VOL. XLII. NO. 29.

TIONESTA, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1909.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM.

each insertion. We do fine Job Printing of every description at reasonable rates, but it's cash

Two Squares, one year ....

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BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgess.-J. D. W. Reck. Justices of the Peace-C. A. Randali, D. W. Clark. Councilmen .- J. W. Landers, J. T. Dale G. B. Robinson, Wm. Smearbaugh, J. W. Jamieson, W. J. Campbell, A. B.

Kelly. Constable-Charles Clark. Constable - Charles Collector - W. H. Hond. School Directors—J. C. Scowden, R. M. Herman, Q. Jamieson, J. J. Landers, J. R. Clark, W. G. Wyman.

FOREST COUNTY OFFICERS.

Member of Congress—N. P. Wheeler.
Member of Senate—J. K. P. Hall.
Assembly—A. R. Mechling.
President Judge—Wm. E. Rice.
Associate Judges—F. X. Kreitler, P. Prothonotary, Register & Recorder, &c. -J. C. Geist. Sheriff—S. R. Maxwell.
Treasurer—Geo. W. Holeman.
Commissioners—Wm. H. Harrison, J.

M. Zuendel, H. H. McClellan. District Attorney -A. C. Brown. Waguer.

- Dr. C Y. Detar.

\*Auditors—George H. Warden, egg and J. P. Kelly.

\*Surveyor—D. W. Clark.

\*Superintendent—D. W. Morri-

Fourth onday of February.
Third anday of May.
Fourth Monday of September.
Third Monday of November.
Regular Meetings of County Commissioners 1st and 3d Tuesdays of month.

Church and Sabbath School.

Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m.; M. E. Sabbath School at 10:00 a. m. Preaching in M. E. Church every Sab-bath evening by Rev. W. O. Calhoun. Preaching in the F. M. Church every Sabbath evening at the usual hour. Rev. E. L. Monroe, Pastor.
Preaching in the Presbyterian church

every Sabbath at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. H. A. Bailey, Pastor.

The regular meetings of the W. C. T. U. are held at the headquarters on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each

#### BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TI NESTA LODGE, No. 369, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building. CAPT. GEORGE STOW POST, No. 274 G. A. R. Meets 1st Monday evening in each month.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW CORPS, No. 137, W. R. C., meets first and third Wednesday evening of each month.

RITCHEY & CARRINGER.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Tionesta, Ps.

CURTIS M. SHAWKEY,
Warren, Pa. Practice in Forest Co.

A C BROWN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office in Arner Building, Cor. Elm and Bridge Sts., Tionesta, Pa.

FRANK S. HUNTER, D. D. S. Rooms over Citizens Nat. Bank. TIONESTA, PA.

DR.J. C. DUNN, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. and DRUGGIST. Office in Dunn & Fulton drug store, Tionesta, Pa. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours of day or night. Residence—Elm

DR. F. J. BOVARD, Physician & Surgeon, TIONESTA, PA

DR. J. B. SIGGINS.

Physician and Surgeon OIL CITY, PA.

HOTEL WEAVER, Proprietor.

This hotel, formerly the Lawrence House, has undergone a complete change and is now furnished with all the mod ern improvements. Heated and lighted throughout with natural gas, bathrooms. hot and cold water, etc. The comforts of guests never neglected.

CENTRAL HOUSE,
OEROW & GEROW Proprietor.
Tionseta, Pa. This is the most centrally located hotel in the place, and has all the modern improvements. No pains will be spared to make it a pleasant stopping place for the traveller multiple. First for the traveling public. First class Livery in connection.

DHILL EMERT

FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER. Shop over R. L. Haslet's grocery store on Elm street. Is prepared to do all kinds of custom work from the finest to the coarsest and guarantees his work to give perfect satisfaction. Prompt atten-tion given to mending, and prices rea-

#### Fred. Grettenberger GENERAL

### BLACKSMITH & MACHINIST.

All work pertaining to Machinery, Engines, Oil Well Tools, Gas or Water Fittings and General Blacksmithing promptly done at Low Rates. Repairing Mill Machinery given special attention, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Shop in rear of and just west of the Shaw House, Tidioute, Pa.

