Pure, Rich Blood

And the surest, best way to purify your blood is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills are tasteless, mild, effec-

The Largest Cargo of Freight, The City of New Orleans departing from here yesterday evening had the largest trip of both freight and passengers that has been recorded for many years, a week's offerings and a cargo of 1500 tons, figuring 33,000 packages, and a cabin register of 128 passengers, principally round-trip excursionists. She took out two barges and lighters to Cairo, drawing five feet, and the boat drawing six feet. She has engagements in this river for 400 tons additional, and will pass Cairo with 2000 tons. Yet some old growlers are foolish enough to say the river is playing out, but the evidences point to "There is life in the old land yet."-St. Louis Star-Sayings.

There are female locomotive engin

Dr. Klimer's Swamp-Root cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Monday, September 2, was observed as Labor Day in thirty States.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward fer my case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Che ney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo,

Wash & TRUAX, Wholesale Drusys, Wholesale Walding, Kinnan & Manuri, Wholesale Druggists, Toleda, Orio, Hall's Catarth Curft is taken intermilly, setting directly upon the blood and nucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c, per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away

Away

Is the truthfu', startling title of a book about No-To-Bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure that braces up nicotiaized nerves, climinates the nicotine poison, makes weak men gain strength, vigor and manhood. You run no physical or financial risk, as No-To-Bac is sold by druggists everywhers, under a guarantee to cure or money refunded. Book free. Ad Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Calcago.

Keeps You Poor.

Indigestion keeps men poor. It muddles the clearest brain. You think it is something cleabut—nine times in ten—the trouble is in the digestive tract. One Ripans Tabule gives rellef, and their occasional use keeps you right. Ask your druggist for them.

PATS Stopped free by Ds. Kline's Gheat Nerve Restores. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bot-tle free. Dr. Kline, 831 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

I am entirely cured of hemorrhage of lungs by Piso's Cure for Consumption. - Louisa Lindaman, Bethany, Mo., January 8, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays pain, cures wind colle. 25c, a bottle ACTORS, Vocalists, Public Speakers praise Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar, Pike's Toothache Drops Care in one minute



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the sys-tem effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and ac-ceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most

popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

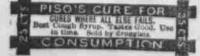
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, M.Y.



RUPTURE Gured saled by G.V. House Mfg. Co. 744 Broadway, S.Y. City

Rockland Collegiate Institute,

NYACK-ON-THE-HUDSON, The Cheapent and one of the Best HIGH-GRADE SCHOOLS for boys and young heat near New York. Full outress Lagitat, Academic. diffic, Communical, College Preparatory, Cer se admits to BEST COLLEGES, N. dete EQUESTRIAN DEPARTMENT of CAPT. JO EL WILSON, A. M., Principal





An experienced pear grower recomhalf in the spring, when plowing. The necessary nitrogen is supplied by

TAGGING THE SHEEP

Tagging the sheep is a necessary thing to be done if the shepherd would avoid the injurious fly. The heat, as well as the effect of the green soft feeding when sheep are on pasture, loosen the droppings and this soils the wool. The ever watchful fly lays its eggs on the filthy wool, and before anything is known the sheep are fly-blown, after which a few days is time nough to cover the whole hindquarters with the maggots. It is a very difficult thing then to save the sheep. It is worth while to save the tags and after a few days' soaking in water to have them washed and taken care of. -Farm, Field and Fireside

BRAN AS A PERTILIZER. Thirty odd years ago the late Solon Robinson, after making some experi-ments with wheat bran and corn meal as fertilizers on his lawn, declared they were fully as cheap for this puroose as any of the commercial fertilzers then on the market. Several experiments have been made with bran and what are called "middlings" as fertilizers for grass, and with good results. All planters at the South know what a change has been wrought within the last two or three decades in the use of cotton seed, and cotton seed meal and waste from the oil mills for the. In consuming straw, the inferior enriching the soil for all kinds of crops. At a recent meeting of mill afterwards those of a better kind, and owners at Louisville this subject of when feeding stock on large quantiusing wheat bran as a fertilizer was again brought to the fore and highly endorsed by those who have tested it food or have an abundant supply of practically. If chemical analysis is water at hand.—New York World. practically. If chemical analysis is worth anything as a test of the fertilizing value of wheat bran, then at the price at which it has been selling for the last year or two it is worth more than its cost as a manure. Most farmers, however, will prefer to feed it to their animals and then save the manure, but it cannot be maintained that anything is added to the value of the bran as a fertilizer by this process. -New York Sun.

