

# FOREST REPUBLICAN.

VOL. XL. NO. 7.

TIONESTA, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1907.

\$1.00. PER ANNUM.

## RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One Square, one inch, one week... \$ 1.00  
 One Square, one inch, one month... 3.00  
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 J. E. WENK.  
 Office in Smearbaugh & Wenk Building,  
 1214 STREET, TIONESTA, PA.  
 Terms, \$1.00 A Year, Strictly in Advance.  
 No subscription received for longer  
 period than three months.  
 Correspondence solicited, but no notice  
 will be taken of anonymous communica-  
 tions. Always give your name.

### BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgess—J. T. Carson.  
 Justice of the Peace—C. A. Randall, D. W. Clark.  
 Assessors—J. W. Landers, J. T. Dale, G. T. Anderson, Wm. Smearbaugh, E. W. Bowman, J. W. Jamieson, W. J. Campbell.  
 Constable—W. H. Hood.  
 Collector—W. H. Hood.  
 School Directors—J. O. Sowden, T. F. Ritchey, S. M. Henry, Dr. J. C. Dunn, Q. Jamieson, J. J. Landers.

### FOREST COUNTY OFFICERS.

Member of Congress—N. P. Wheeler.  
 Member of Senate—J. K. P. Hall.  
 Assembly—W. D. Shields.  
 President Judge—W. M. Lindsey.  
 Associate Judges—F. X. Kreitzer, P. C. Hill.  
 Prothonotary, Register & Recorder, etc.—J. C. Geist.  
 Sheriff—A. W. Stroup.  
 Treasurer—W. H. Harrison.  
 Commissioners—Leonard Agnew, Andrew Wolf, Philip Emert.  
 District Attorney—A. C. Brown.  
 Jury Commissioners—J. B. Eden, H. H. McClellan.  
 Coroner—Dr. C. Y. Datar.  
 County Auditors—H. H. Stiles, K. L. Haugh, S. T. Carson.  
 County Surveyor—D. W. Clark.  
 County Superintendent—D. W. Morrison.

### Regular Terms of Court.

Fourth Monday of February.  
 Third Monday of September.  
 Fourth Monday of November.  
 Regular Meetings of County Commissioners 1st and 3d Tuesdays of month.

### Church and Sabbath School.

Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m.; M. E. Sabbath School at 10:30 a. m. Preaching by M. E. Church every Sabbath evening by Rev. W. O. Calhoun. Preaching in the F. M. Church every Sabbath evening at the usual hour. Rev. H. D. Call, Pastor.  
 The regular meetings of the W. C. T. U. are held at the headquarters on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

### BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TIONESTA LODGE, No. 369, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW POST, No. 274 G. A. R. Meets 1st and 3d Monday evening in each month.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW CORPS, No. 137, W. R. C. Meets first and third Wednesday evening of each month.

KARL E. WENK, DENTIST, TIONESTA, PA. All work guaranteed. Rooms over Forest County National Bank.

RITCHEY & CARRINGER, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Tionesta, Pa.

CURTIS M. SHAWKEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Warren, Pa. Practice in Forest Co.

A. C. BROWN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office in Arner Building, Cor. Elm and Bridge Sts., Tionesta, Pa.

DR. F. J. BOVARD, Physician & Surgeon, TIONESTA, PA.

DR. J. C. DUNN, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, and DRUGGIST'S. Office over store, Tionesta, Pa. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours of day or night. Residence—Elm St., between Grove's grocery and Gerow's restaurant.

GEORGE SIGGINS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, TIONESTA, PA. Office and residence in rooms formerly occupied by the late Dr. Morrow, Elm street. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours of day or night.

DR. J. B. SIGGINS, Physician and Surgeon, OIL CITY, PA.

HOTEL WEAVER, E. A. WEAVER, Proprietor. This hotel, formerly the Lawrence House, has undergone a complete change, and is now furnished with all the modern improvements. Heated and lighted throughout with natural gas, bathrooms, hot and cold water, etc. The comforts of guests never neglected.

