

Calendar table for July 1901 with columns for Su, Mo, Tu, We, Th, Fr, Sa and rows for dates 1-31.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

COUNTY. County Treasurer, CALVIN M. ARNER, Tionesta.

A DEMOCRATIC paper wants to know if criticism of a protective tariff is treason. Oh, no; it is just exploded foolishness.

SOME of the Legislators' ideas of what is expected of them by their constituents will not square with the Ten Commandments.—Franklin News.

SOME of the men who have been "doing" their constituents at Harrisburg should never have the presumption to ask for a re-election.—Blizard.

FATALITIES from storms and accidents seem unusually frequent, but it must be remembered that the population of the United States is twice as large as it was in 1880.

THE Ohio Republicans adopted a ringing platform. They point to a splendid list of promises redeemed and make some more pledges that will take the shape of performance.

VISITORS to Athens, Greece, will soon inspect the ancient wonders of that town from trolly cars built in New Jersey. The classic land is experiencing an electric boom, which is safer than trying to wipe Turkey from the map.

MR. BRYAN'S "authoritative declaration" that Mark Hanna ought to be nominated by the Republican party probably indicates that the heated atmosphere of the Buffalo Midway has proved a bit try for the Boy Orator's brain.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

IN 1899 the people paid \$146,000,000 for interest on the public debt. The amount now is \$20,000,000, and the rate has declined from 7.30 per cent. to 2 per cent. Nothing more need be said when it is added that Uncle Sam's credit is the best in the world.

A NEWSPAPER whose editorial opinions are determined by the moral influence of a page advertisement is severely shocked at the base and mercenary motives which control the actions of a low down politician.—Punxy, Spire.

SOME of the present appearances of the volunteers except a few battalions on the way from the Philippines who will still be on the ocean will be mustered out by the beginning of July, and the new regular army will be recruited to the 75,000 limit by that time. Uncle Sam's new army will probably be the most effective in the world of its size.

WHEN President McKinley was inaugurated the United States was paying \$34,000,000 a year interest on the public debt. Two wars have since been fought and the public debt increased \$150,000,000, but the annual interest charge now is only \$29,000,000. The finances of the United States have been splendidly managed under President McKinley.

WARREN'S State Hospital will get an appropriation of \$30,500 from our Legislature, mainly through the active aid of Senator Cummings. The amount is divided as follows and is generally needed: \$15,000 for finishing and furnishing the nurses' and farm buildings, erected last year; \$10,000 for modern plumbing; \$2,500 for shower baths; and \$3,000 for a silo.

THE new Congressional apportionment places this county in the 28th district, composed of the counties of Mercer, Venango, Forest, Warren and Elk. Clarion is now a part of the 27th, and is snugly stowed away in a Republican district along with Jefferson, Indiana and Armstrong. Center and Clearfield, which were so long a part of us, are now with Cameron and McKean counties, a safe Republican district. We are sorry to part company with our old associates, but they are wisely demitted and will get along nicely with their new neighbors, while Forest and Elk will adapt themselves to the new order of things as naturally as a duck would take to the mill pond. And with your Uncle Joe Sibbey as our representative, than whom there is no better in the Union, we'll all be happy as the proverbial small boy killing snakes.

WHEN an American manufacturer finds that he has overstocked the market at home, he ships his surplus abroad and sells it at a price which enables him to compete with England, France or Germany in their own markets. He is satisfied in many cases to get back his original investment and the cost of transportation. By doing this he is able to keep his plant in operation and give his men employment all the time. If this were not done many manufacturing institutions in the United States would be forced at various times to work on half time or even shut down until they had realized upon the stock in hand. It is this system which has been largely responsible for the tremendous extensions of American trade abroad especially in machinery, during the recent and prevailing full tide of production. In this respect the difference in prices at home and abroad has absolutely nothing to do with the tariff question, and many manufacturers assert that a reduction in the tariff at home would simply result in reduced wages to their men and have little or no effect in any other direction.—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

Coasting Along the Mediterranean Shores.

