

Published every Wednesday by J. E. WENK. Office in Smearbaugh & Wenk Building, 1111 N. W. Street, TIONESTA, PA.

FOREST REPUBLICAN.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 19. TIONESTA, PA., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1899. \$1.00 PER ANNUM.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One Square, one inch, one week... 1.00 One Square, one inch, one month... 3.00 One Square, one inch, three months... 5.00 One Square, one inch, one year... 10.00 Two Squares, one year... 15.00 Quarter Column, one year... 30.00 Half Column, one year... 50.00 One Column, one year... 100.00 Legal advertisements ten cents per line each insertion.

1899 AUGUST 1899. Calendar table with columns for Su, Mo, Tu, We, Th, Fr, Sa and rows for the month of August.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgess.—K. C. Heath, Councilmen.—Joseph Morgan, J. T. Dale, W. F. Blum, Jas. D. Davis, Chas. Clark, T. E. Armstrong, H. H. Shoemaker.

FOREST COUNTY OFFICERS.

Member of Congress—J. K. P. Hall, Member of Senate—A. M. Neeley, Assembly—Dr. S. S. Towler, President Judge—W. M. Lindsey, Associate Judge—Jos. A. Nash, A. J. McCray.

Regular Terms of Court.

Fourth Monday of February, Third Monday of May, Fourth Monday of September, Third Monday of November.

Church and Sabbath School.

Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m., M. E. Sabbath School at 10:30 a. m., Preaching in M. E. Church every Sabbath evening by Rev. R. A. Buzza.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TIONESTA LODGE, No. 389, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building.

FOREST LODGE, No. 184, A. O. U. W. Meets every Friday evening in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta.

WASHINGTON CAMP, No. 420, P. O. S. of A. Meets every Saturday evening in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW POST, No. 274 G. A. R. Meets 1st and 3rd Monday evening in each month in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW CORPS, No. 137, W. R. C. Meets first and third Wednesday evening of each month in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta, Pa.

TIONESTA TENT, No. 164, K. O. T. M. Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday evening in each month in A. O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta, Pa.

P. M. CLARK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, and DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Office, cor. of 1st and Bridge streets, Tionesta, Pa. Sole agent for a number of reliable Fire Insurance Companies.

T. F. RITCHIEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Tionesta, Pa.

J. W. MORROW, M. D., Physician, Surgeon & Dentist. Office and Residence three doors north of Hotel Agnew, Tionesta, Pa. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours.

L. O. BOWMAN, M. D., Physician & Surgeon, TIONESTA, PA. Office in building formerly occupied by Dr. Nason. Call promptly responded to, night or day. Residence opposite Hotel Agnew.

DR. J. C. DUNN, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office over Heath & Killmer's store, Tionesta, Pa. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours of day or night. Residence—East side Elm St., 3d door above jail building.

J. B. SIGGINS, M. D., Physician, Surgeon & Druggist, OIL CITY, PA.

HOTEL AGNEW. G. F. WEAVER, Proprietor. This hotel, formerly the Lawrence House, has undergone a complete change, and is now furnished with all the modern improvements. Heated and lighted throughout with natural gas, bathrooms, hot and cold water, etc. The comforts of guests never neglected.

CENTRAL HOUSE. H. W. HORNOR, Proprietor. Tionesta, Pa. This is the most centrally located hotel in the place, and has all the modern improvements. No pains will be spared to make it a pleasant stopping place for the traveling public. First class livery in connection.

PHIL. EMERT FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER. Shop in Walters building, Cor. Elm and Walnut streets. Is prepared to do all kinds of custom work from the finest to the coarsest and guarantees his work to give perfect satisfaction. Prompt attention given to mending, and prices reasonable.

J. F. ZAHNINGER, PRACTICAL WATCH-MAKER and Jeweler of 25 years' experience, is prepared to do all work in his line on short notice and at reasonable prices. Always guarantees satisfaction. Watches, Jewelry, etc., ordered for parties at the lowest possible figure. Will be found in the building next to Kewley Club Room.

