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TIONESTA, PA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1899.

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1899 JULY. Su. Mo. Tu. We. Th. Fr. Sa. 1 5 6 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 - 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 30 | 31

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgest.-K. C. Heath.
Councilmen.-Joseph Morgan, J. T.
Dale, W. F. Blum, Jas. D. Davis, Chas.
Clark, T. E. Armstrong, H. H. Shoemaker. Justices of the Peace-C. A. Randall, S.

J. Setley.

Constable—H, E, Moedy.

Collector—F, P. Amsler. School Directors-G. W. Holeman, L. Agnew, J. E. Wenk, Q. Jamieson, J. C. Scowden, Patrick Joyce.

FOREST COUNTY OFFICERS.

Member of Congress-J. K. P. Hall. Member of Senate—A. M. Neeley.
Assembly—Dr. S. S. Towler.
President Judge—W. M. Lindsey.
Associate Judges—Jos. A. Nash, A. J.

Associate Judges—Jos, A. Nash, A. J.
McCray.
Prothonotary, Register & Recorder, &c.
—John H. Robertson.
Sheriff.—Frank P. Walker.
Treasurer—S. M. Henry.
Commissioners—W. M. Coon, C. M.
Whiteman, Herman Blum. District Attorney-S. D. Irwin, Jury Commissioners-J. B. Carpen-

Corner-Dr. J. W. Morrow.
County Auditors-M. E. Abbott, J. R.
Clark, R. J. Flynn.
County Superintendent-E. E. Stitzin-

Regular Terms of Court. Fourth Monday of February.
Third Monday of May,
Fourth Monday of September,
Third Monday of November.

Church and Sabbath School. Presbyterian Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m.; M. E. Sabbath School at 10:00 a. m.

Preaching in M. E. Church every Sabbath evening by Rev. R. A. Buzza.

Preaching in the F. M. Church every
Sabbath evening at the usual hour. Rev.
F. W. McClelland, Pastor.

Services in the Presbyterian Church

every Sabbath morning and evening, Rev. J. V. McAninch officiating.

The regular meetings of the W. C. T.
U. are held at the headquarters on the
second and fourth Tuesdays of each

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TIONESTA LODGE, No. 369, L.O.O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Partridge building. POREST LODGE, No. 184, A. O. U. W.

Meets every Friday evening in A.O.U. W. Hall, Tionesta.

WASHINGTON CAMP, No. 420, P.O. S. of A., meets every Saturday evening in . O. U. W. Hall, Tionesta.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW POST, No. 274 G. A. R. Meets 1st and 3d Monday evening in each month, in A. O. U. W.

CAPT. GEORGE STOW CORPS, No. 137, W. R. C., meets first and third Wednesday evening of each month, in A. O. U. W. hall, Tionesta, Pa. TIONESTA TENT, No. 164, K. O. T. M., meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday evening in each month in A. O. U. W.

P M. CLARK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, and DISTRICT ATTORNEY. Office, cor. of Im and Bridge Streets, Tionesta, Pa. Also agent for a number of reliable

Fire Insurance Companies. T. F. RITCHEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

W. MORROW, M. D.,

Physician, Surgeon & Dentist Office and Residence three doors north of Hotel Agnew, Tionesta. Professional calls promptly responded to at all hours.

D. BOWMAN, M. D., Physician & Surgeon, TIONESTA, PA. Office in building formerly occupied by br. Nason. Call promptly responded to, night or day. Residence opposite Hotel

DR. J. C. DUNN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Heath & Killmer's store,
Tionesta, Pa. Professional calls prompt-

responded to at all hours of day or ht. Residence—East side Elm St., 3d dore above jail building.

J. B. SIGGINS, M. D.,
Physician, Surgeon & Druggist,
OHL CITY, PA.

HOTEL AGNEW, C. F. WEAVER, Proprietor. This hotel, formerly the Lawrence House, has undergone a complete change, and is now furnished with all the modern improvements. Heated and lighted throughout with natural gas, bathrooms, hot and cold water, etc. The comforts of guests never neglected.

CENTRAL HOUSE, H. W. HORNER, Proprietor. Tionseta, Pa. This is the most centrally located hotel in the place, and has all the modern improvements. No pains will be spared to make it a pleasant stopping place for the traveling public. First place for the traveling constitution.

