# THE FOREST REPUBLICAN.

J. E. WENK, - EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1898.


## Republican Ticket.

**STATE.**

*Governor*—WM. A. STONE.

*Lieut.-Governor*—J. P. S. GOBIN.

*Sec'y Int. Affairs*—JAS. W. LATTA.

*Congress - at - Large* — GALUSHA A. GROW, S. A. DAVENPORT.

*Superior Court Judge*—WM. W. PORTER, WM. D. PORTER.

**COUNTY.**

*President Judge*—W. M. LINDSEY.

*Congress*—A WAYNE COOK.
(Subject to action of district conference.)

*Assembly*—S. S. TOWLER.

*County Treasurer*—S. M. HENRY.

PAY your taxes before the 8th of October. It will make you dead sure of being entitled to vote at the coming fall election.

THE Republican Congressional conference of this district will meet in Ridgway to-morrow evening. The Republican Senatorial conference of this destrict will meet at the same time and place.

THE official statistics show the great increase in the exports of this country, under the Dingley law, not wholly in food supplies, as the Democrats would have us believe, for there was an increase last year in the manufactured articles exported of about twenty million dollars.

HON. J. C. SIBLEY has consented to sacrifice himself for the good of his several parties in the 27th Congressional district against Charles W. Stone. Mr. Sibley usually makes a campaign pretty spicey, but he's tackled too big a job this time, and will fail to land inside the breast works.

REGISTRATION day having passed, each elector should see to it that his tax is paid during this month, so as to entitle him to vote at the coming election. Under the law, this tax must be paid by the voter himself to the tax collector, a reform which does away with the wholesale purchase of tax receipts by political parties.

COMMERCIAL health and soundness of a degree not equalled in any past period are indicated by that accurate business barometer, the record of failures for the month of August. What with its achievements in war and its splendid advancement along the paths of peace the United States is making a record unequalled in its own history or that of any other country on the face of the earth.

WITHOUT going into the figures which the monthly returns of the Treasury Department show, friends of the Dingley bill are not disappointed in the returns obtained. All the logic which the opponents of this measure may be able to produce will not satisfy the people of America that in the absence of the war the Dingley Tariff bill would not have carried the Government through, showing a surplus at the end of the current fiscal year.

THE Senatorial deadlock in the Venango-Warren district has been broken at last, the conferees having unanimously nominated Capt. H. H. Cumings of Tidioute, at their meeting at Corry Monday evening last. Judges Miller of Mercer, and Morrison of McKean, were called in as arbiters and they advised the nomination of Capt Cumings. Col. Hulings, of the gallant 16th regiment now at Porto Rico, was his competitor, and his friends will all doubtless cheerfully acquesce in this judicious nomination.

WE advise Chairman Elkin to cease wasting his energies in apologizing for the last legislature and turn his attention to some of the doubtful congressional districts.—Philadelphia Press. The press should brofit by its own advise. It is just now affording the example of a Republican newspaper doing everything in its power to elect a Democratic legislature and defeat the Republican candidate for governor. The Press should cease its attacks upon the last legislature for bills which never became laws, and direct its energies to securing the state a Republican successor to Governor Hastings.—*Titusville Herald.*

A LIBEL suit was entered on the 10th inst. against R. B. Brown, editor of the Meadville Democrat, on the charge of criminal libel. On September 1st the New York Voice, charged United States Senator M. S. Quay with numerous offences. For publishing the article copied from the Voice the senator brings the libel suit against Brown. The accused gave bail for his appearance at a hearing before a local alderman on Saturday, Sept. 17th. Mr. Brown is an ex-postmaster of Meadville and also an ex-member of the Pennsylvania assembly.

## HOW FOREST COUNTY FARED.

### Work of the Last Legislature a Most Decided Benefit to the Schools of the County.

Forest county has no just cause for complaint at the work accomplished by the last legislature. When her citizens once understand that, through it, they will receive a full half more money for the schools than the county has ever before had, they will agree with the above assertion. Mention has heretofore been made of the enactment of a law "providing for a more just and equitable method of distributing the common school appropriation" and the increase which this county would receive from it, but until now the comparison has not been shown. We give that comparison below, and ask the tax payers to give it perusal, noting the increase which it is shown each township will receive under the new law, Tionesta township being practically doubled. All the other townships receive large additions to their quota, the borough of Tionesta being the least in percentage of increase.