Your patronage solicited. FRED. GRETTENBERGER

JAMES HASLET, GENERAL MERCHANTS, Furniture Dealers,

UNDERTAKERS.

TIONESTA, PENN





OFTICIAN. Office 1 & 7% National Bank Building, OIL CITY, PA. \* Eyes examined free. Exclusively optical.

CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO E CITIZENS OF THIS COMMON-WEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL AS-SEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA. AND PUB-LISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRE-TARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF

THE CONSTITUTION.

Proposing amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and twelve of article flue, sec-tions two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article tweive, and sections two and seven of article four-teen, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect, Section I. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Gen-eral Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Con-stitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof;-Amendment One-To Article Four, Sec-tion Eight.

Section 2. Amend rection eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may hap-pen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, n a judicial office, or in any other elec-ive office which he is or may he au-horized to fill; if the vacancy shall hapon during the session of the Senate, he Governor shall nominate to the Sen-ite, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elec-tive office, a person shall be chosen to said office at the next general election, unless the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately prethree calendar months in which case the election for said office shall be held at the second succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in nfirming or rejecting the nominations the Governor, the vote shall be taken year and nays, and shall be entered on

by yeas and mays, and shall be entered on the journal," so as to read as follows:— He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for ur years, and such other officers of the ommonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices o which he may appoint, during the re-cess of the Senate, by granting commis-tions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen dur-ing the session of the Senate, the Govshall nominate to the Senate. erron to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective of-lice, a person shall be chosen to said of-tee on the next election day appropriate to such office, according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken

Amendment Two-To Article Four, Sec tion Twenty-one. Section 3. Amend section twenty-one of The term of the Secretary of Interna Affairs shall be four years; of the Audi tor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecu-

by yeas and nays, and shall be entered

The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years: and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his suc-cessors shall be elected at the general thousand nine hundred and nine election in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treas-urer shall be capable of holding the ame office for two consecutive terms Amendment Three-To Article Five, Sec-

tive terms," so as to read:-

Section 4. Amend section eleven of article five, which reads as follows:"Except as otherwise provided in this
Constitution, justices of the peace or alermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and township at the time of the election of constables by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such townhip, ward or borough; no person shall se elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district," so as to read:

Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, horoughs or townships by the qualified electors thereof, at th unicipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen out the consent of a majority of th qualified electors within such township ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not mor han one alderman shall be elected in

meh ward or district. Amendment Four-To Article Five, Section Twelve.
Section 5. Amend section twelve of arti-

five of the Constituton, which reads lished, for each thirty thousand inhabit-ants, one court, not of record, of police

and civil causes, with jurisdiction no exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be five years and they shall be elected on general tickel by the qualified voters at large; and it the election of the said magistrates as voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than two chosen. when more than one are to be chosen they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring politica duties, as may be made by law. In Phila delphia the effice of alderman is abol ished," so as to read as follows:—
In Philadelphia there shall be estab-

lished, for each thirty thousand inhabit-ants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be com pensated only by fixed salaries, to paid by said county; and shall exercisuch jurisdiction, civit and criminal, ex cept as herein provided, as is now ex ercised by aldermen, subject to suc changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Phila-delphia the office of alderman is abol-

Amendment Five-To Article Eight, Sec

tion Two.
Section 6. Amend section two of article eight, which reads as follows:

"The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to

The general election shall be held bi-ennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even numbered year, but the General As-sembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided. That such election shall always be held in an even-numbered year.

Amendment Six-To Article Eight, Sec

tion Three. Section 7. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows:-"All elections for city, ward, borough "All elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February," so as to read:—All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances. judicial districts, and for county, city ward, borough, and township officers for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely. day next following the first Mon day of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of a the members of each House consentin

shall always be held in an odd-numbere Amendment Seven-To Article Eight, Sec-

thereto: Provided. That such election

tion Fourteen. Section 5. Amend section fourteen of article eight, which reads as follows:"District election boards shall consist o a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspect-or shall appoint one clerk. The first elecfilled, as shall be provided by law. Elec-tion officers shall be privileged from ar-rest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting re turns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty durins their terms of service," so as to read:

District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General As-sembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by law provide. Laws regulating the ap-pointment of said boards may be enacted to apply to cities only: Provided, such laws be uniform for cities of th same class. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inector, and each inspector shall appoi one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged it making up and transmitting returns, ex cept upon warrant of a court of record judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemp-

Amendment Eight-To Article Twelve. Section One.
Section 9. Amend section one, article welve, which reads as follows:-"All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed

vided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law: Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except when, in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms.