BUILDING COLLAPSED.

Structure of the Chicago Coliseum Gives Way.

'Tis Known That Six Lives Were Crushed Out; Three More Are Supposed to Be Under the Wreckage, and Seven Are in the Hospital, Two of Them Fatally Injured.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—Twelve steel arches, each weighing 33 tons, which were to have supported the superstructure of the Coliseum building in course of erection on Wabash avenue, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, fell to the ground. It is known that six lives were crushed out. The bodies of three men are supposed to be under the wreckage. Seven are in the hospital with injuries received in the accident and of these two will surely die, one may possibly recover and the rest are for the greatest part seriously injured.

The dead are: Charles Walpot, crushed to death. Stephen J. Thompson, crushed to death. John Fay, head crushed. Richard S. Herman, head cut off. Edward Murray, head and both legs cut off.

Theodore Thorne, crushed to death. The missing who are supposed to be under the ruins are: Frank Logan. Alex. Millas. Samuel Smith.

Those fatally injured are: John Dowd, both legs broken, both eyes knocked out; internal injuries. John White, cut on head and right side; internal injuries.

Others injured are: Cornelius Toomey, head crushed; internal injuries; may recover. Peter Pelletre, crushed about shoulders and chest; serious. John Hawthorne, head cut, internal injuries; serious.

All of the 12 arches were standing, the 12th and last having just been completed. It was the intention of the steel contractors, the Pittsburg Bridge company of Pittsburg, to turn over its work to the general contractors, the immense "traveler" or derrick, which had been used in the erection of the arches had been removed and the agents of the bridge company were accounting their work as practically completed when suddenly and without the slightest warning, the arch last put in place suddenly fell over against the one next to it. The weight was too much for it. It gave way, crashed against the third and then one by one the great steel span fell over to the south, precisely in the same manner as a number of cards would fall.

Nearly all the men who were killed were at work on top of the arches 40 feet above the ground. Some of them made futile attempts to slide down the side of the arches, but before they could save themselves, were hurled to the ground. Many of them uttered piercing shrieks for aid as they fell. Most of them were killed outright by the awful nature of their injuries. The skulls of the unfortunate men were crushed into shapeless masses, their limbs were cut off as if by a monster knife and they were mangled beyond recognition.

The immense structure began falling slowly, each arch being sustained by the cross beams supporting the entire structure. As the mass gained impetus, bars of iron inches thick snapped with a loud report and the great mass moved faster and faster in its descent. With a crash that was heard blocks distant, the structure fell, leaving the walls practically uninjured.

An immense crowd gathered around the place and, despite the efforts of the police, who were close at hand, they swarmed over the mass of wreckage, making desperate but ill-directed efforts to drag out the dead and to save the wounded. It was only with the greatest difficulty that the police were able to give the firemen and uninjured workmen a chance to rescue the injured.

That more men were not killed and injured was almost a miracle. Fully 50 men were at work in the space covered by the arches as they fell. A number of the men jumped into small excavations, of which there are many in the ground beneath the steel works, and were saved from the great masses of steel that crashed down over them. Several of them were standing under the arches when they commenced to fall and, running to the side walls, by great good fortune, happened to stand in the space left vacant by the cave of the arches fallen from the side walls. Had the arches fallen to either side the loss of life must have been much heavier, but they fell true to the south on a line parallel to the side of the building and none of them save the two southern arches fell at all outside of the space to be occupied by the building.

DEWEY AT NICE.

The Admiral Pays a Second Visit to That City and Enjoys It.

NICE, Aug. 29.—Admiral Dewey, accompanied by Lieutenants Brumby and Caldwell, arrived here in the afternoon. Accepting the United States vice consul's invitation, the admiral drove to Point Andre, stopping at the Grotto. Thence he ascended the Falcon, from which there is a superb view. The party continued on to Cimiez, skirting the heights over the town, and returned to the city.

In spite of the warm weather and the fact that this was his second visit, Admiral Dewey expressed his admiration of all he saw. The American officers returned to Villefranche after dinner.