CENTRAL HOUSE, GEORGE & GEROW Proprietors, Tionesta, Pa. This is the most centrally located hotel in the place, and has all the modern improvements. No pains will be spared to make it a pleasant stopping place for the traveling public. First class livery in connection.

PHIL EMERT FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER. Shop in Walters building, Cor. Elm and Walnut streets. Is prepared to do all kinds of custom work from the finest to the coarsest and guarantees his work to give perfect satisfaction. Prompt attention given to mending, and prices reasonable.

JAMES HASLET, GENERAL MERCHANTS, Furniture Dealers, —AND— UNDERTAKERS, TIONESTA, PENN.

A. C. UREY, LIVERY Feed & Sale STABLE. Fine Turnouts at All Times at Reasonable Rates. Rear of Hotel Weaver TIONESTA, PA. Telephone No. 20.

## NORFOLK EXPOSITION.

### President Took An Important Part In Friday's Opening.

President Answers Criticism—Few May Day Strikes—Money Needed For Peary's Voyage—Engine and Coach Went Into Creek—David Willcox Shot Himself

President Roosevelt took an important part in the opening of Jamestown exposition and the incidental exercises, which began soon after he arrived at Hampton Roads on Friday. In the morning the review of the assembled men-of-war and the reception of the flag officers and commanding officers of the foreign ships took place. At half past 10 the president left the Mayflower and was met at the end of the government pier by the officers of the exposition and a military escort. At the same time he was saluted by the United States artillery stationed on the exposition grounds.

An hour later he went to the reviewing stand on Lee's parade in the rear of the Auditorium building, where a program of exercises, including his address and that of President Tucker of the exposition, and the pressing of the gold button opening the exposition, took place.

In the afternoon there was a luncheon to the president and his party in the Auditorium building; review of a parade of the soldiers and sailors and the National Guard, and a reception to the president by the officers and directors of the Jamestown Exposition company.

### President Answers Criticism.

In a letter addressed to Honors Jackson of Chicago, chairman of the "Cook County Moyer-Haywood conference," President Roosevelt replied to the criticisms of his recent letter in which he referred to Moyer and Haywood, officials of the Western Federation of Miners, charged with implication in the murder of former Governor Steunenberg of Idaho, as "undesirable citizens."

The president says he regrets any body of men should so far forget their duty to their country as by formation of societies, and in other ways, endeavor to influence justice and coerce court or jury; that they, not he, are trying to influence justice and he condemns what he calls their flagrant impudence in the matter.

He says that he indicated no opinion as to their guilt of the Steunenberg murder, but that it was a simple absurdity to suppose that because a man is on trial he is free from criticism as to his manner of life. He said he might as well be accused of trying to influence the suits against Harriman, some of whose friends had also criticized him.

He said that Moyer and Haywood stand as representatives of those who habitually appear as guilty of incitement to or apology for bloodshed and violence.

He added that he was profoundly indignant to the condemnation of him for his criticisms of the undesirable types of citizens, regardless of the power of either labor or capital.

### Make No Reply to President.

Moyer and Haywood, the accused Western Federation men at Boise City, Idaho, on advice of counsel, decline to talk of the president's latest letter declaring them to be "undesirable citizens." The attorneys declare they cannot, in the interests of their clients, permit them to become involved with the president of the United States and his friends in a newspaper controversy. Already, counsel declares, has their case suffered from too much agitation, and they will not, either for themselves or their clients, make any statement regarding the president's utterances.

### Good Outlook For Labor.

The opening of the out-door construction season finds New York, both city and state, without apprehension of serious labor troubles. In the building trades especially prosperous and reassuring conditions prevail.

There is a large and well met demand for both skilled and unskilled labor, due to the extensive private construction projects now under way, and the tunnels, railway terminals and other undertakings of a public or quasi-public nature.

This contentment is generally reflected in the manufacturing and industrial centers and beyond a few localized and sporadic strikes the labor situation is regarded as brighter than for many years.

### Trouble Over Eight-Hour Day.

Labor's New Year's day, May 1, finds San Francisco facing serious labor troubles. Eleven unions, including every branch of the metal trades, have called meetings for between now and next Tuesday night to consider the refusal of employers to grant an eight hour day with nine hours' pay.

