

FOREST REPUBLICAN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One Square, one inch, one week... 1 00
One Square, one inch, one month... 3 00
One Square, one inch, 3 months... 5 00
One Square, one inch, one year... 15 00
Two Squares, one year... 30 00
Quarter Column, one year... 30 00
Half Column, one year... 50 00
One Column, one year... 100 00
Legal advertisements ten cents per line each insertion.

We do fine Job Printing of every description at reasonable rates, but it's cash on delivery.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgess.—George Birtell.
Councilmen.—Joseph Morgan, J. T. Dale, W. F. Blum, J. M. Davis, Chas. Clark, T. E. Armstrong, Dr. J. C. Dunn, Justices of the Peace.—C. A. Randall, S. J. Setley.

FOREST COUNTY OFFICERS.

Member of Congress.—J. K. P. Hall.
Member of Senate.—A. M. Neely.
Assembly.—Dr. S. S. Towler.
President Judge.—W. M. Lindsey.
Associate Judges.—A. J. McCray, R. B. Crawford.
Prothonotary, Register & Recorder, &c.—John H. Robertson.

Regular Terms of Court.

Fourth Monday of February.
Third Monday of April.
Fourth Monday of September.
Third Monday of November.

Church and Sabbath School.

Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m.; M. E. Sabbath School at 10:30 a. m.; Preaching in M. E. Church every Sabbath evening by Rev. C. C. Rumberger. Preaching in the F. M. Church every Sabbath evening at the usual hour. Rev. F. V. McClelland, Pastor.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TIONESTA LODGE, No. 309, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building.

FOREST LODGE, No. 184, A. O. U. W. Meets every Friday evening in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW POST, No. 274 G. A. R. Meets 1st and 3d Monday evening in each month, in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW CORPS, No. 137, W. R. C. Meets first and third Wednesday evening of each month, in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta, Pa.

TIONESTA TENT, No. 184, K. O. T. Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday evening in each month in A. O. U. W. hall Tionesta, Pa.

T. F. RITCHEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Tionesta, Pa.

SAMUEL C. CALHOUN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office at Carson's jewelry store, Tionesta, Pa. All legal business and collections promptly and faithfully attended to.

J. W. MORROW, M. D., Physician, Surgeon & Dentist. Office and Residence three doors north of Hotel Agnew, Tionesta. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours.

DR. F. J. BOVARD, Physician & Surgeon, TIONESTA, PA.

DR. J. C. DUNN, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office over Heath & Killmer's store, Tionesta, Pa. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours of day or night. Residence—East side Elm St., 3d door above jail building.

HOTEL AGNEW, C. F. LAVER, Proprietor. This hotel, formerly the Lawrence House, has undergone a complete change, and is now furnished with all the modern improvements. Heated and lighted throughout with natural gas, bathrooms, hot and cold water, etc. The comforts of guest never neglected.

CENTRAL HOUSE, GEROW & GEROW Proprietors. Tionesta, Pa. This is the most centrally located hotel in the place, and has all the modern improvements. No pains will be spared to make it a pleasant stopping place for the traveling public. First class livery in connection.

PHIL EMERT FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER. Shop in Walters building, Cor. Elm and Walnut streets. Is prepared to do all kinds of custom work from the finest to the coarsest and guarantees his work to give perfect satisfaction. Prompt attention given to mending, and prices reasonable.

J. F. ZARRINGER, PRACTICAL WATCH-MAKER and Jeweler of 25 years' experience, is prepared to do all work in his line on short notice and at reasonable prices. Always guarantees satisfaction. Watches, Jewelry, &c., ordered for parties at the lowest possible figure. Will be found in the building next to Keeley Club Room.

LORENZO FULTON, Manufacturer of and Dealer in HARNESS, COLLARS, BRIDLES, And all kinds of HORSE FURNISHING GOODS. TIONESTA, PA.

CRIST MILL, Everything new and up-to-date for making FLOUR AND FEED. ALWAYS on hand for sale—a full stock in our line. LANSON BROS. MERCHANT MILLERS. Bridge St., Tionesta, Pa.

DAVIS RESIGNS.