Encountered Dangerous Icebergs.

QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 29.—The British steamer Ikal, Captain Jennings, from Montreal, Aug. 16, for Bristol, called here at midnight and reported that on Monday, Aug. 21, over 100 icebergs, many of them very large, were sighted to the northward. The bergs extended over an area stretching from the Straits of Belle Isle 50 miles eastward.

JUDGE HILTON DEAD.

After a Long and Lingering Illness the Aged Jurist Passes Away.

SARATOGA, Aug. 28.—Ex-Judge Henry Hilton of New York died at 5:30 o'clock at his summer home, Woodlawn Park, after a long illness. He suffered a relapse in the afternoon. At



JUDGE HENRY HILTON.

the bedside were Colonel and Mrs. A. B. Hilton, Mrs. Horace Russell, his daughter, and Dr. John Miner, his physician.

Funeral services will be held here on Sunday afternoon and the remains will be taken to Greenwood on Monday. Judge Hilton was in his 75th year. Up to within a few hours of his death the family hoped that the judge would recover, but when the relapse again prostrated him and he became unconscious it became apparent that he did not possess sufficient physical strength to enable him to rally. He continued to sink and his death was painless at the hour named.

MAKES A GOOD SHOWING.

Statement of the Financial Condition of the Island of Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The war department gave out for publication an interesting statement of the financial condition of the island of Cuba. It shows that under the management of the United States government the receipts of the island from Jan. 1, 1899, to June 30, of the current year, exceed the expenditures by the very handsome sum of \$1,489,921. During the period named the receipts from all sources were \$6,882,019; disbursements, \$5,392,098.

Of the money disbursed \$1,712,014 was expended in sanitation; \$565,265 in the erection and improvement of barracks and quarters; \$443,563 in the establishment, etc., of the rural guard and administration; \$250,674 on public works, harbors and forts; \$293,881 in charities and hospitals; \$242,146 for civil government; \$723,281 on municipalities; \$88,944 in aid of the destitute; \$42,205 in quarantine matters; total \$4,448,924.

The statement for July says that the customs collections in the entire island for July alone were \$1,291,537; internal revenue collections, \$56,351; postal collections, \$15,000; miscellaneous collections, \$65,435. Grand total of receipts for the month, \$1,323,324; disbursements, \$1,029,877.

UNEXPECTED AID.

A Native Tribesman and His Hand Fighting the Filipinos.

MANILA, Aug. 29.—A report received here from Cebu says a dato Mundi, a native chief, with his tribesmen, has taken the warpath against the insurgents who are holding Zamboanga and have given them a warm battle. Recently Dato Mundi, who is a fine able bodied man, educated abroad, visited General Bates at Jolo, saying he was anxious to become an American citizen and asked permission to fight the insurgents. He was given an American flag and told to return to a small island near Zamboanga and was told that troops would be sent there soon. Mundi, however, would not wait for the Americans, but with his band of tribesmen attacked the insurgents, killing 30 and wounding a number of others. His loss was slight.

General Bates will return to the Sulu archipelago to arrange for establishing American garrisons there.

AMERICAN YACHT WING.

The Canadian Cup Goes to Chicago, the Genesee Being the Winner.

TORONTO, Aug. 25.—The Canada's cup goes to Chicago, which was the result of the third race for the trophy between Beaver and Genesee. There was interval of 10 minutes and 47 seconds between the two yachts at the finish, but both were accorded an equally warm welcome.

A crowd of nearly 2,000 persons, afloat and ashore, watched the Yankee boat come in to victory and the uproar at the finish was terrific.

Prisoner Drowns Himself.

DETROIT, Aug. 29.—Mary Ann Car, a Port Huron young woman, leaped from the rail of the steamer Darius Cole into Lake St. Clair and was drowned before the steamer could be put about and boats lowered. The young woman was en route to Detroit in charge of an officer, having been arrested for the theft of \$35. She had acted refractorily on the trip down.

British Steamer Fanned.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—A dispatch from Stockholm says that the British steamer Cairnes, last reported from Constad, July 20, for Pitea, Sweden, foundered in a gale north of Pinargut. No lives were lost.

