

STATE ISSUES ARE BOLDLY MET

State Treasurer Beacom Talks About His Office Right Among the People.

EVERY DOLLAR ACCOUNTED FOR.

Democrats Demoralized Over the Frank Action of Republicans in Discussing the State Issues.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Oct. 24.—The Democratic leaders and their sympathizers have been amazed and chagrined at the bold and defiant manner in which the Republican candidate and other orators in this campaign have met every attack made upon the administration of the state treasury. The Democracy have been banking upon the thought that with national issues properly to the front of the canvass, owing to the fact that Bryan and his followers have been assailing President McKinley, that Republicans would confine their speeches solely to topics bearing upon the war. But there has not been a single utterance from a Democrat worthy of replying to that has not met a prompt and vigorous response from the Republican camp. A novel feature of the canvass is the appearance on the stump of State Treasurer James S. Beacom, who meets the people face to face to discuss the condition of the finances of the commonwealth with the taxpayers.

In the platform adopted at the Republican state convention it was declared:

We favor an economical administration of state affairs and demand the prompt settlement and collection of all claims and taxes due by individuals, companies and corporations. We also favor the prompt payment of school warrants drawn upon the treasurer, so that each district shall be paid as soon as the appropriation is needed and demand be made for the payment thereof.

We believe in reducing the expenses of the judicial, executive and legislative branches of the state government to the minimum, so that the public expenditures shall not exceed the annual revenues. It is a source of gratification to recall that our state has never lost a dollar by reason of the negligence, default or dishonesty of any of its accounting officers, and we especially commend the business-like and efficient administration of the retiring state treasurer, James S. Beacom.

Upon these two planks of the platform the Republicans of Pennsylvania are making an aggressive canvass. Colonel Barnett, the nominee for state treasurer, stands pledged to carry out the policy therein outlined.

BEACOM ON THE ISSUES.

State Treasurer Beacom, in commenting upon the important issues of the canvass, had this to say:

"During this campaign statements have appeared in the Democratic and scorching newspapers that the Republicans have not gone to the country this year on state issues; that we are afraid to discuss the management of the treasury department, and are endeavoring to throw dust in the eyes of the people by keeping up a hurrah on national questions. So far as I am personally concerned I think the very strongest issue of the Republican party in this campaign is the management of the treasury department for the last 35 years under successive state treasurers."

Mr. Beacom then entered into a minute explanation of how the money of the people is managed by the treasury department; how it is collected, how it is cared for, and how it is paid out. He showed that every cent of money paid into the state treasury is traced to the hands of the treasurer, not only by the receipt of the treasurer, countersigned by the auditor general, but also by the detailed annual report of the state treasurer, and by the books of the auditor general. It would be impossible, he held, for a state treasurer to receive the smallest sum of money without the public knowing that he had so received it.

Continuing, he said: "There is some difference of opinion as to the best method of caring for public funds. A distinguished Pennsylvanian argued in a speech made in Philadelphia during the last campaign that the money should be kept in the vaults of the treasury department and paid out over its own counters. I do not pose as a great financier, but I believe I express to you the conviction of the best financiers of the world when I say that this would be a most primitive and vicious system."

"Just now, when business is flourishing and new enterprises are springing up all around us, furnishing an unparalleled demand for money and labor, the business world is confronted with the fact that several hundred millions of dollars are absolutely withdrawn from the channels of business and stered up in the vaults of the United States sub-treasury, whence it can only come for the purpose of paying claims against the government. Now, suppose every state treasurer and every county treasurer—for if good for one it is good for all—should lock up the balances in their own vaults, what would be the result? Such an argument, reduced to its last analysis, means that every man ought to carry his money in his own pocket, and that the whole banking system is an evil that ought to be abolished, which is to reduce the argument to such obvious absurdity that nothing more need be said about it to an intelligent audience."