FANCY BOOT & SHOEMAKER. Shop in Walters, building, Cor. Elm and Walnut streets, Is prepared to do all sinds of custom work from the finest to the coarsest and guarantees his work to is believed here that the least that will give perfect satisfaction. Prompt atten-tion given to mending, and prices rea-

PRACTICAL WATCH-MAKER and Jeweler of 25 years' experience, is prepared to do all work in his line on ort notice and at reasonable prices. Always guarantees satisfaction. Watches, Jewelry, &c., ordered for parties at the lowest possible figure. Will be found in the building next to Keeley Club

1899 RECIPROCITY TREATY.

Another One Just Signed In Washington.

It Is Between the United Stres and France and Is the Most Important One Yet Coming Under the Provisions of the Dingley Tariff Bill-Concessions Made By Both Governments.

WASHINGTON, July 25 .- The long ending reciprocity treaty negotiations between the United States and France were brought to a successful close at the state department, when Ambassador Cambon in behalf of France, and Commissioner Kasson, in behalf of the United States, affixed their signatures to the reciprocity treaty. It is by far the most important treaty concluded under the reciprocity provisions of the Dingley law and the only one affecting the trade with a large commercial nation. The negotiations were marked by rather sharp and long continued discussions, which continued up to the time the signatures were placed on the document. In the end, a spirit of compromise prevailed and each side yield-ed something. As a whole both sides express satisfaction with the general results secured, for while the treaty necessitated some minor sacrifices the general effect of the treaty will encourage commerce between the two

The cencessions granted by France embraced most of the articles in what is known as the French minimum tariff. This comprises 644 heads, the rates being on an average about 20 per cent below those in the general tariff in France. It was found necessary, however, owing to protests from French agrarian interests to except from this minimum list about 24 articles, chiefly agricultural products. The French ministry was obliged to pay heed to this sentiment and in turn M. Cambon made the exceptions a condition of closing this treaty. It was on this point that the negotiations were in doubt for several days, and it was only by compromising on the extent of the exceptions that an agreement was made possible. As first presented the exceptions numbered 12, but some of these were classes including a number of distinct items, so that in all there were a large number of exceptions. As finally determined upon, these exceptions were narrowed down to 24, and outside of them the United States gets the benefit of all the reductions on the French minimum list. Besides the reduction given to this

country, the treaty is important in continuing a number of minimum rates which would have been abolished if the treaty had not been concluded. The most important of these articles are petroleum and mineral oils. At pressent these oils enter France on the minimum rate, but had this treaty failed a rate would have been imposed making a difference of duty amounting to about \$5,000,000. The same is true as to cotton, which is one of the chief articles of shipment from the United States to France and enters duty free. The same is true of copper rubber and many classes of machinery

France secures important conces sions on over 100 of the chief products sent by France to this country. The Dingley law allows not to exceed 20 per ty, but the full 20 per cent is not allowed on all the articles covered by the treaty. On some of them the reduction is 5 per cent, on others 10, on others 13 and up to 20 per cent. The list would have been larger, and the percentage of reduction greater in some cases had it not been for the reluctance of Com missioner Kasson to permit exception was the main cause leading to the omission of champagne from the list of important French products included in the treaty. While quite desirous of securing a reduction of duty on this class of wines the French authorities were not ready to grant the large num ber of reductions asked for as an offset for the proposed reduction on this

ular rates will be maintained on sparkling wines coming to this country. The treaty will result in placing the products of the United States on the same basis in France as products of Great Britain and Germany. At pres ent these countries have the minimum French rate, while the American goods with few exceptions have had to pay

Ambassador Cambon will leave fo Paris in about a week carrying with him the French draft of the treaty. The French treaty is the last of the instruments of this kind and the treaty work under the Dingley act is now brought to a close. Six treaties have been made all save that with France relating to

VERY SERIOUS MATTER.

The Lynching of Italians In Louisiana May Cause War.

WASHINGTON, July 24 .- The lynch ing of five Italians at Tallulah, La. is viewed with concern in official circles on account of the effect it may have on the relations between Italy and the United States. Officials recalled that a similar affair, the lynch ing of men of the same nationality in the same state during the administration of President Harrison, nearly caused a war between this country and Italy, and did result in the withdrawal from Washington of the Italian minis

The affair at Tailulah is the third of its kind involving the relations be of the United States. Only a short time ago this government paid indem nity to Italy for killing by a mob o some Italian subjects in Colorado, I result from the lynching at Tallulah will be the payment of heavy indemnity to Italy.

