

# LADIES'

# CLOAKS

## AT

# BIG BARGAINS!

This has been our Banner Year in selling LADIES' CLOAKS and we now desire to Clean Up the lots. We have decided to give you the advantage of our BARGAINS while the Season is at its Height. We have some SPECIAL STYLES and will sell them to you at SPECIL CUT PRICES. All this season's latest styles bought direct, at lowest prices. Here they are:

- Ladies' Black coats, Nicely Trimmed and Lined, Cut to \$4.00
  - Ladies' best goods, all colors, Trimmed and Lined, Cut to \$6.50
  - Ladies' best goods, all colors, Fancy Lined, - Cut to \$8.00
  - Ladies' Fine coats, all above \$11.00, - - Cut to \$10.00
- We also have some Coats and Misses Capes to sell cheap.  
Come Early and Get the Best.

# TIONESTA CASH STORE. CASH BARGAIN MAKERS.

'PHONE 34

## QUAY WINS SENATORSHIP

A Great Fight All Over But Recording the Votes.

### INSURGENTS ARE DEMORALIZED.

Senator Penrose Calls Their Blunt and Wants an Investigation Which Will Show Where Over a Million Dollars Spent Against Quay and Himself Have Gone.

(Special Correspondence.) Philadelphia, Jan. 8.—Col. Matthew Stanley Quay has won his fight and he will be the next United States senator from Pennsylvania.

He has scored one of the greatest victories in American politics. His candidacy for reelection, while supported by the votes of a large majority of the delegates to the last Republican state convention, which made him the candidate of the party organization for senator, has been opposed by a combination of political bosses of Pittsburgh and Philadelphia and a few other disgruntled Republicans who seek to benefit themselves at the expense of the party, and a faction of the Democratic party controlled by Col. James M. Guffey.

### ENOUGH VOTES PLEDGED.

The vote on the United States senatorship will be taken in the general assembly at Harrisburg on the 15th instant, when it will be shown that Col. Quay has a majority of the members of each branch of the legislature. He has already enough votes publicly pledged to him to make his election a certainty.

The fusionists are dying very hard, but they will have to die all the same. Flinn and Martin have been repudiated by the Republicans of Pennsylvania, and no deal they may enter into with the Democrats can possibly let them out of the hole they have gotten into.

Members of the legislature who persist in following them will find their mistake when it shall be too late to remedy the evil they have done. Already sentiment among Republicans is so pronounced against them that it will mean political suicide for any Republican to continue to violate the rules of his party and attempt to override the will of the majority.

### BIG MAJORITY PROMISED.

Col. Quay will have at least 130 votes when the ballot is taken on the senatorship. There were 125 votes recorded in the caucus of the senators and members, and to these votes must be added the votes of Representatives Haldeman of Montgomery, Thompson of Centre and Neebe of Allegheny, who were at home confined to their rooms with sickness, and Representatives Beaver of Juniata county and Witly of Franklin, who have since the caucus declared publicly that they propose to vote for Col. Quay. These make 128 votes, or one more than enough to elect if the highest number possible to be required shall be necessary. There are at least two or three others who have privately said they are going to vote for Col. Quay. It would not surprise the party leaders if Col. Quay gets 125 votes or more.

### COOPER ROASTS INSURGENTS.

The Republican caucus at which Col. Quay was nominated was an interesting gathering. Perhaps one of the most notable speeches delivered there was that by former State Chairman Thomas V. Cooper. Among other things Mr. Cooper said:

"Six years ago the great municipal rings of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh conspired with the executive power of the state to drive from politics one who was then at peace with the entire party. This was but a selfish grab for power. Who does not recall the fight of '95, the Harrisburg Opera House crowded with Pittsburgh thugs, with bloodshed threatened until the hour of a caucus which showed a majority for Col. Quay. The result was accepted, and quiet followed until '97, when old and new ambitions struggled for the succession to Senator Cameron. Penrose proved the choice, and that result

was accepted. In 1900 its preceding election Col. Quay won a great majority of the Republican party, and lacked but a dozen of a majority over one great party and the self-called insurgent wing of another. The legislature was deadlocked upon the written statement by insurgents that they could not support a candidate until cleared of the charges then pending. Col. Quay was entirely cleared of the charges, made only to block his election, but his opponents violated the pledge so conveniently framed. In the contest before the people in 1900 the more honorable yielded, and nearly all of the Republican counties elected senators and representatives known to favor either Col. Quay or the rule of the majority.

