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BOROUGH OFFICERS.

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Regular Terms of Court.

Fourth Monday of February. Third Monday of May. Third Monday of September. Third Monday of November.

Church and Sabbath School.

Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m.; M. E. Sabbath School at 10:00 a. m. Preaching in M. E. Church every Sabbath evening by Rev. W. O. Calhoun. Preaching in the F. M. Church every Sabbath evening at the usual hour. Rev. R. A. Zahniser, Pastor. Services in the Presbyterian Church every Sabbath morning and evening. Rev. Dr. Paul J. Slonaker, Pastor. The regular meetings of the W. C. T. U. are held at the headquarters on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TIONESTA LODGE, No. 360, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building.

FOREST LODGE, No. 184, A. O. U. W. Meets every Friday evening in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW POST, No. 274 G. A. R. Meets 1st and 3d Monday evening in each month, in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW CORPS, No. 137, W. R. C. Meets first and third Wednesday evening in each month, in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta, Pa.

UTIONESTA TENT, No. 164, K. O. T. M. Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday evening in each month in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta, Pa.

KARL E. WENK, DENTIST, TIONESTA, PA. All work guaranteed. Rooms over Forest County National Bank.

RITCHEY & CARRINGER, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Tionesta, Pa.

CURTIS M. SHAWKEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Warren, Pa. Practice in Forest Co.

A. C. BROWN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office in Arner Building, Cor. Elm and Bridge Sts., Tionesta, Pa.

D. R. F. J. BOYARD, Physician & Surgeon, TIONESTA, PA.

D. R. J. C. DUNN, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, and DRUGGIST. Office over store, Tionesta, Pa. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours of day or night. Residence—Elm St., between Grove's grocery and Gerow's restaurant.

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H. E. MCKINLEY, Hardware, Tinning & Plumbing, Tionesta, Pa.

S. J. SETLEY, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Keeps a complete line of Justice's blanks for sale. Also Blank deeds, mortgages, etc., Tionesta, Pa.

HOTEL WEAVER, E. A. WEAVER, Proprietor. This hotel, formerly the Lawrence House, has undergone a complete change, and is now furnished with all the modern improvements. Heated and lighted throughout with natural gas, bathrooms, hot and cold water, etc. The comforts of guests never neglected.

CENTRAL HOUSE, GEROW & GEROW Proprietors, Tionesta, Pa. This is the most centrally located hotel in the place, and has all the modern improvements. No pains will be spared to make it a pleasant stopping place for the traveling public. First class livery in connection.

PHIL EMERT, FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER. Shop in Walters building, Cor. Elm and Walnut streets. Is prepared to do all kinds of custom work from the finest to the coarsest and guarantees his work to give perfect satisfaction. Prompt attention given to mending, and prices reasonable.

LORENZO FULTON, Manufacturer of and Dealer in HARNESS, COLLARS, BRIDLES, And all kinds of HORSE-FURNISHING GOODS. TIONESTA, PA.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. for free advice and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

CANAL MEN IN MUTINY.

Laborers From Martinique Refused to Disembark at Colon.

Forger Got Valuable Securities—Turnels Under North River—Raybrook Consumption Hospital—Supplies For Indians—Gomez Withdraws From Cuban Election—Advance In Oil.

Six hundred and fifty laborers from Martinique, brought to Colon last Friday on the French steamship Versailles under contract to work on the canal, refused to disembark or to submit to vaccination, which is imperative under the American sanitary regulations.

Saturday morning, however, 500 of them were with difficulty persuaded to land and these were sent to points along the line of the canal. One hundred and fifty remained on board and declined to leave the ship under any consideration.

These were forcibly ejected from the vessel Sunday afternoon by Panamanian and Canal Zone police, but not until nearly every one of them had been clubbed and several were bleeding from bad wounds. All of Saturday and Sunday the Versailles was guarded by Panamanian policemen.