Zinc Miners Idle. WEBB CITY, Mo., July 25. -Pursuan to an order by the Missouri and Kansas Eine Miners' asosciation, the mines in district have at andoned. night shifts and it is a finated 1,200 men are idle in the district. The association meets here to place the price of jack at \$45 for the next six months. This is done to decrease the supply as the de-

ALGER'S SUCCESSOR.

Ellhu Root of New York Appointed Secretary of War.

NEW YORK, July 25.-Elihu Root, the noted New York lawyer, who has been selected as secretary of war to succeed Russell A. Alger, resigned,



called on the president Monday afternoon and spent the night at the White House in consultation with the president upon the important duties which will devolve upon him as the new head of the war department. The entire coionial policy was gone over at the conference, but Cuba, contrary to expectations, received more attention than the war in the Philippines.

Of course Mr. Root as the new secretary of war will have a voice in all matters relating to the conduct of the war, but the president desires him to give particular attention to the civil administration of the war department and the many complicated legal questions involved in the transition of the military to the civil control of the dependencies.

The president will continue as he has in the past to give close personal attention with the assistance of Adjutant General Corbin, to the purely military work connected with the autumn campaign in the Philippines.

The question of the future of Cuba will receive the immediate attention of Mr. Root. The president believes the time has come when steps should be taken to give the Cubans a trial at self-government, and he wants Mr. Root to take hold of this matter and formulate laws whereby the Cubans will have an opportunity to establish some kind of government which this country can recognize.

It is this class of work, involving a knowledge of constitutional and international laws, which influenced the president in the determination to have a lawyer instead of a soldier at the head of the department.

Eventually it is the president's expectation that this will be a new department of the government, to have direct control of all affairs pertaining to the colonies. Mr. Root will be expected to do the work of a colonial secretary rather than a war secretary, of the proposed new department. Probably in the future he may be transferred to the control of the new repartment when it is authorized.

Mr. Root, of course, will have much to do with the Philippine war, but the president will naturally depend more upon his advice for substituting a civil for a military government in the Philippines when the time comes for such in connection with the autumn military

ELEVATOR BURNED.

Nearly a Million Dollar Fire East Toledo.

TOLEDO, July 24.-The Cincinnat Hamilton and Dayton elevator, located in East Toledo, was totally destroyed by fire and loss on buildings and con tents is nearly a million dollars. It is not known how much insurance is or the 900,000 bushels of wheat, but on the building there is \$185,000 in various companies. The elevator has been un usually busy for the past two weeks, and was working night and day to store the 150 cars of wheat which are received daily. The fact that it was Sunday prevented the fatalities which might otherwise have followed.

The building was a mass of ruins in a half hour after the first blaze was noticed. The work of the fire department was futile and most of their energies were directed toward saving the adjoining property.

Mrs. Dodge Case Considered.

NEW YORK, July 25.-United States District Attorney Burnett and Mr. Baldwin, who has charge of the criminal division have just examined the papers in the case of Mrs. Phyllis Dodge, and find that there is not sufficient cause to bring criminal action. General Burnett will file his complaint with the sec-retary of the treasury preparatory to bringing an action "in rem." Pending trial the owner of the lewelry may gain possession by filing bond for the ap-

Daly's Property In England.

ninistration on Augustin Daly's presonal estate in England have been granted to the Hon. Bernard E. Barrington, private secretary to the Marquis of Salisbury, as secretary of state for foreign affairs, the representative of the widow of Mr. Daly and the executors of his estate. The gross value of Mr. Daly's personal estate in Eng-

Charging Five Cent Fares Again. DETROIT, July 22. Straight 5-cen! fares were restored on the old street car lines excepting during the morning and evening hours, in which "workingmen's" tickets are sold at eight for a quarter. Mayor Maybury, who is highly indignant at the raising of fares has caffed a special meeting of the city council to retaliate by restricting the

France Approves of the Monument. NEW YORK, July 26. Robert J. Thompson, secretary of the Lafayette monument commission has received a cable dispates from the French authorities it, l'aris announcing their approval of Scalptor Bartlett's model for the monument to be erected at the Paris exposition by the school children of the United States Mr. Bartlett is now in

BOB INGERSOLL DEAD.

