

BUSINESS LIKE LEGISLATURE

Work in the Senate and House at Harrisburg Expedition Transacted.

THE REGULATORS IN CONTROL

Many Subjects and Diverse Interests Are Affected by Bills Now Under Consideration in Committee or on Passage in Both Houses.

(Special Correspondence.)
Harrisburg, Feb. 12.—The last week has been one of unusual interest in legislative matters. Many new bills have been introduced in the senate and the house covering a variety of subjects, and some of them, after being referred to committee, will never again see the light of day. But there are many measures under consideration that are of general interest and which it is important to keep track of, that legislators may know the sentiment of their constituents. This is a business like legislature and with the regulars in control of both houses there is little opportunity for the insurgents to filibuster.

THIS WEEK'S PROGRAM.
There will come up this week for final passage in the house bills establishing a department of forestry; providing for the study of physical culture in the public schools in first, second and third class cities; if they are elected; authorizing borough councils to pay a portion of the cost and expense of grading, curbing and paving sidewalks; regulating the manufacture of flour and meal products; establishing a division of horticulture and pomology in the department of agriculture, and giving cities and boroughs power and authority to consent to the construction of water works and the entry upon the streets and highways within their limits.

CONGRESSIONAL APPOINTMENT.

The congressional apportionment bill has been introduced and referred to a committee in the senate, which gives Philadelphia two additional congressmen, one additional in Allegheny and forms a fourth district from counties taken from two of the western districts. There will be changes in the districts before the bill is passed finally, as the whole matter will probably be referred to a committee on conference.

ACHESON'S END HAS COME.

There is one reasonable certainty and that is that Congressman Acheson, who has been working with the insurgents and Republican party wreckers, will be bowled out of a district. The present plan is to take away from his district that portion of Allegheny which gave him support from the insurgents and to form a new district to be made up of Washington, which is Acheson's home county, and Beaver and Lawrence, both strong stalwart Republican counties. A fight has already been started against Acheson's control of the Republican organization in Allegheny.

Among the bills passed finally in the house last week were the following:

Validating all elections to vote upon the question of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities; ratifying and confirming legal documents acknowledged before George R. Botwell, of Allegheny; repealing the act of April 8, 1862, for the protection of sheep in Westmoreland and Armstrong counties, and extending to those counties the general laws for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep; providing that any soldier or sailor in the soldiers' orphan schools after attaining the age of 15 until the close of the school year; repealing the act of July 3, 1895, regulating the affairs of school districts and sub-school districts in second class cities and to repeal local and special laws inconsistent therewith; to protect children and making it a misdemeanor to place free or trial samples of medicines, ink, dyes, coloring or polishing compounds in any form where children can secure them.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY BILL.

An employers' liability bill which greatly widens the scope of the present act has been introduced in the house by Mr. Jones, of Philadelphia. It is modeled after the Massachusetts law on the same subject. It provides that any employee who may be injured while he is himself in the exercise of due care and diligence at the time, by reason of any defect of any work or machinery of his employer, which arose from or had not been discovered or remedied owing to the negligence of the employer or any person in his service, who had the duty of saying that the ways, works or machinery were in proper condition, or by reason of the negligence of any superintendent or any person in charge, or control of any sign, switch, locomotive, engine or train, the employee or his representative, in case of death, shall have the right of compensation and remedy against the employer or the person who had not been employed or in the service of the employer.

Much attention is being given the bill taxing foreign corporations. Few defend it, and those in a position to know say it would cripple some of the largest corporations in Pittsburgh. This, together with other revenue corporation measures introduced, has been favorably reported by the committee on ways and means. The foreign corporations tax bill, it is said, will either be recommitted or killed on second reading.

Representative Smyth, of Philadelphia, desires the law providing for compulsory vaccination in the public school repealed.

