hughes, Root, Robert Lincoln and Cummins.

An intense fight has been going on by the Roosevelt people in an effort to defeat Senator Root for temporary chairman. There is no evidence or indication, today, however, that Senator Root is to be defeated.

The Illinois delegation at a meeting furnished a surprise to the Taft managers. The latter believed that twenty-two of the fifty-eight delegates would vote for Root. At the suggestion of Governor Deneen the question was put up to the delegates as to whether they would support for temporary chairman any man whom Roosevelt might name.

Senator Dixon issued an authorized interview in which he said among other things: "The last check we made showed that Colonel Roosevelt ought to have in the convention about forty-two majority."

He expressed the belief that Colonel Roosevelt would have thirteen in South Carolina and said nine have signed a letter to Colonel Roosevelt to that effect. He thought there would be defections to Roosevelt in two or three states about which they would have statements later. "There is not a southern state," he added, "that has not been broken into by the Roosevelt forces."

TWO MORE AFFIDAVITS

Southern Delegates Allege Bribe For Votes Was Offered.

Chicago, June 18.—The Taft headquarters issued two additional affidavits from instructed Taft delegates telling that one delegate had been offered \$100 and the other \$400 to support Colonel Roosevelt in the convention. These two delegates are from Mississippi.

The delegates who say they were approached are Rev. Dr. J. W. Shumpfort, presiding elder in the Meridian (Miss.) Methodist Episcopal church conference and A. Buckley of a local paper in Enterprise, Miss.

GAMBLERS' ESTIMATE

Betting Odds on Chicago Convention Posted in Wall Street.

New York, June 17.—Betting odds in Wall Street on the outcome of the Chicago convention stood as follows: \$1,000 to \$900 that Taft will not be renominated. \$700 to \$1,000 that Roosevelt will be renominated. \$100 to \$500 that neither will be renominated.

On the chance of re-entering the White House the Wall Street odds are now 2 1/2 to 1 against Roosevelt and also 2 1/2 to 1 against Taft.

"FIRE 'EM OUT," CRIES COLONEL

"Fraudulently Seated" Delegates Should Be Ousted

CONDEMNNS "POLITICAL THEFT"

Roosevelt in Fighting Speech in Chicago Coliseum Before Immense Audience Denounces Taft's Candidacy and Charges That Moneyed Interests Are Behind Him—Cannot Accept National Committee's Work.

Chicago, June 18.—Speaking in the Coliseum last night Colonel Roosevelt denounced President Taft and the Republican national committee and charged that "big business" was financing Mr. Taft's campaign.

The auditorium was packed by an enthusiastic crowd which sang Roosevelt songs. In part the colonel said: "As far as Mr. Taft and I are personally concerned it little matters what the fate of either may be. But with Mr. Taft's acquiescence or by his direction and in his interest his followers have raised an issue which is all important to this country. It is not a partisan issue; it is more than a political issue; it is a great moral issue."

"If we condone political theft, if we do not resent the kinds of wrong and injustice that injuriously affect the nation, not merely our democratic form of government but our civilization itself cannot endure. If the methods adopted by the national committee are approved by the convention which is about to assemble a great crime will have been committed."

"The triumph of such proceedings at the moment would mean the wreck of the Republican party; and if such proceedings became habitual it would mean the wreck of popular government."

"We come together to protest against a crime which strikes straight at the heart of every principle of political decency and honesty—a crime which represents treason to the people and the usurpation of the sovereignty of the people by irresponsible political bosses, inspired by the similar influence of moneyed privilege."

Mr. Roosevelt reviewed the reasons which led him to enter the present contest, chief among them being to prevent Mr. Taft's renomination because he had, Mr. Roosevelt asserted, abandoned the cause of the people and only represented the bosses.

"The big bosses," he continued, "who control the national committee represent not merely the leading captains of mercenary politics, but the great crooked financiers who stand behind these leading captains. These political bosses are obnoxious in themselves but they are even more obnoxious because they represent privilege in its most sordid and dangerous form."

"One thousand, seventy-eight men are to meet here in convention to decide the future of the Republican party. At least seven out of eight of those among them who really represent the people are against the nomination of Mr. Taft."

"It is the duty of all of them, their first duty, to throw out of the convention every man fraudulently seated there by the national committee."

"I cannot with honesty or propriety stand in any shape or way for the action of the bosses by accepting the committee's nomination of the temporary chairman nor by accepting its disposition as to the seating and unseating of contested delegations. I hold that the convention itself is of right the only judge of the qualifications of its own members."

"The action of these men is in no sense 'regular,' as they claim to be. They do not represent the people and dishonesty cannot give and never shall give a title to regularity."

PLATFORMS NEGLECTED

Too Much Excitement in Chicago For Framers to Work.