Seeing that resistance was useless, the men yielded, came ashore and began to eat the food which had been placed on the dock in sight of them for several hours. Many of them had not eaten since Saturday. At 5 o'clock all the laborers, who were in a pitiable condition, were placed on board a train which left for Corozal, where they will be put to work.

Forger Got Valuable Securities.

The details of a plan whereby the National City bank of New York was victimized by a clever forger have been made public. The forger presented a bogus check bearing the name of a well-known stock exchange firm and received in return securities valued at about \$30,000.

A private detective agency was called in and transfer of the securities was at once stopped. The detectives intimate that they have a clue to the identity of the forger, who is believed to have had accomplices.

The securities include 1,000 shares of United States Steel common, 1,000 shares of Rock Island common, 1,000 shares of Metropolitan Street railway; 700 shares of Missouri Pacific, 200 shares of North American company, 47 of American Tobacco Co. 6 per cent bonds and some Wabash debenture bonds.

Tunnels Under North River.

The twin tunnels to connect New York and New Jersey, started by Hudson company 27 years ago but abandoned for a time because of engineering problems which it was thought could not be overcome, were completed Friday when the barrier at the Manhattan side on the south tunnel was broken through by means of a hydraulic jack.

State's Consumption Hospital.

The trustees of New York state hospital for incipient pulmonary tuberculosis in the Adirondacks have issued their completed statistics for the first year, which show an excellent percentage of recoveries and improvements.

State's Consumption Hospital.

There were admitted during the year 207 patients, more than half of whom were incipient, according to the strict definition of the term. There were no deaths. Of the 105 patients discharged 52 were apparently recovered.

Treatment at the hospital consists mainly of outdoor air, wholesome food and rest. Scarcely any medicine is given. During the summer months nearly the entire time has been spent on the verandas or in tents with all the flaps raised.

Fear of Financial Breakdown.

Notwithstanding the silence of the government, the real fact was disclosed at Tokio recently that Japan made peace at Portsmouth in fear of a financial breakdown. The war proved more costly than had been calculated and the rice and cereal crops seemed doomed to failure. During the month of August, when the crops ripen, there was continuous rain and exceedingly cold weather. While some improvement may still be in store, it is certain that the rice crop promises to be from 15 to 20 per cent below the average and far below last year's crop, when it was marvellously large. Six months more of war would have meant very hard times, for the masses of the people are very poor and rice is their bread and meat.

Arrest in Torsao Case.

The first arrest in connection with the finding in the harbor near Winthrop on September 21 of a dress suit case containing the mutilated corpse of a woman on whom the medical examiner states an illegal operation had been performed, occurred Sunday when the local officers took into custody, on suspicion of being an accomplice in the case of William A. Haynes of Boston. The arrest is stated to have been

made on statements by Samuel A. Wingfield, who told the police that he had a friend who had cut up a body.

Haynes was later discharged, the authorities not crediting Wingfield's story.

Supplies For Indians.

United States Indian Agent B. B. Wheeler distributed at Syracuse, N. Y., on Friday \$20,000 in warrant to minors and heirs of dead Indians on the Onondaga reservation and in addition gave every woman and child about 12 yards of gingham and sheeting.

The total amount of money spent for cloth every year for the New York Indians is \$3,500. The sum was originally \$4,500 but a large number of Onondagas settled in Wisconsin and \$1,000 is allowed them. By the terms of the original treaty the amount was to be spent in merchantable supplies which by common consent came to mean gingham and sheeting.

Russia's Foremost Hero.

The remains of Major General Kon dratenko, commander of the Seventh East Siberian Rifles, who was killed December last at Port Arthur, and who is honored throughout Russia as the foremost hero of the war, arrived at Odessa Sunday on a steamer from Port Arthur.

The body was received with great civic and military demonstration, it striking contrast with the indifference displayed on the arrival of Lieutenant General Stoessel. Deputations brought wreaths from many cities and from the Russian army in Manchuria.

