VOL. XLII. NO. 31.

DROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE

THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMON-

REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL AS-SEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA. AND PUB-LISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRE-

TARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF

A JOINT RESOLUTION
roposing amendments to sections eight
and twenty-one of article four, sections

THE CONSTITUTION.

TIONESTA, PA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1909.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM.

BOROUGH OFFICERS

tions. Always give your name.

Burgess .- J. D. W. Reck. Justices of the Peace-C. A. Randali, D. W. Clark. Councumen. - J. W. Landers, J. T. Dale, G. B. Robinson, Wm. Smearbaugh, J. W. Jamieson, W. J. Campbell, A. B.

Kelly. Constable-Charles Clark. Constable—Charles Clark,
Collector—W. H. Hood.
School Directors—J. C. Scowden, R. M.
Herman, Q. Jamieson, J. J. Landers, J.
R. Clark, W. G. Wyman.

FOREST COUNTY OFFICERS.

Member of Congress—N. P. Wheeler.
Member of Senate—J. K. P. Hall.
Assembly—A. R. Mechling.
President Judge—Wm. E. Rice.
Associate Judges—F. X. Kreitler, P.
C. Hill. rothonotary, Register & Recorder, &c. J. C. Gelst. Sheriff-S. R. Maxwell.

Treasurer—Geo. W. Holeman, Commissioners—Wm. H. Harrison, J. M. Zuendel, H. H. McClellan. District Attorney-A. C. Brown. Jury Commissioners-Ernest Sibble,

Jury Commissioners—Ernest Sibble,
Lewis Wagner.
Corner—Dr. C Y. Detar.
County Auditors—George H. Warden,
A.C. Gregg and J. P. Kelly.
County Surveyor—D. W. Clark.
County Superintendent—D. W. Morri-

Fourth Monday of February.
Third Monday of May.
Fourth Monday of September.
Third Monday of November.
Regular Meetings of County Commissioners 1st and 3d Tuesdays of month.

Church and Sabbath School.

Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m.; M. E. Sabbath School at 10:00 a. m. Preaching in M. E. Church every Sabbath evening by Rev. W. O. Calhoun.
Preaching in the F. M. Church every
Sabbath evening at the usual hour. Rev.
E. L. Monros, Pastor.

Preaching in the Presbyterian church every Sabbath at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. H. A. Bailey, Pastor, The regular meetings of the W. C. T. U. are held at the headquarters on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TI NESTA LODGE, No. 869, I. O. O. F A Ments every Tuesday evening, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building. CAPT. GEORGE STOW POST, No. 274 G. A. R. Meets 1st Monday evening in each month.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW CORPS, No. 187, W. R. C., meets first and third Wednesday evening of each month.

RITCHEY & CARRINGER.

CURTIS M. SHAWKEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Warren, Pa. Practice in Forest Co.

A C BROWN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office in Arner Building, Cor. Elm and Bridge Sts., Tionesta, Pa.

FRANK S. HUNTER, D. D. S.
Rooms over Citizens Nat. Bank TIONESTA, PA.

DR. J. C. DUNN, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. and DRUGGIST. Office in Dunn & Fulton drug store, Tionesta, Pa. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours of day or night. Residence—Elm St., three doors above the store.

DR. F. J. BOVARD, Physician & Surgeon, TIONESTA, PA.

DR. J. B. SIGGINS, Physician and Surgeon, OIL CITY, PA.

HOTEL WEAVER, E. A. WEAVER, Proprietor.
This hotel, formerly the Lawrence House, has undergone a complete change, and is now furnished with all the modern improvements. Heated and lighted throughout with natural gas, bathrooms, hot and cold water, etc. The comforts of guests never neglected.

CENTRAL HOUSE, GEROW Proprietor Tionsets, Pa. This is the most centrally cated hotel in the place, and has all the ents. No pains will be spared to make it a pleasant stopping place for the traveling public. First class Livery in connection

DHIL. EMERT

FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER.
Shop over R. L. Haslet's grocery store
on Elm street. Is prepared to do all
ginds of custom work from the finest to
the coarsest and guarantees his work to
give perfect satisfaction. Prompt attention given to mending, and prices reasonable.