TREATMENT OF AN ORCHARD. The treatment of an orehard is a

subject of importance and should be well studied. If the land is so wet that it needs drainage. it is not fit for use on this account. The land must then be drained, or the trees will not man. thrive. The roots will run into the mischief, for the land will soon be as flies. wet as before and the labor and money will be lost. Clay land is not the best for an orchard; a lightish, gravelly land is better, and still more so if it set the orchard far from the house in phosphoric acid and potash. its nearness. If the land is clay, but the rows and hills of the lima beans not wet, it may be improved by sub- will hasten the growth of the vines. soiling it; that is, by plowing in the furrow of a common plow and im-mediately after it with a bar plow-that is, one with a long bar like a coulter that will break the subsoil and loosen it. This might be done in a strip between the rows of trees and about six feet wide, but near the trees the land should be plowed no small roots be broken and the trees lots, checked in growth. It is a good thing for an orchard to be sown with clover and pastured by swine or sneep .-American Farmer.

HARDY WINTER OATS.

ing crops that can be grown, writes a Delaware farmer. Wherever introduced they are superseding spring oats entirely. Oats are essentially a cool weather crop, and failures either partial or total with spring oats, on secount of the hot, dry weather of June and July, are so common that many farmers are entirely discouraged from growing them. This trouble is entirely obviated by substituting winter eats. They are sown at the same time as winter waeat, and ripen with be done at the same time. The variety we grow in Delaware is perfectly milking, They grow a strong, stiff straw, which the sheep. stands up well. They are a very heavy oat, a measured bushel weighing from thirty-eight to forty-five pounds. I have known crops of these oats this season that gave an average of eighty bushels per acre on twenty to thirty acre fields. One and a half bushels per acre are enough to sow. Winter oats are also a good crop to seed clover with. The same fertilization and tillage that will produce a good wheat crop will give a big crop of winter oats, -American Agriculturist,

STRAW AS PEED.

The value of straw for feeding purposes depends almost entirely on the method of harvesting. The riper the grain is allowed to become, the drier and less nutritions as the straw. It is well known that rye-grass hay out before the seed is ripe is much more valuable and fetches a higher price than it does if the seed is allowed to ripen before cutting. So it is with every other species of that kind of food. Hay and straw are practically the same crop, though cut at different weigh four ounces; two weeks, nine stages of growth, which is a fact too ounces; three weeks, one pound; four

should be given at least twice a day, eleven ounces; seven weeks, three as it is found that without straw or pounds and five ounces; eight weeks, hay cattle do not thrive so well. The four pounds; nine weeks, four pounds

gards their nutritive value, placed in the following order: 1, peamends the use of 400 pounds of muri-ste of potash with 800 pounds of ground bone per sere each year. One half of this mixture he applies to the orchard in the autumn and the other able food, and should never be used as litter. If, however, it has been sowing erimson clover with the fertil-izer-New York World.

much rained upon, and, is consequent-ly dirty and more or less mouldy, it will sour stock. For sheep it is most excellent, Horses, too, are very fond of, and thrive well upon it.

Of the white straws, oat straw is adoubtedly the most valuable for

feeding, but its value depends much upon the time of cutting. Oats should be cut when tolerably green, and although part of the grain may be lost in this way, it is gained in another, and the straw is in a condition most valuable for stock feeding. Bean straw, well harvested, is a very hearty and untritious food for cart horses and cattle during the winter, and here again the value of the straw is dependent on the time of cutting, says a writer in Farm and Home. If cut while yet green and before the leaves have fallen off, we have a fodder of great value; but if allowed to stand until quite ripe the leaves fall off, and the straw, besides containing less nutriment, becomes so hard and woody that it is necessary to chaff and steam it before stock can make any use of it. Barley straw, especially when mixed with a good proportion of clover, is of great importance in the economy of the farm. Barley straw grown in the South is considered better than that grown in the North, it being difficult in the latter portion of the country to save it in tolerable order, especial ly with clover. Wheat straw, cut into chaff, is much used for horses and catsorts should be first made use of, and when feeding stock on large quanti-ties of this coarse and dry article, always allowing plenty of succulent

PARM AND GARDEN NOTES. Don't forget to give the horse some

A little grease will sometimes save a lot of borse.