Charged With Stealing Machine Parts.

Frederick Merker, employed at Elzabeth, N. J., as a shipping clerk by the Singer Sewing Machine company, was arrested on a charge of stealing \$250,000 worth of machine parts from the company. He was held without bail for trial. Merker had charge of the shipment of parts of sewing machines to agents. Nearly all the stolen machinery was taken from boxes which had already been packed for shipment to South America or Australia.

Fort Johnson Sold.

The Ethan Akin estate at Akin, two miles west of Amsterdam, along the New York Central line, including the colonial residence of Sir William Johnson, baronet, known as Fort Johnson; several hundred acres of land and a number of houses and buildings has been sold at auction to the estate of Fort Johnson. A substantial stone mansion, situated on the north side of the Mohawk river at Akin, and was built by Sir William Johnson in 1745 and named by him "Mount Johnson."

Killed by a Falling Boulder.

While climbing a fifty-foot hill near Winsted, Conn., on Sunday James G. Madrah, Jr., who was on an outing trip, stepped on a big boulder which toppled over and both man and rock were hurled down a 50-foot embankment. At the bottom the rock fell on Laddrah and killed him instantly and his crushed body was found by his son.

Old Frigate Constitution.

Borough President Martin W. Lit tleton of Brooklyn has appointed a committee of residents of that borough to take steps looking to the preservation of the old frigate Constitution, now at the Boston navy yard, and to see if it is not possible for the school children of Brooklyn to purchase the vessel and bring it to Brooklyn.

Platt is Out With Higgins.

United States Senator Thomas C. Platt, who arrived from Washington, said in an interview: "I am against Governor Higgins for another term under any circumstances." He declined to say who his candidate for governor would be.

Suicide of Wealthy Clubman.

In New York city Friday William R. Travers, a millionaire man of leisure son of the celebrated wit and Wall street operator William Travers, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head in his apartments in Madison avenue.

Memorial of the Late Jay Gould.

Miss Helen Miller Gould has agreed to give \$150,000 for a railroad Young Men's Christian association building at St. Louis, Mo. The building will be a memorial to the late Jay Gould, and will probably be completed by Sept. 1, 1906.

Speaker Nixon May Recover.

Speaker Nixon continues to improve and unless complications set in it is now believed he will recover. He takes a good quantity of nourishment and is in good spirits. Dr. MacDonald has returned to Albany.

President Returns to Washington.

The president is back in Washington facing the winter's hard work. The journey from Oyster Bay was without incident, excepting demonstrations which proved the popular regard which he possesses.

All Grades of Oil Advanced.

The price of all grades of oil have been advanced again in Kansas. The greatest increase is in the cheaper grades. Fuel oil and oil grading 30 degrees were both advanced 5 cents a barrel.

Gomez Withdraws From Contest.

Jose Miguel Gomez, governor of the province of Santa Clara, who was nominated by the Liberals for the presidency of the Cuban republic, has resigned his candidacy.

TO SAVE PATRICK'S LIFE

Old and New Points Raised by Former Senator Hill.

Opposing Brief Characterizes Senator Hill's Comment on Judge Gray as Being Such as No Degree of Emphasis in Counsel Could Render Respectable.

Albany, Oct. 3.—The case of Albert T. Patrick, who since March 26, 1902, has been under conviction of the murder of the aged millionaire, William Marsh Rice in New York city in 1900, came again before the court of appeals yesterday afternoon in an aspect as remarkable as any of the previous phases of this case, which throughout has been one of the most extraordinary in the criminal history of this state.

Patrick's counsel, former United States Senator David B. Hill, presented a brief in support of his motion for a reargument of the case, which was decided against Patrick by the court last June by a vote of 4 to 3.

Judge Gray's Part in Judgment.

In the course of this brief he points out that a son of Judge Clinton Gray, one of the judges of the court of appeals and one of those who voted against the reversal of Patrick's conviction, was an assistant district attorney of New York county and participated in the prosecution of Patrick.