### OPPOSITION WEAK.

"The papers which have represented a faction have not analyzed the Republican vote of the state. Their friends carried but three counties—Lebanon, Somerset and Washington—while the fusion which they promoted carried but three districts, one in West Philadelphia and one in Union.

"The self-called insurgent wing, in open and fair contest at the primaries, nominated their candidates in the Flinn part of Pittsburgh, the Martin corner of Philadelphia, in Bradford, Bucks, Juniata, Perry, Somerset, part of Luzerne, part of Westmoreland and one in Armstrong, in all less than one-tenth of the state. Now the candidates elected by the entire Republican party, by Quay and anti-Quay votes alike, are asked to ally themselves with a party which opposed their election to the end that they may divide the spoils with the common enemy. Men who do this thing in war are shot; in politics they die young.

"I can see how in Lebanon, Somerset and Washington independents should act separately and hold a little caucus of their own. I can see how the three fusion members should openly ally themselves with the Democrats who promoted their election, but these paths are not open to others.

"The Republican force comprises fully 180 senators and representatives, elected by the entire Republican party, and elected for the purpose of abiding by its caucus.

### CAUCUS SHOULD BIND.

"Whatever portion of this overwhelming total fail in this, at least a great part of those who elected them will stand stripped of representation. I can see how gentlemen can refuse to abide a caucus upon a principle, but the right of refusal never goes to a personal preference as to a party candidate. When that becomes the rule chaos will have to come, and we will be unfit for self government.

"I need not speak personally of Col. Quay. If I knew him less and liked him less, he should still have my hearty support in deference to the will of the majority. If I had no knowledge of him at all, and could see the vote recorded in the United States senate, to give him the seat upon the appointment of the governor, I would see in the list of the years the noblest names of that body—able, fearless, conscientious, the very highest in its roll of honor. This was after 12 years of senatorial service, and after political activities beyond the career of any other Republican leader. This was after hatred had shot its poisoned arrows, and after the spite which led to his trial had been spat from the mouths of an American jury.

## GOVERNOR STONE'S STRONG MESSAGE

The Chief Executive Manfully Meets Various Issues.

### MONEY FOR COMMON SCHOOLS.

Advocates Full Eleven Million Dollar Appropriation, Wants More Stringent Laws Regarding Olio Traffic, Favors Developing Forests, Ballot Reform and Election of United States Senators by Popular Vote.

(Special Correspondence.) Harrisburg, Jan. 1.—Governor William A. Stone, in his message to the legislature, which convened here today, touches upon many issues in which the people of the commonwealth are inter-

## TRIENNIAL TABULAR STATEMENT

Showing amount of assessed valuation of property in Forest County, as returned by the Assessors of the several Townships and Borough subject for State and County tax for the year 1901:

TOWNSHIPS AND BOROUGH.	UNSEATED LANDS AND MINERALS TAXABLE		SEATED LAND AND REAL ESTATE TAXABLE		HORSES AND MULES OVER 4 YEARS		COWS AND CATTLE OVER 4 YEARS		OCCUPA'TN AND TRADES		AGGREGATE VALUATION OF ALL PROPERTY TAXABLE FOR COUNTY PURPOSES.	AGGREGATE VALUATION OF ALL PROPERTY TAXABLE FOR STATE PURPOSES.	NO. OF HOOPS.
	Area	Valuation	Area	Valuation	No.	Valuation	No.	Valuation	Taxables	Valuation			
Barnett Township.....	1,405	16,271	18,880	1,001	222	5,765	175	1,730	324	9,450	189,967	21,732	95 9
Green Township.....	3,467	14,925	22,983	216,467	180	4,830	153	1,530	237	7,000	214,722	36,815	72 3
Howe Township.....	9,549	41,716	74,843	288,716	118	2,777	139	1,300	302	13,900	419,319	12,343	99 3
Harcourt Township.....	2,599	9,612	18,519	157,198	228	6,811	194	1,610	169	7,703	183,160	8,703	87 2
Hickory Township.....	5,565	18,855	16,488	108,436	149	5,015	132	1,320	238	7,203	197,011	30,252	39 11
Jenks Township.....	29,300	119,574	39,883	300,413	244	7,940	178	1,780	306	25,036	554,717	27,052	102 3
Kingsley Township.....	6,002	23,239	38,099	284,314	184	3,607	135	1,350	270	6,600	322,879	9,815	74 6
Tionesta Township.....	12,724	45,514	16,392	81,992	186	4,111	191	1,640	181	2,440	157,728	8,491	77 6
Tionesta Borough.....	.....	.....	.....	878	128,293	88	2,930	50	272	11,340	145,073	32,252	59 6
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>80,503,007</b>	<b>307,197,542</b>	<b>1,078,320,199</b>	<b>44,846,126</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>2,605</b>	<b>90,000</b>	<b>2,431,873</b>	<b>193,498</b>	<b>814,42</b>			

NOTICE is hereby given that the Commissioners of Forest County, acting as a Board of Revision, will on the 10th day of January 1901 finally determine whether any of the valuations of the Assessors as returned above have been made above or below a just rate according to our understanding of the meaning and intention of the law.

Attest: M. T. HINDMAN, Clerk. R. M. BREMAN, JOHN T. CARSON, J. T. DALE, Commissioners of Forest County.

ested. He states that the law passed just closed have been the most prosperous two years in succession the state has ever experienced. Our people have been prosperous individually, and that prosperity has resulted in a large increase in the revenues of the state.

Continuing the governor says: "On the first of January, 1899, there was a deficit in the state treasury of about \$3,000,000. I am happy to state that owing to the unexpected increase in the revenues this deficit has been entirely liquidated, there is surplus money to pay all unpaid appropriations as they mature, and there will be on the first of January, 1901, a balance, over and above the amount necessary to liquidate all demands, of about \$1,600,000.

"The report of the state treasurer, which will be shortly submitted to you, will show the total receipts of the treasury department from all sources for the fiscal year ending Nov. 20, 1900, to be \$17,192,217.91. Deduct the interest received on the securities in the sinking fund and the securities maturing and paid into the sinking fund and you have a balance of receipts available for general disbursement of \$17,192,217.91. Taking out the \$344,371.50 transferred to the sinking fund, there was a balance of \$16,847,846.41 available for general disbursement.

"If you shall appropriate the million dollars to the public schools eliminated from the appropriation made by the last legislature, there will then be a balance of \$5,900,000. If the legislature shall appropriate for the coming two years \$11,000,000 for the common schools, as I presume it will, and if it shall make appropriations for the completion of the capitol, as in my judgment it ought to do, it will not be able to increase the balance of the appropriations beyond those made by the last legislature, if the credit of the state is to be preserved, and we are to avoid another deficit in the treasury."

### COMMON SCHOOLS.

"When the legislature convened in January, 1899," continues the governor, "there was a deficit in the treasury of about three millions of dollars. The revenue for the coming two years estimated by the auditor general and state treasurer was entirely appropriated by the legislature. I felt constrained to follow the precedent set by my predecessors and reduce the appropriations sufficient to permit the reduction of a portion of the deficit during the coming two years.