### Money Needed For North Pole Dash.

Lack of money—about \$60,000—to finance the expedition may mean the abandonment of the dash to the North pole which Commander Robert E. Peary has planned for this summer. The Peary Arctic club, of which

Morris K. Jessup is president, is attending largely to raffeting the Roosevelt, and it has issued an appeal for contributions from the people of the United States so that a total of \$100,000 may be raised.

To this gigantic task of discovery Commander Peary implicitly believes his fellow countrymen should lend their active interest and support. The vigor of his robust and hardened frame, the determination in his strong face and his absolute confidence that he has been destined to attain the goal, all express his conviction that he will win.

Commander Peary said that if conditions were favorable the objects of the expedition might be accomplished in one season. But he might remain north as long as three years. He was preparing, he said, for a long and stern battle.

### Engine and Coach Went Into Creek.

Two trainmen were killed and more than one hundred passengers had a thrilling escape from death in a wreck on the Wabash railroad Sunday when the engine and one passenger coach of westbound train No. 27 left the tracks half a mile west of the Bridgeville station and plunged headlong into Chartiers creek, 40 feet below. Scores of people were saved by a circumstance which is now regarded as providential.

A new schedule went into effect on the road Sunday and to this fact many owe their lives. By the new schedule train No. 27 left this city 45 minutes earlier than formerly and over 50 persons missed the train for this reason. Because the passengers were fewer than ordinary all were placed in the three rear coaches, leaving the front coach unoccupied.

### David Willcox Shot Himself.

David Willcox, ex-president of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad company, committed suicide at sea last Wednesday, while a passenger on the North German Lloyd steamer Barbarossa.

Mr. Willcox, broken in health, sailed for Europe some time ago and recently, because he had not benefited physically, called his resignation of the presidency of the railroad, which was accepted by the directors, who chose as his successor Leonor F. Lorie, once president of the Baltimore & Ohio and later of the Rock Island railroad. At the time it was stated that Mr. Willcox's retirement from the presidency of the Delaware & Hudson was prompted solely by ill health.

### Free Love Destroys Colony.

The adoption of free love by a portion of the members is given as the cause of the downfall of "Equality," a socialistic colony organized at Bellingham, Wash., in 1897. For years the colony has been pointed to as a successful experiment in collective ownership and production. Judge Joyner of the Skagit county court has issued an order that its property be sold to pay the debts. The property consists of 600 acres of land, sawmill, printing plant and 20 dwellings. The colony was established by a national organization known as the Brotherhood of the Co-Operative Commonwealth, of which many prominent Socialists were members.

### Inventor Sent to Bellevue.

James Bartlett Hammond of New York, inventor of the typewriter bearing his name and president of the Hammond Typewriter company, has been committed to the psychopathic ward at Bellevue for observation on complaint of his brother, Thomas F. Hammond.

Mr. Hammond's arrest followed a scene at the Hotel Cumberland where, according to the testimony before Magistrate Walsh, Hammond started the other guests of the house by singing and shouting and declaring that he had given all his money away to his employees.

### General McClellan Stated.

The most interesting feature of the 37th reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potomac will be the unveiling on May 2 of the heroic bronze equestrian statue of General George B. McClellan, the organizer and first commander of the Army of the Potomac. The statue occupies a prominent position at the intersection of Connecticut avenue and Columbia road.

### Killed on His Wedding Day.

Thaddeus Stevens Ross of Oil City was shot three times and instantly killed Wednesday by Miss Belle Stroup. The woman then shot herself through the heart.

The tragedy occurred in the office of Dr. George W. Magee, while the doctor was at lunch. Both victims are of good families. Ross was to have been married that night to Miss Drusilla Sampsel of Oil City.

### National Roosevelt League.

The National Roosevelt League, formed to aid and secure the nomination by all parties of Theodore Roosevelt to succeed himself as president of the United States and to organize leagues for this purpose in every state in the Union, filed incorporation papers with the New York secretary of state.

### Verdict of Second Degree Murder.

The jury in the trial at Binghamton of Frank Miner, charged with the murder of James Aaron Tobey at Vestal on Oct. 25 by shooting and then firing the house into which Tobey's body was dragged after death to consume the remains, brought in a verdict of murder in the second degree.

