

The Smart and Silberberg Co

# Change of Management Sale

of  
Draperies, Carpets and Rugs.

We are pleased to announce to the general public that Mr. Zachary Tate, formerly of Oil City, but who has for the last three years filled a responsible position with the McCreery Company of Pittsburg, has again joined our forces, and will assume full charge of our Rug and Drapery Department.

It is perfectly natural that all department buyers and managers desire to have as much of their stock as is possible composed of goods of their own selection. Mr. Tate is no different from the rest in this respect. He insists on a general cleaning out of the entire department, and we have agreed to allow him to use the pruning knife as much as he deems necessary.

Prices are to have no deterring effect. Every line of Rugs or Curtains; every pair of Drapery or yard of Carpet which he feels is not what he wants to continue in the department will be marked down to a price which will mean its ready sale. Take advantage of these savings while you can. You may not have in mind a purchase of any of these lines at present, but at the prices we offer them it will pay you to anticipate your wants.

The Smart & Silberberg Co.  
OIL CITY, PA.

Oil City Trust Company,  
Oil City, Pa.

President, JOSEPH SEEP. Vice President, GEORGE LEWIS. Treasurer, H. R. MERRITT.

## LOOK for STRENGTH

When selecting your banking house. We invite your attention to our Capital and Surplus of

**\$750,000.00**

and Total Resources of over

**\$2,938,000.00.**

4 Per Cent Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Banking by Mail Given Special Attention.

## FOREST COUNTY NATIONAL BANK,

TIONESTA, PENNSYLVANIA.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - - \$50,000.  
SURPLUS, - - - \$90,000.

Time Deposits Solicited. Will pay Four Per Cent. per Annum

A. WAYNE COOK, President. A. B. KELLY, Cashier. W. M. SMERBAUGH, Vice President.  
—DIRECTORS—  
A. Wayne Cook, G. W. Robinson, Wm. Smearbaugh,  
N. P. Wheeler, T. F. Ritchey, J. T. Dale, A. B. Kelly.

Collections remitted for on day of payment at low rates. We promise our customers all the benefits consistent with conservative banking. Interest paid on time deposits. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

## PENNSYLVANIA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

Our 36th year opens September 14th, 1909.

Send for our new catalogue—beautifully illustrated—full in detail. Proper training for life in its broadest sense. Ideal location, 1300 feet above the sea. Perfect modern equipment. Scholarly, Christian influence. Dr. JAMES E. AMENT, Principal, Indiana, Pa.



**GAS ENGINE OILS**

**WAVERLY**  
GAS ENGINE OIL. A superior oil for Gas Engine lubrication. Absolute freedom from Carbon, leaves no deposit. Light in color—flows easily. WAVERLY never smuts, clogs or gums, but keeps your motor in perfect running order. For your protection—ask any dealer.  
"Perfect Lubrication Without Carbon Deposit."  
Waverly Oil Works Co. Independent Oil Refiners, Pittsburg, Pa.

## PRAISE PENROSE

Pennsylvania Congressmen Enthusiastic Over the Senator's Successful Work in Conference Committee

### STATE'S INTERESTS GUARDED

Interesting Exposition by President Taft of His Tariff Views Shows That He is in Perfect Accord With the Republican Party Platform.

There is every reason to believe that the Tariff bill the conference committee will eventually report to the House and Senate will contain no drastic reductions in the schedules with which Pennsylvania industries are directly concerned. The committee in reaching an agreement upon nearly all of the new rates that affect the industrial interests of the Keystone State has, it is true, made changes here and there, but in the main it has accepted most of the amendments adopted by the Senate at the instance of Senators Penrose and Oliver. These amendments provide substantial increases in the iron and steel, chemical, cotton and other schedules of vital importance to the labor and capital of Pennsylvania.

That these increases are likely to remain in the bill is due to the fact that Senator Penrose as a member of the conference committee successfully defended them when they were attacked by conferees who insisted upon lower rates. Members of the Pennsylvania Congressional delegation are highly gratified over the outlook. They had feared that in the struggle of the House conferees for the adoption of the House rates some of the Pennsylvania industries might be sacrificed. They all join in enthusiastically praising Senator Penrose for the fight he has made in behalf of the interests of this Commonwealth.