DECIDES TO LECTURE IN BEHALF OF BOERS.

Felt He Could Do No Better as a Private Citizen than as Assistant Secretary of the Interior—Just Returned From South Africa.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The formal resignation of Webster Davis as assistant secretary of the interior was sent to the president through his private secretary. At the White House no statement was obtainable concerning the resignation other than the fact that it had been received, and the officials declined to say whether it would be accepted.

Mr. Davis decided to resign because of the acceptance of an invitation to deliver a lecture on the South African war, and he felt that as an official he could not express his views with such freedom as he could as a private citizen. The invitation was extended by non-partisan citizens of Washington and was not inspired in any way by persons directly connected with Boer interests.

TRAPPED BY AN AMERICAN.

He Commended the Boers When They Ambushed the British and Took Their Guns.

BUSMANS KOP, April 3.—The Boers, who were hidden in the spruit when the British guns were captured, were commended by Reysman, a German-American.

The Boers retired when they discovered the British scouts, leaving two British soldiers behind.



GENERAL BOTHA.

Dutch military attaches, one of them dangerously wounded, in the hands of the British. All the wounded are doing well.

Every one agrees that but for Colonel Broadwood's splendid handling of his troops, not a member of the force would have escaped.

The Boers were still holding the water works and the line of hills behind them. BRISMAN KOP, April 2.—The British force commanded by Colonel Broadwood, consisting of the Tenth Hussars, Household Cavalry, Twomhorse batteries, and a force of mounted infantry under Colonel Pileher, which had been garrisoning Thaba N'Chu, was obliged in consequence of the near approach of a large force of Boers to leave.

Colonel Broadwood marched to the Bloemfontein waterworks, south of the Modder, where he encamped.

Later the camp was shelled by the enemy from a near point. Colonel Broadwood sent off a convoy with the batteries while the rest of the force remained to act as a rear guard.

The convoy arrived at a deep spruit, where the Boers were concealed, and the entire body walked into ambush and was captured, together with six guns.

The loss of life was not great, since most of the British had walked into the trap before a shot was fired.

General Colville's division arrived here and was shelling the Boers.

The Duke of Norfolk caused a sensation in London by resigning the post-mastership for a subordinate post with the British forces in South Africa.

REV. DR. HILLIS RESIGNS.

He Sent a Letter Asking to Be Allowed to Withdraw From the Presbyterian Church.

CHICAGO, April 3.—The resignation of Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, from the Chicago presbytery, and the request that he be allowed to demit from the Presbyterian church, was placed before the annual meeting of the Chicago presbytery. No action will be taken on the matter for two weeks, the committee to which Dr. Hillis' letter of resignation was referred for consideration requesting that much time on account of the many important interests involved, and being unwilling to take hasty action on a matter so important to the Presbyterian church.

Dr. Hillis' resignation was in the form of a letter to Dr. W. C. Gray, editor of The Interior, and a personal friend of the Brooklyn pastor, and when the aged divine stepped upon the platform to present the letter to the Chicago presbytery, the auditorium of Olivet Memorial church, in which the meeting was held, was crowded to the doors, nearly every Presbyterian minister in Chicago being present.

Logan Killed From the Rear.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Sergeant Major A. E. Gehert, of Chicago, who served in the battalion commanded by Major John A. Logan, in the Philippines, has written a letter to a militia associate in this city, giving a detailed account of the death of Major Logan, and when the aged divine stepped upon the platform to present the letter to the Chicago presbytery, the auditorium of Olivet Memorial church, in which the meeting was held, was crowded to the doors, nearly every Presbyterian minister in Chicago being present.

Logan Killed From the Rear.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Sergeant Major A. E. Gehert, of Chicago, who served in the battalion commanded by Major John A. Logan, in the Philippines, has written a letter to a militia associate in this city, giving a detailed account of the death of Major Logan, and when the aged divine stepped upon the platform to present the letter to the Chicago presbytery, the auditorium of Olivet Memorial church, in which the meeting was held, was crowded to the doors, nearly every Presbyterian minister in Chicago being present.