Now is the season to reap the re ward of your labor. After bringing the horse in brush

off his feet and legs. Don't keep any animal on the farm that does not pay a profit.

Endeavor to have the home surroundings pleasing to the eye. Every farmer should keep a set of books the same as any other business

If the stable is kept sweet and clean drains and choke them, making double it will largely reduce the number of

Market all quarrelsome roosters, over-fat hens and non-laying pullets before cold weather.

When the orchard begins bearing it It would be better to should receive an annual dressing of lighter land than in clay because of A little nitrate of sods sprinkled in

Fowls which feather and mature early are usually good producers of eggs, good sitters and good mothers.

There will have to be considerable "head-work" used during harvesting in order to make everything dovetail. Uniformity is a great advantage that creamery butter has over dairy deeper than a few inches, lest the butter. Dairy butter is made in small

> Oil the harness the first chance you get. If it does not come soon, take Hot weather saps the life out of harness.

Shearing off a little wool around the teat will often prevent the loss of Winter oats are one of the best pay- the lamb from indigestion consequent on swallowing a lock of wool.

Occasionally a crop of grass may be grown in the orchard if the land is rich, but a permanent grass sod is sure to injure the trees sooner or later.

Don't let the weeds grow up and go to seed where early crops have been removed and in the paths. If you do it will be adding to your work next

It pays to have careful milkers who wheat the following season, so that the gentle with the cows and who the harvesting and threshing may all always milk clean. A man may easily lose more than his wages by carcless

hardy—as much so as Fultz who:it— and withstands the severest weather perfectly. On good soil a yield of study the science of breeding, and the fifty to eighty bushels is common. whole story of the natural history of

> Be sure to feed green corn to the cows. In no other way can it be used to pay so well. Sweet corn is preferable until cold weather, then field corn is better.

> Some people seem to forget that the amount of profit on a pound of butter often depends as much on re-ducing the cost of production as in obtaining an enhanced price.

> The dairyman's responsibility for the care of his cows is not all gone when he is able to turn them out to grass in the early summer. The more he feels his responsibility in this direction, and acts upon it, the more valuable will his dairy become to him. Compared with well-rotted barn manure, there are 48.60 pounds of

> hosphoric acid in hen manure to six in barn-yard manure; and sixty-seven pounds of nitrogen to eleven in barn-yard manure. The analysis is based on a ton each of hen and barn-yard manures.

A duckling at a week old should frequently overlooked.

When feeding largely on such succellent food as roots or grains, straw ounces; six weeks, two pounds and different sorts of straw have, as re- and eight onnecs.

HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS,

POINTS FOR MARKETING.

It takes experience to learn how to select prime fruits and vegetables, and the young housekeeper finds herself the dape of the market people again and again because she does not know good from bad or fresh from stale in reference to edibles. A few points given by a market-man himself may assist her. To start with, there are potatoes. Select only those with wellfilled jackets and free from sprouts; avoid those that have wrinkled skin and are soft to the touch. Nature intended that the edible portion of the potato should, when, in a healthy conlition, fill its skin almost to the bursting point with good, wholesome nourishment. An old potato contains very little that is fit to eat. While they are cheaper than new potatoes, they are really more expensive, because the

waste is enormous. In choosing lemons, seek those with thin skins and that are firm and

The encumber should be, when thoroughly ripe, streaked with yellow. The dark green variety is the doctors' best sum ner friend. In buying tomaloes, choose the rich red variety, even if they cost more. A tomato that is streaked with white and is hard is a flavoriess morsel. To tell if the tomate is perfectly ripe, pull out the stem. If it comes out easily and clean, the regetable is in a prime condition; if the stem brings with it some portions of the inside the tomate is too ripe for

