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TIONEISA, PA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1909.

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One Square, one inch, one month... 3 00
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PUBLICAN.
Published every Wednesday by
J. E. WENK.
Office in Smearbaugh & Wenk Building,
1212 MARKET STREET, TIONEISA, PA.
Terms, \$1.00 A Year, Strictly in Advance.
Entered as second-class matter at the
post-office at Tionesta.
No subscription received for a shorter
period than three months.
Correspondence solicited, but no notice
will be taken of anonymous communica-
tions. Always give your name.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgess.—J. T. Carson.
Justices of the Peace.—C. A. Randall, D. W. Clark.
Councilmen.—J. W. Landers, J. T. Dale, G. B. Robinson, Wm. Smearbaugh, E. W. Bowman, J. W. Jamieson, W. J. Campbell.
Constable.—Archie Clark.
Collector.—W. H. Hood.
School Directors.—J. C. Scowden, R. M. Herman, Q. Jamieson, J. J. Landers, J. R. Clark, W. G. Wyman.

FOREST COUNTY OFFICERS.

Member of Congress.—N. P. Wheeler.
Member of Senate.—J. K. P. Hall.
Assembly.—H. Meckling.
President Judge.—Wm. E. Rice.
Associate Judges.—F. X. Kreller, P. C. Hill.
Prothonotary, Register & Recorder, etc.—J. C. Geist.
Sheriff.—S. R. Maxwell.
Treasurer.—Geo. W. Holleman.
Commissioners.—Wm. H. Harrison, J. M. Zundel, H. H. McClellan.
District Attorney.—A. C. Brown.
Jury Commissioners.—Ernest Sibbie, Lewis Wagner.
Coroner.—Dr. C. Y. Datar.
County Auditors.—George H. Warden, A. C. Gregg and J. P. Kelly.
County Surveyor.—D. W. Clark.
County Superintendent.—D. W. Morrison.

Regular Terms of Court.

Fourth Monday of February.
Third Monday of May.
Fourth Monday of September.
Third Monday of November.
Regular Meetings of County Commissioners 1st and 3d Tuesdays of month.

Church and Sabbath School.

Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m.; M. E. Sabbath School at 10:00 a. m. Preaching in M. E. Church every Sabbath evening by Rev. W. O. Calhoun. Preaching in the F. M. Church every Sabbath evening at the usual hour. Rev. E. L. Monroe, Pastor.
Presbyterian Church every Sabbath at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. H. A. Bailey, Pastor.
The regular meetings of the W. C. T. U. are held at the headquarters on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TI NESTA LODGE, No. 309, I. O. O. F.
Meets every Tuesday evening, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building.
CAPT. GEORGE STOW POST, No. 274 G. A. R.
Meets 1st and 3d Monday evening in each month.
CAPT. GEORGE STOW CORPS, No. 437, W. R. C.
Meets first and third Wednesday evening of each month.
RITCHIE & CARRING
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Tionesta, Pa.
CURTIS M. SHAWKEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Warren, Pa.
Practice in Forest Co.
A. C. BROWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Army Building, Cor. Elm and Bridge Sts., Tionesta, Pa.
FRANK S. HUNTER, D. D. S.
Rooms over Citizens Nat. Bank,
TIONESTA, PA.
DR. J. C. DENN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
AND DRUGGIST.
Office in Dunn & Fulton drug store, Tionesta, Pa. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours of day or night. Residence—Elm St., three doors above the store.
DR. F. J. BOYARD,
Physician & Surgeon,
TIONESTA, PA.
DR. J. B. SIGGINS,
Physician and Surgeon,
OIL CITY, PA.
HOTEL WEAVER.
E. A. WEAVER, Proprietor.
This hotel, formerly the Lawrence House, has undergone a complete change, and is now furnished with all the modern improvements. Heated and lighted throughout with natural gas, bathrooms, hot and cold water, etc. The comforts of guests never neglected.
CENTRAL HOUSE.
GEROW & GEROW Proprietors.
Tionesta, Pa. This is the most centrally located hotel in the place, and has all the modern improvements. No pains will be spared to make it a pleasant stopping place for the traveling public. First class livery in connection.
PHIL EMERT
FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER.
Shop over R. L. Haslet's grocery store on Elm street. Is prepared to do all kinds of custom work from the finest to the coarsest and guarantees his work to give perfect satisfaction. Prompt attention given to mending, and prices reasonable.