Logan Killed From the Rear.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Sergeant Major A. E. Gehert, of Chicago, who served in the battalion commanded by Major John A. Logan, in the Philippines, has written a letter to a militia associate in this city, giving a detailed account of the death of Major Logan, and when the aged divine stepped upon the platform to present the letter to the Chicago presbytery, the auditorium of Olivet Memorial church, in which the meeting was held, was crowded to the doors, nearly every Presbyterian minister in Chicago being present.

Logan Killed From the Rear.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Sergeant Major A. E. Gehert, of Chicago, who served in the battalion commanded by Major John A. Logan, in the Philippines, has written a letter to a militia associate in this city, giving a detailed account of the death of Major Logan, and when the aged divine stepped upon the platform to present the letter to the Chicago presbytery, the auditorium of Olivet Memorial church, in which the meeting was held, was crowded to the doors, nearly every Presbyterian minister in Chicago being present.

Logan Killed From the Rear.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Sergeant Major A. E. Gehert, of Chicago, who served in the battalion commanded by Major John A. Logan, in the Philippines, has written a letter to a militia associate in this city, giving a detailed account of the death of Major Logan, and when the aged divine stepped upon the platform to present the letter to the Chicago presbytery, the auditorium of Olivet Memorial church, in which the meeting was held, was crowded to the doors, nearly every Presbyterian minister in Chicago being present.

Logan Killed From the Rear.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Sergeant Major A. E. Gehert, of Chicago, who served in the battalion commanded by Major John A. Logan, in the Philippines, has written a letter to a militia associate in this city, giving a detailed account of the death of Major Logan, and when the aged divine stepped upon the platform to present the letter to the Chicago presbytery, the auditorium of Olivet Memorial church, in which the meeting was held, was crowded to the doors, nearly every Presbyterian minister in Chicago being present.

Logan Killed From the Rear.

FUNERAL OF SAWYER.

People of Wisconsin Showed Honor to the Memory of Ex-Senator Sawyer.

OSHKOSH, Wis., April 2.—Former Senator Philotts Sawyer was buried Sunday afternoon and the funeral was the most imposing and impressive ever held in this city. Special trains brought 400 people to the city. The services were marked by the greatest simplicity, according to the wish of the deceased, Rev. Edward H. Smith, of the First Congregational church, conducted them and he made no address whatever.

The funeral procession was longest ever seen here, the various civic societies and the militia turning out. The pallbearers were all relatives of the deceased. The funeral was attended by the state officers and by most of the prominent men of the state.

We were in Havana in all five days. We also visited the provinces of Pinar del Rio, Matanzas and Santa Clara, being unable to go to Santiago and Puerto Principe, as we very much wished.

"It may be said of all classes in Cuba that they are looking to the establishment of an independent government, a Cuban republic. A few are impatient and wish for immediate independence. Others are less impatient, believing that sufficient time should be taken to avoid mistakes and to set up the new government upon such a firm basis as to insure its success and permanence. All are looking forward to the municipal elections that are to take place in the latter part of May, regarding such elections as the step toward the establishment of the new government. Much will depend on the result of these elections. If they take place without disorder and good officials are elected, that will go far to prove the capacity of the people for self-government, and steps can be taken without great delay for further progress in that direction. The problem is complicated by the fact that self-government is an untried experiment, by a people who have had little opportunity to study its principles or details, its necessities or its responsibilities. Many of the more conservative citizens and business men, unfortunately, show too much disposition to hold aloof."

The administration of Governor General Wood is highly praised by Senator Platt. He then said in part: "It is not too much to say that the people of Cuba, in respect to the formation of a stable and beneficent government, are very much like children who have to be taught and led. They regard the United States as their friend and teacher, and as a whole are quite willing to be guided."

"There are great possibilities in the island. It is fertile, has great natural resources, and is capable of supporting a population four or five times larger than it numbers at present. On the whole, there has been marvelous recuperation since the declaration of peace, but it needs American capital and American enterprise, which hesitate as yet to go there. English and German capital seem more confident and is being invested. Surely our own people ought to have as much confidence in the future of Cuba as foreigners have."

DISCORDANT NOTE IN WELCOME CHORUS.

