A Four-Dollar Gold Piece.

Cashier Stout, said that they had

the Government ever having coined a

\$4 gold piece. The coin that was pre-

sented was placed on the scales and

was found to weigh 108 2-10 grains,

The description of the coin is as

follows: It is almost the size of a \$5

gold piece. On the face around the

star, in small letters, are the words: "Deo est Gloria." On the obverse

side, in the centre, is a head of the

the outer edge are thirteen small stars.

Between the stars are the following

letters and figures: 6, G, 3, S, 7, C, 7, G, B, A, M, S. Underneath the

head is the date-1879.-Cincinnati

Journal, claims that Wesley estab-

lished the first Sunday-school in the

world, at Savannah. In connection

with his other labors, which were in

provide for the Sunday-school instruc

tion of the children of the parish. His

were likewise equally attached to him,

as shown in their intercourse with him.

work. As a preliminary labor on the

Sabbath, before the evening service, he

"In the present Wesleyan Memorial

boys in his earlier classes.

was the first founded in the world, and

Strange Clew to a Murder.

discovered murdered in his house in

St. Petersburg, says a writer in the Green Bag. There was no clew, but

in the room there was found a cigar

mouth-piece containing part of a cigar

of such an expensive kind that it was

supposed the banker himself had been

smoking it just before the crime had

On close examination the mouth-

piece was found to be worn away by

suspicion had been attached. He af-

terward confessed to the murder.

A rich Russian banker had been

deed prodigious, Wesley soon after his

A curiosity in the shape of a \$4 gold

The tea harvest begins in China beam, with accommodations for twenty-about April 1. Later in the month five persons. She will be able to make there are two other harvests which twelve miles an hour, yield inferior trades.

IN SOUTHERN MOUNTAINS.

Special Rates From All Points on Southern
Rallway to Convention of International
Christian Workers, Black Mountain,
N. C., July 18th to August 5th.

Christian Workers, Black Mountain, N. C., July 18th to August 5th.

For the Christian Work and Bible Study Assembly of the International Christian Workers' Association, held on the givends of the Mountain Retreat at Black Mountain, N. C., July 20th to 28th inclusive, the So therm Rallway has granted one fare. Going tickets may be purchased July 18, 19 and 20, with that time limit Angust 5. The assembly in under the direction of the laterational Christian Workers' Association, Rev. Floyd W. Tompkins, Jr., Rector of Grace Episcopal Church, Pravidence, R. L., Freeden', and Rev. John C. cellins, New Haven, Conn., Scaretary. The altitude of the a semble rounds 3t Hack Mountain varies from 250 feet, on the reverse of the Rockins. Full particulars can be obtained from any ficket agent on the Southern Romany, or General Eastern Office, 27 Broadway, New York etts.

Shake Into Your Shore.

Shake Into Your Shoes Shake Into Year Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunctons. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the ago. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-flitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and shot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 2%, in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Hoy, N. Y.

Cashier Stout, said that they nad never heard of the Government coincing a piece of money of that denomination, and that they would not accept it even at its face value. The tables giving the coinage of money from the earliest date to the present time were looked up, but there was no record of the Government ever having coined a

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reducing inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c.a bottle.

The description of the coin is as

Conductor E. D. Loomis, Detroit, Mich., says: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful." Write him about it. Sold by

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves th most obstinate coughs.—Rev. D. BUCHMUEL LER. Lexington, Mo., February 24, 1894. The face of humanity displays fewer pimple than formerly, Reason—Glenn's Sulphur Soap Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c

SCROFULA CURED

Hood's Sarsaparilla Just Was Goddess of Liberty. Above this on Needed.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula troubles and it has given me relief. I find it drives away that tired feeling and I find it drives away that it is needed when the system | head is it is just what is needed when the system | Enquirer. is run down. I gladly recommend Hood's." CHARLES A. BAKER, Little Utica, New York.

Hood's Sarsa-parilla Is the best-in fact the One True Blood Purifier. In recounting the ministrations of John Wesley in Georgia, where the famous preacher sowed the first seeds of Methodism in America, the Rev. W.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents. A Military Guild.