The opposing brief of District Attorney Jerome, drawn it is said by the late ex-Justice Judson S. Landon a short time before his recent death and filed by Assistant District Attorney Howard Gans, characterizes Senator Hill's comment upon Judge Gray's part as being such as "no degree of emphasis in counsel could render respectable."

"The suggestion that Judge Gray violated the proprieties in taking part in this case is as contemptible as it is impudent," the district attorney's brief declares.

The legal history of Patrick's case may be summarized as follows:

Arrested Oct. 4, 1900; trial began Jan. 20, 1902; convicted March 26, 1902; put in death house at Sing Sing April 2, 1902; appeal for new trial denied July 10, 1903; petition for new trial denied by the trial court March 3, 1903; argument on appeal to court of appeals postponed for second time May 20, 1904; argument for reopening case Feb. 12, 1905; arguments for new trial March 15, 1905; court refuses to grant new trial, affirms conviction June 9, 1905; refuses stay of execution June 14, 1905; execution set for Aug. 7, June 16, 1905; motion for reargument and stay of execution granted July 24, 1905; renewal of motion for reargument Oct. 2, 1905.

Jerome's Opposing Brief.

The brief filed for District Attorney Jerome in opposition to the motion for a reargument thus criticizes the effort to secure a reargument; "It is an attempt to reopen the case founded upon a reshuffle of all that was urged upon the argument and in the briefs and coupled with motion papers which, while conceding that practically all the points urged had been discussed in the court, undertakes to criticize, in terms, were counsel less eminent, might well be regarded as insolent, those of the court's deliberate conclusions which the distinguished counsel is constrained to criticize, and assails the judicial conduct of a member of this court in a manner which no degree of emphasis in counsel could render respectable."

"This diatribe covers two volumes aggregating 164 printed pages and enumerates under 20 separate heads the points which it is alleged the court considered but was unable to grasp, devotes one head to a meretricious point which had not previously been deemed worthy of discussion, one to the attack on the learned judge who wrote the prevailing opinion and two to a laudation of the members of the court who dissented, conceived in a spirit which renders it scarcely less objectionable than the attack upon their associates."

The brief goes specifically into a review of the points raised by Senator Hill, denying that they constitute a ground for the reargument of the case. Referring to the point of Senator Hill that the son of Judge Gray was an assistant district attorney in the case the brief states: "The suggestion that Judge Gray violated the proprieties in taking part in this case is as contemptible as it is impudent."

The brief concludes: "The opinions make clear that the defendant's guilt was established beyond the shadow of a doubt; that he had a fair and impartial trial and that he had the careful and painstaking hearing and consideration of his appeal which this court always accords, and hence it is respectfully submitted that the motion for a reargument should be denied."

Cornerstone of McKinley Monument.

Canton, O., Oct. 3.—At the conclusion of a meeting of the executive committee of the McKinley National Memorial association it was announced that the cornerstone of the monument will be laid Nov. 16, at 11 o'clock a. m., by Justice W. R. Day, president of the association. The trustees of the association are expected to be present but there will be no formal demonstration. That will be reserved until the dedication of the monument when President Roosevelt and other noted men are expected to be present and participate in the program.

BOOTHMAN TRIAL OPENED.

Alleged Confederate of Whiteman in Fidelity Company Swindle.

Buffalo, Oct. 3.—Joseph Boothman, alleged confederate of Alonzo J. Whiteman in the swindling of the Fidelity Trust company, was placed on trial in criminal term of supreme court under one of the half dozen indictments reported against him more than a year ago.

The indictment under which Boothman was placed on trial, charges grand larceny in the second degree. It is almost identical with the indictment under which Whiteman was last placed on trial. It charges Boothman with complicity in the theft of \$450 from the Fidelity Trust company on July 5, 1904.