Opponents Plan a Procession on the Occasion of Queen's Visit to Dublin.

DUBLIN, April 2.—The British channel squadron arrived off Kingstown for the queen's visit, which is awaited, with intense and ever increasing enthusiasm. Already the hotels are crowded and train-loads after train-loads are arriving from the provinces.

Grandstands have been erected in the streets, which are profusely decorated. A general holiday has been proclaimed for Wednesday throughout the county of Dublin.

As a last attempt at a counter attraction, the extremists have placarded the city with an invitation to citizens to join a monster procession of nationalistic societies, which, according to program, is to start from the Transvaal committee rooms on the night of her majesty's arrival. It is probable that the demonstration will be forbidden.

SOUTH POLE FOUND.

Antarctic Expedition Fitted Out by Sir George Newnes, Proved Successful—One Explorer Died.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, April 2.—The exploring steamer Southern Cross, bearing Mr. C. E. Borchgrevink and the survivors of the south polar expedition fitted out in 1898 by Sir George Newnes, of London, arrived here.

Mr. Borchgrevink reports that the magnetic pole has been located. Mr. N. Nansen, of one of the men who reported with the expedition, died on the voyage.

THREE TENTH HEROES BURIED.

Jesse Noss, Jacob Hill and Robert Fox Interred at Mount Pleasant, Pa.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Pa., April 2.—Jesse Noss and Jacob Hill, of Company E, Tenth regiment, and Robert Fox, of Company C, were buried in Mount Pleasant cemetery. The rites had no counterpart in regimental annals, barring the ceremony over the body of the late Colonel Hawkins.

The services were held at the opera house. A choir of 30 voices led the singing. Services were in charge of the ministers of the town. The floral tributes were upon a colossal scale. A carload of flowers were received, while for the lad whose memory was dear to a less number of friends the citizens took charge and expended upward of \$50. Colonel Barnett, of Washington, and Captain Watson, of New Brighton, were guests of honor.

JOUBERT'S LAST EXPRESSED WISH.

Kruger Said He Desired Both to Succeed Him.

PRETORIA, April 2.—President Kruger said in public that the last expressed desire of the late Commandant General Joubert was that he should be succeeded as commandant general by Louis Botha.

Andrews and Simon Beaten.

PITTSBURGH, April 2.—Ex-State Senator William H. Andrews was defeated for the legislative nomination in Allegheny City. The unofficial returns show that 4,114 votes were cast for Charles W. Neeb and Richard M. Kopp, and 1,744 votes for William H. Andrews and Charles Simon.

Monsignor Moran Dead.

PHINCETON, April 2.—Monsignor Thomas R. Moran, vicar general of the Catholic diocese of Trenton, and rector of St. Paul's Catholic church, of this place, died at his home here from an attack of pneumonia. He was 68 years old, and for more than 35 years was a conspicuous figure in Catholic circles in Princeton.

Killed in Boxing Bout.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Thomas MacGregor, a youth about 17 years old, died at his home here from the effects of a blow received in a friendly boxing bout. Thomas Nelson, about the same age, is under arrest, charged with causing the death of MacGregor.

Funeral of Santiano's Mayor.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, April 2.—The funeral of Mayor Valiente took place with elaborate ceremonies. Colonel White-side and several other United States officers acted as honorary pallbearers. The military and civil procession extended two miles.

Boer Prisoners Died.

CAPE TOWN, April 2.—The departure of the British transports with the Boer prisoners for St. Helena has been delayed, in consequence of the increased sickness among the prisoners. Three died and 12 had died during the week.

To Try Goebel Murder Cases.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 2.—The convening of the April term of the Franklin circuit court today, with Judge Cantrell sitting, marks the beginning of the final legal proceedings against the alleged assassins of the late Governor Goebel.

Two Persons Dead.

CHEERBOUGO, April 2.—The boiler of a French torpedo boat exploded during forced draught trials and five of the crew were terribly burned. One died and another, unable to bear the agony, jumped into the sea and was drowned.

General Panza Captured.

MANILA, April 2.—The Chinese general, Panza, who has been terrorizing and devastating the province of Panay, has surrendered, at Legaspi, to Brigadier General Kobbe, who is bringing him to Manila.