It is likely that the conference committee would have reported back the Tariff bill by this time had it not been for five propositions which have acted as stumbling blocks to an agreement—iron ore, coal, hides, oil and lumber—and upon which the President has been represented as standing firm for radical reductions or even an abolition of the tariff. Regarding the placing of raw materials upon the free list, the President on July 18, following a conference with over a score of Congressmen, issued a statement of careful reading of which shows a door left open to the conferees to enable them to fix any reasonable schedules they please as long as the new rates represent lower duties than are carried in the Dingley bill. As far as raw materials are concerned, it is evident that the President will not insist upon a free list, but will accept a modification of the Senate rates, which is probably all that that body hoped to secure in the face of the directly opposite stand taken by the House on several of the more important items.

President Taft's exposition of his tariff views does not differ in any essential from the creed of the most straight-laced protectionists. He stands squarely on the tariff plank of last year—as strong a statement of protection as any that was ever written. It declares for protection wherever protection is needed and so does the President. Mr. Taft is not in favor of levying duties protective in their character where protection is not needed, in which position he also stands with his party. He does not contend that competition in the shelter of protection unfailingly reduces cost of production, rendering tariff rates in all cases unnecessarily high, but admits exceptions to that the same as to all other rules. He takes reasonable ground as a reasonable man. He does not hold that all rates ought to be reduced, but only such as have become excessive, and he states that some ought to be increased because changing conditions have rendered them non-protective.

To the Republican members of Congress who visited him to ask that he use his influence to have raw material such as hides, coal and petroleum kept on the dutiable list the President, after repeating the Republican tariff plank, said that he "had always understood that it meant a downward revision in many instances, though perhaps in some few instances an increase might be needed." As to whether either of the commodities which had been brought to his attention needed protection, was he said, "a question of fact which he hoped to make up his mind with respect to an such evidence as was available to him, in order to carry out what he understood to be the promises of the party to the whole people." Also, he said that the question in each case was a question of fact to be determined by evidence as to whether the present duty was needed for protection or whether the rate was excessive.

Unreasonable and unreasonable advocates of downward revision on everything may find comfort in President Taft's statement that "he was committed to a downward revision of the tariff." But he is not for "downward revision" with closed eyes. He makes it clear that revision should be with regard for full protection. He is no advocate of a mere tariff for revenue. He is as strongly determined upon preservation of American standards as the Republican tariff plank. Since he is guided by its expression, as he constantly points out, he could not be otherwise.

In this connection it is pertinent to quote from the Republican tariff plank to show upon what lines the elected delegates of the rank and file of Republicanism believed revision should be carried out, the same being a guide for Congressional action.

"In all tariff legislation the true principle of protection is best maintained by the imposition of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, together with a reasonable profit to American industries, the aim and purpose of the Re-

publican party being not only to preserve, without excessive duties, that security against foreign competition to which American manufacturers, farmers and producers are entitled, but also to maintain the high standard of living of the wage earners of this country who are the most direct beneficiaries of the protective system."

### The Pole Star.

Ursa Major and Ursa Minor are known also as the Greater and Lesser Wain. It is curious to note that the larger constellation was given the figure of the bear by the Arabs and by the Iroquois red men. The assumed forms are or dinarily fanciful, and the identity of the names in this instance affords food for speculation. Homer uses both bear and wain (wagon) in his references to these stars. It is evident that the name bear was a translation from some original Aryan language, as the constellation is called in Sanskrit riksha, a word that in different genders means both a bear and a star. Of course the polar star in the tail of Ursa Minor is the constellation's point of glory. In this case we may say fairly that the tail was the dog, because the group of stars was once called the dog's tail, or cynosure. From that we have our word cynosure, that toward which all eyes turn, as to the dog's tail for sight of the pole star.—Minneapolis Tribune.

### How Nora Coaxed the Tips.

A group of women were standing in the corridor of a summer hotel when an aged scrubwoman started upstairs with a pail of water. Just then a bright faced, buxom Irish chambermaid came up.

"This looks purty heavy for the likes of ye," she said cheerily to the old woman. "Better let me help."

She took up the pail and whisked off upstairs with it.