"According to my humble view it is the right thing to keep all the money of the country in the channels of business, which is the same thing as saying that it ought to be kept in the banks. In addition, it is an undeniable fact that the money of the people of this state has been so well safeguarded that the taxpayers have suffered absolutely no loss whatever, and it will be the 'Flow Boy Preacher,' Rev. J. Kirkman, Belle Haven, Ill., says 'after suffering from bronchial or lung trouble for ten years, I was cured by One Minute Cough Cure. It is all that is claimed for it and more.' It cures coughs, colds, grippe and all throat and lung troubles, Head & Killmer.

"I have known the candidate for state treasurer, Colonel James E. Barnett, for 20 years, and I have never heard his honesty and integrity questioned by friend or foe. If he is honest and business-like, which seems to be generally admitted, then you can depend upon it that he and nobody else will run the treasury department."

POLITICIANS NEVER INTERFERED

"I want to say right here and now that if you have any fault to find with me, it is not mine, it is the fault of the politicians who have interfered with me."

"I did me more good than anything I ever used. My dyspepsia was of long standing; after eating it was terrible. Now I am well," writes S. B. Keener, Holsington, Kas., of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat. Health & Killmer.

Joseph Stockford, Hodgdon, Me., healed his piles of long standing by using DeWitt's White Hazel Salve. It cures all skin diseases. Health & Killmer.

"When our boys were almost dead from whooping cough, our doctor gave us One Minute Cough Cure. They recovered rapidly," writes P. B. Bell, Argyle, Pa. It cures coughs, colds, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. Health & Killmer.

"Do you appreciate good laundry work? If so patronize the Dunkirk Steam Laundry, Miles & Armstrong, agents."

in the system when it is found that the present system cannot be continued with safety to the people."

TREASURER BEACOM'S POLICY.

After entering into the financial conditions of the state and explaining the system of paying out the appropriations to the public schools, he continued: "The policy of the treasury department since I have had charge of it has been to pay the appropriations where needed and when needed. As the public funds are upon interest for the taxpayers at large while they remain in the state depositories, it has seemed to me to be good business to leave them there until they are needed for the purposes for which they are appropriated. Of course, as soon as a school district actually needs its appropriation it should be paid, and I say that every school district in the state that has ever made known to either the school department or the treasury department that it was in need of its appropriation has been promptly accommodated with either cash or check, and as much as was necessary for its purpose. This was the record made last year, and that is the record this year up to the present time."

ALL THE BOOKS ARE OPEN.

"Now, having explained how your money is collected, cared for and paid out, I will indulge in a few general remarks about the treasury department and its critics. I notice that 'Farmer' Creasy is traveling about the state telling the people how anxious he is to get into the treasury department and take the lid off. He is making the boldest assertions about official rotteness and corruption and holding forth the idea that the people can be only relieved from their thralldom by his election as state treasurer. This is the merest political twaddle. The records of the treasury department are public records. Every citizen of this commonwealth has a right to come there and examine every book and paper in the department, and no man since I have been treasurer has been refused access to anything that is in the office."

"If 'Farmer' Creasy is as honest as he pretends to be why does he not come to the treasury department and 'lift the lid,' as he calls it, and find out what is wrong and tell the people in plain English what it is that is rotten and corrupt? 'Farmer' Creasy's statements about the treasury department and its management show either lamentable ignorance or a willful disposition to misstate facts, and in either case he is not the best man to be selected for the office."

EFFORT TO DECEIVE DISHONEST.

"The whole effort to deceive the people into the belief that there is something concealed about the treasury department is simply bold dishonesty. I have stood upon the platform time after time since I have taken charge of the treasury department and have asked the people before whom I was talking to come to the treasury department themselves, or to appoint experts to examine everything in it and about it, and satisfy their eyes as to whether there was anything there that would not bear public inspection. This whole talk about the treasury department is for political purpose solely and absolutely and is a wrong to the people of the commonwealth."