NEW BANKING MEASURE.
A bill creating in the banking department a bureau of building and loan associations has been introduced in the house of representatives by Mr. Calder, of Harrisburg. The bill creates the office of superintendent of building and loan associations, who shall be appointed by the superintendent of banking and receive a salary of \$2,000 annually. If any association shall within 30 days after having been given notice of any reduction or impairment in its assets, neglect to make good the deficiency, the commissioner shall call a meeting of the shareholders at his home office to either determine or scale the values of shares to such an extent as to fully provide for the deficiency and continue to carry on its business or go into voluntary liquidation.

Mr. Calder introduced a companion bill which authorizes mutual saving fund and building and loan associations

to issue full paid and prepaid stock and validate such stock heretofore issued.

Mr. Jones introduced a bill supplying a proceeding in replevin and applying the statute of descent law to it. A bill creating a department of mines was presented by Mr. Philbin, of Lackawanna. It provides for a chief, whose salary shall be \$4,000 a year, and two assistants, one of whom shall be a mining engineer.

A BATCH OF NEW BILLS.

Among other bills introduced in the house are the following:

To prohibit the sale of adulterated milk in second-class cities; appropriating \$20,000 to St. Francis' hospital, Pittsburgh.

Extending the provision of the act of June 8, 1893, so as to limit the duration of the lien upon real estate of the debts of decedents.

Appropriating \$35,000 to the Keystone state commission of the Pan-American exposition.

Validating private sales of real estate of decedents.

Amending the act of April 28, 1899, to provide that whenever the prison board named in the act deems it expedient they may have work performed on the streets of boroughs where a prisoner has been imprisoned on a condition that there be paid into the county treasury 35 cents a day for each and every prisoner's work.

Exempting churches and places of religious worship from taxation for street paving.

Amending the act regulating boroughs, to levy and collect annually for general borough purposes any tax not exceeding one per cent, on the dollar on the valuation assessed for county purposes as now is or will be provided by law.

Amending the act of June 26, 1895, authorizing second class cities to appropriate moneys for Memorial day and celebration of Independence day, so as to provide that the entire sum so appropriated for the expenses of Memorial day services be paid to a memorial committee appointed by the various posts of the G. A. R. in such cities.

Requiring clubs to take out liquor licenses.

Providing that screens and all obstructions shall be removed from all hotels, restaurants and other places where liquors are licensed to be sold.

REVIEW OF P. A. E.

Bradstreet's Report on Condition of Business Throughout the Country.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Bradstreet's today says: Trade developments this week, aside from those connected with the general conditions in great industries, of which it seems as yet too early to speak authoritatively, have been in the main favorable. Several lines of trade and many staple prices show irregularity, but this is probably no more pronounced than usual at this season of the year. The feature of the week in the distributive jobbing lines has been the growth of spring demand in the South and Southwest, reflected in enlarged sales of drygoods, boots and shoes, clothing and millinery at leading centers there and in the Central West.

Better advice as to the outlook for trade came from the Northwest and Pacific coast reports are no less encouraging. Retail distribution of winter goods reflects the stimulus afforded by winter weather, but earlier quietness and perhaps large stocks still carried are probably responsible for the slowness of collections to improve. Prices are still irregular, though not much lower as a whole. Clearings undoubtedly reflect speculation in the enormous totals reported, but the gains outside the metropolis, in the country-at-large, endorse reports from a number of cities of a total trade larger than a year ago.

Railway earnings likewise point to a substantial gain over January a year ago, which marked the highest point reached up to that time in this branch of industry.

The cereals are dull, irregular and rather lower on large Argentine shipments and liberal Northwest movements, the supporting feature being the good export inquiry developed at concessions.

The strength of sole leather is a feature noted at many markets. Buyers are reported more willing to meet manufacturers' views as to prices. Lumber has lagged among building material, but is stiffening in price as the season of active operations approaches.

Demand for wool is only to cover manufacturers' sales, and some soft spots are reported. Plain dress woolsens are in chief demand, and men's wear goods are slow of sale.