Fred. Grettenberger

GENERAL

BLACKSMITH & MACHINIST.

All work pertaining to Machinery, Engines, Oil Well Tools, Gas or Water Fittings and General Blacksmithing promptly done at Low Rates. Repairing Mill Machinery given special attention, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Shop in rear of and just west of the Shaw House, Tionesta, Pa.
Your patronage solicited.
FRED. GRETTEBERGER

JAMES HASLET,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Furniture Dealers,

—AND—

UNDERTAKERS.

TIONESTA, PENN

Dr. August Morck

OPHTHALMIC

Office 1 & 7 1/2 National Bank Building,
OIL CITY, PA.
Examinations free. Exclusively ophthalmic.

BIG FLEET HOME AGAIN

Battleships Welcomed by President at Hampton Roads.

He Reviews Homecoming Vessels on the Mayflower—Crowds on Excursion Boats Greet Sperry and His Men. Much Powder Burned in Saluting. Festivities Planned For Officers and Bluejackets.

Our big world-circling fleet is at home again. Riding safely at anchor in the waters of Hampton Roads after a welcome such as never before warmed the hearts of returning sailormen are the sixteen "bully" vessels that have sailed around the world. It is impossible to resist the temptation to say that they look as "fit for a fight or a frolic" as they did when they sailed away from here more than fourteen months ago under the command of Admiral Evans.

When the Mayflower, bearing President Roosevelt and guests, Secretary Newberry, Assistant Secretary Satterlee and others, sailed down the harbor the guns of Fort Monroe told the thousands of visitors to these shores that the welcome to the fleet would begin soon.

Saluting the President. When the Mayflower reached the position selected for her off Thimble shoal light her anchor was cast and the party aboard prepared to await the coming of Admiral Sperry and his ships. Word was sent to the admiral that his commander-in-chief was waiting for him, and the Connecticut hoisted the signal for the fleet to follow the flagship in. Steaming at a fair rate, the Connecticut moved past the Mayflower, her guns booming out the presidential salute. The Mayflower responded, and the great naval review was on.

While the fourteen vessels of Sperry's fleet that have made the circuit of the world, covering more than 42,000 miles since they left here in December, 1907, received the greatest amount of applause, the two battleships which joined the fleet on the Pacific coast and the vessels of Admiral Arnold's conveying squadron received their due share of attention. Probably the greatest amount of applause greeted the appearance of the Connecticut, which was the flagship of the fleet throughout the cruise, and the Nebraska, which made its first appearance on the Atlantic seaboard.

Twenty-five Warships in Line. In reviewing the fleet the Mayflower occupied almost exactly the same position she did when the president bade good-bye to the sixteen battleships at the beginning of the cruise. The fleet which saluted him Monday, however, presented a more imposing appearance than the outbound armada. Then sixteen warships sailed south; Monday twenty-five war vessels, including twenty battleships, passed in review before the commander-in-chief.

When the last ship had passed the Mayflower the presidential yacht weighed anchor and turned to take up her position between the Connecticut and the Louisiana. Hardly had she cast anchor again when boats were cleared from the sides of the vessels of the fleet and Admiral Sperry and the commanders and executive officers of the ships were rowed to the Mayflower to pay their respects to the president. After these official calls were paid and the naval men had returned to their own vessels the president visited in turn the flagship of each division and met and greeted the assembled officers and the representative enlisted men sent to pay the respects of the jacksies to him.

DIRECT NOMINATIONS

Governor Hughes and Chairman Woodruff Express Contrary Views.

In a speech before the Young Republican club at Brooklyn Governor Hughes showed that party organization, instead of being eliminated, would be strengthened by a system of direct nominations. Under this system, however, the governor said, the people will have something to say about who is to represent them in the organization. There will be a state committee, a county committee and a district committee just as now. Even the political boss will remain with us. But he will be a more docile creature than heretofore. Instead of bossing for the interest of himself and his immediate camp followers, he will boss for the best interests of the people and when he fails to do so, the people will have the power to choose another boss.

Timothy L. Woodruff opposed the reform as such. The governor and Mr. Woodruff did not enter into a debate on the direct-nominations question. They were merely the principal speakers at the Young Republican club dinner. The governor championed the idea, Mr. Woodruff opposed it. The state chairman held that a system of direct nominations was not practicable at the present time.