On that day a check for \$750 was drawn against the "Hubbard" account in the Fidelity bank. The check was signed by P. H. Hubbard and was payable to the order of one H. R. Thomas, who is said to be Boothman. The check was handed to John W. Flynn, the horseman, and he got the cash on the check. Flynn has already testified that when he got the cash on this check he gave it to Boothman, and Boothman has sworn twice that he gave the money to Whiteman. The account drawn against was the \$9,000 account formed by the deposit of a check raised from \$51 to \$9,000.

Boothman, nattily dressed and debonair as ever, was early in court, and, for the first time since the Whiteman case became of any importance, had a place in the prisoners' dock. He chatted earnestly with his counsel, William Armstrong.

Charles A. Dolson and E. W. McIntyre, counsel for Whiteman, were on hand and conferred earnestly with Mr. Armstrong. It was evident from this that for the first time since the arrest of Whiteman he and Boothman joined forces.

Thomas Kennedy, serving time in Auburn prison on his plea of guilty in connection with a bank swindling transaction, and who is alleged to have been a member of the Knox-Whiteman gang, will be one of the witnesses for the defense. An order has been secured from Justice Renwick upon which Kennedy will be brought here.

Poughkeepsie and Kingston.

Albany, Oct. 3.—The population of Poughkeepsie is 25,279, an increase of 1,350 over the number of inhabitants in 1900. The population as actually enumerated on June 1 was 25,146, but from that total was deducted 22 inmates of a county institution credited to other places and there was added 265 inmates of state institutions who were residents of Poughkeepsie at the time of their commitment.

The population of Kingston is 25,557, an increase of 1,022. The number actually enumerated on June 1, was 25,411. From that number 8 inmates of a county institution were deducted and 149 inmates of state institutions added.

Shot Woman Who Refused to Elope.

Middletown, N. Y., Oct. 3.—Domitick Agostino shot Mrs. Rose Fablo of this place, and when chased into the woods by the police turned his revolver against his own head and killed himself. The woman was so badly injured that her recovery was considered doubtful. She told the police that Agostino, who had once been a sutler for her hand in marriage, had come to her demanding that she elope with him. He shot her for refusing this request. For several hours after the shooting Agostino kept ahead of the party of officers which pursued him but was overtaken a few miles distant from here late in the day.

The State Department.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Mr. Root formally took up the duties of the office of secretary of state. He introduced the new assistant secretary, Mr. Bacon, to Mr. Loomis, the retiring assistant secretary. M. Jusserand, the French ambassador, called at the department by appointment and remained with Secretary Root for half an hour. His principal business was the presentation of the grave issue which has arisen between France and Venezuela. It is stated that while this matter is regarded as important no real crisis has yet arisen and nothing that seemed to require any action on the part of this government.

Two New Turbine Propellers.

Montreal, Que., Oct. 3.—The Allan Line Steamship company has decided to build two new turbine propeller steamships. The two turbines, the Virginian and Victorian, have given satisfaction but it has been decided to build the new steamships of greater tonnage and with a sea speed of eighteen knots. They will be ready for service in about a year.

The Longest Novel.

The "Story of the Eight Dogs" is the longest novel that has ever been published. Fortunately, perhaps, it is written in Japanese, so no one will set himself the task of reading it. It contains 106 volumes, several hundred characters and numerous dogs, all of which are successfully disposed of by the time the last chapter is reached. Just imagine reading through that—one book that would last a lifetime!

Trac Heroism.

The hero fears not that if he withhold the avowal of a just and brave act it will go unwatched and unloved. One knows it himself—and is pledged by it to sweetness of peace and to nobleness of aim, which will prove in the end a better proclamation of it than the relating of the incident.—Emerson.

SHORTER NEWS ITEMS.

Pointed Paragraphs Chronicing the Week's Doings.

Long Dispatches From Various Parts of the World Shorn of Their Padding and Only Facts Given in as Few Words as Possible For the Benefit of the Hurried Reader.