Amendment Nine-To Article Fourteen

Section Two Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:-"County officers shall be elected at th general elections and shall hold thei offices for the term of three years, be ginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until the successors shall be duly qualified; a racancies not otherwise provided for shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:— County officers shall be elected at the unleipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, be-ginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for,

shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten-To Article Fourteen Section Seven.

Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:-"Three county commissioners and thre county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of rotes shall be elected; any casual vacancy court of common pleas of the county which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is pany, to be filled," so as to read:—

Three county commissioners and three

in the year one thousand nine hundre and eleven and every fourth year there after; and in the election of said officer each qualified elector shall vote for a more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacano in the office of county commissioner of county auditor shall be filled by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appoint ment of an elector of the proper count; who shall have voted for the commis sioner or auditor whose place is to b

Schedule for the Amendments. Section 12. That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitu-tion of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete opera-tion, it is hereby declared that— In the case of officers elected by the ople, all terms of office fixed by act of people, all terms of omce axed by act of Assembly at an odd number of years shall each be lengthened one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be

for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the general election of one thousand nine hundred and eight: nor any city, ward borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousan nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February as heretofore; but all officers chosen a that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all election officers and assessors-chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Mon-day of December in the year one thou-sand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is made four years by the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. After the year nineteen hundred and ten, and until the Legislature shall otherwise provide all terms of city, ward, borough, town-ship, and election division officers shall

begin on the first Monday of December in an odd-numbered year. All city, ward, borough, and township officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year.

All judges of the courts for the sev eral judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shal continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

ROBERT MCAFEE.

# FATALLY INJURED

### Piece of Steel Crashing Through Window Hit Woman.

New York, Sept. 21. - Mrs. John Lloyd of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., was perhaps fatally injured in Jersey City last night as she sat in a Pennsylvania railroad coach. A piece of steel, apparently detached from a passing locomotive, crashed through the window, lacerating her face and fracturing her skull. She was carried from the train unconscious and taken to a hospital. Mrs. Lloyd, who was 37 years old, was on her way to New York to at-

#### tend the Hudson-Fulton celebration. PRESSED STEEL CAR CO.

Governors Stuart and Hughes Urged to Take Action Against Employ ment Agencies.

Pittsburg, Sept. 21.-Again urging them to take some action against the employment agencies that furnished men to the Pressed Steel Car company at Schoenville.during the recent strike tion from jury duty during their terms of there, United States District Attorney John H. Jordan last night sent to Gov ernors Edwin S. Stuart of Pennsylvania and Charles E. Hughes of New York a copy of the testimony taken during the federal investigation into conditions at the plant during the strike, and also sent them a letter recommending that charges against employment agencies of New York and Philadelphia be pressed at once. The governors are told that the federal government hopes that the matter will not be overlooked.

It is alleged the imported workmen were brought here without being told exactly where they were going or without being given copies of contracts they were to sign.

### \$61,687.800 SUIT

Western Railroad Seeks to Recover That Amount From United States. Washington, Sept. 21. - A suit

against the United States for \$61,687, 800 probably will be tried by the United States court of claims during This suit, which is one of the largest

ever brought againest the government, was instituted some time ago by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad at Ottawa, Ont., indicated that the company, one of the land grant rail-United States court of claims, in which it was alleged that by acts of congress the United States had agreed to convey to it the fee simple title to frame work of the Nassar airship the extent of ten sections per mile on | wire. each side of its line through the Insubsequently many of these lands had

It is understood that Attorney Gercounty auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, fense of the government.