Watermelons, of course, are always green, and to tell as to the ripeness of them and the condition of the fruit two tests are easily made. The first method is to have your dealer out out a small plug for your inspection. This is the truly safe way. The other method depends on the hearing. Thump the sides of the melon, and if it gives forth a hollow sound the chances are that it is ripe for the icebox, and after it has been twenty-four hours in the cold to get it thoroughly chilled you may cut it and be satisfied

that your guests will be pleased. Muskmelons, to be prime, should be yellow in color. The green musk-melon, no matter how sweet and juicy, is not in the full perfection of its flavor. Apples to be absolutely fit, should have a mellow appearance, be they of the red, green or russet varieties, and tinged with yellow. In fact, almost every fruit that grows, when in the best condition, takes on a hue of yellow as though to tell that it has received plenty of sunshine to ripen it. - Trenton (N. J.) American.

THE USE OF MINERAL OIL,

Tins in the kitchen feel the magic of mineral oil, and where long scouring was necessary to keep them bright and shining in the past, to-day the up-to-date cook dips her flanuel cloth in kerosene, then into powdered lime, or common whiting, and with these scours her tins into a likeness of the kerosene cleaned mirrors, and all with only half the labor. Of course, they want a thorough rinsing in hot suds afterward to free them of all odor, but the real toil of scouring is what she dreads and not the quick and easy

If she has an oil-cloth on her floor, she adds a gill of kerosene to her scouring water, dips a mop in the pail, passes it quickly over the painted surface, dries it with a flanuel cloth, and with this slight effort leaves it bright and polished almost as new, and an oil-cloth treated in this manner will outlast one scrubbed up in the old way twice over. Many a housekeeper's heart has gone nigh to breaking in despair over painted floors and balconies which showed every footmark, and were only made dingy and dismal by all efforts to wash them out. A flannel cloth wrong out in cold water and well sprinkled with kerosene makes a painted floor almost as easy to keep as one of the costly hardwoods, and the odor of the cleansing will pass completely away in half an hour. On balconies, indeed, or where the windows of the room are left open during the process, the smell evaporates so quickly as not to be noticed at all.—Baltimore American.

Cinnamon Cake-Take a piece of bread dough, roll out a quarter of an inch thick, put thin slices of butter on top, sprinkle with sugar and cinna-Let rise and bake.

Graham Bread-One egg, three tablespoonfuls of molasses, two of sugar, one cap of sour milk, one teaspoonfu of soda, small cup of wheat flour; add graham flour to make batter a little stiffer than sponge cake; steam two hours.

Lobster Salad-Cover canned or fresh lobster with the following dressing: Beat the yolks of three eggs well; add four tablespoonfuls of salad oil very slowly, beating all the time; add a little salt, cayenne pepper, half a teaspoonful of mixed mustard and two tablespoonfuls of vinegar.

Potato Croquettes-Prepare the mashed potatoes left from dinner by adding one egg, beat well together and form into cylinder-shaped cakes, and set by until supper time. Then dip them in beaten egg, sift over cracker crumbs and drop into boiling hot lard. Cook a delicate brown.

Delicious Rice-Boil one pint of rice, with a little salt, in two quarts of water. Put in small cups and when perfectly cool place in a dish. Make a custard of the yolks of two eggs, one pint of milk and a teaspoonful of cornstarch, flavor with lemon, When cold pour over the rice balls.

Stewed Potatoes -Pare, quarter and soak in cold water half an hour. Stew in enough cold salted water to cover them until cooked. Drain off half the water and pour in a cupful of Boil three minutes, stirring milk. well; put in a lump of butter the size of an egg, a little salt and a pinch of

pepper. Thicken with flour. Huckleberry Cake-Stir one cup of butter and two cups of sugar to a eream. Add beaten yolks of five eggs, then one cup of sweet milk, three cups of flour, one teaspoonful of nutmeg, one tenspoonful of cinnamon, the whites of five eggs beaten stiff and one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in hot water. Thickly dredge one quart of huckleberries and stir in with a wooden spoon or paddle, not to bruise them. Bake in a moderate

TEMPERANCE.

THE TEMPERANCE MAINTAIN. We happy-hearted maidens
Are singing bilthe and free,
Doing our bits of sewing
Or setting cups of tea.
If nursing or if serubbing

Our busy hands employ, We still find to be useful

Brings happiness and Joy.
In home or out in school-time
With earnest will possessed,
In lessons or in leisure Trying to do our best. And if we fall or falter

Through carelessness or sin, We'll try, try, try, we Temperance girls The victory still to win.