Fred. Grettenberger

BLACKSMITH & MACHINIST.

All work pertaining to Machinery, Engines, Oil Well Tools, Gas or Water Fittings and General Blacksmithing promptly done at Low Rates. Repairing Mill Machinery given special attention, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Shop in rear of and just west of the Shaw House, Tidioute, Pa. Your patronage solicited. FRED. GRETTENBERGER

JAMES HASLET, GENERAL MERCHANTS, Furniture Dealers.

-AND-UNDERTAKERS. TIONESTA, PENN





Exclusively optical.

Eyes examined free

eleven and twelve of article five, sec-tions two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article twelve, and sections two and seven of article four-teen, of the Constitution of Pennsyl-vania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate nd House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Gen-eral Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Penn sylvania, in accordance with the provi sions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment One-To Article Four, Sec-tion Eight. Section 2. Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:— "He shall nominate and, by and with

the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may hapven, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have rower to fill any vacancy that may hapcommissions which sand express at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General. State Treasurer. Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office at the next general election, unless the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preceding such election, in which case the election for said office shall be held at the second succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the n acting on executive nominations the enate shall sit with open doors, and, in onfirming or rejecting the nominations f the Governor, the vote shall be taken y yeas and nays, and shall be entered on he journal," so as to read as follows:-He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint

Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, Superintendent of Public Instruction for our years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be thorized by the Constitution or by to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the re-cess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer. Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen dur-ing the session of the Senate, the Gov-ernor shall nominate to the Senate, be-fore their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective of-fice, a person shall be chosen to said of-fice on the next election day appropriate to such office, according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office.

In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered Amendment Two-To Article Four, Section Twenty-one.
Section 3. Amend section twenty-one of article four, which reads as follows:"The term of the Secretary of Internal
Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the

State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecu-tive terms," so as to read:— The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine shall serve for three years, and his su cessors shall be elected at the general

undred and twelve, and in every fourth

year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treas

urer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

Amendment Three-To Article Five, Sec tion Elleven. Section 4. Amend section eleven of ar-ticle five, which reads as follows:-"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or al-dermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and township at the time of the election of constables by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or alder-men without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such town ship, ward or borough; no person shal be elected to such office unless he shal have resided within the township, borough ward or district for one year next preced-ing his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than

one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district," so as to read:— Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace of aldermen shall be elected in the severa wards, districts, boroughs or township by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner a shall be directed by law, and shall be med by the Governor term of six years. No township, ward district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or alderme without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough ward or district for one year next pre-ceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more

than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district. Amendment Four—To Article Five, Section Twelve. Section 5. Amend section twelve of arti-

"In Philadelphia there shall be estab-lished, for each thirty thousand inhabit

and civil causes, with jurisdiction no exceeding one hundred dollars; suct courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shell be five years and they shall be elected on general ticket by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates as voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Phila delphia the office of alderman is abol ished," so as to read as follows:-

In Philadelphia there shall be estab-lished, for each thirty thousand inhabit ants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, ex cept as herein provided, as is now ex-ercised by aldermen, subject to such changes. not involving an increase o civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Phila-delphia the office of alderman is abol-

tion Two. Section 6. Amend section two of article eight, which reads as follows:—
"The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to

Amendment Five-To Article Eight, Sec

general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General As-sembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held

in an even-numbered year.

Amendment Six-To Article Eight, Section Three. Section 7. Amend section three of article

which reads as follows: "All elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February," so as to read:—
All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. cumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of al the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered

Amendment Seven-To Article Eight, Sec

tion Fourteen.
Section 8. Amend section fourteen of article eight, which reads as follows:— 'District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspect or shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancles in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from ar rest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting re turns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an elec-tion fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service," so as to read:— District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General Assembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by law provide. Laws regulating the appointment of said boards may be enacted to apply to cities only: Provided. That such laws be uniform for cities of the same class. Each elector shall have the spector, and each inspector shall app one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election offi-

cers shall be privileged from arrest upo making up and transmitting returns, ex-cept upon warrant of a court of record, or judge thereof, for me election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemp-tion from jury duty during their terms of

Amendment Eight-To Article Twelve Section One. Section 9. Amend section one, article twelve, which reads as follows:-'All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed

by law," so as to read:-All officers, whose selection is not pro-vided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directe by law: Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, exmay be required to fill unexpired terms. Amendment Nine-To Article Fourteen

Section 10. Amend section two of articl fourteen, which reads as follows "County officers shall be elected at the
general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, be ginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read;— County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, be ginning on the first Manday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by iaw.