"How thoughtful of Nora!" "Isn't she kind?" and similar expressions rose to the lips of the women. The proprietor of the hotel and another man also witnessed the incident.

"Clever girl, that Nora," said the hotel man to his companion. "She's always doing something like that when there are people looking on. She gets more tips than any two other girls in the house. She could afford to pay me for the privilege of working here. Every summer she makes enough to spend the winter in illness at her old home in Ireland."—New York Tribune.

### Oddities of Color Blindness.

Color blindness, or the inability to distinguish certain colors, is by no means rare. Incomplete color blindness is when a person cannot distinguish one of the fundamental colors, red, green or violet. If a person is told to select colors resembling violet, he will if red blind usually select blues as well as violets. If he is green blind, he will select green or gray, with possibly some blues and violets of the brightest shades. Violet blindness is rare. To a red blind person the American flag appears to have green and white stripes, while the white stars appear on a violet field. To a green blind person the stripes have the proper colors, but the field for the stars is red violet. To a violet blind person the stripes are normal, but the stars appear to be set in a dark brownish gray field. To a person who is totally color blind the blue of the flag appears a light yellowish brown, while the red stripes seem to be a darker brown.

### An Idol Shattered.

Some one has said that people that are fond of hero worship should never make a pilgrimage to see the hero. Here is an instance:

An enthusiastic young lady admirer called on her favorite author. In speaking of her visit she said: "I'm sorry I saw him. He didn't look at all like an author—no long, wavy hair; no dreamy expression; no eyes fixed on the stars as if he read the secrets of the heavens; no musical, low voice—nothing to suggest the genius. No, I found him leaning on the garden gate, in his shirt sleeves, swearing at a grocery boy! And his hair was close cropped, and he looked as if he hadn't shaved in a week. He was the most terribly human specimen I ever saw."—Atlanta Constitution.

### The Wickedest Bit of Sea.

Nine out of ten travelers would tell inquirers that the roughest piece of water is that cruel stretch in the English channel, and nine out of ten travelers would say what was not true. As a matter of fact, "the wickedest bit of sea" is not in the Dover strait or in yachting, for example, from St. Jean de Luz up to Pauillac or across the Mediterranean "raze" from Cadix to Tangier, nor is it in rounding Cape Horn, where there is what sailors call a "true" sea. The "wickedest sea" is encountered in rounding the Cape of Good Hope for the eastern ports of Cape Colony.

### What a Scotsman Wears.

A Scottish correspondent, signing himself "Haggis," writes to us as follows: "Dear Sir—Please state in your column that a Scotsman wears a kilt, not kilt. Thus Harry Lauder went to amuse the king clad in a kilt, not in kilts."

We regret to say that we find ourselves unable to accede to our correspondent's request. Respect for truth compels us to state that a Scotsman almost invariably wears neither a kilt nor kilts, but trousers.—London News

### Alphabet of the Playhouse.

"We keep learning things all the time," said an infrequent theater goer. "I stopped in front of a theater the other day to buy a ticket of a speculator, and I asked him if he had a good single near the front."

"Here's one in O," he said, "thirteenth row, third seat from the aisle." "Now, you know, I don't carry the relative positions of the letters of the alphabet in my mind all the time. I have to work for a living and have other things to think of. But it struck me that O must be farther down the line than thirteenth, and so I just counted up the letters on my finger tips, and I made O come fifteenth, and I said so to the ticket man, but that didn't worry him any."

"There's no A in this theater," he said, "and there's no I in any orchestra in town."

"And, having my finger tip figuring thus handily knocked out, I bought the ticket."—Washington Post.

### The Surprise of Silivitsa.

"I have never quite made out," says a writer in "Near East," "why the plain of Silivitsa has come to be regarded as the scene of one of the great decisive battles of the world's history. It did not even decide the Servo-Bulgarian war in 1885. That was decided by Austria intervention. The battle of Silivitsa is really only remarkable for the comical fact that both sides thought they were defeated, and while Milan of Servia was hurrying home in confusion Alexander of Bulgaria galloped all the way back to his capital before he learned that the tide had turned. Nowadays the village looks sleepy enough, poor and dirty, like most Bulgarian villages, but almost gray when the sun shines upon its red roofs."