The Mohammedan population of the Turkish Empire has been very aptly compared to an immense religious confraternity; it is, in fact, a vast military guild or brotherhood, according to the author of the Sultan and His Subjects, bound to obey the commands of its supreme chiefs, the Sheik-ul-Islam and the Sultan. Every Turk ought, in a certain sense, to be a priest and a war-rior. Remembering this fact, we can Both on week days and Sabbaths he readily understand the ease with which the spirit of fanaticism is roused in gave no little attention to educational those portions of the empire where the Turks are in the majority, and the ferocity with which an otherwise docile required them to convene in the church, and somewhat indifferent natured peo- at which time he catechised them ple will behave under the influence of thoroughly and furnished them with what I may call religious intoxication." additional teaching from the Bible

Bermuda Lily Bulbs.

In 1896, Bermuda lily bulbs were exported to the United States to the value of over \$60,000. The quantity hundreds of children crowd for Sunshipped in 1896 fell but little short of day instruction. The original school that shipped in 1895, but the value was less in number, but it was unwas only half the business of the for-mer year, when a syndicate was in in the world. When taught by Weswas only half the business of the forcontrol of the situation putting up ley it numbered between sixty and prices to an abnormal level. The seventy-five scholars, but from all acpopulation of Bermuda is 16,000.— counts there were few, if any, Indian American Agriculturist.

Try Grain=0! Try Grain=0!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee.

The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1 the price of

15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee Looks like Coffee

.

HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS.

we pilots of Sandy Hook are about Oder From New Iron Vessels. to adopt the use of steam for the first The odor from the heating of a new iron vessel is very unpleasant, and it may be avoided in this manner: Place the kettle in the yard at a safe dis tance from anything inflammable and put into it a cloth saturated with kerosene; drop a lighted match upon the of steel, 155 feet long, nineteen feet seven inches deep and twenty-five-foot cloth and let the oil burn out, the kettle is again cold wash it in a hot solution of strong soda water. After this treatment the vessel may be used in the house without any disagreeable

> How to Overcome the Clothes Moth Everything about the house that might conceal a moth should be thoroughly shaken and aired, and when sible the clothes and furs should be left in the sun for some hours. If the house is badly infested, or any particular article is supposed to be so, free use of benzine will be advisable All the floor cracks and dark closets should be sprayed with this substance. Benzine spray will kill the insects at every stage, and is one of the few substances which will destroy the eggs. No light should be brought into the room while the benzine is being applied, as it is highly inflammable The room and clothes should be thoroughly aired afterwards before any light is introduced. Camphor, to-bacco, naphthaline and other strong odorants are only partial repellants, and without the May and June treat ments are of little avail.-New York

> > Use Color Judiciously.

There are colors that are refreshing and broadening, others that absorb light and give a boxed-up appearance to a room, others that make a room with a bleak, northern exposure, or with no exposure at all, appear bright and cheerful; some that make room

appear warm, some that make it cold. The thermometer seems to fall six degrees when you walk into a blue room. Yellow is an advancing color; therefore a room fitted up in yellow will appear smaller than it is.

outer edge are the words: "United States of America." Just underneath this, in small type, are the words: "E Pluribus Unum." In the center is a On the other hand, blue of a certain shade introduced generously into star bearing the following: "One stella, 400 cents." Underneath the a room will give an idea of space. Red makes no difference in regard to size. Green makes very little.

If a bright, sunny room gets its light from a space obtruded upon by russet-colored or yellow-painted houses, or else looks out upon a stretch of green grass, it should be decorated in a color very different from the shade chosen if the light comes from only an unbroken expanse of sky.

Red brings out in a room whatever hint of green lurks in the composition of the other colors employed. Green needs sunlight to develop the yellow in it and make it seem cheerful. of Methodism in America, the Rev. W. J. Scott, D. D., in the Ladies' Home

If olive or red brown be used in conjunction with mahogany furniture, the effect is very different from what it would be if blue were used. Blue would develop the tawny orange lurk-

ing in the mahogany.

If a ceiling is to be made higher, arrival in Georgia, in 1736, began to leave it light, that it may appear to recede. Deepening the color used on the ceiling would make it lower-an devotion to children at times almost effect desirable if the room is small amounted to infatuation. Children and the ceiling very high. Various tones of yellow are substitutes for sunlight .- The Upholsterer.

Apple Custard-One pint of stewed mashed apples, one pint of sweet cream, four eggs, one cup of sugar and little nutmeg. Bake slowly.

Corn Batter Cakes-One pint of cornmeal, one pint of sour milk or buttermilk, one egg, one teaspoonful soda, one teaspoonful salt, a tablespoonful of flour. Corn starch can be used in place of egg. Bake on a griddle.