## PUBLIC UTILITIES BILL.

### Hearing Held by Joint Legislative Committee.

Among Important Changes is That Modifying Power of Removal and Allowing Railroads to Exchange Passes—Transportation For Newspaper Advertising.

Albany, April 30.—The so-called public utilities bill, in substantially the form in which its introducers, Senator Page and Assemblyman Merritt, desired it to go before the two houses for final disposition, came from the printer late yesterday afternoon; too late for detailed discussion at the hearing, or conference, on the subject held by the assembly railroads committee in joint session with the senate committee on judiciary.

There was, nevertheless, considerable debate on the bill as originally introduced, though in several instances Chairman Merritt declared that the assembly committee which has worked many hours on the bill, had already made substantially the changes asked for.

Practically no new objections were raised by the representatives of the public service corporations who appeared before the committee, and most of their suggestions were of a technical character, relating, for instance, to provisions for the entry of a defense by a corporation against which one of the proposed public service commissions shall have begun summary proceedings to enforce its orders.

### Pierce Criticizes the Bill.

The chief direct criticism of the bill as a whole was made by Henry J. Pierce, chairman of a committee appointed by the trustees of the Buffalo Chamber of Commerce, who presented 11 specific criticisms based on the original bill, three of which it appeared had already been made by the assembly committee. The principal objection was against the absolute power of removal vested in the hands of the governor.

Ex-Assemblyman Charles Campbell, who was leader of the Municipal Ownership delegation in last year's assembly, attacked the bill as unintelligible to a layman, and said it ought to have several months consideration. O. D. Franz of Buffalo, representing a local organization of the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors, objected to the bill on the ground that it would inevitably result in injury to railroad employees.

An informal discussion was held with the committee by Charles Mathewson, representing the Consolidated Gas company, William N. Dykeman of the Brooklyn Union Gas company and Colonel Timothy P. Williams of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company.

It was announced by Chairman Merritt that so far as the assembly committee was concerned there would be no more hearings on the bill, but that anyone who had suggestions to make after study of the amended bill might communicate them to the committee.

### Discussed at Public Meeting.

The special committee of the Albany Chamber of Commerce which has been studying the public utilities bill has reported and the trustees of the organization have adopted a recommendation favoring a public meeting to be held here for the discussion of the bill.

### As conditions of the meeting it is specified:

That two prominent speakers be invited to address this meeting, one to favor the measure, the other to oppose it; that the chambers of commerce and boards of trade in the state be invited to send representatives to this conference; that it be understood that this conference is called for the sole purpose of discussing the measure and that no vote is to be taken committing the gathering as standing in favor of or opposing the bill; that the Albany Chamber of Commerce is not to commit itself at the present time as either opposing or favoring the measure.

Among the railroad labor organizations which notified the legislative committees of opposition to the bill are H. G. Brooks Lodge No. 169 of Hornell and Albany City Lodge No. 330 of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers.

Among the amendments to the bill as originally introduced the most important from the layman's viewpoint is that modifying the power to remove a public service commissioner, proposed by the bill to be given to the governor. In the original bill it was provided that any commissioner might be removed by the governor, "but in case of such removal the governor shall file with the secretary of state a statement of the reasons for such removal and shall report such removal and the reasons to the legislature at its next session." The amended bill provides that:

"The governor may remove any commissioner for inefficiency, neglect of duty or misconduct in office, giving to him a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being publicly heard in person or by counsel in his own defense upon not less than 10 days notice. If such commissioner shall be removed, the governor shall file in the office of the secretary of state a complete statement of all charges made against him and his findings thereon together with a complete record of the proceedings."

The salaries of the commissioners

are increased from \$10,000 to \$15,000. The salaries of the commissioners, secretary and counsel for the first district, which by the first bill were to have been paid by New York city, are now to be paid by the state. The salary of other employees in the first district are to be paid by the city as provided in the first bill. By the original bill all fees collected by the two commissions were to go to the state. By this bill all fees collected in the first district are to go to New York city.