Open Market in Iron and Steel.

An "open" market in the iron and steel trade was created when Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the directorate of the United States Steel corporation, made an official announcement that the "leading manufacturers of iron and steel have determined to protect their customers, and for the present sell at such modified prices as may be necessary with respect to different commodities, in order to retain their fair share of the business."

MANY VILLAGES DESTROYED

Devastation by Earthquake in Remote Mountainous Regions.

The governor of Burujurd, a little town in Southwestern Persia, has sent out agents to investigate the damage wrought by the earthquake of Jan. 23. This was the disturbance that was registered by seismographs around the world, but the exact location of which was determined only Wednesday of last week.

The meagre reports that have reached Teheran indicate that the devastation was particularly severe in the mountainous region between Burujurd and Luristan province.

Fifteen villages are known to have been wholly or partially destroyed and it is estimated that the total number will undoubtedly be over 50.

Some villages disappeared completely and no trace can be found of the hamlets of Bahrem and Leben. It appears that not a single soul belonging to these communities was left alive, and only the rivers, mountains and broken valleys remain to tell the tale of this fearful convulsion of nature.

The fact that there were no foreign consuls anywhere in the neighborhood accounts for the delay of nearly a month in the receipt of the news.

GERONIMO'S FUNERAL

Old War Chief Lies in Apache Burying Ground Near Army Post.

Geronimo, the old Indian war chief, was buried on Thursday in the Apache burying ground northeast of the army post at Lawton, Okla. The Rev. L. L. Legters, the Indian missionary, conducted the services, which were as similar to the Apache system of burial as the clergyman thought proper. All the Apache prisoners of war in Fort Sill and the 200 warriors joined in the slow procession that carried the body of their old leader to the grave.

Geronimo died in the old faith, the religion of his forefathers which knew no white man's god. The sun was his conception of deity. Four years ago, when he feared that the injuries received in a fall from his horse would prove fatal he joined the Reformed church, but he was suspended from the church two years later because of excessive drinking, gambling and other infractions of church rules.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY

Usual Honors Paid to Memory of Father of His Country.

Although the celebration of the centennial of the birth of Lincoln has overshadowed this year the birthday of George Washington, the usual honors were paid Monday to the memory of the Father of His Country. As a legal holiday it was far more widely observed than Lincoln day, since the adoption of the latter day as a holiday has not become general in the greater part of the states. Washington's birthday is a legal holiday in every state except Mississippi. There, as elsewhere, the day was observed with exercises in the public schools.

Mr. Taft delivered an address at the University of Pennsylvania, in Philadelphia, Governor Fort of New Jersey spoke at the annual celebration of the Union League club of Chicago, and Governor Hughes of New York was the principal speaker at the winter convocation of George Washington university in the national capital.

PLOT FOR GARDEN SCHOOL

Mrs. Sage's Benevolent Plan to Help Poor Children.

Mrs. Russell Sage has purchased a tract of land, 445 by 500 feet, on the outskirts of the city of Yonkers, N. Y., to be used as a garden school, where the children of the poor can cultivate vegetables and flowers and either sell them or take them to their homes. A smaller plot adjoining it is used for the same purpose now. The place formerly was the home of General Thomas Ewing of civil war fame. The old house on the premises will be turned into a gymnasium. The price paid by Mrs. Sage for the plot is said to have been \$30,000.

Editors Indicted For Libel.

Bench warrants were issued in Washington for the arrest of Joseph Pulitzer, Caleb M. VanHamm and Robert H. Lyman of New York, proprietor and editors of the New York World, and for Delevan Smith and Charles R. Williams, owners of the Indianapolis News, for criminal libel, in connection with the publication in those newspapers of charges of irregularities in the purchase by the United States government of the Panama canal from the French owners.

Burglar Killed Police Captain.

Police Captain Timothy Hassett was shot dead early on Sunday at Olean, N. Y., by Nelson Desler of Berlin, Ont. Desler was detected by the officer in the act of burglarizing an office in the Masonic building. In a pistol duel which followed Hassett received his death wound and Desler was shot four times. He escaped but was found in the afternoon in a room at the Olean House in a dying condition.