Very Sudden Demise of the Great Agnostic.

The End Came to Him as He Had Recently Expressed a Desire It Should, Painlessly and Without Warning-Mrs. Ingersoll Was the Only Person In the

Room at the Time. NEW YORK, July 22.-Robert G. Ingersoll died at his home, Walstonon-Hudson, near Dobbs Ferry, a few minutes after noon. His death was sudden and unexpected and resulted from heart trouble from which he had been troubled since 1896. In that year during the Republican national convention, he was taken ill and had to return home. He never fully recovered from the attack of heart disease,

For the last three days, Mr. Ingersoll had not been feeling well. He had some stomach troubles, but it was considered serious.

Mr. Ingersoll spent the morning in a hammock and sitting on the veranda with members of the family. He said he was better and had no pain. At 12:03 he started upstairs and as he was going he told Mr. Farrell that when he came down he would play a game of billiards with him.

On reaching the head of the stairs, Colonel Ingersoll turned into his wife's or persons without authority. room. Mrs. Ingersoll was there. Tospirits then. After talking for a few room and sat down in a rocking chair. which rested on the back of the chair. Mrs. Ingersoll asked him now he was



ROBERT G. INGERSOLL.

ond after they were uttered he was dead. There was not even a sigh or a groan as death came.

Those present in the house at the time of the death were his daughters, Miss Maud Ingersoll, and Mrs. W. H. Brown Mrs. Brown, Mrs. D. W. Parker, mother of Mrs. Ingersoll, and Mrs. C.

F. Farrell and daughter. the room with him when he died. Death came to him as he had recently expressed a desire it should, painlessly and without warning. He often in old times said he wished to die slowly with a full consciousness so he might tell those about him how it felt. Recently he experienced a change of desire, and he died suddenly, painlessly and with-

Robert G. Ingersoll was best known because of his views on religious topics but his introduction to the country large was by reason of a political and not an agnostic address. It was in 1876 when he made the address nominating James G. Blaine for the presidency. It was in this speech that Mr. Blaine was first al-luded to as the "Plumed Knight."

Ingersoll was born in Dresden, N. Y gregational minister. It is stated that the Rev. Mr. Ingersoll was somewhat lib-eral in his views and that this liberality antagnized the more orthodox members of his congregation. The son naturally agreed with his father, but even before ne had passed out of boyhood he gone much further upon the liberal road than Ingersoil, Sr., had ever dreamed

Early in the forties the Ingersolls re moved to Wisconsin and a little later to Southern Illinois. Bob Ingersoll's boyhood and carly manhood were passed in that state. At 18 he entered the office of his elder brother, Ebon C. Ingersoll, when of age was admitted to the Illinois bar and with his brother opened a law office at Shawneetown. Both were Dem ocrats and prominent in local politics Ebon C. became congressman, and at that time it was Robert's highest ambi-tion to be himself sent to the house of representatives from his home district In 1857 he removed to Peoria, where he devoted much of his time to politica speaking and acquired considerable loca fame. In 1860 he was offered the Democratic nomination in a district that was overwhelmingly Republican. He av-cepted and was beaten so badly that he never ran for office again. He settled down to the practice of law, but upon the breaking out of the civil war enregiment of cavalry, the Eleventh Illi-nois, of which he was made colonel. He made a reputation as a soldier for per-sonal during and dash. Most of his service was in Tennessee.

When his term of service expired he returned to Illinois. In politics he became Republican and his rise in the legal profession was rapid. In 1866 he was appointed attorney general of lilinos which post he filled for several years Ten years later, in 1856, he became a delegate to the national Republican con-vention, and his nominating speech was

the sensation of that occasion.