Our camping tour ended at Beyroute and we were sorry to part with our good faithful dragoon, Ess and George, and the attendants. Three weeks of associating together under such circumstances had made us feel that although we might differ in color by a few shades we were still "all of one blood." These dragoons were tireless in all their duties. By day guiding us along difficult paths, helping the poor riders, hurrying up the laggard ones, fixing bridles, adjusting saddles, stirrups, mounting and dismounting fifty times a day, besides burdening themselves with a lot of surplus wraps, cameras, and umbrellas that the owners did not want to be bothered with. By night they took turns in guarding us from attacks of midnight marauders or the low mean sneak thieves. Some nights they got scarcely any sleep but still were bright and cheerful all day. The attendants were also faithful and did their part in making the trip pleasant. How they all hung around us when at last we left the camp to stop at the hotel in Beyroute, ever ready to attend to every little want, and it was not for naught either. It will be a long time before they are forgotten.

Beyroute is the most important city in the east coast of the Great Sea. It lies almost on a knoll rising up from the seashore and is backed by the longest ridge of Lebanon. This was not our first introduction to Beyroute. A month prior to this upon leaving Egypt we were brought here contrary to our wishes. A case of plague had been discovered at Alexandria on the day we left Cairo. When we reached Port Said we were told that as there was no quarantine at Jaffa, our port, we would be taken to Beyroute and held for two days. You can imagine perhaps, how we felt when our object was to reach Jerusalem for the Greek Easter and instead lie in quarantine. However they were master of the situation and we could only obey. There was one redeeming feature about it to compensate in part for our disappointment in missing the Holy Fire in Jerusalem. It gave us the opportunity to see a large part of the coast between Beyroute and Jaffa and understand that a time Hiram's rathmen must have had in getting Hiram's logs to Solomon's market if the sea was a little rough.

Tyre and Sidon also lie on the coast and were capped Mount Siermon away in the interior was easily seen from the steamer's deck.

For two days we lay out in the roads with the miserable yellow flag of quarantine flying from its place between the masts warning every one to keep their distance, a veritable cry of "unclean unclean," while a Turkish officer lay in his little boat near us to keep us from getting away. We were all taken to the quarantine station where an officer wrote out a bill of health, or something else for all we know, as it was done in Arabic, for which he charged us a good price. Then we were taken into an adjoining room where they had a bucket full of disinfectant and a garden hose with which they sprinkled our baggage and squirted a little of it toward us. They allowed us to return to our ship which later on they doused with this disinfectant. It was all largely a farce but we had to pay for the music. The prevalence of a plague and other infectious diseases in that country render a strict quarantine law necessary although the slight causes sometimes make it appear ridiculous. Neither had we nor our ship been exposed.

Beyroute is the chief commercial city of Syria and does a large business with all parts of the world. In one year 629 sailing vessels and 2541 steamers entered its port doing an export business of over eight million dollars. Among the interesting industries is the silk trade. In our drive to the Dog River along the coast we saw scores of little houses built out of cane stalks or material of that kind in the groves of mulberries. These trees were cut back to almost the trunk every year and from this stump great numbers of sprouts grew covered with heavy foliage. It looked strange to see so many groves like this but we soon learned the reason. These little houses were where the silk worms were kept and fed upon the mulberry leaves which were cut and fed to them fresh. We visited one of these worm houses. All around on the inside were shelves upon which were laid these mulberry branches. The leaves were covered with a large white worm and all of these were busy eating away at the leaves. The attendants were careful to keep them supplied and also to keep the strong wind from blowing on them.