True to our word, we maldens,
Must learn to answer "No."
If peaxed or scoffed or threatened
Our promise to forego.
And free from all unkindness,
From slander, and from strile,
And innocent and blameless
Should be our daily life.
Changes will come and trouble
As childhood slips away,
But in all cares and sorrows
We still can watch and pray. We still can watch and pray.

That lures us into sin,
In Christ's great name, we poor weak
girls,
The victory can win,
—National Temperance Advocate.

Whate'er the sore temptation

WHISKY'S PELL WORK WHEREY'S PELL WORK.

In describing some of the scenes which he saw on a recent visit to the Washington almshouse, a correspondent of a daily paper says that one of the first men he met there had been at one time Attorney-General of Virginia. In his office a number of now distinguished lawyers were students, and they owe much to his advice. His father had been Attorney-General of the United States, and left his son wealth. But he drank, and sacrifficed everything to his love of intextenting liquor.

and left his son wealth. But he drank, and sacrificed overything to his love of intoxiciating liquor.

Another paper was an ex-Judge of the Supreme Court of California, and had been esteemed one of the most elequent men of his time. He came to Washington to get an office, was disappointed, took to drink, and drank himself out of pecket, mind, and friends, and into the poorhouse.

In his company was a once wealthy newspaper editor and proprietor of New York, a man of great political influence. This man has been for three years in the poorhouse, Sometimes his friends take him out, but he drinks so much that he lies about the street and is returned by the police.

Aman who was Stephen A. Douglas's intimate friend, and who used to speak from the same platform with him, is a Washington pauper. When fortune smiled upon him he used liquor as a reliab, and when her smiles turned to frowns he took if as an autitode for sorrow. It brought him temporary rollef, but permanent ruin.

Coming into the almshouse, as the correspondent left it, was an old, white haired man, who was at one time one of the leading men of the Michigan bar. He was the man who backed Zachariah Chandler, and made him, politically speaking, what he was, And this man, of great leval additive and

man who backed Zachariah Chandler, and made him, politically speaking, what he was, and this man, of great legal ability and political influence sufficient to make and unmake men, and of much wealth, is now a sauper. Why? Because he drank alcoholic liquor. How foolish is any one, high or low, who will take this poison and hope to earape its effects!

THE QUESTION OF PERSONAL BIGHTS. Whenever laws restraining the liquor trafno are enacted and enforced, the cry is usually raised in certain circles that all such
legislation is an infringement upon personal
rights and liberty. But drunkenness, says a
writer on this phase of the question, is a
great public wrong, involving life, health,
prosperily, peace, property, morals, and the
general welfare. What is its corrective? The
police power, recognized by the Supreme
Court of the United States. Said Justice
McLean: "The acknowledged police power
of a State extends often to the destruction of
property. A nuisance may be abated, everything prejudicial to the health and morals of
a city may be removed."

thing prejudicial to the health and morals of a city may be removed."

Said Chief Justice Taney: "If a State deems the retail traffic in ordent spirits injurious to its citizens and calculated to produce idleness, vice or debanchery, I see nothing in the Constitution of the United States to prevent it from regulating or restraining the traffic, or prohibiting it altogether."

Nor does the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States impair the police power of the State. So says Justice Field.

And this power is incorable of limitation.

Field.

And this power is incapable of limitation, says Justice Miller. "Upon it," he says, "depends the security of social order, the life and health of the citizen, the comfort of existence in a thickly populated community, the sajoyment of private social life, and the beneficial use of property." eneficial use of property.

THE RESULT OF A DRING.