Bryan Scores Carnegie Pensions.

Before the joint session of the Nebraska legislature at Lincoln, William Jennings Bryan delivered an address condemning the Carnegie pension fund for professors, declaring "it was the most insidious poison ever injected into the body politic."

STANDARD OIL TRIAL

Rehearing of Famous "Big Fine" Case Begun in Chicago.

Legal Lights Representing Government and Defense in Retrial of Suit in Which Judge Landis Imposed Fine of \$29,240,000—Scores of Subpoenas is used For Witnesses, Among Them Officials of Company.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—The retrial of the famous Standard Oil "big fine case" began today before Judge Albert B. Anderson of Indiana in the United States circuit court in this city.

The present proceedings constitute a rehearing of the case in which the Standard Oil company of Indiana, a subsidiary company of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey (the parent of all the Standard Oil companies) was fined \$29,240,000 by Judge Landis for rebating. The famous fine was imposed Aug. 3, 1907, and on July 22, 1908, the United States circuit court of appeals reversed the decision. On motion of the government the supreme court ordered a rehearing of the case.

A brilliant galaxy of legal luminaries represent the two sides in the famous case. The government's interests are in the hands of District Attorney Sims of Chicago, acting as special counsel, assisted by J. H. Wilkerson, Mortiz Rosenthal, the head of the Standard's legal forces, who is frequently referred to as the "highest priced lawyer in the United States," and John S. Miller, with numerous assistants, have charge of the oil company's side of the matter.

Many Witnesses in Case.

Scores of subpoenas have been issued to witnesses in the case. One subpoena was issued for President Moffatt of the Standard Oil company of Indiana. Other Standard Oil officers who have been served are G. W. Stahl, treasurer; John C. McDonald, auditor, and Edgar Bogardus, traffic manager.

Other witnesses who are to appear are George Robert and C. Crossland, expert rate clerks for the interstate commerce commission; Secretary Kilpatrick of the railroad and warehouse commission; F. S. Holland, rate clerk for the Chicago and Alton railroad, and J. S. Howard, formerly auditor of the Chicago and Alton railroad. Bogardus, Hollands and Howard were witnesses at the previous trial.

Each Shipment an Offense.

The new hearing will differ from the old in one respect only—the government will not contend that each carlot constituted a violation of the law. The government legal batteries will be trained in an endeavor to convince the judge and jury that each shipment—perhaps a carlot, perhaps a trainload—was an offense. If successful in this line of argument, the judge may fine the defendant a maximum of \$10,000,000, or a minimum of \$500,000.

The defense on the other hand will, it is said, claim that the settlements of freight charges constitute the alleged offenses. Of these, the government alleges there were 36, on which fines of from \$36,000 to \$720,000 may be inflicted.

CADET WOUNDED

By Shot From Revolver That Dropped From Another's Pocket.

Highland Falls, N. Y., Feb. 23.—A young North Dakota candidate for admission to West Point, named Peale, who came here this week to take his entrance examinations, was accidentally shot today by the discharge of a revolver which dropped out of the pocket of another would-be cadet and was discharged. The ball entered Peale's leg. The wound, while not dangerous, will prevent his completing his examinations at present.

Peale is said to be the stepson of an army officer.

FARMERS' WEEK AT ITHACA

President Schurman Opened Exercises at State College With Address of Welcome.

Ithaca, Feb. 22.—President Schurman of Cornell university opened the farmers' week ceremonies at the State College of Agriculture here with an address of welcome. Fully 1,000 farmers, agriculturalists, scientists and educators are in the city for the week's events.

Among the speakers were Margaret J. Mitchell of Drexel institute, Philadelphia; John Robinson, editor of Farm and Poultry, Boston; J. D. Jaquins of Watervliet; D. J. Lambert of Long Island and W. C. Denny of Rochester.

President Will Visit African Missions.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—While in Africa President Roosevelt will not only visit a number of missions but will make addresses giving his observations when he returns to this country. This statement was made here at the Methodist ministers' weekly meeting by Bishop Joseph G. Hartzell, who has charge of the Methodist African missions and who recently visited the president at the White House.

10,000 Cases of Cholera.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 23.—The cholera, which has now been epidemic here for 160 days, today reached the 10,000 mark. There have been 3,226 deaths from this disease in St. Petersburg, the highest number of new cases in one day being 444 and the lowest 144.