"Creasy and his band of orators are going over the state telling the people that if Creasy is elected state treasurer he will pay out \$5,500,000 every year of the public schools, notwithstanding the governor's veto. It is hard to believe absurdity could reach such a climax. How does he expect to go over to the school department, take the superintendent by the neck and compel him to sign warrants? And if he gets the warrants signed there will go to the auditor general's department, and at the point of payment compel the auditor general to countersign the warrants?"

"Orators on the stump are endeavoring to create a belief that the public funds are loaned out from the state treasury. This is not only not true, but it is not possible that any such thing could be done without the public knowing it. A monthly statement is published by the state treasurer, giving out the amount of the balance in the department and naming the banks in which the money is deposited, and it would be simply impossible for the money to be any place else without immediate detection."

NOT A DOLLAR LOST.

"It should be a matter of pride for you to consider that for more than 30 of 35 years the officials of your party have managed the treasury department without the loss of a single dollar to the taxpayers of the state, and that your party through its representatives has passed laws so hedging the state officials about as to make it almost impossible for the taxpayers to suffer injury."

"The worst that has been said of the treasury is that some banks which had the state moneys on deposit sometimes lend their money to politicians. I would remind you that when the state treasurer places public funds in a bank they become the funds of the bank and are no longer public funds, no more than your private funds placed in a bank remain yours after they have been deposited. When you make a deposit in a bank you have no power to say what use it shall make of the money. The banker gets the money to lend and not to look at. He is required to pay interest on it and he must use it, and the state treasurer has no right to say to him what use he shall make of it."

"In this Republican year, when the glories of Republican legislation are being proclaimed in the channels of business and property, there can be no reason why a Republican should not vote the Republican ticket unless the candidates are clearly unfit for the duties of the offices which they seek. I have known the candidate for state treasurer, Colonel James E. Barnett, for 20 years, and I have never heard his honesty and integrity questioned by friend or foe. If he is honest and business-like, which seems to be generally admitted, then you can depend upon it that he and nobody else will run the treasury department."

"I want to say right here and now that if you have any fault to find with me, it is not mine, it is the fault of the politicians who have interfered with me."

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can party or the politicians on that account. In fairness to all parties I am compelled to say that I have never been interfered with in any way. For whatever has been or is being done I am solely and entirely responsible and ought to bear personally whatever just criticisms can be made."

"I believe I can say that after May 1, 1900, Colonel Barnett will run the treasury department, and he alone, and not only our candidate for state treasurer, but every man on the Republican ticket will be elected by majorities only measured by the percentage of voters that will find time from these busy, prosperous, Republican days to go to the polls."

BARNETT'S TOUR.

Itinerary of the Soldier Candidate For the Closing Days.

CANVASS A GREAT SUCCESS.

Immense Crowds of Enthusiastic Citizens Greet the Republican Nominee For State Treasurer at Every Point.

The receptions accorded Colonel Barnett, the Republican candidate for state treasurer, and his colleagues, who are traveling through the state, continue to be of the most enthusiastic character. The crowds that gather to meet the gallant officer of the Fighting Tenth regiment and his comrades who are with him on the stump are always large and demonstrative, says a special dispatch from Philadelphia. Colonel Barnett has picked up wonderfully in health since he left the doctor's hands a short time ago, and he has made a favorable impression upon the people. He has not hesitated to meet the issues, whether state or national, and his pledge to administer the duties of the office of state treasurer with fidelity and in strict accordance with law, to insist upon the prompt payment of interest on all public moneys in the banks, and to pay out upon demand all moneys for which a properly drawn warrant shall be presented, has called forth many expressions of approval.

Colonel Barnett, for the final ten days of the canvass, has an interesting itinerary, which will take him into the western and central sections of the state. He was the central figure at a splendid reception given Monday evening, the 23d inst., at the clubhouse of the William R. Leeds association, Philadelphia. From there he goes to Indian county, where he is expected to speak tomorrow night. Then he visits Apollo, Armstrong county, on the 26th inst.; Castle, Lawrence county, on the 27th; Erie, Erie county, on the 28th; Warren, Warren county, on the 29th; Bradford, McKean county, on the 31st; Williamsport, Lycoming county, on Nov. 1; Lewisburg, Union county, on Nov. 2; Chambersburg, Franklin county, on Nov. 3, and on Saturday, Nov. 4, he returns to Philadelphia, where, with the other candidates on the Republican state ticket, he will be given a reception by the Young Republicans of Philadelphia. The final Barnett meeting of the campaign will be held at Harrisburg on the day before the election, Monday, Nov. 6, where a great turnout of Republicans is anticipated.