Amendment Ten-To Article Fourteen, Section Seven. Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:--.
"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are casen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and every third year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for n more than two persons, and the thre persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or ounty auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county i which such vacancy shall occur, by th appointment of an elector of the proper who shall have voted for the sioner or auditor whose place is

o be filled." so as to read:ants, one court, not of record, of police county where such officers are chosen

in the year one thousand nine hundre and eleven and every fourth year there after; and in the election of said officer, each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number or votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissener of county auditor shall be filled by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper count; who shall have voted for the commis sloner or auditor whose place is to be

Schedule for the Amendments. Section 12. That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete opera-tion, it is hereby declared that— In the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of office fixed by act of Assembly at an odd number of years shall each be lengthened one year, but

the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the election of one thousand nine nundred and eight; nor any city, borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under ex-isting law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all election officers and assessors chosen at that ion, shall serve until the first Mon of December in the year one thou sand nine hundred and eleven. All offi-cers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is made four years by the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thou-sand nine hundred and fifteen. After the year nineteen hundred and ten, and untithe Legislature shall otherwise provide all terms of city, ward, borough, town-ship, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December

in an odd-numbered year.

All city, ward, borough, and township officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year.

All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of these amendments, whose

terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

ROBERT MCAFEE Secretary of the Commonwealth

YOUNG MAN HAS **BECOME INSANE**

Because of Death of Woman With Whom He Was Driving.

Poughkeepsie, Oct. 5.-Robert Davis, prominent young man of Amenia Dutchess county, has gone insane because of an accident last Saturday night. Davis and Miss Bertha Dorsey, a school teacher, were driving near the Harlem division of the New York Central railroad when their horse became frightened.

Davis got out to hold the horse by the head. The animal plunged, broke away from Davis and ran on the tracks just as an express train came along and killed Miss Dorsey and the horse. The affair has so preyed upon the

PRESIDENT IN CALIFORNIA

of Natural Resources

Sacremento, Oct. 5 .- After making one of the longest jumps of his trip and traveling for 25 hours through Oregon and the northern half of California, President Taft arrived here last night at 7:10 o'clock to remain until 4 o'clock this morning, when he proceeded to Oakland and San Francisco. The president was entertained at din-per, was taken for an automobile ride through the city and delivered an address in the state Capitol grounds.

The president selected for the principal feature of his speech the conservation of natural resources, in which he declared anew that before many of the Roosevelt policies of conservation can be carried into effect, confirmatory and enabling legislation must be secured, and he pledged himself to use all his power to induce congress to pass the naws necessary.

The only stops made on the way be tween Portland and Sacramento were at division points-stops necessary to the operation of the train. There were crowds at each of these places and the president appeared on the rear platform of his car to shake hands or to make a few informal remarks.

Mr. Taft thoroughly enjoyed his stay on the train. During the five or six hours Mount Shasta was in sight he admired that towering peak in all the changing aspects the winding railroad brought into view.

After passing today in San Francisco, President Taft heads for the Yosemite valley President Taft was welcomed into

California at Red Bluff by Governor Gillette, Lieutenant Governor Porter, Senator G. C. Perkins, former Secre tary of the Navy Victor Metcalf and other members of a committee gathered from different sections of the state. Members of the committee from San Francisco represented both "graft" prosecution and "anti-graft"

PRINCE WITH WRIGHT

Frederick William of Germany Taken up by Aviator.

Unprecedented Height of 1,600 Feet Was Reached - Crown Prince Had Been Constantly Urging Wright to Take Him Up Since He First Saw the American Flyer-Aviator Says He Never Took Up a Passenger Who Showed Better Nerve.