Before the people had done talking about the "Plumed Knight" speech he made his samous "Indianapolis speech." This memorable address began: "The past rises before me like a dream." It lec-trified the soldiers before whom it was

the world came to know

lights of the metropolis.

virus on religion. He was offered large sums by lecture bureaus to speak on any topic he chose throughout the coun-try and he selected the Bible as his theme. Most people remember the lect-ures he delivered. Perhaps his "Mis-takes of Moses" was the most famous, r infamous, as one may look at it. In 1877 Ingersoil was offered the postion of United States minister to Germany, but refused it, and a short time after that removed to New York, where

JUDGE TO RESIGN. The Supreme Court V court In Yes

Leslie Mestrezat. Democratic nominee

for the supreme court bench, has ad-

avlvan a Not bet til e HARRISBURG, July 21.-Judge 8.

vised Governor Stone that he will resign as presiding judge of the Fayette judicial district on Aug. 5. It has been practically agreed that it will be accepted at once, so that the judge's sucessor can be elected next November. Governor Stone spent an hour in Philadelphia on his way to Atlantic City. The arrival of Judge Mestrezat on the same train gave rise to a rumor that during the journey to Philadelphia Governor Stone and Judge Mestrezat had met and discussed the latter's probable appointment to the supreme bench to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Williams. This, however, could not be substantiated, for the reason that neither Governor Stone nor Judge Mestrezat would discuss it. It has been generally understood, however, that the governor will appoint the nominee of the Republican convention, which meets next

CUT DOWN THE GROVE. Citizens Aroused by an Act of Vandalism

month, to fill that vacancy.

On Public Grounds. BROOKVILLE, Pa., July 21,-Never since the civil war have our citizens been so stirred up as they have been over the outrage of skinning the public school grounds of its beautiful grove or persons without authority.

gether they discussed what they should trees were placed in position some 20 have for luncheon. He seemed in good years ago, and had been carefully taken care of and had become the admirminutes Colonel Ingersoll crossed the ation and pride of our people; but now the grounds present the appear-He leaned his head upon his hand, ance of an old hemlock slashing and our people mourn.

A meeting of the board is being held in order to fix responsibility for this outrage perpetrated on our citizens. Some 40 beautiful trees fell under the woodman's ax. When the authorities for this piece of vandalism is fixed there is likely to be some trouble.

Died In the Church.

FRANKLIN, Pa., July 22.-While engaged in prayer at a meeting in a church at Gailoway, this county, Mrs. Hannah L. Mead of Pleasantville, died. She was kneeling in her pew and was in the midst of the prayer when she gave a su(den gasp and fell to the floor. The other people went to her as-sistance, but she died in a few minutes from heart disease. The congregation was immediately dismissed. Mrs. Mead was 63 years old and on Wednesday forenoon attended a picnic

Deaths Due to emalipox.

ALTOONA, Pa., July 2.-Frank X. Heargeist died here of smallpox, aged 24 years. There are four other cases in the same family: Mrs. Heargeist, who has about recovered; John, aged 21, whose condition is critical; and Annie, aged 15, and George, aged 12, who are improving. A local physician had been treating the family for chickenpox for about three weeks. Last Monday the board of health sent two physicians to investigate the cases and they diagnosed them as smallpox.

Fatal Fall From a reaffold.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21. - Mike O'Connor, aged 40, and Mike McGlinchey, aged 38 years, painters, were killed by the breaking of a swinging scaffold on the house of the late Dr. William Pepper, 1813 Spruce street. The men were working at the fourth floor when the scaffold broke in the center. O'Connor died almost instantly, and McGlinchey a few hours after being admitted to the hospital.

An Ill-Fated Hiti.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., July 22.-Ralph Gibson, aged 18 years, was riding his bievele up Hepburn street hill when he seemed to collapse. He was removed to his home, where it developed he had ruptured a blood vessel. He had internal hemorrhages and is slowly bleeding to death. This is the hill that Mrs. George W. Owen, a bride of three weeks, met death on in exactly the same manner one week ago.

Soldiers show trratitude

FRANKLIN, Pa., July 2.- The citizens of Franklin turned out to assist in honoring two Charleston (S. C.) ladies, who took the lead in caring for the members of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania regiment during its stay in that city last summer. They are Mrs. Frances M. Jones and her daughter, Mrs. Morgan. The reception was held in the Nursery club home.

Soldier Attempts Suicide.

HARRISBURG, July 22 .- John Wolf, aged 20 years, who served with Company I, Fourth Pennsylvaina regiment nthe Spanish war, attempted suicide by shooting himself in the breast. He was in love with a arrisbHurg woman whose parents objected to him. Wilf is in a critical condition and may die.