SITUATION IN MANILA.

True State of Affairs Existing in the Philippines.

News That Was Not Censored by the Officials at Manila—Difficulties in Carrying Out a Policy of Conciliation Accompanied by War—Several Mayors Arrested for Aiding the Rebels.

MANILA, Aug. 22, via Hong Kong, Aug. 28.—Recent events have proved discouraging to officials who are trying to accompany war with a policy of conciliation. Two new municipal governments have collapsed through the treachery of the mayors. The mayor of San Pedro Macati, who was elected by the people under the direction of Professor Dean Worcester of the United States advisory commission for the Philippines, was brought to Manila and lodged in jail. The United States officers at San Pedro Macati found that he was using his office as a recruiting station for the Philippine army. Four disguised insurgent officers were helping him.

The mayor of Balingag was also arrested and confined in the same prison. The Americans found him passing between the lines of the two armies with incriminating documents, which the authorities secured.

Another prominent native mayor is under surveillance. Colonel Smith of the Twelfth infantry, who is in command at Angeles, is sceptical regarding Filipino friendliness. Instead of allowing the natives to return to the town, he has ordered his troops to shoot all men trying to pass the lines and to turn back the women and children. He recently gave the natives in the town an opportunity to prove their friendship, putting them to work at digging trenches and cleaning streets, but this only displeased them.

The foremost citizen of Angeles, a lawyer, who had welcomed the Americans with a great show of cordiality, was found communicating with the insurgents. The Americans promptly marched him off to San Fernando to stand trial.

PHILIPPINE POLICY.

President McKinley Tells It to an Assembly at Ocean Grove.

OCEAN GROVE, N. J., Aug. 26.—President McKinley addressed 12,000 persons in the Auditorium here. He was introduced by Bishop Fitzgerald, who said that there is no conflict between the stars and stripes and the flag of the cross and that "they" fight by side for humanity, liberty and truth."

The president said: "Love of flag and love of country are not inconsistent with religious faith. I believe that there is more love for our country and that more people love the flag than before. Whenever that flag is raised it stands not for despotism and oppression, but for liberty, opportunity and humanity and what that flag has done for us we want it to do for all people and all lands which by fortunes of war have come within its jurisdiction. That flag does not mean one thing in the United States and another in Porto Rico and the Philippines. There has been doubt in some quarters respecting the policy of the government in the Philippines. I see no harm in stating it in this presence. Peace first, then with charity to all, establish a government of law and order, protecting life and property and occupation for the well being of the people who will participate in it under the stars and stripes."

When the president finished his building shook with the intensity of the applause. When the tumult stopped the president said: "I have said more than I intended."

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USEFULNESS NEARLY OVER.

Coal Exchange Will Not Be Needed When Combines Are Formed.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 28.—With the advent of the two combinations in the river and railroad coal trades, one institution which has done a great deal for the mining and shipping interests of this section will likely pass out of existence. This is the Pittsburgh Coal exchange. When the question of free navigation on the Monongahela was first brought up, this organization became a systematic work which was of great benefit to the river coal shippers and did much toward hastening the purchase of the Monongahela slack water improvements by the national government.

Captain John F. Dravo, as secretary of the Coal exchange, did much service in collecting and tabulating information on the river trade, showing the necessity of free navigation. The exchange kept a close watch on bridge building over the Ohio and always saw that the bridge laws for the protection of marine interests were rigidly observed. At each recurring time for congressional action on river appropriations the Pittsburgh Coal exchange exerted quite an influence in favor of Ohio river improvements and in fact there has been no important matter affecting the river trade in which that body has not taken an active and effective part.

Struck a Vein of Lead.

MALVERN, O., Aug. 25.—While those who have leased the Shanty gold mine were looking over the claim, they found a valuable vein of lead in the valley nearby. This is the Indian mine which has been sought for all these years.

MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

A Young Man Found Dead in the Yard of His Boarding House.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 28.—The Western Electric company of New York City is installing the new underground switch system of the Pennsylvania Telephone company. Among the force of employees sent here to do this work was Edward Reinecke, a young man of 19. He was above the average in intelligence and was well liked. Early in the morning his dead body was found in the yard of Miss Woodward's residence on Front street, where he had roomed with a young man named Jennings.

There is a deep mystery surrounding his death, but the most generally accepted theory is that he is a victim of foul play. He left the telephone building in the afternoon, and went to his room, which he left about 8 o'clock for his boarding house. A seat check found on his person indicates that he was at the opera house that night. After the play he accompanied a strange man to the medical institute on Second street, where he was treated for some injury of the nose. That was the last he was seen alive.

His body was found face downward, the arms extended and his head resting on a coil of garden hose. There was a slight scalp wound and also a slight abrasion of the left hip and leg. These were not sufficient to produce death, and the superintendent of the telephone company, L. H. Kinnard, Jr., ordered an autopsy. This showed that the neck was broken and that death must have been instantaneous. Some blood spots were found under the balcony in the yard, but the heavy rains during the night had removed all other blood marks if there were any. The fur coats from the blood spots under the balcony to where he was found after such an injury or blow.

The young man's hat and umbrella were found near him, and it is not believed that he was in the house at all. The gas had been left burning in the room by Jennings and was still burning in the morning. Reinecke was not known to have any enemies and was an inoffensive young man. It is believed that the body had been there at least five hours when discovered. There is no clue at all to the manner of his death.

Coroner Crouse has left for New York with the body. Reinecke's father lives at 609 One Hundred and Second street.

BIG INCREASE SHOWN.

Banks, Trust Companies and Saving Institutions Doing Well.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 28.—There has been an enormous increase in the business of the banks, trust companies and saving institutions in Pennsylvania since the advent of prosperity. This is shown by the reports of the institutions under the control of the state department of banking for the first half of the fiscal year ended June 30.

The total deposits in these institutions at the close of this period was \$316,155,623.65, an increase of \$50,145,499.73, or 15.87 per cent, over the total of \$266,010,123.92 at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898. There was a total of \$67,104,642.25 in deposits in the state banks on June 30, and \$151,606,688.94 in savings institutions.

There was an increase in the capital of the banks, trust companies and savings institutions of \$5,610 on June 30, as compared with Nov. 30, an increase of \$1,104,098.98 in the surplus, and a decrease of \$23,792.41 in undivided profits, \$18,209,251.07. The total cash on hand and due from banks was \$56,465,737.67; an increase of \$6,911,807.64 in the amount of cash on hand at the close of the last fiscal year.

The total loans of the banks on June 30 were \$43,913,006.40; saving institutions, \$3,181,641.29; trust companies, \$97,544,123.05; a combined total of \$145,738,779.72, and an increase of \$20,531,835.57 in the aggregated loans on Nov. 30. The total investments on June 30 were \$187,698,174.17, an increase of \$19,083,575.13 in the amount invested on Nov. 30 by these institutions. The total amount of trust funds invested and uninvested on June 30 was \$188,682,046.95, an increase of \$11,527,602.11 on Nov. 30 last.

The reports of the foreign and domestic associations under the supervision of the department also show a large increase in their business during the past 12 months, as compared with previous years. Some associations have been forced to close up their affairs by reason of their failure to loan sufficient money to keep them going and others have had to decrease their rates of interest on loans. There are nearly 300 savings institutions and 1,300 building and loan associations under the control of the department.

USEFULNESS NEARLY OVER.

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BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

Pointed Paragraphs Chronicling the Week's Doings.

Long Dispatches From Various Parts of the World show their Readings and Only the Facts Given in as Few Words as Possible for the Benefit of the Hurrled Reader.

Forty persons were injured by a circus tent blowing down at Winchester, Va. Thieves got in their work during the panic which followed.

Llewellyn Stout, who killed Harvey H. Wurster, a telegraph operator and station agent on the Philadelphia and Reading railway, was hanged in the jail at Easton, Pa.