Orville Wright, the American aviator at Potsdam, broke his own and all other records for high flying He reached the unprecedented height of more than 1,600 feet, although an official measurement was not taken. He had a red letter day in a double sense, in his experience as an aviator taking up Crown Prince Frederick William as a passenger and more than doubling the altitude record which he made recently over the same field.

The crown prince had been con stantly urging Wright since he first saw the American fly to take him up as a passenger. Wright evaded this responsibility while making flights at the Tempelhof field, owing to the onfavorable winds, but since the beginning of the flights at Bornstedt field, near Potsdam, the prince had been telephoning the aviator every morning, asking him if he was ready to gratify his request. Wright finally consented Saturday.

With regard to his passenger, the crown prince, Mr. Wright said: "The prince did not say much more than fine,' during the flight, but I was able to read his impressions from his face. I never took up a passenger who looked so pleased. He just smiled when we started and he kept smiling all along. I felt a great responsibility in having the future German emperor as a passenger. Not that I pristrusted the machine, but any little irregularity might cause the people anxiety. I stayed low at first but the prince kept urging me to go higher."

TRAGEDIES OF FAR NORTH

Crew of Crushed Whaler Picked Up; Story of Cannibalism. Tragedy in the icy waters of the

Far North formed the burden of the news brought to the port of St. Johns, N. F., by the Hudson Bay company's steamer Adventure, which arrived with the crew of the lost Dundee whaler Paradox, and the story of an Eskimo who, driven to cannibalism by starvation, are his child, and shooting several neighbors who attempted summary punishment, fled into the trackless wilderness of ice.

dee whalers, met the fate of her companion ship Snowdrop, when she was crunched in the ice floes off Baffin Land, early in August a year ago The crew with scanty provisions made their perilous way over the broken ice towards the mainland and were picked up by the Hudson Bay company's steamer Pelican, which took them to Fort Churchill, where they remained until the arrival of the Adventure on

her regular fall trip. The Hudson Bay mounted police re port through dispatches brought by the Adventure the cannibalism of the starving Eskimo. The man's fishing young man's mind that he has lost his and hunting season had been a failure reason and attending physicians say and driven mad by hunger he cut the it is possible he may never again be throat of one of his children and then ate the little victim.

When the man's neighbors learned of the horrible crime they attacked him according to the primitive law of their race. The outcast fled to his igloo and beat off all assaults, shooting down several of the attacking party and escaping into the wilderness Whether he finally succeeded in reach ing some remote settlement where the news of his crime had not reached or whether he succumbed to starvation is

NEW YORK CITY ELECTION

Democrats Have Nominated Judge William J. Gaynor For Mayor The Democratic convention for the

elty of New York nominated the following ticket: For mayor, Justice William J. Gay-

nor of Brooklyn; for comptroller, Rob ert M. Moore of Manhattan; for president of the board of aldermen, John F. Galvin of Manhattan. In the mayoralty fight, Justice Gay-

nor's chief opponent will be Otto T. Bannard, president of the New York Trust company, who was nominated by the Republicans a few days ago, and who has some assurances of support from the fusionists. There yet remains the possibility that the Independence League will make the contest a triangular one by naming a sep

Crossed Wire Killed Driver.

At Rochester, N. Y., a low-hanging telephone wire that Josiah G. Pearce. 38 years old driver of a grocery wag on, tried to swing out of his path, came into contact with a high voltage wire and Pearce was instantly killed. Two of the man's children, both under 5 years, were in the wagon when their father was killed.

Took Carbolic Acid by Mistake. Although a physician and familiar with the use of drugs, Pr. Ludwig Kohan of New York, 45 years old, took carboile acid by mist ke, thinking that it was medicine, and died within a few minutes. He sad been suffering with indigestion

HUDSON-FULTON PARADE

So Many Foreign Military Men Never

Before Seen on American Streets. Twenty-five thousand men of arm marched in New York city past the massed representatives and special envoys of 37 nations, while two mil lion citizen spectators shouted them selves hourse in cheers. The great military parade was the climax of the Hudson-Fulton celebration.