DESIRE FREEDOM.

SENATORS FOUND SENTIMENT GENERAL AMONG CUBAN PEOPLE.

Senator Platt So States as to the Observations of the Senatorial Committee. Much Depends on the Coming Municipal Elections.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The subcommittee of the senate, consisting of Senators Platt, of Connecticut; Aldrich and Teller, which went to Cuba for the purpose of personally investigating conditions on the island with a view to intelligent action by congress with respect to Cuba, returned to Washington. Senator Platt, chairman of the sub-committee, authorized a statement concerning the sub-committee's observations, in which he said in part:

"We were in Havana in all five days. We also visited the provinces of Pinar del Rio, Matanzas and Santa Clara, being unable to go to Santiago and Puerto Principe, as we very much wished."

"It may be said of all classes in Cuba that they are looking to the establishment of an independent government, a Cuban republic. A few are impatient and wish for immediate independence. Others are less impatient, believing that sufficient time should be taken to avoid mistakes and to set up the new government upon such a firm basis as to insure its success and permanence. All are looking forward to the municipal elections that are to take place in the latter part of May, regarding such elections as the step toward the establishment of the new government. Much will depend on the result of these elections. If they take place without disorder and good officials are elected, that will go far to prove the capacity of the people for self-government, and steps can be taken without great delay for further progress in that direction. The problem is complicated by the fact that self-government is an untried experiment, by a people who have had little opportunity to study its principles or details, its necessities or its responsibilities. Many of the more conservative citizens and business men, unfortunately, show too much disposition to hold aloof."

The administration of Governor General Wood is highly praised by Senator Platt. He then said in part: "It is not too much to say that the people of Cuba, in respect to the formation of a stable and beneficent government, are very much like children who have to be taught and led. They regard the United States as their friend and teacher, and as a whole are quite willing to be guided."

"There are great possibilities in the island. It is fertile, has great natural resources, and is capable of supporting a population four or five times larger than it numbers at present. On the whole, there has been marvelous recuperation since the declaration of peace, but it needs American capital and American enterprise, which hesitate as yet to go there. English and German capital seem more confident and is being invested. Surely our own people ought to have as much confidence in the future of Cuba as foreigners have."

DINGLEY TARIFF THE WRONG BASIS.

Assertion of a Porto Rican Who Says Present Bill is Crime Against Capital and Labor.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, April 2.—Mr. W. T. Downes, president of the Porto Rican Tobacco company, who already had declared that the proposed tariff would keep Porto Rico out of the American market, and that as the result of it she would sell to Europe, China and Japan, instead of the United States, declared that 15 per cent of the Dingley rates would prohibit Porto Rican manufactures tobacco selling in the United States. The raw leaf would pay an average of 5 1/2 cents per pound, and finished goods 7 1/2 cents per pound. This would be discriminating in favor of the United States manufacturers to the extent of \$725 on each 1,000 pounds.

"Skilled labor," he said, "is higher here than in the United States, and the passage of the proposed bill would do an injustice to the Porto Rican manufacturer. It would be a crime against the labor and capital of Porto Rico. If congress is sincere in its purpose only to raise revenue for the island, it cannot honestly take the Dingley bill as a basis. The differential rate between finished and raw products will protect the United States manufacturer, but slaughter the Porto Rican."

DEATH FOR MURDERERS.

China Will Settle for the Killing of Rev. Mr. Brooks—The Terms Proposed.

PEKIN, April 2.—The Chinese government has "settled" the controversy arising out of the murder, on Dec. 3 last, of the Rev. Mr. Brooks, of the Church Missionary society, on the following terms:

Two of the murderers will be beheaded, one imprisoned for life, one for ten years, another for two years. A memorial tablet will be erected upon the site of the murder and a tablet will be placed in Canterbury cathedral, England, at the expense of the Chinese government.

Two Persons Dead.

CHEERBOUGO, April 2.—The boiler of a French torpedo boat exploded during forced draught trials and five of the crew were terribly burned. One died and another, unable to bear the agony, jumped into the sea and was drowned.