The Moslem is being gradually displaced by the Christian in Beyroute. Of the 120,000 inhabitants only about 36,000 are Moslem, the others being Greeks, Maronites, Jews, Latins, Armenians, Druses, Protestants, etc. The Presbyterian mission is the largest institution and one of the most successful of this churches foreign enterprises. They have a college of about 500 students, a girls' seminary with 100 students, a hospital, churches and about 145 schools in different sections under its care. The printing press supplies Arabic literature, as the Bible, etc., to all Arabic speaking people. It is self-supporting and some years turns in a balance to the mission fund. They also print a weekly paper and monthly magazine. The names of Mrs. Bliss, Jessup, Thomson, Smith, and Van Dyck are household names in missionary circles everywhere, and they have accomplished great things in the educational and religious life of this part. Other institutions for special work are successful also, as the Church of Scall and Jewish Mission, British School and Bible work, the German Hospital, Orphanage and Boarding School, also a large kindergarten under Italian control. The Dog River, about two hours drive along the shore, is a point of interest usually visited by tourists. It is said to receive its name from an incident that occurred centuries ago. An army was encamped on the one side of the river and during the night the enemy stealthily approached from the other side when a dog alarmed the sleeping sentinels by barking. The opposing general cursed the dog which was turned into a stone where he stood in the middle of the river. The stone is there where it can be seen till this day. There are also many other similar stones there. This fending has been considered by many as "the entering in of Hamath," or the road by which

the great armies from the east and west passed in campaigns of plunder. The remains of a very old bridge still stand and also several inscriptions on the rocks near by. One of these is said to refer to Ramesses II of Egypt in the 14th century B. C. and the other to Samsarcib in the 8th century B. C.

Whether you wish comfort or not. A HAMMOCK is an ideal place when you have that tired feeling. There is comfort in the prices we ask for ours. . . .

A few insurgents in the Philippines are still at large. Nevertheless, the civil government is going to be put in operation on the Fourth of July. Thus the great American holiday will become part of the traditions of the Filipinos. These races will, for the first time in their history, be made acquainted with national liberty. They will have freedom, ground upon order. All their rights of property and political privileges will be respected, and the only privilege of a constantly broadening scale will be bestowed upon them. July 4, 1901, will be a great day in the annals of the Philippines.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75 Hall's Family Pills are the best.

How to Keep Cool.

Rules prescribed by an editor who was sweating when he wrote 'em: On rising in the morning, sponge the body quickly with cold or tepid water. If robust take a cold bath; delicate persons, especially those with a weak heart, should content themselves with a tepid sponge bath. Avoid going out in the full heat of the sun. If you must do so wear white outer clothing. The early morning and early evening are the best times for out-of-door exercise during the hottest days of the summer. When very hot, after walking or other exertion, do not indulge in iced drinks or bathe the skin with very cold water; the sudden shock to the system, especially to delicate people, may prove highly injurious. The food during summer should be light, but nourishing. Intense heat, causes a good deal of waste to the system, and the diet should therefore be sustaining. All highly stimulating and very rich foods should be avoided, however, and fresh green vegetables, salads, such as lettuce, endive, watercress, tomatoes, and fruits of all kinds should form an essential part of the daily dietary. Animal food is needed, but should be taken in strict moderation. Milk is a very valuable article of diet in summer, and diluted with lime water makes a refreshing and cooling drink. Keep the atmosphere of your house cool by having the windows closed and the blinds down during the hottest part of the day. When the sun gets low, open the windows and draw up the blinds where possible. By this means you will keep sunbathed air out of the house. The bed room windows should be open at the top all night, and in the early morning, before the sun becomes hot, as many windows as possible should be widely opened, so that the cool morning air may enter. Open all the windows again in the evening, thus thoroughly ventilating the house and filling it with cool air.

Dear Sir: Ira Gould, a painter in Cobrook, N. H., bought of our agent there, Wesley Wentworth, 4 gallons of paint, thinned it down with two gallons of oil, and gave his house one coat. Every painter in town declared he had painted two coats. "That's all the far the story goes," as Uncle Remus says. We don't know whether it made a good job or not; but the painter thought it did. We should call it priming. Maybe the house didn't need painting. A priming coat is enough if put on often enough. But if Ira Gould had set out to do us a favor, he couldn't have done much better. One priming coat of Devco is enough to make painters say, "He's been painting two coats; and wants us to think he has done it with one, and that half oil! No thank you."

We don't know Mr. Gould but we know Mr. Wentworth. Guess the story is straight. Yours truly, F. W. DEVCO & Co. P. S.—James D. Davis sells our paint in your section.