SCHOOLS OF JOURNALISM

One of the Subjects Discussed in Last Bromley Lecture.

New Haven, Feb. 23.—Schools of journalism, qualifications for newspaper work and newspaper independence were discussed by Hart Lyman in the second and final of the Bromley lectures at Yale.

"Much," he said, "has been said for and against schools of journalism in recent years. Some may exist already and be useful. One with a large endowment and an ambitious design is destined, I suppose, to come into existence in the not distant future. I am not one of those who think that all the necessary training can best be obtained in the office of a newspaper. If there is an occupation in which, more than in any other, large knowledge of a great variety of subjects can be constantly utilized to good advantage, it is journalism; and the more the novice knows the less he will have to acquire as he goes on.

"But I do not believe that the practical work of a newspaper on the editorial side, that is to say the production, revision and effective arrangement of its contents under heads, can be practised to advantage anywhere except in the office of a newspaper."

He said there never was a better time perhaps than now to begin work on a newspaper. We have been living for a good many years in the age of quantity. In the near future a higher value may be put on quality. He was, if not convinced, at least hopeful that the next notable change in the newspaper world will be a return to smaller papers, in which, however, every element entering into their composition may cost more than it does now, excepting the paper on which they are printed, which will cost less because less of it will be used.

There would come also, he thought, a clearer perception of what is intrinsically worth printing. If the country is not getting tired of the "journalistic scoop net" it ought to be.

SUMMERS GIVEN DECISION

Englishman Had Somewhat Better of Britt After Tenth Round.

London, Feb. 23.—Johnny Summers, the English pugilist, last night received the decision over Jimmy Britt of California in a 20-round bout. The fight was held before the National Sporting club and a big crowd was present, there being great interest in the bout owing to the lively fight these two men had put up last November. On that occasion the 10 was a ten-round affair and Britt was the victor. Last night Summers got the decision on points.

During the early stages Britt did most of the leading, apparently starting out with a view to securing a knockout. He made the mistake, however, of holding in clinches more than is usual in England, and came in for much adverse criticism and several warnings from Eugene Corri, who officiated as referee. Britt also had the misfortune to slip twice to the floor when engaged in lively mixups, and these falls were almost as effective in taking the speed out of him as though they had resulted from a right or left swing.

Up to the sixth or eighth round Britt had the better of the bout, but from that time Summers improved and honors were even at the close of the tenth. After that, although strong, the Englishman had somewhat the best of him and the decision in Summers' favor was a popular one.

PATROLMAN SUSPENDED

Mayor Accuses Him of Cowardice in Failing to Arrest Murderer Burglar.

Olean, N. Y., Feb. 23.—Nelson Desler of Berlin, Ont., who shot dead Police Captain Hassett Sunday when surprised at a burglary and who was wounded by the officer, took a turn for the worse. A police bulletin issued at 9 o'clock said he probably would die within a few hours.

Acting Mayor Hickey last night suspended Patrolman Moses, who encountered Desler on the street after the killing of Captain Hassett and failed to capture him. Moses is charged with cowardice.

DEATH OF WILLIAM T. BULL

Was One of the Best Known Surgeons in New York.

New York, Feb. 23.—Dr. William T. Bull, who died at Savannah, Ga., yesterday, was one of the best known surgeons in New York and had performed important and skillful operations which placed his reputation high in the medical and surgical fraternity. He was a native of Newport, R. I., and in 1892 married Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr. He was taken ill in this city last summer and after several operations and a long period of illness, in which he displayed remarkable courage, he was taken to Georgia in the hope of receiving benefit from the warmer climate.

Collision of Excursion Trains.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 23.—A rear-end collision between two excursion trains filled with passengers bound to Cape Henry to see the homecoming fleet, occurred yesterday on the Cape Henry division of the Norfolk and Southern railroad and eight passengers were badly injured.

Salesman Killed by Train.

Lyons, N. Y., Feb. 23.—James Barker, a traveling salesman from Jamestown, N. Y., was struck by an express train last night at a grade crossing at Lyons street and about instantly killed.

THE NEWS SUMMARY

Short Items From Various Parts of the World.

Record of Many Happenings Condensed and Put in Small Space and Arranged With Special Regard For the Convenience of the Reader Who Has Little Time to Spare.