Similar measures have been before the legislature for several years past, but it remained for the last session to give the smaller and less able districts their just dues, and the work was no small affair, considering that many of the larger counties were affected adversely by the new law. But persistent effort, coupled with intelligent and experienced management on the part of the country membership finally succeeded. Forest county gets this year $12,531.83, while last year the sum was $8,462.19, an increase of $4,069.64. This handsome increase is not only for this year, but for the next and all time to come, unless our country counties make themselves ridiculous by sending incompetent men to the legislature who will be unable to cope with the older and more experienced members from the large cities and thickly populated counties, who will seek to have the law repealed at the first opportunity.

We know the good people of Forest county fully appreciate this generous addition to their school fund, and we sincerely trust they will vote to keep it where it is. Let us make no mistake. Following are the figures. Look them over and see how much your township gains by the new law:

| | FOR 1897 | FOR 1898 |
|---|---|---|
| Barnett | $ 963 92 | $1,325 44 |
| Green township | 710 94 | 1,031 52 |
| Green, Independent | 57 64 | 140 34 |
| Harmony | 694 92 | 1,166 39 |
| Hickory | 797 40 | 1,385 19 |
| Howe | 925 49 | 1,495 64 |
| [illegible] | 2,161 62 | 2,657 91 |
| [illegible]ngsley | 646 89 | 1,192 98 |
| Tionesta Boro | 707 73 | 841 47 |
| Tionesta Twp | 595 64 | 1,094 95 |
| Co. Supt's salary | 200 00 | 200 00 |
| Total | $8,462.19 | $12,531 83 |
| Increase | | $4,069 64 |

EVERY now and then the people get worked up to the idea that there is something rotten in the State of Denmark, and feel it their duty to rise up William Riley and sit down on everybody and everything. A few years ago the newspapers and stump orators howled so much about free trade that finally the people began to say, "This protection is a fraud. It simply makes us pay bigger prices for the necessaries of life, and restricts our foreign market. We will try free trade and." And they did. The result was the second advent of Grover Cleveland with all its misfortunes and miseries. Every day the people looked at the papers to see about the gold reserve, and speculated on new bond sales. Factories and mills were silent as cemeteries. Prices were low to be sure, but nobody made any money. Four years of life wasted in getting wisdom that had been taught us many times before. To-day we are being told that "this state is in the hands of a gang of thieves." Nobody knows of a cent that any of these thieves have stolen. By their neighbors every one of them is considered an honest man. Nobody would pretend to attempt to prove that one of these thieves ever wronged the State or any man out of a cent. But we are told that they are thieves. Because those who want to supplant them in power slander them, shall we, whose duty it is to defend, turn upon them and say: "Where there is so much smoke there must be a little fire. You have been slandered so outrageously that we, too, have decided to turn in with your defamers and tramp you into ignominy and disgrace. We are your friends, of course, but we have concluded to jump onto your necks."—*Punx'y Spirit.*

—You can get it at Hopkins' store. tf.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has the largest sale of any other salve in the world. This fact and its merits has led dishonest people to attempt to counterfeit it. Look out for the man who attempts to deceive you when you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the great pile cure. Heath & Killmer.

For broken surfaces, sores, insect bites, burns, skin diseases and especially piles there is one reliable remedy, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. When you call for DeWitt's don't accept counterfeits or frauds. You will not be disappointed with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Heath & Killmer.

## LEACH LOYAL TO QUAY.

(Special Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, Sept. 20.—A communication addressed to Hon. M. S. Quay by Frank Willing Leach has just been made public. It will be remembered that Mr. Leach was formerly identified with Senator Quay in politics, but for the last two years has strongly opposed him. In 1896 he was prominently identified with the movement in favor of Hon. John Wanamaker's election to the United States senate. Mr. Leach's letter, which is now the chief topic of discussion among politicians and others in Philadelphia, is as follows:

Philadelphia, Sept. 16, 1896.