As to free transportation the bill is so amended as to allow railroads to exchange passes and the following is also added:

"Nor shall anything in this act prevent the issuance of passenger transportation in exchange for advertising space in newspapers at full rates."

### UNREASONABLE RESTRICTION.

Francis Lynde Stetson Criticizes the Public Utilities Bill.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., April 30.—Senator P. H. McCarran of Brooklyn and Francis Lynde Stetson of New York were the principal speakers at the Board of Trade banquet last night. Mr. Stetson paid particular attention to the public utilities bill now before the legislature.

"At present," said he, "and in quarters where we might expect a more general view of mankind at work, it seems to have become easy to assume that the winning workers are no more than lucky gamblers, conducting their play under the astute advice of conscienceless counsellors."

Such a law, continued Mr. Stetson, would have postponed the industrial development of Niagara and it must lead to a check and delay in the investment of new capital. He claimed that the intervention proposed by the bill would place unreasonable restrictions upon established businesses and operate most seriously to the disadvantage of the small investor.

### GIRL SUICIDE'S FUNERAL.

Preacher Declares Thaws and Whites Are Better Dead.

Oil City, Pa., April 30.—Funeral services over the remains of Miss M. Belle Stroup, who committed suicide in the office of a local physician last Wednesday, after having shot to death Thaddeus S. Ross a few hours before the time set for the latter's marriage to another girl, took place Sunday at Centerville, this county.

The interment was in a country graveyard, two miles from the church, and the procession of mourners in rigs reached from the church to the cemetery. Many people drove all night to be present.

The services were conducted by Rev. Lloyd Williams, pastor, who caused a sensation by declaring: "The world is better off without Stanford Whites, Harry Thaws and men of their stamp. Our daughters in their homes are safer without them. May God have mercy on their souls."

### Secretary Root Returns to Washington.

Utica, April 30.—Secretary Elihu Root returned to Washington yesterday after spending several days at Clinton. His visit at this time was to see his brother, Professor Oren Root, who has been ill for some weeks, but who here is improving. Secretary Root while here gave directions for some changes in the grounds of his summer home at Clinton and arranged for the carrying out of a great deal of work the coming summer.

### \$75,000 Paid for Boy's Ransom.

Constantinople, April 30.—Seventy-five thousand dollars was the ransom paid for the release of Robert Abbott, the son of a prominent British subject residing at Saloniki, who was kidnapped from his father's garden March 24 and eventually liberated when the demands of his abductors had been conceded. The brigands originally demanded \$100,000. The British government will insist that the ransom be repaid by the Turkish government.

### Explosion of Locomotive Boiler.

Watertown, N. Y., April 30.—One man was killed and several others injured yesterday afternoon by the explosion of the boiler of a locomotive on the Cranberry Lake railroad at Waukena. The dead man is Horace Tassel, a passenger whose address was not learned. Among the injured is William Reynolds, another passenger, of Watertown, and the engineer and fireman.

### Approved the President's Letter.

Washington, April 30.—George F. Dunn, president, and other officers of the Brotherhood of Boiler-makers, Iron-Shipbuilders and Helpers of America saw President Roosevelt yesterday regarding an equalization and revision of wages at all navy yards. The visitors voluntarily expressed to the president their approval of his recent letter concerning the Moyer-Haywood affair.

### Frawley Boxing Bill Vetoed.

Albany, April 30.—Governor Hughes last night sent to the senate his veto of the so-called Frawley boxing bill, with a message giving his reasons. The bill passed both houses last year but Governor Higgins allowed it to die in the 30-day period without comment.

### Died in Her 102d Year.

Syracuse, April 30.—Mrs. Elsa Babcock died Sunday night at her home in Homer, aged 101 years and 10 months. She had been in remarkable good health until recently. She was born near Easthampton, Mass.

## POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

### Summary of the Week's News of the World.

Cream of the News Culled From Long Dispatches and Put in Proper Shape For the Hurried Reader Who is Too Busy to Read the Longer Reports and Desires to Keep Posted.

Purchase of Cuban church property for government use brought out charges of graft against American officials in Havana.

Luther Burbank, a horticulturist, said in a book just published that the human race could be improved by methods similar to those used in improving plants.