## LOST CREW ARE ALIVE

News Brought by Dog Sled Over Ice of Hudson Stralt.

Whaler Snow Drop Was Wrecked In Frobisher Strait Last December According to Letter In Bottle Picked Up Off the Coast of Scotland-Crew of Eight Passed the Winter Among the Eskimos of Baffinland.

The pluck and hardihood of a Scotch arpooner, David Ritchie, who crossed the stormy waters of Hudson strait alone in an open boat to the Moravian settlements on Northern Labrador. was the means of bringing, as from the region of the dead, word of the safety of the eight members of the crew of the Scotch whaling ship Snow Drop, which was lost in Frobisher strait, Sept. 18, 1908.

The Snew Drop was given up for lost with all on board last December when a bottle was picked up off the coast of Scotland saying the ship was sinking.

With eight men the Snow Drop had left Dundee, Scotland, early in June, 1908, for a season's trading among the Eskimos of Baffinland. She made a good trip and secured a cargo of bearskins, walrus hides and one whale, and was returning when she was wrecked in Frosbisher strait.

The crew managed to reach the coast of Baffinland in an open boat, short of provisions. The Arctic winter was approaching, cutting off the last small chance of a stray whaler coming along to pick them up.

Desperate efforts were made to cross the Hudson strait to the northern coast of Labrador in an open boat, but each time gales or big ice fields drove them back to the barren shores of Battinland. The men were put on an allowance of one ship's biscuit a day and were suffering bitterly when they reached an Eskimo settlement, where they spent the winter.

With the coming of the brief summer of those northern latitudes, Ritchie decided to make an attempt to reach civilization to bring succor for his comrades. With an Eskimo guide he traveled on foot and by dog sled 500 miles until he reached a spot on Hudson strait favorable for crossing. There he found a boat and fought his way through drift ice and storm single-IN RAILROAD CAR handed to the Labrador coast, he found a Moravian settlement. handed to the Labrador coast, where

### RACETRACK MEN ARRESTED

Sixteen of Them Pleaded and Were Held In \$1,000 Bail Each.

Sixteen racetrack followers, many of whom are well known members of the Metropolitan Turf association, were arrested at Gravesend Bay while the races were in progress and arraigned before the Kings county court charged with aiding and abetting in the employment of book-

The arrests were made by detectives from the office of the Kings county district attorney on bench warrants granted by County Judge Fawcett. The men were taken into custody quietly and it was some time before the news spread through the enclosure. Then there was a commo-

The men were taken before Judge Fawcett of Brocklyn, where they pleaded not guilty. They were released under \$1,000 bail each for trial

### **DEMOCRACY AND THE TARIFF**

Senator Bailey Makes Reply to

Bryan's Speech at Dallas. Before a large audience at Dallas, Tex., United States Senator J. W. Bailey replied to an address delivered in Dallas last Tuesday by William J. Bryan on "Democracy and the Tariff." Mr. Bryan declared for free raw material and for reduced rates on manufactured goods and arraigned the Texas Democratic platform of 1906 which denounced this doetrine.

In his speech Senator Bailey de clared for a low tariff on both raw material and manufactured articles and defended the declaration in the Texas Democratic platform of 1896 which arraigned the Wilson tariff bill for admitting raw materials free of duty. while manufactured articles were protected by heavy duties. He declared that the Texas platform was in harmony with the tariff plank of the national Democratic platform of 1896, when Mr. Bryan was a candidate.

### FALSE TEETH IN THROAT

Was One of Several Rendered Uncon-

scious by Live Wire. Evidence at a coroner's inquest into the death of Edward Kaitting direct cause of death was the lodging roads, by the filing of a petition in the of his false teeth in his throat. Kaitting was supposed to have been killed by receiving a two thousand volt current of electricity by grasping the every alternate section of land to while it was in contact with a live

Several other persons who were ren dian territory and Kansas and that dered unconscious in the same manner recovered and the dectors say there been deeded to the Indians in several- was no reason why Kaitting should ty and had otherwise been disposed of not have recovered if the shock had to the great loss of the railroad cour- not lodged his false teeth in his throat.