Fourth of July Rates

via the Nickel Plate Road, at one fare for the round trip, good within a distance of 200 miles. Tickets on sale July 3d and 4th, good returning until July 5th, inclusive. Write, wire, phone or call on nearest agent, or call at or address City Ticket Office, 929 State street, Erie, Pa., H. C. Allen, C. P. & T. A. No. 96 7-3

Zinc and Grinding make

Devco Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand.

It is Up to You

Whether you wish comfort or not. A HAMMOCK is an ideal place when you have that tired feeling. There is comfort in the prices we ask for ours. . . .

ROBINSON.

AMERICAN MEAT NOT BAD

Improper Care of It to Transvaal Caused Its Prohibition. WASHINGTON, June 29.—In view of the temporary prohibition of American meat for military purposes in South Africa by the British government, Consul General Stone at Cape Town has been making investigations with regard to the cause of the restrictions, and has submitted the results to the state department. The British cabinet men, when questioned, pronounced the American article very satisfactory and their officers stated that in many cases the men preferred the tinned meat to the poorer fresh article. At Pretoria a large stock of American meat was at hand, and no store or shop complained against it. In fact the only complaints made of the American article arose from improper care of it after it had reached the Transvaal. It was found to be the practice at British military bases to use a layer of corned beef as a base and pile on top flour, meal and other commodities to protect the latter from the ground moisture. But the cases of beef themselves suffered from the exposure, the tins becoming rusty and small holes letting in the air. In some cases after three months' exposure of this sort the meat would be sent out to the troops, necessarily in a bad state.

HOSPITAL CENSURED. Governor's Jury Finds Innate's Death Hastened by Rough Treatment. NEW YORK, July 2.—The jury in the request to determine the cause of death of Herbert C. Wadman brought by a creditor finding that Wadman came to his death from "chronic nephritis and acute pneumonia, aggravated and hastened by broken ribs and injuries to chest and heart." The jury censured the management of the Manhattan state hospital and exonerates the Bellevue hospital authorities. The jury finds that the injuries were inflicted by Attendant John Foley and that Keeper Michael Carroll was a party thereto. Wadman, who was a bartender, died at the Manhattan state hospital on March 5.

Pennsylvania RAILROAD.

BUFFALO AND ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION. Taking effect, May 26, 1901. No. 30 Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday. 11:25 a. m. No. 32 Oil City and Pittsburg Express, daily, except Sunday. 7:30 p. m. For Hickory, Tidoute, Warren, Kinzua, Bradford, Olean and the East: No. 31 Olean Express, daily except Sunday. 8:55 a. m. No. 33 Pittsburg Express, daily except Sunday. 4:30 p. m. For Time Tables and additional information consult Ticket Agent, J. B. HUTCHINSON, J. R. WOOD, General Manager, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

Mica Axle Grease advertisement with image of a horse and text: "In every town and village may be had the Mica Axle Grease that makes your horses glad."

Dr. Fenner's GOLDEN RELIEF INFLAMMATION CURE advertisement with text: "CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT in one to thirty minutes."

TIONESTA MARKET'S

RELIABLE DEALERS. Flour @ sack 1.10 @ 1.55 Corn meal, feed, @ 100 lbs. 1.25 Corn meal, family, @ 100 lbs. 1.15 Chop-feed, pure grain. 1.15 Oats. 6 @ .43 Corn, shelled. .50 Beans @ bushel. 2.20 Ham, sugar cured. .13 Bacon, sugar cured. .12 Shoulders. .10 Whitefish @ lb. .10 Sugar @ bushel. .06 @ .08 Syrup. .25 @ .50 N. O. Molasses. .35 @ .50 Coffee, Roast Rio. 12 @ 15 Coffee, blended Java. .25 Tea. .35 @ .50 Butter. .15 @ .18 Rice. .06 @ .08 Eggs, fresh. .8 @ 1.15 Salt @ barrel. 1.50 Lard. .41 Potatoes, @ bushel. .50 Potatoes, new @ peck. .55 Lime @ barrel. .50 @ 1.00 Nails @ keg. 2.75

EDINBORO STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

RECOGNIZED 1861. A high grade school for teachers, strong faculty. Fine library. Splendid environment. Expenses very moderate. Fall term begins September 16th, 1901. Address for catalogue, JOHN F. BIGLER, Prin., EDINBORO, PA.