Turnip Salad-A pretty and unusual salad is made of French peas and Bermuda turnips, with mayonaise dressing. The insides of the turnips are taken out, so that the vegetables form shallow cups. These cups are placed upon lettuce leaves, filled with the peas, which cover with dressing.

high authority, Sir Charles Reed, M. P., LL.D., of England, is clearly of Stewed Parsnips—Wash, scrape and slice about half an inch thick; have a skillet prepared with one-half the opinion that this Sunday-school that it antedates by a half century the secular instruction of Robert Raikes pint of hot water and tablespoonful of butter; add the parsnips, season with salt and pepper, cover closely and stew until water is cooked away, stirat Gloucester, England, as well as the first school in America upon Rakes' plan, which was established in the city ring occasionally to prevent burning.

Eggs and Potatoes Scrambled-Slice six medium-sixed potatoes very thin. Heat two tablespoonfuls of but-ter in a skillet, put in the potatoes and let them brown; separate the yolks from the whites of ten eggs (the whites to be used in making the cake), stir the yolks into the potatoes, season with half a teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of minesd parsley and half a saltspoonful of white pepper, Stir well until the egg is cooked; serve on

Rhubarb Blanc Mange—Cut the rhubarb into half-inch pieces, leaving the skin on. Put in a stewpan and cover thickly with granulated sugar. Do not add any water; the juice from the rhubarb will soon flow, making its own liquid. Thicken with cornstarch dissolved in cold water. The amount of cornstarch depends upon the juiciness of the rhubarb. Pour into molds while hot. Serve when sold with sweetened cream or whipped

cream. This is delicious. Lettuce Soup-Chop up two heads of lettuce and stew it with a large tablespoonful of butter, a small halfteaspoonful of sugar and sixty drops of vinegar. Keep stirring and do not let it burn. Add a tablespoonful of flour, a saltspoonful of pepper and a small teaspoonful of salt; break in two eggs and stir well; then pour on some weak broth, allowing two gills for each person Lay dice of stale bread in the tureen; add half a pint of cream or milk to the soup just before you

pour the boiling soup over the bread. Baked Chicken-Wash, scrape and quarter four paranips; parboil twenty minutes; prepare a fine chicken and split open at back; place in a dripping-pan, the skin side up, lay parsnips around the chicken, sprinkle with salt and pepper; add an egg-sized lump of butter and two slices of salt pork; put enough water in the pan to prevent burning; place in oven and cake, basting frequently, until chicken and parsuips are done a delicate brown. Serve the chicken separately on a platter; place the paranips in a dish and pour the strained gravy in the pan over them.

AGRICULTURAL TOPICS.

Manure made in summer wastes much faster than it does in winter. The warm weather bastens its decom position. But it is easy to prevent serious loss by keeping the excrement piled and so covered with earth that no ammonia can escape. Where cows are allowed to lie in the barnyard during the night, much of their liquid excrement is wasted. All such wastes detract from the profit of dairying, when as milk and butter prices now are, the most must be made of everything to keep the balance on the side

Potsoning Moles.

of profit.

For years we tried in vain to check the ravages of those pesky little fellows by the use of various vegetable products, such as corn soaked in poison and dropped in their burrows, writes H. E. Tweed. We met little success and now it develops that the mole is not a vegetarian but feeds nearly altogether on insects, such as grubs, earthworms, etc. This conclusion was reached by the examination of the stomachs of a number of specimens. Hereafter we will procure in-sects of various kinds and after soaking them in a solution of water and arsenic will drop them in roads where it is hoped that our moleship will find his death.

Feeding Cows. The Wisconsin Experiment Station is anthority for the following:

1. That it seems clear that the quantity of milk given by a cow is quite easily influenced by the amount and kinds of food used in the ration.

2. That although there are a few notable exceptions, the weight of the evidence seems to warrant the state-ment that the individuality of the cow is the main factor in determining the composition of the milk, while the food has very little, or at least, a very un-

certain effect upon it.
3. That the effect of the food on the churnability of the cream is unimpor-

4. That certain foods impart to the milk and its products peculiar flavors, although it is uncertain how far skill in feeding may avoid these flavors. 5. That the hardness and color of the butter are varied by certain changes in the food.

Value of Coal Ashes.