During the remaining days of the canvass the two parties of Republican spellbinders who have been touring the state will be consolidated, and the famous Tenth Regiment Glee club will accompany Colonel Barnett to all the meetings, as will Captain Crago and Watson, Senior Major Nell, Lieutenant Aiken, Adjutant Scott and other officers and privates of the Tenth regiment. Colonel Charles M. Clement, of Sunbury, commander of the Twelfth regiment, N. G. P., has recently joined the corps of Republican orators. He makes an entertaining and captivating address.

In one of his recent speeches he said: "When I came to look for the issue that was being raised in behalf of the Creasy ticket I found the same old avoidance of every real issue that has characterized his party for 30 years past. In tones as strident as those of a calliope they were all the while, and every Republican as a rule, is a robber. Primarily there are no issues in this campaign that are not pre-eminently and intensely national. But if there is to be any state issue, any review of the past history of the commonwealth, the Republican party has nothing to fear."

"Twenty years ago a Democrat of such personal integrity that he was known as 'square timber' was elected state treasurer. Two years later, when he came to turn over his office to his Republican successor, the transfer had to be postponed for several weeks because the latter would not accept obligations that he demanded cash. The result of this one administration was the failure of the incumbent and the sacrifice of many reputations. On the other hand, in all the years that the Republican party has administered that office never has been one dollar unaccounted for."

"At that time the total revenues of the state would scarcely have paid the school appropriation of today. Its growth and expansion is the history of the Republican party. It has more than quintupled the school appropriation and has taken taxes off many objects to place them exclusively upon the corporation."

SANDY TO HIS PHYLLIS.

How do I love thee, O my Colombine? How shall I prove this cozyness of mine? I love thee better than the silver and the little shafed club, my beauteous driving clock. I love thee better than my maslie fair That sends my Silverton sailing through the air. I love thee better than my brassie sweet That sends the ball quite seven hundred feet. I love thee better than my driver grand, Which has been blessed by old Tom Morris' hand. I'd rather have thee housed within my walls Than with a dozen scowled guinea balls. And if without thee I could ever be teed on high I'd rather have thee with the vilest cup of lie. Love thee, dear, so much I'd not complain To play for more and still to play again. I love thee so I'd even be serene If thou shouldst speak upon the putting green. Indeed I'd be small wee within my cup If but to get thee I must give gold up!

Millions of dollars is the value placed by Mrs. Mary Bird, Harrisburg, Pa., on the life of her child, who was saved from croup by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. It cures all coughs, colds and throat and lung troubles. Health & Killmer.

Old fashions in dress may be revived, but no old-fashioned medicine can replace Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Sold by all druggists.

President King, Farmer's Bank, Brooklyn, Mich., has used DeWitt's Little Earsy Kidney Pills for years. Says they are the best. They cure all kidney pills cure constipation, biliousness and all liver and bowel troubles. Health & Killmer.

General Election.

Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to amend the tenth section of an act, entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections,'" approved the 28th day of June, A. D. 1895, it is the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Election, and in such to—

I. Enumerate the officers to be elected and give a list of all the nominations made as provided in this act, and to be voted for in such county, and the full text of all constitutional amendments submitted to a vote of the people, but the proclamation posted in each election district need not contain the names of any candidates but those to be voted for in such district.

II. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

III. He shall give notice that every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or this State, or of any city, or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary departments of this State, or of the United States, or of any city, or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer.

I. Frank P. Walker, High Sheriff of the County of Forest, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the County of Forest that a General Election will be held in said County, on

Tuesday, November 7th, 1899, between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m., at the several Election Districts.