Hon. M. S. Quay, Atlantic Cityy, N. J.:

My Dear Sir: In 1892, just after you had been subjected to a series of personal attacks, unparalled in their maliciousness, from certain Democratic newspapers of New York, as a punishment for defeating Mr. Cleveland in 1888, you were a candidate for re-election to the United States senate, and were almost unanimously returned. The details of your campaign that year were under my direction. In 1895, in your candidacy for state chairman, you were again subjected to an avalanche of abuse and vituperation, in the endeavor to eliminate you as a factor in Pennsylvania politics. In that memorable battle you were overwhelmingly successful and your enemies were demoralized and driven to the woods. It afforded me no little pleasure in that year to resign the office I then held and again assume charge of the work of organization in your behalf. Another battle is now on, your return to the senate being at stake, and again the weapons of offense seem to be slander, falsehood and vilification. If such is to be the nature of the warfare against you I cannot be found among your venom-girdled enemies, but among your friends, and if there is any proper and legitimate service I can render you have but to command me.

From April, 1896, to March, 1898, I vigorously opposed the domination of those of your lieutenants whom you had unwisely permitted to direct the party organization in Pennsylvania. I fought as hard as I knew how, and have no apologies to offer. But two things should be noted. In the first place my work was entirely within party lines. In the second place I participated in no personal assaults upon you. Having been a part of the Quay organization for ten years, it would have been the personification of indelicacy, not to say folly, for me to have joined in a tirade against "Quayism," so-called. My reason for leaving you in 1896 was clearly understood at the time. While the ordinary professional reformer assailed you for "bossing" too much I denounced you for "bossing" too little. For some time you had allowed a certain more or less distinguished state senator—fortunately now more or less extinguished—to usurp the functions of leadership and assume control of the details of organization in the state. This you had permitted, even though you were held responsible for his many shortcomings, with resultant injury to your political fortunes and to the party organization. I declined to follow any such vicious leadership, and arraigned you for permitting this man to attain such a commanding position in the councils of the party, to your own and the party's hurt. Several months ago, with my finger somewhat upon the political pulse of the state, I discovered that this man's influence was waning, and this conviction was confirmed when he failed to appear at the last state convention. Subsequently I learned that he had obtained control of a gold mine in New Mexico, and that he had removed the seat of his operations to that interesting territory, the climate of which, I trust, he will find conducive to good health. It is because of my firm conviction that you have reassumed your full functions as the leader of the party in the state, in fact as well as in name, that I am willing to give my best energies in behalf of your return to the senate, with only one condition precedent—that you will do a good deal more "bossing" in the future than in the past, and not leave the details of organization to inefficient, blundering, selfish lieutenants, pretending to be your devoted adherents, but with a devotion subordinated to their own personal schemes for public plunder. With this condition of things attained, your own position, politically, will be unassailable, and the Republican party will be united and harmonious.

Your action, or rather non-action, in permitting the reins of leadership to be usurped by irresponsible lieutenants, has subjected you to a torrent of abuse because of the doings and failures of the last legislature. As a matter of fact, you probably knew little of what that body was doing at the time. Your own duties, as a member of the federal legislature, prevented your close attention to the details of legislation as they developed at Harrisburg. Yet you are charged with all the shortcomings of that historic body. I have no doubt you did not read, before introduction, the titles of ten bills out of many thousands presented by members of the two houses, and doubtless you could not give the titles of six of them now. During all the years I was associated with you I never knew you to be interested in a dozen bills before the legislature, you always evincing a disinclination to interpose in what, you claimed, did not concern you, except as a private citizen. I never failed to combat this theory, maintaining that while the people might have no right to demand such service from you they would, however unjustly, hold you responsible for the misdoings and failures of those claiming to represent you. No matter how irksome the task, I trust you will give your personal scrutiny, so far as your duties as a United States senator will permit, to the doings of future legislatures, to the end that their acts and non-acts may not be a reproach to the Republican party and to the commonwealth.