HARRISBURG, July 21. - Samuel Bowers, aged 17, was found dead in his father's barn near Bridgeport, opposite this city. - The boy had committed suiered by his mother. The young man was very studious, and it is thought his mind became affected by too hard Klondikers On Their Way Home

REAVER FALLS, Pa., July 22 .- Mrs. W. H. Leight received a telegram dated Vancouver, from her husband, an Alaska gold hunter, stating that he was on his way home. He was one of a party of 12 who left Beaver Falls 18 months ago. They do not seem to have had much success.

Auxious to Be Home.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., July 22.-Creighton Logan of this city, before leaving the Philippines for home with the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment, wrote to friends in this city. In his letter he says: "All of the boys long for the time when we shall reach Pittsburg."

LEWISTOWN, Pa., July 21.-General

Thomas F. McCoy died at his home here, aged 80 years. He was a veteran of the Mexican war and for his services he took up the practice of law and be-came one of the most successful weal in the battle of Five Forks, he was as colonel of the Tenth Pennsylvania, I brevetted brigadier general.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS

Short Items From Various Parts of the World.

Record of Many Happenings Condensed and Put In Small Space and Arranged With Special Regard For the Conveni-

The new board of managers of House of Refuge for Women at Hudson, N. Y., decided that corporal punishment at that institution must be stopped.

The livery stable belonging to Harvey Case at Clyde, N. Y., was destroyed by fire. Twelve valuable horses perished. Loss, \$6,500.

The United States refrigerator ship Glacier has arrived at Manila with her cargo of fresh beef in excellent condi-

A passenger train on the Illinois Central railroad was wrecked near Lenzburg, Ills., killing the fireman and injuring four of the passengers. Six million dollars worth of gold dust

was brought down from the Klondike

on the last two steamers to reach Seattle, Wash. The casting plant at the Addyston pipe and steel foundry near North Bend, O., was compltely gutted by fire.

Several freight cars on the siding were consumed. The loss is estimated at \$400,000; well insured. Three trainmen were killed and three were seriously injured in a head-end

collision on the Norfolk and Western rallway at Haverhills, O. A mixed train on the Curtis Bay branch of the Baltimore and Ohio road was derailed at Stonehouse Cove near Baltimore. Engineer Reaw was killed

and Fireman Shade slightly injured. None of the passengers was hurt. Arthur A. Libby, founder of the big Chicago packing firm of Libby. Mc-Nell & Libby, died at Pasadena, Cal., after a prolonged illness.

Horatio Alger the famous writer of boys' stories, died at the home of his sister, Mrs. Amos Cheney, in Natick, Mass. Scurvy attacked a party of 13 people en route to the Klondike and but

one person, the only woman in the party, lives to tell the tale of suffering. President and Mrs. McKinley will take a two weeks visit to Lake Champlain for the benefit of Mrs. McKinley's health.

Admiral Dewey and nine of his officers will go to Carlsbad to take the cure for gastric trouble, The Spanish commission hopes to have the Spanish prisoners held by the Filipinos released in a very short time. Twelve cases of diptheria at Plain-

a milkman where there was a person sick with the disease. At Mechanicsville, N. Y., the body of taken from a pond showing many evi-

field, N. Y., were traced to the home of

On a rush order from the war department 200 horses and mules and 50 escort wagons were shippped from Chickamauga for San Francisco and the Phil-

No United States troops will be withdrawn from Cuba as long as there is any danger of bringing yellow fever A. W. Blade, his wife and eight chil-

dren , were drowned in a cloudburst in

Albans, Eng., for killing her sister by

sending her poisoned candy. Patrick W. Shields, an old veteran of Malone, N. Y., died very suddenly at the home of a friend he was visiting. Philadelphia citizens will present a bronze statue of Benjamin Franklin to France during the Paris exposition.

Dissatisfied Democrats in Kentucky will put a second ticket in the field. A fire in the Brooklyn Wharf and Warehouse company destroyed property valued at \$300,000.

A notorious band of desperador called "Black Jacks" has been reorgan ized and several train robberies have taken place in Texas. A cloudburst occurred in the south

eastern part of Texas, doing a vasi amount of damage to crops and other Ex-State Senator Gerard C. Brown

was gored to death by an enraged bul on his farm near York, Pa. No one saw the horrible tragedy.