The following are the officers to be elected, and a list of all the nominations made therefor, and which are to be voted for in the form in which they shall appear upon the ballots:

Officers to be elected—
One person for State Treasurer of Pennsylvania.
Two persons for Judges of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
One person for Judge of the Superior Court of Pennsylvania.
One person for Associate Judge of the County of Common Pleas of Forest County.
One person for Prothonotary, Recorder and Clerk of Courts of Forest County.
One person for Sheriff of Forest County.
Three persons for County Auditors of Forest County.
Two persons for Jury Commissioners of Forest County.

REPUBLICAN.
State Treasurer—James E. Barnett.
Judge of the Supreme Court—John I. Mitchell.
Associate Judge—R. B. Crawford.
Prothonotary, Register, Recorder and Clerk of the Courts—John H. Robertson.
Sheriff—John W. Jamieson.
County Commissioners—M. M. Whittemore, James H. Morrison.
County Auditors—James R. Clark, George L. King.
Jury Commissioners—Levi G. Reynolds.

PROHIBITION.
State Treasurer—William T. Creasy.
Judge of the Supreme Court—S. Leslie Mestreat.
Judge of the Superior Court—Charles J. Reilly.
Prothonotary, Register, Recorder and Clerk of the Courts—J. E. McClelland.
Sheriff—J. H. Russell.
County Commissioners—R. M. Herman, John T. Carson.
County Auditors—R. J. Flynn, Jos. M. Hoff.
Jury Commissioners—Peter Youngk.

PEOPLE'S.
State Treasurer—John M. Caldwell.
Judge of the Supreme Court—Agib Rickert.
Judge of the Superior Court—Harold L. Robinson.
Sheriff—Thomas S. Work.
County Commissioner—H. A. Shippe.
Jury Commissioners—J. Wensel.

PEOPLE'S.
State Treasurer—Justus Watkins.
Judge of the Supreme Court—John H. Stevenson.
Judge of the Superior Court—Nathan L. Atwood.

SOCIALIST LABOR.
State Treasurer—Samuel Clark.
Judge of the Supreme Court—Donald L. Munro.
Judge of the Superior Court—Val. Roman.

UNION REFORM.
State Treasurer—Samuel D. Wood.
Judge of the Supreme Court—John H. Stevenson.

BYRAN ANTI-TRUST.
State Treasurer—William T. Creasy.
Judge of the Supreme Court—S. Leslie Mestreat.
Judge of the Superior Court—Charles J. Reilly.

PLACES OF HOLDING ELECTIONS.
The Electors of Barnett township at Clarington Town Hall, in Clarington, said township.
The Electors of Green township at follows: Those residing in the Election District of Guitonville, to-wit: Those embraced in the following boundary, viz: Beginning at a post, the north corner of tract No. 5513, thence south forty-five degrees west three hundred and twenty rods to the west corner of said tract, thence south forty-five degrees east along dividing line between tracts Nos. 5133 and 5505 to the north corner of tract No. 5501, thence by the southeast line of tract No. 5501 and 5504 to the south corner of tract No. 5504, thence southwesterly to the northeast corner of tract No. 5503, and thence north to the north corner of said tract, thence north by the same line to the northeast corner of Clarion county, thence north by the same line to where the said Jenks township line crosses the northeast line of tract No. 5500, thence northwesterly by the northeast line of Green township to the place of beginning, shall vote at the School House at Guitonville.

The Electors of Green township residing outside of the territory embraced in the above described Election District of Guitonville, shall vote at the Township House, in Nebraska village.

The Electors of Harmony township residing outside of the territory embraced in the above described Election District of Guitonville, shall vote at the Township House, in Nebraska village.

The Electors of Jenks township residing in the Election District of West Howe, to-wit: Those residing west of the above described Middle Howe, at the Balltown School House.