Chicago, June 18.—In the tense situation between the rival political forces nobody has much time to give to platform discussion. Senator Root and others who had expected to put in some work on the Taft platform were all engaged elsewhere. This was true, too, of the Roosevelt men.

Colonel Roosevelt has told the framers who are at work on his platform that he does not want that document to contain an extensive review of the record of the Republican party, nor does he want any glorification of himself in it and that it need not mention his name.

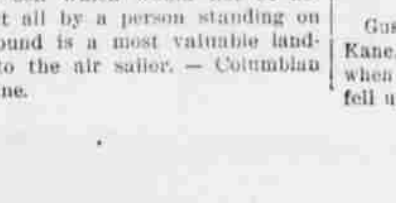
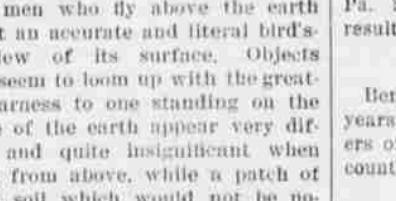
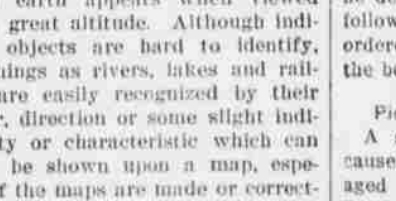
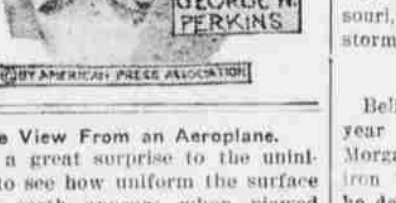
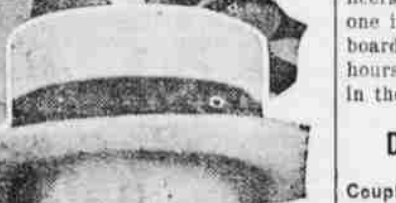
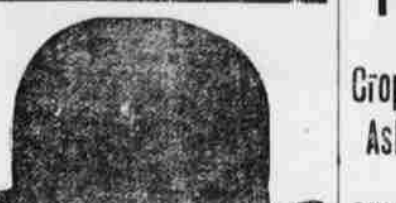
COMMITTEEMEN CHOSEN

Brown in Ohio and Flinn in Pennsylvania.

Chicago, June 18.—Walter Brown of Ohio, state committeeman and Roosevelt leader, was elected national committeeman from his state by the Ohio delegation. J. J. Sullivan of Cleveland is slated to be a member of the committee on resolutions. He is a Roosevelt man.

The Pennsylvania delegation confirmed the election of William Flinn, Roosevelt leader of Pennsylvania, as national committeeman from that state.

Making Political History at G. O. P. Convention



ALASKANS ASK FOR ASSISTANCE

Crops Destroyed by Volcano's Ashes; Millions of Fish Killed

ONLY 15 DAYS' FOOD SUPPLY

Urgent Request Sent to Congress For Money to Purchase Necessaries of Life For Natives of Kodiak Island.

The first direct news from Kodiak Island, Alaska, which was almost devastated by the eruption of Katmai volcano, was received when the tug Printer arrived in Seward, Alaska, bringing Lieutenant Sealies of the revenue cutter Manning and J. E. Erskin, a merchant of Kodiak, who appealed for assistance for the stricken people of the island.

Lieutenant Sealies said that the food supply in Kodiak was sufficient to last only fifteen days. All the crops on the island were destroyed and millions of fish were killed by the sand and ashes that fell in the water. The water supply is polluted by the decaying fish and springs have been stopped up with ashes. The Manning is distilling water for the use of the people.

At a mass meeting of the citizens a relief fund was appointed to handle the needs of the stricken villagers. An appeal was sent to congress asking that money be placed at the disposal of the revenue cutter service to buy food.

Messages also were sent to Governor Clark urging him to send all the revenue cutters on duty in Alaskan waters to the islands laid waste by the volcano.

The Manning was in Kodiak when the eruption began and furnished refuge for all the inhabitants of the town, 500 men, women and children, doubtless saving many lives. The Manning served distilled water and government rations. The property loss will be enormous.

As soon as the hall of ashes, sand and hot pumicestone began the officers of the Manning ordered everyone on board the ship. For more than forty hours people were huddled together in the darkness of midnight.

DEATH ON HONEYMOON

Couple Married Two Weeks Ago Drown in Presque Isle Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Clune of Titusville, Pa., spending their honeymoon in Erie, Pa., met death in the first drowning accident of the season on Presque Isle bay.

Mr. and Mrs. Cartwright, also of Titusville, and Edward Nunn, occupants of the boat, managed to grasp the wrecked craft and were rescued. Two boatloads of pleasure seekers were going to a picnic on the peninsula when one of the little boats containing Mr. and Mrs. Clune, Mr. and Mrs. Cartwright and Edward Nunn was overturned in the middle of the bay.