Wednesday.

Trenton's three daily newspapers raised their price from one cent to two cents.

Governor Hughes named Robert Earl of Herkimer as the Democratic member of the state highway commission.

Henry Vignaud, secretary of the American embassy in Paris, has resigned after 34 years of continuous service.

Americans and Cubans in Havana joined in a ceremony of commemoration of the destruction of the Maine, eleven years ago.

President-elect Taft on his way from Cincinnati to Washington refused to make speeches to small crowds standing at stations in the rain.

Captain Henry J. Howes, who ran his ship, the Sea Witch, through the British blockade of Delagoa Bay in 1890 with a cargo of flour for the Boers, died in Boston.

Thursday.

Mrs. E. W. Carmack, the first person called to testify at the trial of the alleged slayers of her husband, collapsed on the witness stand at Nashville.

Adrift upon an ice floe in the Housatonic river near Cornwall, Conn., Miss Anna K. Wilberg pluckily saved the life of John Hilliardson, her unconscious escort.

The grand lodge of Masons of Mississippi voted to sever all affiliation with the grand lodge of New Jersey on account of the latter's recognition of negroes as Masons.

William H. Hotchkiss of Buffalo was confirmed at Albany as superintendent of insurance, and Robert Earl of Herkimer as Democratic member of the highway commission.

Friday.

Washington dispatches stated it had been decided to have the special session of congress begin on March 15.

The Yankton, tiny tender to the Atlantic fleet, arrived at Hampton Roads, completing her voyage around the world.

A bill to establish a national lottery for the purpose of increasing the national revenues was introduced in the Cuban congress.

President Roosevelt in transmitting the report of the engineers who visited Panama to congress asserted that to change the canal plan would be "inexcusable folly."

Saturday.

The state tax board reduced the assessment of the Consolidated Gas company in New York by more than \$23,000,000.

Secret service men were trying to locate the source of a flood of counterfeit quarters and dimes in circulation in New York city.

Commissioner of Corporations Herbert Knox Smith, in a report to the president, gave the early history of the so-called "Tobacco Combination."

That a bill will be introduced in the Cuban congress preventing the holding of property on the island by foreigners was announced in a dispatch from Havana.

Monday.

Governor Gillett of California has signed the anti-race-track gambling bill, which is similar to the New York law.

Secret service limitation, which roused President Roosevelt, is repeated in sundry civil appropriation bill.

Carroll D. Wright, 69 years old, president of Clark college, died at Worcester, Mass., of diabetes, from which he had been a sufferer over two years.

Mrs. Heity Green puts Matthew Asar Wilks, her prospective son-in-law, through a severe course of questions on banking, real estate and coupon cutting.

Congressional committee after thorough investigation of the print paper business, recommends a reduction of the tariff from 36 to 32 a ton and the placing of ground wood on the free list.

Tuesday.

According to a dispatch from Rome the Vatican is seeking aid in the revision of the Vulgate.

Severe earthquake shocks in the cities of Alicante province, Southern Spain, caused panic among the people.

CARMACK MURDER TRIAL

John D. Sharp, Co-Defendant, Contradicted Himself on Minor Details.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 23.—Court adjourned in the midst of the cross-examination of John D. Sharp, co-defendant with Colonel Duncan Cooper and Robin Cooper, now on trial for slaying of former United States Senator Edward W. Carmack.

Robin Cooper, under a bitter cross-examination of nearly four hours, held his own.

The only other witness of the day was Sharp, who told his story under direct examination. Then he was turned over to Attorney General Garner whose cross-examination is of the rapid fire variety. He contradicted himself on many minor details but never on the more important particulars.

Once he got on dangerous ground. On direct examination Sharp swore that he saw the killing and that "Carmack fell after Robin Cooper had fired three times." One of the bullet wounds, a necessarily fatal one, pierced the senator's neck within one-eighth of an inch of the spinal cord and came out under the tongue.

As Sharp swore that Carmack was facing young Cooper, aiming a revolver at him, this would have been impossible to reconcile with the statement. On cross-examination Sharp said, however, that Carmack turned his head just as the second shot was fired.

FOUND DEATH AT ICE BRIDGE

Tragedy Believed to Be a Case of Suicide, Not Accident.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Feb. 2