The resignation of Thomas B. Reed as congressman in the First Maine district was received and accepted by Governor Powers at Augusta. It is to take effect Sept. 4.

Governor Roosevelt has appointed Eugene A. Philbin of New York city to succeed John Vinton Dahlgren, deceased, as member of the state board of charities.

A stage between Salmon City and Red Rock, Mont., was held up by four masked men, and the passengers robbed. One of them had \$5,000 in gold dust.

A destructive storm visited the Atlantic coast, wrecking a number of vessels off Virginia and the Carolinas.

A wreck on the Cincinnati and Muskingum railroad occurred at Circleville, O., injuring 25 persons, 5 quite seriously.

Arctic Explorer Walter Wellman has started south from Tromsø, Norway, in route to the United States.

Admiral Dewey has been asked to change the time of his arrival in New York harbor to Sept. 28, so as to have the two big days on Friday and Saturday.

Several leading officers in the Santo Domingo army have deserted and gone over to the enemy.

A boiler exploded in a planing mill at Apollon, Wis., killing two men and badly injuring eight others.

John Irbacker of Buffalo was fatally injured and died soon afterward by being run down by a hospital ambulance.

Admiral Dewey cables that he will reach New York one day earlier, on Sept. 28, so the reception can take place on Friday and Saturday.

The Pennsylvania Republicans nominated a state ticket at Harrisburg, headed by Colonel James E. Barrelet of the Tenth regiment, for state treasurer. It was a Quaker convention all the way through.

Emperor William declined to accept the resignation of the ministry.

The striking street railway employes have established a line of heretics to run in opposition to the boycotted street car lines in Cleveland.

The bubonic plague has broken out at New-Chwang, China, and it is feared that it will spread to Tien-Tsin and other places in North China.

Henry Marron, aged 60 years, was killed at Ponce, Neb., by a blow from Forris Casey's fist, the result of an old feud. Casey surrendered.

William T. Spinning, a bank president of Danville, N. Y., died after several weeks' illness, aged 80.

Mrs. Edith Quick has been arrested at Peru, Ind., charged with poisoning her husband. She denies having committed the crime.

Mrs. Hannah H. Davis, well known for her many acts of charity, died in Philadelphia, aged 104 years.

The sentiment in favor of annexation to the United States is growing among the more intelligent natives of Cuba, especially in Havana.

There is a large buying of steel in all the European centers to supply the American markets.

Spain is trying to sell her colonial possessions, especially the island of Fernando Po, Germany, being the possible purchaser.

Edith Dunn, aged 17, a farmer's daughter, living near Franklin, Pa., on coming home from a party late at night, was mistaken for a burglar and shot and killed.

Cyrus A. Brown and Matthew Craig were hanged at Muskogee, I. T., for murder. They were the first white men ever legally executed in the Indian Territory.

Patrick Hackett, a well known citizen of Ogdensburg, N. Y., died from the effects of a surgical operation.

FORTUNE AND MIND GONE.

Guardian Is Accused For the Person of Lady Yarde-Buller.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 28.—Lady Yarde-Buller, the heroine of many escapades in Europe and California, has been adjudged insane and a guardian appointed for her person and estate. She has run through a big fortune in 15 years and has gained notoriety by many mad freaks in London and Paris.

Those who have been thrown into contact with her during the last few months testified that Lady Yarde-Buller's addiction to alcoholism had increased so much of late that she had been rendered incompetent to manage her affairs. She spent her money recklessly and went so far as actually to throw it away on the streets. While her actual income is only about \$100 of \$500 a month, she had been spending \$600.

Lady Yarde-Buller's career has been as checkered as that of a heroine of melodrama. She was spoiled by her father, who was very wealthy, and when in her teens tried to elope in Japan with young Majorbanks, afterward Lord Tweedmouth. Then she wedded an Englishman named Blair who was killed in South Africa, and soon after his death she married Yarde-Buller, a Scotchman who taught her how to drink. They quarreled and he sued for a divorce alleging that she showed too much partiality for the society of Valentine Gadsden, a mining promoter.

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