The young people who lost their lives were married in Titusville a few weeks ago.

THAW SEES FREEDOM

Third Hearing to Gain Release From Matteawan Begun.

Contending that he is perfectly rational and that he is being kept in Matteawan asylum for the insane through a conspiracy of his enemies, Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, began on Monday before Justice Keogh in White Plains, N. Y., his third attempt for liberty on a writ of habeas corpus.

Thaw has expressed an opinion to several friends that he will gain his freedom this time and with that end in view brought all his luggage from Matteawan to the jail here.

TWENTY KILLED BY WIND

Whole Families Left Dead in Path of Missouri Tornado.

Twenty are known to be dead in Bates and Johnson counties, Mo., where a tornado moved down, great trees and destroyed all homes in its path of death. The twister dipped to earth near La Cygne, Kan.

Its fury increased as it entered Missouri, blotting out whole families. The storm path was fifty miles long.

U. S. CROP REPORT

Condition and Yield of Grain Up to June 1 Given Out.

According to the crop reporting board of the department of agriculture in Washington the condition of winter wheat on June 1 was 74.3 per cent. Yield of winter wheat per acre, 14.1 bushels. Total winter wheat yield 363,000,000 bushels.

Condition of spring wheat, 95.8 per cent. Indicated yield spring wheat per acre, 1.8 bushels. Total yield 265,000,000 bushels.

Condition of oats, 91.1 per cent. Yield of oats per acre, 29.3 bushels. Total yield, 1,109,000,000 bushels.

LIGHTNING DISROBES YOUTH

Davis Hit by Bolt While Working on Farm.

Cree Davis, aged eighteen, son of C. B. Davis, a prominent farmer of Smithburg, W. Va., while working on the farm was struck by lightning.

He was running toward the house to escape the storm when he was felled by the bolt. His clothing was almost entirely burned from his body. His shoes were torn open and his face was badly disfigured.

\$12,000 Haul by Yeggs.

The safe of the national bank Huntsville, Ark., was blown open by a gang of robbers and \$12,000 was taken.

TEACHER AND PUPIL KILLED

Fatal Accident on Army Aviation Field in Maryland

BIPLANE COLLAPSES IN AIR

Lieutenant Hazelhurst and Al Welsh, Wright Flier, Instantly Killed—New Machine Was Being Given Tryout.

Lieutenant Leighton W. Hazelhurst, Jr., an army aviator, and Al Welsh, a professional flier, were dashed to death at the army aviation grounds at College Park, Md.

The Wright biplane which they were testing had risen about thirty feet and was going at a speed of about fifty miles an hour when it pitched suddenly forward.

When spectators reached the scene of the accident it was found that both men were dead. Lieutenant Hazelhurst's neck was broken and Welsh's skull was crushed. The machine was badly shattered.

The cause of the accident is unknown, though it is believed that some of the supporting wires between the planes snapped suddenly and caused it to plunge forward.

Aviator Welsh had been at College Park for several days demonstrating a new Wright biplane to the army aviators. Under the regulations the machine was required to meet ten rigid tests. Nine of these requirements had been successfully met and Welsh with Lieutenant Hazelhurst as his passenger was on the tenth test when the machine collapsed and pitched the men to the earth.

Lieutenant Hazelhurst was a new man at the aviation school. He had just learned to operate one of the Wright machines and was considered one of the brightest new pupils.

FAIL TO SAVE JUDGES

Senate Puts Commerce Court Members Back Into Private Life.

Another futile effort was made in the United States senate to save the five circuit judges who composed the commerce court from being legislated into private life.

Senator McCumber offered an amendment directing that the five judges be assigned to work by the United States supreme court, instead of being relegated to private life. The amendment failed by two votes.

Senator Hoke Smith's amendment legislating the commerce court judges out of office was then passed 24 to 29.

WOOD'S FINISH IN SIGHT

Startling charges of an intrigue against Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army, begun by the late Senator Marcus A. Hanna and kept alive by his friends were part of a series of sensations which attended the adoption by the house of representatives of the army appropriation bill conference report.

Nevertheless, in spite of a fight led by Representatives Prince, Cooper and Martin the house adopted the report, which had been approved by its conferees and accepted by the senate and if President Taft signs the bill as it is said he will, General Wood will be removed from his office March 4, 1913, and the retention or disposal of many army posts which the war department has characterized as useless will be left to a commission.

Alleges Taft Misused Fund. Charging that President Taft has misused the \$25,000 traveling expense fund voted yearly by congress, Chairman Fitzgerald of the house appropriations committee bitterly attacked the president during consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. He declared the president on his recent western trip had misused the accompanying newspaper and secret service men, in spite of protests, to bolster his depleted funds.