A crowd of men recently went into a saloon at Shamokin, Penn., with Joseph Swartz, to A crowd of men recently went into a saloon at Shamokin, Penn., with Joseph Swartz, to see him drink a quart of whisky for a warter, and they emerged in a little while bearing his corpse. It was a tradition that Swartz could drink two quarts of the reddest liquor at one time, and the question arose as to whether he could swallow the quart. Joe shrugged his shoulders contemptuously. Without ceremony he ordered the flery liquid. Down his throat coursed the stuff and his eyes sparkled. Finally the last drop was down and Joe cast a triumphant glance at his companions. Then he sang a song and danced a jig. His brain had been turned, and he said his nerves tingled as though a thousand needles were pricking him. Faster went his feet until he suddenly threw his arms to the air and grow deathly pale. He groaned, dropped to the floor, and the merry shouts of his comrades died into exclamations of alarm. They rushed to his side, and he seemed in awful agony, but unable to speak. He became senseless in a few minutes, and then died, Christian Quiver.

GOT THE BEST OF THE BARDAIN. At a temperance meeting where several related their experiences, a humorous Irishman was acknowledged to be the chief speaker. He had on a pair of fine new boots. Said he: "A week after I signed the pledge I met an eld friend, and he says, 'Thom's a fine pair of boots you have on.' 'They are,' says I, 'and by the same token 'two the salon keeper who gave them to me.' 'That was generous of him,' says he.' 'It was,' says I, 'but I made a bargain with him. He was to keep his drink and I was to keep, my money. My money bought me these fine boots. I got the best of the bargain, and I'm going to stick to it.'"—Union Signal.

TEMPERANCE PROGRESS IN PARIS. If not France generally, Paris at any rate is at length taking considerable interest in the temperance movement, and the society which was formed a short time ago has just issued its first programme. The Academy of Medicine and the Chamber of Deputies are seriously considering the subject, and are seriously considering the subject, and will no doubt before long take an active part in the crusade against the use of alco-holic liquors.

NO USE.

There was no use in saying that it was dirty wives and low-ceiling houses that made people drunkards, because it was drunkenness that made dirty wives and low houses. It was the dirty pig that made the dirty pig-sty. Let them put a pig into a parlor. It was a pig still. The parlor would not reform the pig; but the pig would very soon transform the parlor into a pigsty.—James Guthrie.

TEMPERANCE NEWS AND NOTES. Governor Morrill believes that the old-shioned temperance pledge will do more to seure prohibition in Kansas than all stat-

The saloon keeper ruins other men, but he lamns himself. The devil may feel proud of his work when he looks at the drunkard's home.

The New York Tribune says in one of the worst saloons in Boston the following placard is suspended: "No ladies served with drinks at this bar." If the prohibition of the sale of whisky on Sunday constitutes a Puritan Sunday, says the Scranten Index, let us have such a Sun-

day all over the country. "One may deplore," says the Chicago Herald, "the existence of so many distilleries, so many broweries, and so many saloons, but he has only to look back a few years to see that they are not as strong in many ways as they once were. Above all they have not the moral support they ones had." Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Baking ABSOLUTELY PURE

Empress Engente's Blunder,

In the article, "Life in the Tuileres Under the Second Empire," published in the Century, this amusing festivities. They were chosen from among the diminutive grooms in the Emperor's stables, and when the costume was ready, a pretty boy, who seemed about twelve years of age, was brought to the Empress for her examination and approval. The dress pleased her, and she turned the boy round to inspect him fully, setting his velvet cap jauntily on his curls, which she arranged to her satisfaction, ad justing his ruff, etc. Then, kindly patting his cheek, she inquired: "How old are you, my little friend?"

"Twenty, madame!" The scream of dismay which followed, and the amusement of the bystanders, may be imagized.

The Russian Czar's crown is put down at \$11,000,000. The principal gem is a ruby, said to be worth \$250,

GREAT BOOK FREE.

When Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., published the first edition of his work, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, he announced that after 680,000 copies had been sold at the regular price, \$1.50 per copy, the profit on which would repay him for the great amount of labor and money expended in producing it, he would distribute the next half million free. As this number of copies has already been sold, he is now distributing, absolutely free, 500,000 copies of this plete, interesting, absolutely free, 500,000 copies of this new for the same as those some of the recipient only being required to mail to him, at the book will be sent by mail. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. It contains over 1000 pages and more than 300 illustrations. The Free Edition is precisely the same as those sold at \$1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong mansilla paper covers instead of cloth. Send sow before all are given away. They are going off rapidly.