Some years ago, says a writer in the National Stockman, I spread a number of loads of coal ashes thickly on part of a low, wet piece of land. In the winter this land was plowed for corn, the ashes turned under, with the result of a marked difference in yield where the ashes were. Next year the same field was put in corn, an additional lot being covered with coal ashes, and the same marked difference was noted on the two plots. After the second crop the bottom was sown to wheat and grass, and while it cannot be said that any difference was noticed in the yield of these, after the land had been in grass three years it was again plowed and put in corn, and the ash-treated places could be noticed in the yield. Before the ashes were applied the soil was heavy and soggy; but the following summer, in tending the crop, a marked difference was noticed in its condition. There is no doubt that in this latitude-southern Obio-coal ashes are beneficial on wet or clayey lands. There may not be much fertilizing property in them, but they are an excellent neutralizer and loosener of heavy soil .- New York Independent.

Lime for Chickens.

The following letter explains itself The following letter explains itself and also gives the cause of the unfortunate results. Whenever lime is rectified the testimony of men in different countries, tunate results. Whenever lime is recommended for the use of chickens, or for scattering over the floor of the hen house to destroy lice, or over the ground in the yard, where young chickens range in the spring, to destroy the gape worm, slacked lime is always meant to be used. Unslacked lime, in contact with any moisture, easily slacks, and in the operation greatly increases in bulk and produces a large amount of heat. If in contact with a small amount of water, heat enough is quickly produced to burn any animal's flesh, and this is what happened to the hens which ate the unslacked lim; and the increase in bulk choked them. It is a wonder that more were not killed. Unslacked lime often produces heat enough in slacking to ignite any easily combusti-ble material with which it is in con-

Care should, therefore, be taken in storing it in a dry place where it is not in contact with anything easily burnt. It will slowly slack when for a time exposed to the sir.

This is air-slacked lime, and is now cool and harmless. Chickens can dust with this and eat it without harm.

A Gamecock Fights His Image. One of the gamest gamecocks in St. Louis, Mo., gave a chance audience a He fought his image to a rare treat. By chance a mirror had been finish. left in the back yard at the corner of Jefferson avenue and Pine street. The cock was strutting about the yard looking for trouble when suddenly he came face to face with his image in the glass. His fighting blood was up. At last he had met a bird that he considered worthy of his prowess. He eyed the supposed enemy critically. His anger grew as the image mocked The feathers began to rise on him. his neck and in another instant he made a lunge at the glass. Picking himself up from the ground, where he had been doubled in a heap, he backed off a few paces. The cowardly image also backed away and mocked him. He made lunge after lunge at the glass, each time backing away thoroughly surprised. Finally he got tired of retreating and began a flerce face to face contest with himself. He fought until he fell from sheer exhaustion .- New York World

Caught Mink and Trout Both. A few days ago Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham, of Kineo, Me., went in a canoe fishing on the Moose River, where Mr. Cunningham hooked a big trout. After considerable effort he got the fish to the side of the boat and Mrs. Cunningham slid a net under it, and just as she did so a mink leaped from the shore after the trout and landed in the net, in which the trout and mink became badly entangled, requiring over an hour to separate them.

A TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

THE DRINK EVIL MADE MANIFEST IN MANY WAYS.

How He Was Cured-First Drink is the Young Man's Danger Point, But He Falls to Realize It-A Successful Physician's Warning Advice to Students.

"That night I came home sober—'twas a rare thing, you must know, As I stumbled through the kitchen—'twas about two years ago—
The bedroom door was open, and I couldn't help but see My little chap a-prayin' at his mother's

"I drew back in the shadder-they both

I knew Yiey didn't ever have more'n half enough to eat.

He clasped two little scrawny hands, desprit white and allim.

As if to show 'em up in heaven how I treated him.

There's somethin' up above us that pulls when we hitch on;
It drawed me out o' the mire when I was nigh clean gone;
An' I tell ye what it 'tis, fellers, if I've turned out middlin' fair,
'Tis all along o' that boy o' mine namin' me in his prayer."

A Physician's Advice.

A Physician's Advice.

Dr. Dash, a successful physician in the West, returned to his old home lately after a long absence, and visited the college in which he had been educated. 'Twenty years ago,' he said to a group of students, 'I graduated in this hall. There were eighteen men in my class. Of the eighteen, six drank habitually while at college. Not to excess, but regularly—a glass or two seach day. Not one of these men has succeeded in attaining fortune, reputation, or even a respectable position. But they were among the ablest men in the class.

"While at college I was in the habit of frequenting the daily newspaper office here. There were ten men in it—editors and reporters—I knew them all—a lot of bright, jolly fellows. The work was hard, the hours late, the meals irregular. Every man in the office drank but one, a reporter, Ben Perry. One of the reporters told me he had seen Ben come from a fire at two o'clock in the moraling, drenched to the skin and tired out. He would took wistfully at the whisky bettle, but he never touched it. I inquired for the boys to-day. Three had died from drinking; six were holding inferior positions in newspaper offlees. 'Habits bad,' said my informant. 'They could not make their way, and so fell lower and lower. Perry's head was aiways clear, and he was regular at his work. He is editor-in-chief of one of the principal newspapers in a sea-board city. He had not half the natural ability of at least three of the others."