The Electors of Howe township residing in the Election District of West Howe, to-wit: Those embracing in the territory recently cut off from the Balltown District, viz: Beginning at a point on the east line of the Balltown Election District where the north line of warrant 3189 intersects the same; thence west along the north line of warrants 3189, 3188 and 4790 to the northeast line of warrant 5282; thence along the southeast line of warrant 5282 to the northeast line of warrant 5191 to warrant 5256; thence along the northwest line of warrant 5191 and 5194 to the Kingsley township line, shall vote at Clough's Hall, at Clough's Mills.

The Electors of Jenks township residing outside of the territory embraced in the above described Election District of Byromtown, shall vote at the Election and Township House in Marienville.

The Electors of Kingsley township residing in the Mayburg District, to-wit: Those embraced in the following boundary, viz: Beginning at a point on the Hickory and Kingsley township line where the northwest corner of tract No. 5212 intersects said line; thence along the northeast line of tract No. 5212, 5213, 5214 and 5287 to the southwest corner of tract No. 5287; thence northeast along the southeast line of 5287 to the Howe and Kingsley township line; thence north along said township line to the Warren and Forest County line; thence west along said county line to where the line of Hickory and Kingsley townships intersects said county line; thence southwest along said township line to the place of beginning, shall vote at the house of Wm. H. Castle.

The Electors of Kingsley township residing in the Newtown District, to-wit: Those embraced in the territory laying to the southwest of the above described Mayburg District, shall vote at the Township House, near the northwest end of Newton bridge.

The Electors of Tionesta township at the Township House, near the southeast end of the Tionesta creek bridge, at the mouth of said creek.

The electors of Tionesta borough at the Court House in said borough.

I also make known the following provisions of the new Constitution of Pennsylvania.

ARTICLE VIII.
SUFFRAGE AND ELECTIONS.
SEC. 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

FIRST.—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

SECOND.—He shall have resided in the State one year, (or, if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months,) immediately preceding the election.

THIRD.—He shall have resided in the election district where he offers to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

FOURTH.—If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a state or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before election.

FIFTH.—The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, by the General Assembly may, by law, fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each house concurring thereto.

Notice is hereby given, that any person who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or this state, or any city or incorporated district, whether commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or in any city, or of any incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election in this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The Judges of the aforesaid districts shall representatively take charge of the certificate of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at the Prothonotary's office in the Borough of Tionesta, as follows: "All Judges living within twelve miles of the Prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall appear two o'clock p. m., on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER EIGHTH, 1899, and all other Judges shall before twelve o'clock m., on THURSDAY, NOVEMBER NINTH, 1899, deliver said returns, together with the return sheets, to the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Forest county, which said return shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the Prothonotary for public inspection. Given under my hand at my office in Tionesta, Pa., this 23d day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and in the one hundred and twenty-fourth year of the Independence of the United States.

FRANK P. WALKER, Sheriff.

place of beginning, at G. W. King's Hall, West Hickory. The Electors of Harmony township residing outside of the territory embraced in the above described Upper Harmony shall vote at the Township Election House on the Fogle Farm.

The Electors of Hickory township at the Township House.

The Electors of Howe township as follows: Those residing in the Election District of Middle Howe, to-wit: Those embraced in the following boundary, viz: Beginning at a point where the west line of Warrant No. 3188 intersects the line of Warren and Forest counties; thence south by west lines of Warrants 3189, 3193, 3189, 3187 and 3185 to a point where the west line of Warrant 3185 intersects with the Jenks township line; thence by Jenks township line east to a point where the eastern line of said warrant 3185 intersects said Jenks township line; thence north along the eastern boundary lines of warrants 3188, 3187 and 3189 to the northwest corner of subdivision No. 69 of warrant No. 2993; thence east along the north line of subdivisions Nos. 69, 68, 65, 64 and 61 to the northwest corner of warrant No. 2736; thence north along the east line of warrants Nos. 2993, the Fox Estate, 2991 and 2735 to where the east line of 2735 intersects the Warren and Forest County line; thence by said Warren and Forest County line west to the northwest corner of Warrant 3198, the place of beginning, shall vote at Gusher City School House.