Alexander McMasters, a prominen citizen of Buffalo, was killed in a runaway accident. An explosion on board the British torpedo boat destroyer Bullfinch, on the

eleven others. A big brewery deal is said to be on combining a number of breweries with a capital of \$100,000,000.

Sorient, killed seven men and injured

woods of Arkansas near Lake village Chicot county. The premier of Canada declares that the Alaskan boundary question car only be settled by arbitration or war

a compromise being impossible. Returns from the primaries held in Mississippi prove beyond question that Governor McLaurin will be the next United States senator from that state. The president and Mrs. McKinley are spending a two weeks' vacation at Hotel Champlain, three miles from

Plattsburg, N. Y. James Fassett, a prominent lumber merchant of Tonawanda, N. Y., aged 65 years, died of sunstroke.

Rose Coghlan, the actress, has made an assignment, her liabilities amounting to \$26,836, with no assets except her necessary wearing apparel, and stage costumes.

The Chicago meat trust has advanced the price of beef from 2 to 3 cents a pound on all grades. James Howell, 65 years old, of Os-

wego, N. Y., was struck and killed by Fire in Chicago destroyed Carroll & Lancaster's carpet store, causing a lost of \$180,000.

KRUGER NOT RESIGNED.

TES OF ADVERTISING: One Square, one inch, one week ... \$ 1 00

One Square, ene inch, one month... 3 00

One Square, one inch, 3 months..... 5 00

One Square, one inch, one year 10 00

Two Squares, one year. 15 00 Quarter Column, one year 30 00

Half Column, one year 50 00 One Column, one year 190 00

Legal advertisements ten cents per line

We do fine Job Printing of every de-

scription at reasonable rates, but it's cash

each insertion.

on delivery.

The President of the Transvaal Republic

Sustained By the Volksrand, PRETORIA, July 25. - President Kruger had been absent from the gov-ernment building since Friday afternoon and it was understood that, owing to the opposition shown him by the executive council and the volksraad regarding the questions of the Johannesburg fort and the dynamite monopoly, he had arrived at the conence of the Reader Who Has Little clusion that he no longer possessed the volksraad's confidence and threatened

to resign. A deputation, including General Joubert, the vice president; Heren Schalk and Burger and the chairman of the volksraad walted upon Herr Kruger at the presidency and induced him to attend a secret session of the volksraad, which lasted over three hours.

Meanwhile, an anxious crowd assembled outside the building, waiting expectantly to learn the outcome of what was regarded as a momentous de-

Later it was announced that the volksraad had finally assured the president that it had the utmost confidence in him.

It is understood, however, that a mafority of the members of the raad still differ from the president on the dyna-

mite monoply question. No Help For Mrs. Maybrick.

LONDON, July 25 .- In the house of commons Michael Davitt, member for South Mayo, asked the government if, in view of the fact that the conduct of Mrs. Maybrick in prison has been untformly good, the home office would not recommend royal elemency in her case. Sir Matthew White Ridley, the home secretary, said he was unable to hold out hope of exceptional treatment of Mrs. Maybrick. The home secretary added that he was not aware of the existence of any reason for royal clem-

Americans Abroad Entertained. LUNDON, July E.-The United States ambassador, Joseph H. Choate, gave a reception at his residence to the Yale-Harvard athletic team and the stewards, Mesara Wendell, Brooks and Sherrill and Walter Camp. A large number of Americans were present.

ency.

Transport Returns With Troops, SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.—The trans-port Morgan City arrived here from Manila with returning troops, including those invalided home. She was at once sent to the Angel island quarantine sta-tion for examination and fumigation.

pose of having her under and her steel mast stepped.

BRISTOL R. I. July 25.—The yacht Columbia was hauled out of the water at the Herreshoff works for the pur-

MARKET REPORT New York Money Market. NEW YORK, July M. Money on call, 31-24 per cent.

Prime mercantile paper, 3166414 per Sterling exchange: Actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.87% \$24.87% for demand; Patrick Connolly, a saloon keeper, was and \$1.84% 4.84% for sixty days. Posted rates, \$4.85@4.88\2. Commercial bills, \$4.840 4.84%. Silver certificates, 60%@61c.