It canot be denied that the performances of the last legislature were not acceptable to the people of the state. But I speak advisedly when I say that it was not one whit worse than any one of the dozen legislatures which have convened since the new constitution went into effect. There was this difference—the doings of the legislators last year were, as never before, made known to the people. During the session of '97 I had personal supervision of the work of supplying weekly information to over one hundred state newspapers, exhibiting the shortcomings of the members and giving wide publicity to what they did and what they failed to do. This had never previously been done, except by the metropolitan journals, and, because of it, the people were informed as they had never been before regarding the movements of their representatives at Harrisburg. The latter were no worse than their predecessors for the last generation had been, but the public knew more about them. This line of work should be kept up during the next legislature. If it is, the Republican party and the taxpayers generally will be the gainers.

While, however, the last legislature was no [illegible] its predecessors, it was bad enough. But it is a mistake to assume that all the legislators were corrupt, or that the wrongdoing was confined to the Republican party or to a faction thereof. There were many conspicuous members in both branches who valiantly battled for the people, but it is historically incorrect to assume that all of them were from the so-called "76," who supported Mr. Wanamaker for the United States senate. The two leaders in the crusade for clean legislation were Hon. Samuel Crothers, of Philadelphia, and Hon. E. A. Coray, of Luzerne, neither of whom was a member of the "76," nor did either of them vote for Mr. Wanamaker for senator. On the other hand, not a few of the much lauded "76" proved derelict before the session closed. Of course, many of the "76" did heroic work for the people, which should never be forgotten; but so did other members of both houses, who had not been Mr. Wanamaker's supporters for the senatorship. In other words, both the wrongdoing and the right-doing, so to speak, were non-factional, and it is a perversion of history to claim the reverse.

Nor was the wrongdoing partisan. Those now engaged in a crusade against the Republican organization are forming alliances in many of the counties with a view to the election of Democrats to the legislature. While in the last legislature some of the Democratic senators, and a number of the Democratic members of the lower house, led by the incorruptible Creasy, of Columbia county, were always found upon the side of the people, others, and generally the majority, gave their support to the various vicious bills which it was sought to enact, and which the recent Democratic state convention so vigorously assailed.

In a word, it is strikingly unjust to charge all that was vicious in the last legislature to either party, or to either faction of the dominant party. It was simply a case of some corrupt men getting into the legislature—as they have gotten into every legislature since a Republican form of government was devised—who sought to further their own interests at the expense of the people's. How supremely idiotic, therefore, to hold any one party, or any faction of a party, responsible for the perversity of individual human nature. How infinitely more idiotic and unjust to hold you responsible for such condition, beyond the fact that you ought to have prevented, in my judgment, corrupt or selfish men from obtaining and exercising control of legislative proceedings, even though you should have found it necessary to resort to a more vigorous exhibition of "bossism" than any your opponents have assailed.

While urging that your friends refrain from personal abuse, as a method of campaigning, I do not lose sight of the fact that the chief weapons of your own opponents are slander and vilification of the most vicious kind. This cannot hurt you, but must react upon those engaged in this sort of warfare. Besides, I should think you would be used to it by this time. In 1885 you were denounced and maligned from the Delaware river to the Ohio line, yet you were elected state treasurer, and subsequently United States senator. In 1892 the same methods, augmented a hundred fold, were resorted to, yet you were almost unanimouly returned to the senate. In 1895 the vials of vituperation were emptied upon you, yet you won your great fight for state chairman. The same old weapons are loaded again with the same old powder, whitened with age, and ground to dust. There can be only one outcome; history will repeat itself; you will be reelected in January next. Only be your own "boss," and give your personal attention to the details of party organization, including the organization and conduct of the next legislature. Do not be "bossed" by petty "bosses," who do not possess one-tenth of your sagacity and perspicacity—otherwise, horse sense. If you pursue this course you can count upon my support until the end of the chapter. Otherwise I will cut loose as abruptly as in 1896. Again assuring you of my personal interest in your success, and reiterating my desire to help you if my services are needed, I am,

Very truly yours,
FRANK WILLING LEACH.