> The Duca Degli Abruzzi arrived at Marseilles and gave an account of his recent trip to the Himalayas.

### FIENDISH CRIME OF DYNAMITERS

### Home of Manager of Tinplate Mills Destroyed by Explosion.

Youngstown, O., Sept. 21. - Dynamite placed in a cellar window of the residence of Charles 1. Gibson, manager of the Struthers plant of the American Sheet and Tinplate company at 3 o'clock Sunday morning partially wrecked the house. The windows were broken along with those in the adjoining house of Leon Kyle, and several others nearby. But for the evident ignorance of the dynamiters the house would have been completely ruined and the four inmates injured or killed

Since the strike Mr. Gibson had received no open threats of violence. although he was constantly on guard. Saturday night the family, including Mr and Mrs. Gibson, their 10-year-old son, Arthur, and Mrs. Matilda Fisher, an aunt of Mrs. Gibson, retired early. The son slept directly over the place where the explosion occurred, and he was hurled from bed amid shattered gings. Mr. and Mrs. Gibson were thrown out of bed by the force of the explosion. None was seriously hurt.

A search was immediately made and help was summoned from Youngstown. Sheriff George B. Turner and three policemen hurried to Struthers. in an automobile. The village was searched, but no suspicious characters were found. It was reported today that a clue had ben found and that arrests will be made soon.

### FINDS DEATH IN DIZZY LEAP

Sunday Park Crowd Sees Italian Jump From Bridge.

Pittsburg, Sept. 21. - Choosing a time when the Junction Hollow Bridge in Schenley park was crowded with pedestrians Luigi Bracaleone, an Italian, aged 40, of 7319 Tioga street, leaped over the railing to the ground, 150 feet below. He was picked up unconscious and removed to the Oakland police station. There it was found that his injuries were most serious. A hurried trip was made to the Mercy hospital, but he expired just as he was being lifted from the patrol wagon.

Bracaleone was seen along the west walk by many people who were going to the conservatories and the openair services in the park. He was walking with his head bowed and several times was seen to wipe his eyes. with his handkerchief and heard to utter short sobs.

Little attention was paid to him unbridge, when he made a sign of the cross on his breast, uttered a cry, and before anyone could step him made a running leap over the rail. A purse containing over \$100 was found in his pocket. This is the second sulcide in Schenley park within three weeks.

### DESTROY STRAW HATS

Large Crowd of Boys Has Fun With Headgear.

Pittsburg, Sept. 21.—The passing of the straw hat for this year was celebrated by fully 2,000 people at the corner of Brady and Forbes streets last night, when a crowd of boys stopped every man wearing a straw hat and proceeded to make away with the summer headgear in quick style. They were not content with displaying this evidence of approaching fall at the expense of pedestrians, but stopped street cars and destroyed the straws

of passengers. The war on the hats lasted fully an hour and so large did the crowds become that for a time the cars could barely pass the corner. The boys clambered through windows and tossed the hats into the air, stamping on them and using them as balls. Later the scene of the slaughter was transferred to the south end of the Brady street bridge and police were sent to quell the disturbance.

### KILLED A POLICEMAN

15thn Dillon Sentenced at Montreal to Be Hanged Nov. 19.

Montreal Sept. 21. - John Dillon, who shot and killed George Shea, a policeman, on April 6, 1909, and who subsequently beld possession of the house in which the murder was committed for several hours while a hundred policemen endeavored to capture him, was found guilty of murder and sentenced to be hanged Nov. 19.

Besides killing Shea, Dillon severe ly wounded Chief Detective Carpenter and Constable Foucault. A plea of insanity was entered but the jury held that Dillon was sane.

### Masked Robber Caught.

Pittsburg, Sept. 21,-Walking boldly nto the store of J. C. Smith while the proprietor was counting the day's receipts a masked man covered Smith and four employes with a revolver and demanded the money. He secured \$100 and, threatening to shoot any one who sounded the alarm escaped. Smith notified the authorities and after an exciting chase, in which about 200 persons, many of them armed, took part, the robber was cap-

### DR. COOK'S WELCOME

#### Transferred by Tug From Oscar II to Steamer Grand Republic.

More Than 1,000 Enthusiastic Friends Went Down the Bay to Meet Him. Landed at South Fifth Street and Made His Entry Into the City by Automobile-Officially Greeted by Bird S. Coler, President of the Borough-Arctic Club Represented.