Iron and steel have been rather quiet, but steady and even strong as to price with finished products, particularly structural material in active inquiry. Immediate delivery of steel billets can only be obtained at advances of 50 cents to \$1.00 over the pool price. Bessemer pig iron is strong and 25 to 50 cents higher on the week.

Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 4,907,813 bushels, against 3,775,109 bushels last week, 2,492,357 bushels in the corresponding week of 1900, 5,780,509 bushels in 1899 and 3,419,504 bushels in 1898.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 4,171,440 bushels against 3,007,707 bushels (corrected) last week, 3,450,968 bushels in this week a year ago, 3,827,022 bushels in 1899 and 4,508,012 bushels in 1898.

Business failures for the week number 245, against 238 last week, 231 in this week a year ago, 193 in 1899, 278 in 1898 and 301 in 1897.

ALDERMEN'S WAGES.

Legislature Recommended to Fix Pay According to City's Rating.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Representatives of the boards of aldermen of Rochester, Syracuse, Troy and Albany met in this city yesterday and recommended to the state legislature several amendments to the uniform charter for cities of the second class. The principal amendment provides that the members of the board of aldermen in each city of the second class shall be salaried. In cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants the salaries shall not be less than \$750 or more than \$1,000 per year, and in cities of less than 50,000 inhabitants, not less than \$600 or more than \$750 per year; the exact amount to be fixed by the board of estimate and apportionment in each city.

Another important amendment provides that a two-thirds instead of a three-fourths vote shall be necessary in the adoption by the council of the annual public budget or resolutions appropriating public money. Several minor amendments are proposed including one raising from \$50 to \$250 the maximum amount the head of a city department may expend for supplies without a contract.

The night board held a banquet last night and will meet again today.

Destroyed the Supply.

Mrs. Goodwood—I think it's a perfect shame that the early settlers killed off the Indians the way they did.

Miss De Prety—Indeed it is. Just think that lovely furs they used to sell for a few glass beads.—New York Week.

TO OVERTHROW FINN'S RULE.

Business Men of Pittsburgh Demand Help From the Legislature.

THE REFORM SHAM EXPOSED.

Leading Citizens Tell of the Burdens That Have Fallen Upon Them as the Result of Machine Domination and Ask Passage of the "Ripper" Bill.

(Special Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, Feb. 12.—Led by the chamber of commerce and the board of trade of the East Side, citizens of Pittsburgh are now engaged in a determined struggle to relieve the government of the city of control by the political machine of which Senator William Flinn is the acknowledged boss. Senator Flinn, as leader of the insurgent movement in state politics, recently suffered defeat in the bitter struggle to prevent the re-election of Col. M. S. Quay to the United States senate. In his campaign against the leaders of the Republican organization Flinn made loud and frequent professions of reform, and he and his agents went about the state posing as representatives of all that was good and pure in politics.

Now that Flinn's neighbors have undertaken to deprive him of the political power which has been his main source of revenue for years Flinn is seen in a new light by the people of the state.

There has been introduced at Harrisburg a bill granting new charters to Pittsburgh, Allegheny city and Scranton. To satisfy the demands of citizens of Pittsburgh, who wish an opportunity to elect a mayor without interference or dictation from the officeholders and employees of contractors in the Flinn combine, a provision has been introduced in this new charter bill which is known as the "ripper."

This bill provides that the governor shall appoint the first mayor under the new charter, which shall hold office for about a year, before the mayor to be elected by the people shall be chosen. This arrangement will prevent the present Pittsburgh ring from having absolute control of the nomination and election of the first charter mayor or for the full term.

Advocates of reform in Pittsburgh have appealed to Col. M. S. Quay and other Republican leaders in the state to help them secure the desired "ripper" legislation. Last week Col. Quay sent a telegram from Florida to Attorney General Eitzen, in which he said: "I am much improved in health and will go north within the next ten days. I want my friends to stand by me and pass the charter bill, because the people interested in good government demand it. M. S. QUAY."