Compulsory reference to The Hague of all future disputes is provided for in the agreement for the dissolution of Norway and Sweden.

For the purpose of financing its recent C. H. and D. purchase, the Erie railroad will issue \$10,000,000 in 4 per cent bonds, convertible into stock at 60.

George E. Spooner, one of the leading drygoods merchants of Medina hanged himself in his room at his home on West Center street. Ill health was the cause.

Suit was begun in Chicago for \$250,000 damages against the Curtis Publishing company, publishers of the Ladies' Home Journal. Samuel B. Hartman of Columbus, proprietor of the Peruna Medicine company, is the plaintiff in the suit.

Thursday.

London's corporation has resolved to confer the freedom of the city on General Booth.

It was stated that the fusion situation leads to the belief that the Republicans will abandon all plans to agree and will nominate a straight ticket in New York.

United States Senator John F. Dryden, president of the Prudential Life Insurance company, began a propaganda for his bill placing life insurance in federal control.

John D. Rockefeller is given a demonstration of esteem by several hundred Cleveland friends, in addressing whom he deprecates the hunt for mere money and talks of the higher life.

The Pacific liner Korea arrived from the Orient, beating the trans-Pacific record by several hours. Among her passengers were Secretary of War Taft and most of the members of the party which left with him on July 8 last.

Friday.

The Leyte, a small gunboat taken from Spain, foundered during the typhoon at Manila.

The total population of the city of Elmira is 34,692, a decrease of 980 from the census figures of 1900, which were 35,672.

Two hundred union job printers struck in Buffalo, having failed to secure from employers an agreement on the eight-hour day schedule.

Senator Thomas C. Platt declared his belief that Mayor McClellan would be re-elected and said he had no intention of retiring from the senate, giving up politics or dying this year.

England's treaty with Japan has had the effect of drawing Russia and Germany closer together, and St. Petersburg is alarmed at the new pact, fearing that it foreshadows differences in Eastern Asia.

Saturday.

Richard Olney said government rail road rate legislation means government ownership and he opposes both.

Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the Panama canal commission, and a party of experts sailed for the isthmus on the steamship Havana.

Bishop Potter frowned on the attempt of a clergyman in the diocesan convention to pass a resolution condemning those blamed for insurance scandals.

Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture predicts lower retail prices during the coming winter season for meat, dairy products, poultry and other necessities of life.

Germany and France have come to an agreement on the Morocco question, regulating police and financial reforms but affairs on the Algerian frontier are to be under French control.

Monday.

Canadian oil men start for Persia in the hope of finding wealth through the development of the resources of the empire of the shah.

Congress will probably be asked to provide a special train for the use of the president and to appropriate money for its transportation over railroads.

Mother of Representative Longworth, arriving from Europe, disclaimed knowledge of the reported engagement of her son to marry Miss Roosevelt.

Changes in strength of patent drugs, as revised in the Pharmacopoeia, with previous notice to physicians and druggists, it was feared would prove fatal to patients.

Tuesday.

The warrant for the extradition of Gaynor and Greene has been signed by the minister of justice and forwarded to the lieutenant governor of Quebec.

Joseph Boothman, alleged accomplice of Alonzo J. Whiteman in swindling of the Fidelity Trust company, was placed on trial in supreme court at Buffalo.

College men closely identified with American football give their views on substituting the English association game for the present American college game.

FIGHT AGAINST WEAVER.

Derogatory Motions Are Painted Every where in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Oct. 2.—Again there is civil war in Philadelphia. As soon as it was night Saturday morning 400 men with paint pots and ladders started from a point in the center of the city. They had been called to the rendezvous by a gang chieftain and their leader had a map of Philadelphia, on which were certain mystic dots. To each of these dots the painters went.

At once, from Germantown to the Neck and from the Delaware out to the county line, the signs began to appear. Some read: "Mayor Weaver is a shrewd schemer—Dr. Parkhurst; "Vote the full Republican ticket; "Others read, "