"The legislature appropriated \$11,000,000 for the support of the common schools for the two years beginning June 1, 1899. Anxious only for the preservation of the credit of the state, and to enable the payment in part of the deficit then existing, I found myself unable to approve the whole of this item and withheld my approval from one million dollars of the eleven millions appropriated for the support of the public schools. But an unusual and unexpected increase in the revenues of the state during the past two years has enabled the state treasurer to liquidate the deficit which existed on the first of January, 1899, and I am assured that there is a balance in the

some treasury or available cash over and above all liabilities which will justify the payment of the one million of dollars withheld.

"I, therefore, respectfully recommend the passage of a bill appropriating the million of dollars to the common schools of the state to be distributed proportionately under existing laws for the two years ending June 1, 1901. Inasmuch as the appropriation of the common schools in 1899 was in excess for the two years ending June 1, 1901, and payments of money of said appropriation have been made and are being made by installments, this appropriation will not work any inconvenience, and the money can be paid in the same manner that it would have been paid if the one million of dollars had not been eliminated from the appropriation in 1899."

### CAPITOL BUILDING.

Upon the subject of the completion of the capitol building, the governor, among other things, says: "Resolved to the necessities of the necessary charitable institutions and the uncertainty that always surrounds anticipated revenue, I do not think it would be safe to take out of the revenues for the next two years sufficient money to complete this building, and if it cannot be completed in time for the meeting of the next legislature in January, 1901, its completion may as well be postponed until the meeting of the legislature in January, 1905."

"I, therefore, respectfully recommend the passage of a law appropriating annually so much of the general revenues of the state during the next four years as the legislature shall deem necessary for the proper completion of the building and providing that it be finished by the first Tuesday in January, 1905."

### FOOD LAWS ENFORCED.

In commending the work of the department of agriculture Governor Stone says that in the dairy and food division attention has principally centered in the enforcement of the law passed by the last legislature, known as the oleomargarine law, through the persistent attempt of certain persons and certain newspapers to misrepresent facts for political effect. It has been repeatedly and persistently charged that the agricultural department has not enforced the law and has not attempted to suppress the oleomargarine traffic, while the records show that the criminal courts are overcrowded with cases brought by the agents of the dairy and food commissioner. . . . Since the decision of the superior court, April 30, 1900, up to Dec. 15, 1900, nine hundred and one criminal prosecutions have been brought by the dairy and food commissioner against oleomargarine dealers in the various counties of the state. Eighty-seven of these cases have been terminated and eight hundred and fourteen are still pending and undisposed of.

"The agents and attorneys representing the dairy and food commissioner have made every effort to obtain trial of these cases. They must await the disposition of jail cases and the prior disposal of other cases deemed more important by the district attorneys who control the order of trial of cases in

the criminal courts. . . . I am assured that the penalty is insufficient to properly enforce the law. Instead of a fine of one hundred dollars for the first offense, it should not be less than five hundred dollars, and there should also be imprisonment of at least sixty days. For the second offense the fine and imprisonment should be increased, and I recommend that the law be amended in this particular.

"My attention has also been called by the secretary of agriculture to the New York law, which authorizes the granting of injunctions by the courts restraining and enjoining persons from selling oleomargarine colored like butter. This authority would be a great aid to the department, and our law ought to be amended giving like authority in this respect. . . . I am much gratified at prospects of the early passage in congress of the Groat bill. If this bill becomes a law, it will greatly aid in the suppression of the oleomargarine traffic."

one criminal courts. . . . I am assured that the penalty is insufficient to properly enforce the law. Instead of a fine of one hundred dollars for the first offense, it should not be less than five hundred dollars, and there should also be imprisonment of at least sixty days. For the second offense the fine and imprisonment should be increased, and I recommend that the law be amended in this particular.

"My attention has also been called by the secretary of agriculture to the New York law, which authorizes the granting of injunctions by the courts restraining and enjoining persons from selling oleomargarine colored like butter. This authority would be a great aid to the department, and our law ought to be amended giving like authority in this respect. . . . I am much gratified at prospects of the early passage in congress of the Groat bill. If this bill becomes a law, it will greatly aid in the suppression of the oleomargarine traffic."