New York, Sept. 21 .- The Oscar II. made her way slowly to Quarantine. There Mrs. Cook, accompanied by the two children, Dr. Cook's brother William, Dr. Roswell O. Stebbins and J. Knowles Hare of the executive committee of the Arctic club of America, were waiting on a tug on which Dr. Cook was transferred to the steamboat Grand Republic, which carried more than a thousand friends and enthus-

iasts down the bay to meet him. The Grand Republic took him to the foot of South Fifth street, Brooklyn. whence he made his entry into the city by automobile. Bird S. Coler, president of the borough of Brooklyn, officially welcomed him there. The greatest reception, however, will be held at the Bushwick club in Dr. Cook's home section of Brooklyn. Soon after that Dr. Cook will join his family

at the Waldorf-Astoria Alexander Begg of Washington, representing the National Geograpical society, represented the society on board the Grand Republic. He will also attend the banquet of the Arctic club of America at the Waldorf on Thursday night.

The Arctic club of America, of which Dr. Cook is a member, has made no announcement of any official action looking to the settlement scientifically of Dr. Cook's claim. As Dr. Stebbins, chairman of the club's executive committee expressed it: "Dr. Cook is a member of the club and we assume that his statements are correct. It is not our purpose to greet him with one band, then draw him aside to probe his discovery. The entire controversy will adjust itself in time. We are receiving Dr. Cook as a member of the club who has announced to the world that he has discovered the North Pole. We believe that he has,"

### COOK'S STORES AT ANNATOK

Peary Denies Emphatically That He Told the Eskimos the Dector

Was Dead. Sydney, N. S., Sept. 21.-Commandthe assertion credited to Dr. Cook that he told the Eskimos at Annatok that Dr. Cook was dead, and that he consetil he reached the north end of the quently would take possession of the

supplies left there by Cook. As near as can be ascertained from members of the Roosevelt's crew, the house built by Dr. Cook at Annatok and left in charge of Rudolph Francke was found unoccupied when the Roosevelt arrived. Francke was away trying to get passage home, his authority for his departure being a letter he exhibited purporting to be from Dr. Cook at Cape Thomas Hubbard.

Dr. Cook's house had been empty for several weeks and the supplies therein were being pilfered. Francke sought permission to go to the United States on the Peary auxillary ship Erik. This was granted him, and he turned over an inventory of the supplies in Dr. Cook's house. Beatswain Murphy was then placed in charge of the house and its contents. He says he found that many pack-

ages had been broken open and their contents partially or totally removed. The stores were checked and the house, which is built of boxes, was taken down and re-creeted a short distance away on higher ground, the first location having proved wet and uncomfertable. When Dr. Cook returned to Annatok he complained about the occupation of

the house and its removal to a new position. Murphy says he explained the situation fully to Dr. Cook, who appeared satisfied, and it was agreed that the house be occupied jointly. The boatswain says he offered to vacate immediately, but as everything had been satisfactorily explained, this was not thought necessary.

### **GREELY'S STORES FOUND**

Were Left by Him In 1883 When Re

tuining From Discovery Bay. North Conway, N. H., Sept. 21 .-Eeneral A. W. Greeley, U. S. A., retired, talked briefly regarding the discovery by Commander Robert F. Peary's party of some of the stores of the Greely expedition in 1883. He

"Those stores were left by me in 1883 when retreating southwards. In 1898, when Peary went north during the winter from his ship then wintering at Cape Durville, he was badly frozen and was obliged to seek shelter at my old quarters in Discovery bay He then lost eight toes and was saved from death by the stores then found by him in good condition. I think that It was nearly two months before he

was able to return to his ship. There was left at Conger all the books, clothing and other personal belongings of twenty-five men. Almost anything might be found as we took with us only our scientific records. diaries and the clothing which we wore, with ten pounds of selected personal property for each man."