Although there were tremendous ovations for each hody of American troops and unstinted applause in overwhelming volume for the British sail ors, the most conspicuous reception of the day went to the sailors of the Ger man fleet, a picked body of magnifi cent men, who as they reached the reviewing stand fell into the formal slap-slap of the parade goose-step and burst into "My Country, 'Tis of Thee,' with an overwhelming volume o brasses and a fervor which took away the breath of the listeners. The spectators sat silent for a moment and then, rising bareheaded, cheered and cheered and cheered again, and waved hats and handkerchiefs.

So many men representing so many branches of the war departments of the world have not been seen on Amer ican streets before; so many wearing American colors have not been seen since the days of the Civil war. The total count of those in line outnum bered the enlisted roll of the Ameri can regular army before the Spanish American war. Four thousand four hundred police kept the crowd in line

The parade followed strictly the or der of official precedence. First came Admiral Sir Edward Seymour's men the bluejackets and marines of the British fleet; then the Germans, and following the men of the Netherlands and the Italian midshipmen in company front with their sailors bringing up the rear. Then came the repre sentatives of the United States with the West Point cadets leading.

Then followed the coast artillery the United States marine band of the Atlantic fleet in scarlet and gold, the marine corps, the sailors of the various shins, the naval militia, the National Guard and lastly the drab-garbed regplars. The cadets of the Argentine training ship, trim and youthful, found a place between the American sallors and the naval militia.

RECEIVER FOR OIL REFINERY

President and Manager Is Mrs. Kaess-

mann of Rochester. The Sunflower Refining company, operating a plant at Niotaso, Kan., was forced into bankruptcy by creditors who claim the company has admitted insolvency in having the state court appoint a receiver, Mrs. Hermana Kaessmann of Rochester, N. Y., is president and manager of the concern, which is known among oil men as The woman's company

The assets are placed at \$560,000; liabilities, \$200,000. The company was organized in 1908 by Mrs. Kaessmann, who formerly was a school teacher.

Receivership action was taken in the state court at Sedin, Kan., on Tuesday last but this was looked upon as a friendly move. In the bankruptcy proceedings it is alleged that the company transferred its property to certain preferred creditors.

J. AMBROSE BUTLER DEAD

Was For Many Years Business Man ager of the Buffalo Evening News.

J. Ambrose Butler, brother of E. H. Butler, proprietor and editor of the Buffalo Evening News, died at his rooms in the Waldorf Astoria in New York late Saturday, He was stricken with heart disease on Thursday night while entertaining a party of friends. With him at his death were his brother, E. H. Butler, his nephew, E. H. Butler, Jr., and Mrs. E. H. Butler, Jr., of Buffalo.

Mr. Butler was formerly business nanager of the Buffalo Evening News, but retired from active business five years ago. He was 54 years old. The body was taken to LeRoy, N. Y., where he had his country home.

SHORTSBADLY SQUEEZED

September Wheat Bid Up 14 Cents and Oats 51/2 Cents Per Bushel.

Shorts in September wheat and oats were severely "squeezed" during the session of the Board of Trade at Chicago Thursday when the price of the current menth's delivery of wheat was bid up 14 cents per bushel and that of oats 51/2 cents compared with final figures of the previous day.

The top for September wheat was reached at 120 while the high mark for oats was 50 cents. Corn failed to be affected by the bulges in wheat and oats, the September delivery of corn breaking 3% cents on realizing sales. Provisions also were weak.

DIED FROM RABIES

Scratch From Paw of a Rabid Dog Causes Child's Death. A scratch from the paw of

ribad dog was responsible for the death at Waverly, N. Y., of George Murray, the 4-year-old child of a local merchant. The boy was playing near his home recently with two older boys when they were suddenly attacked by a strange dog. The other two were bitten and were sent to the Pasteur institute for treatment as soon as it became known that the dog was mad. The Murray child's injury was so superficial, however, that no alarm was felt. Wednesday he developed unmistakable symptoms of rables and died vesterday in great agony.

MISHAP TO MOTOR

RATES OF ADVERTISING: One Square, one inch, one week ... \$ 1 00

One Square, one inch, one month.. 3 00 One Square, one inch, 3 months..... 5 00

One Square, one inch, one year 10 00

Quarter Column, one year 30 00

Legal advertisements ten cents per line

We do fine Job Printing of every description at reasonable rates, but it's cash

..... 15 00

... 50 00

... 100 00

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Prevented Wright's Flight Over New York's High Buildings.