## A CRITICAL TIME.

**During the Battle of Santiago Sick or Well, a Rush Night and Day. The Packers at the Battle of Santiago de Cuba were all Heroes. Their Heroic Efforts in Getting Amunition and Rations to the Front Saved the Day.**

P. E. Butler, of pack train No. 3, writing from Santiago De Cuba, on July 23d, says: "We all had diarrhœa in more or less violent form, and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with amunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, we were able to keep at work and keep our health: in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the direct saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the good fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturers of this medicine, the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Maines, Iowa. For sale by G. W. Bovard.

### Farm For Sale.

The farm located on the Balltown road about two miles from Tionesta, containing 50 acres of land, more or less, is for sale. About 30 acres are cleared, and there is a large house and barn thereon. Good well of water, a fine orchard and all necessary outbuildings. Can be bought on easy terms. For further particulars address MRS. A. E. DEEPER,
7-20-tf 1759 Summit St., Toledo, O.

—Do you appreciate good laundry work? if so patronize the Dunkirk Steam Laundry. Miles & Armstrong, agents. tf

You invite disappointment when you experiment. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are pleasant, easy, thorough little pills. They cure constipation and sick headache just as sure as you take them. Heath & Killmer.

—Hopkins sells the clothing and shoes.

—Men's heavy tan shoes, just the styles for fall and winter, at Miles & Armstrong's.

—Hopkins sells the clothing and shoes.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTworthy persons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope, Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago.

Truth wears well. People have learned that DeWitt's Little Early Risers are reliable little pills for regulating the bowels, curing constipation and sick headache. Heath & Killmer.

One Minute Cough Cure surprises people by its quick cures and children may take it in large quantities without the least danger. It has won for itself the best reputation of any preparation used today for colds, croup, tickling in the throat or obstinate coughs. Heath & Killmer.

—Hopkins sells the clothing and shoes.

More than Twenty million samples of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve have been distributed by the manufacturers. What better proof of their confidence in its merits do you want? It cures piles, burns, scalds, sores, in the shortest space of time. Heath & Killmer.

## Poor House Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, The Court of Quarter Sessions of Forest County upon the presentation of a petition signed by a majority of the Overseers of the Poor in office in the County of Forest, at the time of the signing of said petition, the same having been presented to said court, setting forth that the inhabitants of the County of Forest labor under great inconvenience for want of a County Poor House, for the purpose of furnishing relief to the poor and destitute paupers of said County, and carrying out the provisions of the Act June 19th, 1897 (P. L. 1897, page 175), that great need exists that the County of Forest be made a district, and that the Commissioners of the County of Forest be authorized by the Court to select and purchase real estate, within said County, and erect buildings thereon, and provide all other articles proper and necessary for the care and accomodation of the poor of said County, said District to be known as "The Forest County Poor District," which petition was duly presented in open Court on the 23d day of May, 1898, and the following order was made:

ORDER. And now to-wit, May 23, 1898, petition read, and it appearing to the Court that a majority of the Overseers of the Poor in office, in the County of Forest, having signed said petition, and the same having been duly considered by the Court, the Court submits the question of said purchase to the votes of the qualified electors of Forest County, and order and direct an election on the question of the advisability of the Commissioners of the County of Forest selecting and purchasing real estate, etc., to be held at the same time as the general election in November next, and that notice be given at least sixty days of such election by the Sheriff of Forest County, in at least two newspapers published in said County.

BY THE COURT.
Attest, J. H. ROBERTSON,
Clerk of Q. S.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of said order, I, Frank P. Walker, High Sheriff of the County of Forest, do hereby make known by public notice to the qualified electors of Forest County that on

**Tuesday, the Eighth Day of November, A. D. 1898,**

an election will be held in the respective voting districts and precincts within said County, and in accordance with the laws governing municipal and general elections for the purpose aforesaid. Further, that at said election the election officers shall receive ballots from qualified electors, printed on the official ballot below the lists of candidates, as follows:

POOR HOUSE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Yes. | |
| No. | |

At the close of the polls, the votes shall be counted, and duplicate certified returns of the result thereof shall be made and sealed, one copy of which shall be deposited with the Commissioners of said County, to be opened by them, and the other with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of said County, according to the fourth section of the Act of June 4, 1879, page 79.