The Electors of Howe township residing in the Election District of East Howe, to-wit: Those residing within the territory embraced by the following boundary line, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the Warren and Forest County line where the same is intersected by the east line of warrant 2735; thence south along the eastern boundary lines of warrants 2736, 2991, the Fox Estate, and warrant 2993 to the northwest corner of subdivision No. 51 in warrant 2736; thence east along the northern boundary lines of warrants 2736, 2998 and 2464, to the Elk county line; thence north along the Elk and Forest County line to where the same is intersected by the Warren and Forest County line; thence west along said Warren and Forest County line to the northeast corner of warrant 2735, the place of beginning, shall vote at Brookston in Brookston Library Hall.

The Electors of Howe township residing in the Election District of Frost's, to-wit: Those residing within the territory embraced by the following boundary lines: Commencing at the northeast corner of warrant 2464, and in the line dividing Elk and Forest counties; thence south along said dividing line to the line between Howe and Jenks township; thence west along said line to the east line of warrant 2464, west corner of K. L. Blood's subdivision; thence north along the west line of the K. L. Blood subdivision and warrants, 3803, 4546, 2878, 2899 to northwest corner of subdivision No. 69 in warrant 2993; thence east along the north line of subdivisions 69, 68, 65, 64 and 61 of warrant 2993 and subdivisions 51, 52, 53, 54 and 55 of warrant 2736, and subdivisions 21, 22, 23 and 25 of warrant 2908 and the north line of warrant 2464 to the Elk county line, the place of beginning, shall vote at John Black's carpenter shop, at Frost's Station.

The Electors of Howe township residing in the Election District of West Howe, to-wit: Those residing west of the above described Middle Howe, at the Balltown School House.

The Electors of Howe township residing in the Election District of West Howe, to-wit: Those embracing in the territory recently cut off from the Balltown District, viz: Beginning at a point on the east line of the Balltown Election District where the north line of warrant 3189 intersects the same; thence west along the north line of warrants 3189, 3188 and 4790 to the northeast line of warrant 5282; thence along the southeast line of warrant 5282 to the northeast line of warrant 5191 to warrant 5256; thence along the northwest line of warrant 5191 and 5194 to the Kingsley township line, shall vote at Clough's Hall, at Clough's Mills.

The Electors of Jenks township residing in the Election District of West Howe, to-wit: Those embracing in the territory recently cut off from the Balltown District, viz: Beginning at a point on the east line of the Balltown Election District where the north line of warrant 3189 intersects the same; thence west along the north line of warrants 3189, 3188 and 4790 to the northeast line of warrant 5282; thence along the southeast line of warrant 5282 to the northeast line of warrant 5191 to warrant 5256; thence along the northwest line of warrant 5191 and 5194 to the Kingsley township line, shall vote at Clough's Hall, at Clough's Mills.

The Electors of Jenks township residing in the Election District of West Howe, to-wit: Those embracing in the territory recently cut off from the Balltown District, viz: Beginning at a point on the east line of the Balltown Election District where the north line of warrant 3189 intersects the same; thence west along the north line of warrants 3189, 3188 and 4790 to the northeast line of warrant 5282; thence along the southeast line of warrant 5282 to the northeast line of warrant 5191 to warrant 5256; thence along the northwest line of warrant 5191 and 5194 to the Kingsley township line, shall vote at Clough's Hall, at Clough's Mills.

The Electors of Jenks township residing in the Election District of West Howe, to-wit: Those embracing in the territory recently cut off from the Balltown District, viz: Beginning at a point on the east line of the Balltown Election District where the north line of warrant 3189 intersects the same; thence west along the north line of warrants 3189, 3188 and 4790 to the northeast line of warrant 5282; thence along the southeast line of warrant 5282 to the northeast line of warrant 5191 to warrant 5256; thence along the northwest line of warrant 5191 and 5194 to the Kingsley township line, shall vote at Clough's Hall, at Clough's Mills.

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