PROFITABLE DAIRY WORK Can only be accomplished with the very best

of tools and With a Davis rator on the sure of more butter, while milk is a val. milk is a valtake to get a Hustrated ied FREE

DAVIS & RANKIN BLDG. & MFG. CO

The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Ouffe worn, they are made of findouth, both sides finished alike, and being revorse in, one collar in equal to two of any other kind.

They if well, peur mell and dock unit. A box of the Collars or Five Fairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five A Sample Coller and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cours. Name style and size. Address



PENSION JOHN W. MIORHIS, Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pombob Hursen. Dyratu last war Dathillicating claims atty sluce

A New Slang Phrase.

There is a young Englishman stopping in Philadelphia, and one mornstory is told: An amusing incident ing he overheard one of the members securred while the pages were rehears of the club ask another how he felt, ing the part they had to play in these "Oh, out of sight," was the responses The Englishman made a mental note of this and determined to get it off himself at the first opportunity. The next day he met a friend, who offered the usual salutation. The Englishman's face broadened into a grin. Striking an attitude, he exclaimed: "Ob, you cawn't see me, old chap, you cawn't see me!"-Philadelphia

WANTED____ **Bright Boys and Girls**

Sell the New York Ledger Every Week.

Big Pay for Little Work. The New York Ledger has had so many applications from boys and girls throughout the country wanting to sell the Ledger by the week, as well as by subscription for the year, we have decided to establish wide-awake young agents in every town in the country.

Every Place.
Hundreds of smart boys and girls in every locality have several hours' spare time each week.

Read Our Plun. We want just such ones to work for us a little while every week selling Ledgers at 5 cents each—selling the old, reliable, orig-inal and best story paper published—the New York Ledger.

No Possible Risk. Our young arents take no possible risk. We send a bundle of Ledgerz every week, and they sell them like hot cakes at 5 cents each. Every one wants the New York Ledger as soon as given an opportunity to examine and read a copy of it. It will only be necessary for an agent to show a likely reader our offer of

\$1,000 in Cash Prizes to Readers

\$1,000 in Cash Prizes to Ledger work
the very best appliances
Cream Sepafarm you are and better
the skimmed uable feed make no mis Davis. Neat catalogue

The Ledger Free.

If the postmaster or any responsible party will send us the name of a smart boy or girl to sell the Ledger every week in his town, we will put an extra Ledger in the agent's bundle each week, to be delivered free to the party appointing the agent so long as the agent sells the Ledger.

Send us the name of a smart boy or girl at once. Have them fill out this coupon and send it at once: The Ledger Free.

I hereby agree to act from date as agent for the New York Ledger, and to sell the same to ladies, farmers and others at 5 cents a copy every week, and that I will report not later than the Monday after each package is received, on blank farmished me, and rould 3 cents for each copy I sell or deliver to sub-eribers, and will keep all mould copies, to be re-terred as instructed.

Name Address..... State

Appointed by Address NEW YORK LEDGER, 182 William Street, New York

UANTIT 5 3

Which have you an eye to,

quantity or quality, when you buy something to make washing easy? If it's quality, you want Pearline. In effectiveness, in economy, and above all in its absolute harmlessness, no matter how or where you use it, there's nothing to compare with this, the first and only

washing-compound. What difference does the quantity make, after all? If you spend five cents or ten cents or a dollar for an aid to washing, don't you want the thing that will give you the most work, the best work, and the most certain safety for that amount of money? That thing is Pearline.

Send Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, it Back and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—send it back, 483 AMES PYLE, New York.

Yes, it's ready!

An elegant book for your table and constant reference. Send for it NOW, It's New and Nice.

OUR NEW CATALOGUE

Sent by mail on receipt of 10 cents in postage stamps or

brimming full of illustrations, and showing how the thousand-and-one things really look. You'll like that.

There are Guns, Rifles, Pistols-from all over the world, and some of our own make-Fishing Tackle, Dog Collars and Chains, Tennis Sets, etc., etc. You can see our LOVELL DIAMOND

BICYCLE-The Finest Wheel on Earth,the Williams Typewriter-you ought to have one. There's lots of other things too.

JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO., BOSTON, MASS. Sole U. S. Agent for "STAR" AUTOMATIC PAPER FASTENER,

He that Works Easily Works Successfully." 'Tis very Easy to Clean House With

SAPOLIO