The Best Place to Trade!

YOU OWE US NOTHING for doing business right. Merchants who desire to grow in the confidence of their patrons have no other safe way open to them. We simply solicit your patronage on the grounds of good merchandise at the lowest prices. On this basis we have grown; on this basis we will continue to grow. A growing, progressive store will benefit its patrons and advance the interests of all.

- For Instance: In Our Dry Goods Department. Here you can find every thing that is usually carried in an exclusive Dry Goods Store. Everything is new and prices all range low. In Our Shoe Department. A nice shoe for ladies at \$1.00. Patent Leathers that Do Not Crack, for both ladies and gentlemen, \$3 and \$4. In Our Furnishings Department. The famous "PROGRESS" shirt at 50c and \$1. The new "Restand" Shield bow, 25c. The new "Three in One" tie, 50c. Cuffs and collars of all shapes and kinds. In Our Grocery Department. The best brands of flour—Mother's, Pond Lily and Medal. EVERY WEEK sees new features in our long list of money saving opportunities.

HEATH & FEIT.

NO. 5038. A. WAYNE COOK, President. A. H. KELLY, Cashier. WM. SMERBAUGH, Vice President.

FOREST COUNTY NATIONAL BANK,

TIONESTA, PENNSYLVANIA. CAPITAL STOCK, \$50,000.

DIRECTORS: A. Wayne Cook, G. W. Robinson, Wm. Smerbaugh, N. P. Wheeler, T. F. Ritchey, J. T. Dale, J. H. Kelly.

Collections remitted for on day of payment at low rates. We promise our customers all the benefits consistent with conservative banking. Interest paid on time deposits. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

SPECIAL SALE!

We now have a Special Sale on LADIES' & GENTS' OXFORDS, in all sorts of PATENT LEATHER, BLACK AND TAN VICI At Greatly Reduced Prices Our LADIES' DRESS SHOE AT \$2.00 has no competitors as to Style and Quality. WE KINDLY SOLICIT YOUR TRADE. JOE LEVI, THE McCUEN CO. Cor. Centre, Seneca, & Sycamore Sts. OIL CITY, PA. Phone 235. OIL CITY, PA.

THE CALENDAR SAYS Spring Is Gone and Summer Is Here. Are you prepared with PROPER CLOTHING? If you are not, why delay longer? If you buy now you will find our stock is absolutely complete, containing every fashionable shape of garment, made up in the newest patterns of foreign and domestic light weight fabrics. Come in and see our KITCHNER YOKE OUTFIT SUITS. Young men who have seen them are for them strong—Price, \$15.00.

Tionesta Cash Store

is an UNCOMMON Store, it is an UNIQUE Place, A place where the Hard to Please are Almost Always Pleased. Our Goods are the Best, our prices the Lowest. We are always on the lookout for Bargains and are always willing to Share with our Customers. That is the reason they are always pleased. Here are a few things in groceries:

- 17 lb granulated sugar, \$1. Arbuckle or Lion coffee, 2 lb for 25c. Mocha and Java blend, 5lb for \$1. Good corn, 7c can. Good tomatoes, 3 cans for 25c. Good peas, 10c can. Dried peas, 7 lb for 25c. Beans, 5 lb for 25c. Peaches, 10c. lb. Nectarines 3 lb for 25c. Oat meal and rolled oats, 9 lb for 25c. Lenox and Oak leaf soap, 7 bars 25c. Syrup, 25c. gal. N. O. Molasses 35c. gal.

Here are some Specials in Ladies' Suits:

All wool Jacket Suits, gray, \$6.50, brown, \$7.50. All colors at \$10.00, \$12.50 and \$15.00. All colors in Jackets at \$5.00. Also, men's all wool suits at \$6.50 and up to \$10.00. Pants, Shirts, Underwear, Hats and Caps.

Carpets are lowest in price here, also Matting and Linoleum. Shoes for Men, Women and Children, of best makers, who make shoes for style and comfort as well as durability. Bargains jostle you at every turn, but we can only mention a few here. Come in and see why the people are so well pleased. Always welcome at

Tionesta Cash Store.