Bar silver, 60%c. New York Produce Market. FLOUR - Winter patents, \$3.65@3.85; winter straights, \$3.40@3.50; winter ex-tras, \$2.40@2.80; winter low grades, \$2.80@

 Minnesota patents, \$3.75@3.85; Minnesota bakers', \$3.00@3.15. RYE FLOUR-\$3.000;3.45. RYE-No. 2 western, 60% o f.o.b. affoat; state rye, 58c c.i.f. New York car lots. dren were drowned in a cloudburst in Northwestern Iowa near the Minnesota state line.

Only 49 members of the Oregon regiment were killed in battle or died of disease during their service in the Philippines.

Mary Ann Ansell was hanged at St. Albans, Eng., for killing her sister by the state of the Minnesota state line.

BARLEY — Maiting, 46950c delivered New York; feeding, 39½c f.o.b. annat.

WIFEAT—No. 2 red, 70½c f.o.b. annat.

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Options. No. 2 red Sept., 75½c; Dec., 77½c.

CORN—No. 2, 35½c; Dec., 36½c.

OATS—No. 2, 25½c; No. 3 white, 30½c; No. 3 white, 30½c; No. 3 white, 30½c; Track white, mixed western, 20½c; track white.

mixed western, Bulle; track white, Shipping, 55@600; good to

PORK—Family, \$10.50@11.00.

BUTTER — Western creamery, 130
18c; factory, 12@115c; Elgins, 18c; imitation creamery, 13@16c; state dairy, 156 617c; creamery, 156:18c. CHEESE - Large white, 8%c; small do, 9c; large colored, 8%c; small do, 9c; light skims, 607c; part skims, 506c;

full skims, 4@5c.

EGGS-State and Pennsylvania, 15@160; western, 151/c. Buffalo Provision Market. BUFFALO, July M. WHEAT - No. 1 hard, 75%c; No. 1 northern, 75c. Winter wheat, No. 2 red,

CORN-No. 2 yellow, 38%c; No. 3 yel-OATS-No. 2 white, 294c; No. 3 mixed, RYE-No. 2, 60c FLOUR-Spring wheat, best patent per brl., \$4.2594.50; low grades, \$2.0092.50; win-ter, best family, \$3.7594.00; graham, \$3.50

BUTTER - State and creamery, 1840 19c; western do, 1861814c. CHEESE—Fancy full cream, 5% 69c; choice do, 714684c; light skims, 566c; skims, 4455c. EGGS-State, 144@15c; western, 14@

14%C. East Buffalo Live Stock Market. CATTLE-Extra export steers, \$5.550 5.75; good do. \$5.2505.25; choice heavy butchers, \$3.9664.25; light handy do. \$1.550 4.00; cows and heifers, extra, \$8.2003,30; calves, heavy fed, \$8.7504.25; veals, \$6.000 blacks has broken out in the back

\$6.25. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Choice to extra wethers, \$5.1505.25; fair to choice sheep \$4.7595.10; common to fair, \$4.4094.75; choice to extra spring lambs, \$6.2596.50; common to fair, \$4.25@6.50. HOGS—Heavy, \$4.80@4.85; medium and mixed, \$4.70@4.80; Yorkers, \$4.80@4.85; pigs,

Buffalo Hay Market No. 1 timothy, per ton, \$18.00@17.00; No. 2 do, \$14.00@15.00; baled hay, \$13.00@15.50; baled straw, \$6.50@7.50; bundled sye, \$11.00

Utica Cheese Market. UTICA, N. Y., July 54 The following were the sales on the Utien board of trade today: CHEESE-Large colored, 42 boxes She and 5.276 boxes at She; large white,

\$500 at \$1₀0 and \$10 at \$1₀0; small colored. \$40 at \$1₀0; 420 at \$1₀0; and 160 at \$1₀0; small white, 120 at \$1₀0; 350 at \$1₀0; 410 a \$1₀0 and 900 at \$1₀0. BUTTER-There were 152 packages of

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., July 14.

The following sales of were made toboxes large at 84c; 160 boxes large on private terms; 5.274 boxes small at 84c. BUTTER - Thirty-eight packages of dairy butter were sold at 19817c.