### Harsh Music.

The politician caught with the goods was counseled by his friends to stay and face the music.

For an instant he listened to the clamor of denunciation.

"Great Scott," he exclaimed impatiently, "do you call that music?"

A moment later he was out of hearing.—Philadelphia Ledger.



## Education in Economy

There is no better school for studying the value of economy than a savings bank account. Each interest period is a revelation of the wonderful earning power of money when deposited at

**4% INTEREST**

compounded semi-annually

Why not give yourself the pleasure of seeing your money grow. This bank pays 4% interest and affords Safety and Security for savings.

Capital and Surplus \$680,000.00

Total Assets over \$3,000,000.00

## The Franklin Trust Company

FRANKLIN, PA.

### Administrator's Notice.

Letters of Administration on the estate of George Jennings, Jr., late of Green Township, Forest County, Pa., deceased having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims or demands will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

G. A. RANDALL, Adm'r. Tionesta, Pa.

M. A. CARRINGTON, Attorney. 6t

## CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold Metallic Boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 23 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

## Pennsylvania Railroad RACES AT OIL CITY, PA.

August 3 to 6, 1909.

For this occasion EXCURSION TICKETS To Oil City and return will be sold August 3 to 6, good returning August 7, inclusive, from

CORRY, WARREN and intermediate stations at REDUCED RATES. Consult Ticket Agents.

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

**James Oil City, Pa.**

## Semi-Annual Remnant Sale

Friday, July 23d. Saturday, July 24th. Monday, July 26th.

At the end of each six months' business we have a Remnant Sale. This 1909 July Remnant Sale is to be the biggest in the history of this store.

**More Remnants**—Everything sold by the yard. Cheapest Calico to finest Silk measured and marked with a Red Ink Remnant Sale Price—fraction only of the actual price.

**Note**—Many Silk Dress Goods and Wash Goods Remnants contain enough for an entire suit.

**Remnant Sale Prices**—On all Ready to Wear.

**Remnant Sale Prices**—On all Millinery.

Pay the women of Tionesta to attend this sale. No other sale like it in this section of the state.

**WILLIAM B. JAMES, - OIL CITY, PA.**

## Buggies and Surreys.

Road Wagons, Spring Wagons. All styles. Wheels "guaranteed" second growth hickory. I can sell you a better buggy for the money than others, because I buy in car lots. 28 vehicles now in stock. Take your choice.

<b>SEE MY</b>	Combined Potato Digger and Showel Plow. It is guaranteed to be O. K.
<b>HARNESS</b>	Oak tan. See them. They will surprise you.—Driving harness, \$11.50.
<b>WAGONS</b>	Kramer. See the new tubular axle. Light running and strong.
<b>PLOWS</b>	The New Burch, Cambridge, Oliver. The Burch is my leader. Try one.
<b>HARROWS</b>	Wood and steel frame Spring Tooth, Lever Spike Tooth. Price way down.
<b>CULTIVATORS</b>	The kind that do not get loose in the joints and wobble.
<b>MANURE SPREADERS</b>	Success. No better made.
<b>GRAIN DRILLS</b>	Empire, Ontario and Buckeye.
<b>HARVESTING MACHINES</b>	The "celebrated" Johnston line of Mowers, Binders, Reapers, Tedders, Rakes, Disk Harrows, &c.
<b>FERTILIZER</b>	Eight per cent. Potash goods, with 12 per cent. Phosphoric Acid, \$22.50 per ton.
<b>GUARANTEE</b>	I make good all defects in all goods sold by me.
<b>ALWAYS</b>	Come in on Saturdays. Am in on that day. Or 'phone me. County and Farmer's 'Phones.

**J. G. Bromley, Tionesta, Pa.**

**65c.**

Music on both sides!

Two records at a single price!

## COLUMBIA

DOUBLE-DISC RECORDS

A different selection on each side

They fit any machine

That tells the whole story except that at 65 cents for the Columbia Double-Disc you get a better record, on each side, than you ever bought before at \$1.20 for the same two selections. Get a catalog!

**BOVARD'S PHARMACY**  
TIONESTA, PA.