"These are facts," said the doctor. "I advise you who are beginning life to consider them. I have not a word to say about the moral question involved in drinking. But I know, as a physician, that no American with his nervous organization in this wearing climate can habitually take liquor without injury to his health and without, in greater or less degree, hindering his chance of success."

Doesn't Realize the Danger Point,
As a rule no young man ever paid for his
drat drink. Did you ever think of it, or
what that part implies? It means that your
brother, your son or somebody's son, who
perhaps has been carefully trained, had
made acquaintances who, through a similar process had become drinkers and, at
last, either occasional or frequent visitors
to get "something to steady my nerves."
The ordinarily well trained young man
will resist these invitations possibly for a
long time, but on some special outing, or
under special circumstances he accepts the
proffered "treat"—not realizing that in so
doing he has crossed the danger line.
Once treated he feels under a social obligation to return the compliment and he is
well started on the broad highway which
is certain to end in mental and physical injury, but with all the probabilities of a
happy future against him.
Indeed his chances are no better than
those of thousands I have seen in the rags
of tramps—in the ranks of embezziers, defaulters and forgers—or confined in our
public institutions: Doesn't Realize the Danger Point.

oublic institutions

In a living grave apart from men. The mind tormented with the "Might have Of wasted years, 'mid which the striving Quaffs bitter gall from sorrow's fateful

-Bidwell's National Gazette.

The Cider Question, all going to show the mischievous influences of the cider mill. In these are some

ences of the cider mill. In these are some very strong statements, which it would be well for any who have doubts as to the righteousness of prohibiting its sale to read. The editor of the Temperance Cause, Rev. Mr. Noon, says editorially:

"We wage no war against the orchard. The apple is easily our leading fruit, and will be for a century. It is healthful, and has no substitute, raw or cooked. There are many legitimate uses for the julce of apples. Boiled down into a thiu syrup, say one-fourth its volume, it does not ferment, and is extremely useful for pies and sauce. Beduced to a jelly, nothing can be finer for a reilsh. The poorer fruit may be fed freely to stock. Many farmers claim that the fruit, properly administered, makes excellent milk or beef, and needs no more skill in feeding than cotton seed. It more skill in feeding than cotton seed. It is an open question whether the decayed apples are not of considerable value as a fertilizer, particularly in sandy soil. Al-most the only decent vinegar is made from

Drunkenness degrades a man and drags aim to a level lower than the beast. The likeness of a man to God is blotted out by this sin. All that is noble in man comes from his sout. The men who have lived the best lives and done the most good in the best lives and done the most good in the world are those who have subdued their passions. Statistics tell us that three-fourths of the crimes committed are done while under the influence of strong drink. Sixty-five per cent, of the convic-tions for crimes can be traced to drink, and a large per cent, of the poverty throughout the land.

What Followed the Drinks. In a case of assault and battery, counsel, in examining one of the witnesses, asked him what they had the first place they

"Four glasses of ale," was the reply,
"Next)"
"Two glasses of whisky,"
"Next?"

"One glass of brandy," "A fight."

Experiments With Alcohol on Hittens.

A series of experiments by C. F. Hodge, described before the American Physiological Society, is reported in Popular Science. Alcohol in moderate doses was given to a pair of kittens. At the end of ten days they contracted severe colds, while the other two kittens were in good condition. The alcoholic pair attained only thirty-nine percent, and sixty-three per cent, of the weight of the non-alcoholic pair. Of two pairs of spaniels the alcoholic pair, weighed less and, as tested by the pedemeter, developed only seventy-one and fifty-seven per cent, of the activity of the normal pair. Is chasing after and bringing bails the efficiency of the former amounted to only thirty-two and forty-four per cent. Experiments With Alcohol on Hittens.

GERMANS USE OUR BICYCLES. Manufacturers in That Country Are Wor-

Manufacturers in That Country Are Worried by the Competition.

Charles De Kay, our Consul-General at
Berlin, states in a letter to the State Department that bicycles of American make
are selling so extensively in Germany that
the manufacturers of that country are
hadly worried.

The League of Industrials at Bochum, a
manufacturing centre, has petitioned the
German Government to raise the rates on
American wheels.