### FOR BALLOT REFORM.

The governor dwells at some length upon the question of ballot reform, and says: "It is my hearty favor of any legislation that will result in a paper ballot." There is urgent demand, he believes, for legislation on this subject, and he urges earnest consideration of the suggested remedies by various reform bodies.

A proposition in referring to the proposed Pan-American exposition to be given at Buffalo, N. Y., says if Pennsylvania is to be represented there action must be taken at once. He advocates the passage of a bill repealing the first section of the act of assembly approved March 24, 1891, and this would add \$100,000 annually to the revenues, and at the same time not interfere with the plans of the founders of the sinking fund.

Governor Stone devotes considerable space in his message to commending the work of the department of agriculture in developing the forests of the state. He advocates the purchase of further tracts of land distributed among the counties as public parks. He recommends legislation to place the purchase and supervision of such tracts in the hands of one management and to permit such management to sell mature timber and timber destroyed by fire, etc., to lease coal lands and oil rights and to pay the proceeds to the commonwealth. The governor also advocates legislation to encourage competition for bidding for furnishing supplies for public buildings and grounds.

He also urges the passage of judicial, senatorial, representative and congressional apportionment bills, and advocates the election of United States senators by the people.

A proposition by Governor Stone in favor of compulsory arbitration in disputes between labor and capital will, no doubt, attract widespread attention.

### Remedy For Poison.

It is said that far eyes and milk are a sure remedy for poison of any kind taken into the stomach. This is information that may do a deal of good if remembered and cannot possibly be productive of any harm.

## Stoves & Ranges.



NO FINER LINE were ever seen in Tionesta than we have now in stock. This is true of quality and beauty as well as quantity. We can fit you out in anything from the smallest heater to the largest and handsomest range, and the margin of profit is cut to the lowest possible figure. By all means see our stock and get prices before purchasing.

## Guns and Sportsmen's Supplies.

We carry a nice line of Breech-Loading Shot Guns, extra good shooters, but not expensive. Also best loaded shells, and can supply you with anything in line of sportsmen's goods at lowest prices.

## SCOWDEN & CLARK.

## A NEW DEPARTURE

A Radical Change in Marketing Methods as Applied to Sewing Machines. An original plan under which you can obtain easier terms and better value in the purchase of the world famous "White" Sewing Machine than ever before offered.

Write for our elegant H-T catalogue and detailed particulars. How we can save you money in the purchase of a high-grade sewing machine and the easy terms of payment we can offer, either direct from factory or through our regular authorized agents. This is an opportunity you cannot afford to pass. You know the "White," you know its manufacturers. Therefore, a detailed description of the machine and its construction is unnecessary. If you have an old machine to exchange we can offer most liberal terms. Write to-day. Address in full, WHITE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, (Dep't A.) Cleveland, Ohio.

## PHIL. EMERT

FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER. Shop in Walters building, Cor. Elm and Walnut streets, is prepared to do all kinds of custom work from the finest to the coarsest and guarantees his work to give perfect satisfaction. Prompt attention given to mending, and prices reasonable.

## L. LORENZO FULTON.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in HARNESS, COLLARS, BRIDLES, And all kinds of HORSE FURNISHING GOODS. TIONESTA, PA.

**Duff College**  
GIVES A BREAD-WINNING EDUCATION. Enabling young men and women to meet the demands of this prosperous commercial age. For circulars send P. DUFF & SONS, 5th and Liberty Sts., Ft. Sneger, Pa.

\$100 REWARD, \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

**Dr. Fenner's KIDNEY and Backache Cure.**  
For all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Troubles, Lame Back, Headaches, Stiff Limbs, Rheumatism, Hot Water, etc. Unfailing in Female Weakness. 25c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.