Congratulated by Major General Leon ard Wood and Other Army Officers Who Witnessed His Flight Up the Hudson From Governor's Island Wright Goes to Washington Today. Curtiss' Machine Taken Apart and Shipped to St. Louis.

New York, Oct. 5,-Wilbur Wright made a successful flight yesterday from Governor's Island across the bay and up the Hudson to Grant's tomb. The morning flight was made under conditions only moderately fa-

vorable. He had intended to improve upon his achievement of the morning by making a longer and more hazardous flight at sunset, but the crippling of his motor just as he was about to start on the evening attempt dashed his hopes as well as those of thousands who had assembled on Governor's Island and

along the waterfront to cheer him on. When the air vessel reached the British cruiser Argyll, anchored an eighth of a mile above Grant's tomb, Wright brought his direction rudders into play and, describing an easy and graceful curve, started on his return journey down the river. The wind conditions which had bothered him on the journey up were now more favorable and it was here that the speed possibilities of the machine were demonstrated. While the ten miles up stream occupied nearly twenty minutes, the return flight was made in little more than 13 minutes, or at a rate of approximately 42 miles an hour.

Alighted With Ease of a Bird. Nearing the harbor entrance again he was confronted with the same conditions which had caused him to vary his altitude on the way up. Again he lowered himself and when he reached the open water of the bay he was fly ing barely 60 feet above the surface. Thence onward he gradually lessened his height. Past Governor's Island the machine sped, an eighth of a mile over the bay; then veering sharply around. Wright headed swiftly for the landing place, on which he settled with the ease of a bird, amid the enthusias-

tic plaudits of soldlers and civilians. Among the first to extend his congratulations was Major General Leonard Wood, U. S. A., commanding the department of the East, who had been an interested spectator. Other army officers warmly shook the aviator by the hand, exclaiming: "It is a splendid performance: I congratulate vou.

The flight was a surprise to all Throughout the Hudson-Fulton cele bration crowds had waited in vain for the flight up the Hudson, expecting spectacular performances from both Wright and Glenn Curtiss. But with the exception of Wright's flights on Wednesday last when he encircled the statue of Liberty, the elements prevented any substantial flight. Wright's last performance was hailed as spectacular, and as if by magic, the news spread along the river front from the Battery to Harlem. The tops of office buildings, apartments, dwellings and other structures were soon crowded with humanity, who witnessed his upstream journey.

There was keen disappointment when the mishap to the motor prevented a second flight, for the aviator had announced immediately after the conclusion of his morning flight that he would make a longer and more spectacular one in the afternoon, when he proposed to fly not only over water but over the less monumental buildings hedging the water front of lower New York, thence westward until he reached the New Jersey shore, and back to Governor's Island.

Repairs Will Require Days.

Wright was preparing for the second flight when the accident which marred a day of achievement occurred. Due to excessive explosive pressure a cylinder head blew loose, and shot through the canvas of the upper plane, ripping a large hole. As soon as the damage was ascertained Wright ordered the machine wheeled back to its shed. Such repairs as were needed to put this flyer into commission again, he said, would occupy several days and he could not stop in New York that length of time.

He was asked if the accident could have happened while the machine was up in the air.

"Yes, it could have," he said, "any thing can happen in the air."

He was confident, however, even in such a perilous contingency he could have brought his biplane to earth on even keel and without harm to himself The Curtiss machine, which it has been hoped would also fly, was take apart in the morning and shipped to St. Louis. Curtiss was summoned to Hammondsport, N. Y., early in the

day on important business, but he will

leave for St. Louis today to give ex-

hibition flights there in connection

with the centennial celebration Will of Tony Pastor Probated.

New York, Oct. 5 .- The will of An tonio, better knewn as Tony Pastor, the theatrical manager, which was filed with the surrogate today, shows that he left real and personal property worth in all \$68,599. Abraham H Hummel, formerly a well known lawyer, who was disbarred in connection with the Morse Dodge divorce case, is left jewelry valued at \$1,500. The remainder of the estate goes to relatives.