There is an interesting session before the senate committee on municipal affairs at Harrisburg when business men, manufacturers and others from Pittsburgh were heard in support of the "ripper" bill. The only opponents of the measure were officeholders or other beneficiaries under the Flinn regime. One of the most notable speeches before this committee was made by Charles S. Crawford, a well known citizen of Pittsburgh and member of the East Side board of trade, who reviewed the detestable record to protest against the "ripper."

Among other things he said: "The individual testimony of the Pittsburgh councilman committee, although relevant, should be given no weight. A glance at the personnel of that committee will be sufficient to show to you the probable biasness of their arguments. John A. Murphy is the law partner of Representative George M. Hosack, whose close affiliations with the insurgent leader is known by every person present. W. H. McClary has for a long time been closely connected with the political leader and is an ex-sheriff. John Upman presented to councils last June the resolution which ousted the director of public works. John Benz has been closely connected with all legislation proposed and instigated by the insurgent boss. George S. Fleming is widely known as the close adherent to any principles advanced by the insurgent leader. W. A. Magee is a brother of the Hon. C. A. Magee. And I might here add that it has been the feeling of a great many people in Pittsburgh that had it not been for the unfortunate and sudden death of the Hon. C. A. Magee for the past three years, the causes and complaints that have given rise to the 'ripper' bill would not have had this culmination.

"Kirk Q. Bingham is the member of common council who a few years ago attempted to saddle upon the city a hillside of the city, to be used for park purposes, having been turned down through the intervention of Hon. John J. Sweeney and others. Mr. Bingham within the past year has endeavored, after laying out a part of the property in lots and cutting a tier of lots from the whole, to saddle on the city the remaining portion of the property at the enormous price of \$32,000, when in reality the property would hardly sell for \$15,000.

"Of Mr. Semmelrock and Mr. Spain but little can be said, except that they are known to be closely allied with insurgent movements.

PITTSBURGH'S BAD GOVERNMENT.
"I have no delicacy in telling you that the government of Pittsburgh is needlessly expensive and generally condemned. It is inefficient and its methods bring the worst voters to the front and largely represent the same voters. Our city government for the past ten years has been so administered as to be generally regarded as discreditable to an American citizen and a scandal to our republican system. Our municipal affairs have been so largely controlled by one man for his personal aggrandizement that selfish devotion to public interests is discouraged, and very few men have the heart or courage to oppose the selfish ruler.

"Under our present form of government official malfeasance is a common offense, and our people are familiar with the charges of bribery and the purchase of real estate for public improvements. The present administration and the controlling power back of it have made and developed a demoralization and corruption in politics which the persistent efforts of the most honest and able citizens have not been able to hold in check. It has made the management of municipal politics and elections a degrading business by which a class of useless and vicious politicians prosper, and last, but not least, it has developed to an alarming degree a degrading and corrupt system of base rule.

WHAT THE "RIPPER" WILL DO.
"The primary object of this 'ripper' bill is that of making it possible for good men, unselfish men, men not affiliated with local politics, men not connected with city contract work to

be advanced to our municipal offices. From our past and present experience we know that our future experience will only be a repetition of the past and present if this charter is not passed with the 'ripper' appendage.

"I have always been enthusiastically opposed to any kind of harsh treatment; I have always advocated a fair trial and fair play to you, without fear of contradiction, and the present administration and the gigantic boss behind it have had more than ample time and resources to establish in our city a 'people's government,' made for the people, made by the people and answerable to the people. And what has been the result of their prolonged trial? To what purposes have the time and resources been applied? We have worse than a ring ridden city. The name of Pittsburgh, so dear to the hearts of its citizens, is all but taken from us. Politically speaking, our city is the capital of the instruments and boxers, and may be appropriately called Ringtown. The government is the boss' government, made by the boss, made for the boss and answerable only to the boss. The people have not been given the slightest consideration. The wants and needs of the people have been totally disregarded, except in instances of personal gain for the boss. Every effort of the people for fairness in legislation is promptly met by the boss with the expression, 'I am in this for business, you from principle.' And business always prevails."