General Panza Captured.

MANILA, April 2.—The Chinese general, Panza, who has been terrorizing and devastating the province of Panay, has surrendered, at Legaspi, to Brigadier General Kobbe, who is bringing him to Manila.

REAL PROGRESS WAS MADE.

Dun's Review Notes Better Condition of Stocks Than a Year Ago.

NEW YORK, March 31.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade, issued today, said in part: Progress toward better things has been unmistakable. It was a year ago that the frenzied speculation in industrial stocks reached its culmination with prices averaging higher than at any time since, while railroad stock after some decline rose \$1.18 per share higher in September, and after the fall in both which ended in December, have now risen \$8.35 per share to the highest point of this year. The advance during the past week has been remarkably vigorous, and with more public support than before.

Wheat exports fall far below last year's, amounting in four weeks to 9,796,891 bushels, against 14,105,886 last year. The price has advanced \$3 1/2 cents with statements that the crop of France is greatly reduced, though it is rather early to make any such estimate. The exports of corn again prove the magnitude of foreign demand for cereals, as the extraordinary movement of last year is closely approached, 11,794,875 bushels having gone abroad in four weeks, against 13,102,811 last year. The western receipts are nearly three times as large as in the same week last year, indicating an abundant supply on hand, but the price has risen 1 1/2 cents.

Wool has declined fully 1 cent on the average of revised quotations, and more for fleece and fine or fine medium territory, which sells at 55 cents clean, with medium clothing at 50 cents. The goods market is quiet and orders are limited, and outside the favorites prices are in some medium wools and fine wools.

Iron is growing weaker, except in Bessemer pig, which is held at \$24.90 at Pittsburg, in spite of small sales of eastern at lower figures. Anthracite No. 1 has sold little above \$23.00, and basic at \$22.50, with eastern force offered at \$20.50 at Pittsburg.

In finished products no further change appears except in refined lard, which sell in large orders close to 2 cents at Philadelphia, and plates which are selling at 2 cents or less at both markets. Better prices are expected from the consolidation in sheets. But it will not be easy nor in the end profitable to hold prices after supplies so far exceed demand that material can be bought at lower cost.

Transactions through clearing houses show a much smaller volume of business than a year ago, the daily average for March being 14.3 per cent smaller than last year, but 34.4 per cent larger than in 1898.

Failures for the week were 203 in the United States, against 194 last year, and 33 in Canada, against 26 last year.

Duchess Has New Son.

LONDON, April 2.—The Duchess of York gave birth to a son at York cottage, Sandringham. The duchess and infant are doing well.

Two Deaths; Eleven New Cases.

SYDNEY, April 2.—Eleven cases of bubonic plague were officially reported. Two additional deaths occurred.

THE MARKETS.

WHEAT.—No. 2 red, 86 1/2c. CORN.—No. 2 yellow, 52 1/2c. OATS.—No. 1 white, 31 1/2c. EGGS.—No. 1, 18 1/2c. BUTTER.—No. 1, 22 1/2c. LARD.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. SUGAR.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. COFFEE.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. TEA.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. RICE.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. CLOTH.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. WOOL.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. IRON.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. STEEL.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. CEMENT.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. BRICK.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. LUMBER.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. TIMBER.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. PAPER.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. GLASS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. SOAP.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. CANDLES.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. TOBACCO.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. SALT.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. POTASH.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. NITRATE.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. SULFUR.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. COPPER.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. ZINC.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. LEAD.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. SILVER.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. GOLD.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. DIAMONDS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. JEWELRY.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. WATCHES.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. CLOCKS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. OPTICS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. PHOTOGRAPHY.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. BOOKS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. PAPERS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. STATIONERY.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. FURNITURE.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. CARPETS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. DRUGS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. CHEMICALS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. PAINTS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. OILS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. GLAZES.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. PUTTY.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. ROPE.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. CABLES.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. WIRE.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. RUBBER.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. HIDE.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. BONE.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. HORNS.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. TALLOW.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. GLUE.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. RESIN.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. SOAP.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. CANDLES.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. TOBACCO.—No. 1, 11 1/2c. SALT.—