American wheels.

The reason given by Mr. De Kay for the big sale of the American bicycles is that they are the strongest, lightest, soundest and most elegant in shape. They have quite taken the field, he says, from Belgian. Austrian and British wheels. American wheels.

A Short-Lived Island.

In 1867 a new shoal was discovered in the group of the Tonga, or Friendly Islands. In 1877 smoke was seen over the shoal. In 1885 the shoal had become a volcanie island, more than two miles long and 240 feet high, and a fierce eruption was taking place within it. In 1886 the island had begun to shrink in dimensions, although the next year its highest point was 825 feet above sea level. In 1889 its height had diminished one-half, and the ocean close around it was more than a mile deep. In 1892 the island rose only twenty-five feet above sea According to the latest information its complete disappearance, under the action of the waves, will not be long delayed.

Insurance on Dogs.

A novel insurance company has been organized, and is already doing a large business in this city insuring dogs against loss, stealing or impounding. This is done by registering with this company, with its full description, and receiving a tag to be worn with the city license tag.

The company has a man at each pound to release any dog bearing such a tag and return it immediately to the owner. This is a great advantage, as logs often contract diseases in such a place. It also saves both dog and owner much misery, anxiety, and trouble, to say nothing of the expense and tiresome traveling and red tape which are necessary to rescue a dog from the pound .- Chicago Tribune.

Real Rest and Comfort.

There is a powder to be shaken into the shoes called Allen's Foot-Ease, invented by Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., which druggists and shoe dealers say is the best thing they have ever sold to cure sore and tender or aching feet. Some dealers claim that it makes tight or new shoes feel casy. It certainly will cure corns and bunions and relieve instantly sweating, hot or smarting feet. It costs only a quarter and the invent. feet. It costs only a quarter, and the invent-or will send a sample free to any address.



U. S. PATENT LAWS.

Russia produced 6,947,517 tons of anthracite and bituminous coal during



A CURE FOR ALL Summer Complaints, DYSENTERY DIARRHEA.

CHOLERA MORBUS. A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half umbler of water, repeated as often as the dis-harges continue, and a flamed saturated with and the second s

and Prevented.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will care fover and agent and all other malarious billions and other fovers, attest by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, Price 50c, per Bottle. Sold by all Drugglets.

The Bicycle Sensation

1897 COLUMBIAS at \$75 STANDARD OF THE WORLD.

1896 Columbias . . at \$60 1897 Hartfords . . at 50 Hartford Pattern 2 . at 45 Hartford Pattern 1 . . at 40 Hartford Patterns 5&6 at 30

These are the new prices. They have set the whole bicycle world talking--and buying....

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn. Catalog free from any Columbia dealer; by mail for a 2-coat stamp.

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ROOFING Use our Metal Shingles, Fire-Proof, Burable Catalogue Free Montroes & Co., Camden, N. J.

PENSIONS, PATEN 1 S. CLAIMS, JOHN W. MORRIS, MASHINETON, B. Q. Allo Principal Examiner V. B. Pension Burger Syrs. In last var. It objiditating chains, alsy since

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER



SICK HEADACHE! Poisonous matter, instead of being thrown out, is reabsorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue, it causes congestion and that awful, dull, throbbing, sickening pain.



STIMULATING THE LIVER,

Making the poison move on and out, and purifying the blood. The effect is ALMOST INSTANTANEOUS. LADIES whose sensitive organism is especially prone to sick headaches, DO NOT SUFFER, for you can, by the use of CASCARETS, be ALL DRUGGISTS. 10c., 25c., 50c. Relieved Like Magic. ...

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on education has been neglected, while the volume

the teeth of its owner, but the dead man's teeth did not fit the indentation. The servants were one by one examined, and it was then found that the hollows of the mouthpiece compared exactly to the formation of the front teeth of the cook, to whom no

of New York."

been committed.

itself.

How Old are You?

You need not answer the question, madam, for in your case age is not counted by years. It will always be true that "a woman is as old as she looks," Nothing sets the seal of age so deeply upon woman's beauty as gray hair. It is natural, therefore, that every woman is anxious to preserve her hair in all its original abundance and beauty; or, that being denied the crowning gift of beautiful hair, she longs to possess it. Nothing is easier than to attain to this gift or to preserve it, if already possessed. Ayer's Hair Vigor restores gray or faded hair to its original color. It does this by simply aiding nature, by supplying the nutrition necessary to health and growth. There is no better preparation for the hair

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