"We not only want the fundamental law changed," said former Postmaster J. B. Larkin, "but we appeal to you to change the people who execute the law. The taxable valuation of real estate in Pittsburgh has increased from \$87,000,000 to \$300,000,000 in 1901. The 'organization' was only in its infancy in 1890, and for eight years increased the valuations gradually, but under the charter now in force it has inflated real estate values \$152,000,000, the increase in 12 years being 211 per cent, although the increase in population was only about 100 per cent. The total warrants issued in the 12 years was \$79,259,492. From 1894 to 1897 warrants were ordered drawn to the amount of \$32,348,000. The bonded debt has been increased \$2,321,675.

"The people want an ouster to restore the government to them. This would not be revolutionary. The organization names every official a month before vacancies occur. The kind of government it gives is a farce, that you cannot too quickly relieve the people of, bearing in mind the fact that when the organization desires to remove or get rid of any feature or member of the government it acts instantly and without hearing, trial or sentiment."

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?
A bad fitting, poor wearing, unsightly shoe, or a stylish, comfortable one?
Our shoes are a combination of the finest material, the most skillful workmanship and at reasonable prices.

Low Rates West.

Commencing February 12, and every Tuesday thereafter until April 30, 1901, the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., will sell tickets to points in North Dakota, Minnesota, Idaho, Colorado, Utah, Oregon, Washington, and British Columbia, at greatly reduced rates. For the benefit of settlers. For full information call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 810 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Nickel Plate Road will send its 19-1 Pan-American Expedition excursions in any one sending their address to the General Passenger Agent at Cleveland, O. No. 231.

Home-seekers' Excursion.
On the first and third Tuesdays of February, March, April, May and June the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. will sell Home-seekers' Excursion tickets from Chicago to points in Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Wyoming, Colorado, Idaho, Minnesota, South Dakota, Montana, Utah, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, at rate of one fare, plus 100 dollars, for the round trip, good for twenty-one days. For full particulars call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 810 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. to 7-1.

Home-seekers' Excursion.
On the first and third Tuesdays of February, March, April, May and June the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. will sell Home-seekers' Excursion tickets from Chicago to points in Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Wyoming, Colorado, Idaho, Minnesota, South Dakota, Montana, Utah, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, at rate of one fare, plus 100 dollars, for the round trip, good for twenty-one days. For full particulars call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 810 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. to 7-1.

Home-seekers' Excursion.
On the first and third Tuesdays of February, March, April, May and June the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. will sell Home-seekers' Excursion tickets from Chicago to points in Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Wyoming, Colorado, Idaho, Minnesota, South Dakota, Montana, Utah, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, at rate of one fare, plus 100 dollars, for the round trip, good for twenty-one days. For full particulars call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 810 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. to 7-1.

Home-seekers' Excursion.
On the first and third Tuesdays of February, March, April, May and June the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. will sell Home-seekers' Excursion tickets from Chicago to points in Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Wyoming, Colorado, Idaho, Minnesota, South Dakota, Montana, Utah, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, at rate of one fare, plus 100 dollars, for the round trip, good for twenty-one days. For full particulars call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 810 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. to 7-1.

Home-seekers' Excursion.
On the first and third Tuesdays of February, March, April, May and June the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. will sell Home-seekers' Excursion tickets from Chicago to points in Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Wyoming, Colorado, Idaho, Minnesota, South Dakota, Montana, Utah, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, at rate of one fare, plus 100 dollars, for the round trip, good for twenty-one days. For full particulars call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 810 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. to 7-1.

Home-seekers' Excursion.