All the ships in the American fleet assembling in Hampton Roads are ready to welcome the foreign men of war which will attend the Jamestown exposition opening.

Several thousand workmen, discharged from the Woolwich arsenal for reasons of economy, marched to the house of commons to impress their grievances upon the British government.

### Thursday.

Miss Anna T. Jeanes of Philadelphia gave \$1,000,000 for the education of negroes.

Rhode Island's legislature adjourned sine die without having broken the deadlock in a vote for a United States senator.

Secretary of War Taft declared Cuban national elections would be held in May or June, 1908, and that progress at Panama pleased him.

His sister promised to pay his debts, says Major Francis P. Fremont to the court martial trying him for alleged misrepresentations in obtaining loans.

Oliver M. Dennett, a broker, was arrested charged with being an accomplice of W. O. Douglas, who stole \$200,000 in bonds from the Trust Company of America.

### Friday.

A treaty of peace has been arranged between Nicaragua and Salvador, assuring quiet in Central America.

Governor Hughes struck a blow at the practice of renewing charters held for speculative purposes by voting a railroad charter extension bill.

Supreme court of Kansas holds nine big breweries have no right in the state and orders all property in their name taken in charge by receivers.

Developments show that great bond steal from the Trust Company of America in New York was engineered by a Boston man, and that Loan Clerk Douglass was merely a scapegoat.

A prominent British resident of Constantinople announces that a second Suez canal, under British auspices alone, is now assured and that a concession is only a matter of a few weeks.

### Saturday.

President Roosevelt yesterday opened the Jamestown Tercentennial exposition at Norfolk, Va.

Frank Butler, arrested on suspicion of knowing something of the fate of Little Horace Marvin, was set free in Dover, Del.

William Loeb, Jr., secretary to the president, will, it is said, become head of the Washington Railway and Electric company.

Secretary Taft refused to confer with steam shovel men on the Panama canal unless they withdrew their threat to strike if their demand for more pay was not settled at once.

George J. Gould declared himself in favor of government control of railroads and federal supervision of security issues and praised the policy of President Roosevelt in regard to corporations.

### Monday.

Jingo papers of England and Germany fan into a flame the mutual dislike of the nations, and it is declared that the countries are near a struggle.

Indiana labor union men are angered by the decision of the federal court by which the property of a union member is sold to pay costs of litigation.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson told the American club in Pittsburg that coal, wood and oil would some day be exhausted and alcohol would take their places.

Robert R. Bowker, former head of the Edison company, gave details of the financial juggery by which that concern's capital was greatly swollen and the lighting monopoly of New York obtained.

### Tuesday.

Charles H. Cramp denied the statement attributed to Representative Waldo that privately built warships are poorly constructed.

Reports from large labor centers indicate fewer troubles than usual at the opening of the workmen's year on May 1.

A dispatch from Naples reports a sudden eruption of Stromboli, in which houses of peasants were overwhelmed by lava and vineyards were destroyed.

## New York Provision Market.

New York, April 29.  
 WHEAT—No. 2 red, 85½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 95½c f. o. b.; No. 2 corn, 57½c; No. 2 white, 53c.  
 OATS—Mixed oats, 26 to 32 lbs., 47½c; clipped white, 36 to 40 lbs., 53 to 54½c.  
 PORK—Mess, \$17.25@18.00; family, \$18.50@19.00.  
 HAY—Shipping, 75@80c; family, choice, \$1.15@1.20.  
 BUTTER—Creamery, extra, 27@27½c; common to extra, 21@27c; state dairy, common to fancy, 21@27c.  
 CHEESE—State full cream, fancy, 15c.  
 EGGS—State and Pennsylvania, 20c.  
 POTATOES—State and Western, per bush, \$1.50@2.10.

## Buffalo Provision Market.

Buffalo, April 29.  
 WHEAT—No. 1 northern carload, 90½c; No. 2 red, 84½c.  
 CORN—No. 2, 54½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 55½c.  
 OATS—No. 2 white, 47½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 3 white, 46½c.  
 FLOUR—White blended patent, per bush, \$4.75@5