Given under my hand at Tionesta, this twenty-seventh day of August, A. D. 1898.

FRANK P. WALKER,
High Sheriff of Forest County.


# The Men Behind the Guns

**gave us the victory and sent Spain back to her hand organ. 'Tis so here.**

The men behind the desk, the counter the cutting board and on the work bench, bring victory to our store by conscientious hard work and keeping everlastingly at it.

For decent, respectable, ready to wear clothing for men or boys, we serve you as only a few of the largest metropolitan houses are capable of doing.

Quantity and variety of our styles do not suffer in comparison with these large stores and here a first class cutter tries them on you and marks any needed alterations, which are made in our own shop by first class tailors.

Fall suits for men, boys and children now ready.

MONEY BACK IF YOU ARE NOT SUITED.

**Boys' Suits, $1.98 and up.**
**Men's Suits, $4.98 and up.**

**THE McCUEN CO.**
**25 AND 29 SENECA ST.,**
**OIL CITY, PA.**


WESTERN NEW YORK AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, in effect June 5, 1898.

Trains leave Tionesta for Oil City and points west as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 31 Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday | 12:06 noon. |
| No. 61 Way Freight (carrying passengers), daily except Sunday | 4:50 p. m. |
| No. 33 Oil City Express, daily except Sunday | 7:46 p. m. |
| Oil City, Sunday only | 10:00 a. m. |
| Oil City, Sunday only | 8:00 p. m. |

For Hickory, Tidioute, Warren, Kinzua, Bradford, Olean and the East:

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 30 Olean Express, daily except Sunday | 8:45 a. m. |
| No. 32 Pittsburg Express, daily except Sunday | 4:19 p. m. |
| No. 60 Way Freight (carrying passengers to Irvineton) daily except Sunday | 9:50 a. m. |

Get Time Tables and full information from W. H. SAUL, Agent, Tionesta, Pa

R. BELL, Gen'l Supt.
J. A. FELLOWS,
Gen'l Passenger & Ticket Agent,
General office, Mooney-Brisbane Bld
Cor. Main and Clinton Sts., Buffalo, N.Y


# Big Cash Sale!

# NOW

# Going On!

# Miles & Armstrong

**Bizarre Designs in Wall Paper**

are very effective when used in large rooms. In the average room, a rich design of solid color, with maybe a sprinkling of little figures in contrasting color, is the proper thing. This is not the place where you come in and say, "I've got a room, eight by ten feet and ten feet high. How much wall paper will I need, and how much will it cost?" Before we sell you a wall paper we want to find out several things. It is a more particular way, a better way and in the end a cheaper way.

**We Handle the Best DRUGS, CROCERIES AND CROCKERY**

To be found and our Stock is Always Complete and of the Finest Quality the Market Affords.

**HEATH & KILLMER,**

TELEPHONE 31. - - TIONESTA, PA.

*NO. 5038.*

A. WAYNE COOK, President. A. B. KELLY, Cashier. WM. SMEARBAUGH, Vice President.

**FOREST COUNTY NATIONAL BANK,**

TIONESTA, PENNSYLVANIA.

**CAPITAL STOCK, - - - $50,000.**

—DIRECTORS—

A. Wayne Cook, G. W. Robinson, Wm. Smearbaugh, N. P. Wheeler, T. F. Ritchey, J. T. Dale, J. H. Kelly.

Collections remitted for on day of payment at low rates. We promise our customers all the benefits consistent with conservative b king. Interest paid on time deposits. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

# Lawrence & Smearbaugh.

—DEALERS IN—

**CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HATS, CAPS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, STATIONERY, CANNED GOODS, CUTLERY, JEWELRY, TOBACCO, CIGARS.**

**BOOTS AND SHOES A SPECIALTY!**

GOODS OF FIRST CLASS QUALITY IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

**COUNTRY PRODUCE AND CASH**

TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.