Shortage in Rubber Boots and Shoes,

Owing to the recent money stringency all the Bubber Shoe factories stopped work for several weeks, the only exception being the Colchester Co., the demand for the Colchester Spading Boot obliging them to ran continuous+ ly. This general shut down will cause consid-

erable scarcity of Rubbers this winter. The Colchester Spading Boot is already sold ahead and is pronounced the best Rubber Boot in the market for all around wear.

How's This! We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for ny case of Catarrii that cannot be cured by

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarra that cannot be curred by Hall's Catarra Cure.

F. J. Chenney & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undereigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohlo.

Ohlo.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohlo.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c, per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Croup Cure

Allays painful breathing, aching bones, and the chills and fever of an acute cold. Use it promptly and save life. 5) cts. We Care Rupture. No matter of how long standing. Write for free treatise, testimonials, etc., to S. J. Hollensworth & Co., Owers, Tioga Co., N. Y. Price \$1; by mail, \$1.15.

Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup takes right hold. Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

A wonderful stomach corrector—Beecham's Pills. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a lox.

Hood's sparing Cures



"Have suffered seven troubles brought on by and then drinking cold water. I became restless at night and my ood distressed I grew worse and doc-A P Coole of tors declared my case incurable. Medicines

failed to help me until upon recommendation I took Hood's Farsaparilla. My heart trouble has subsided and I am free from pain. I can now eat heartily without distress, thanks to Hood's Sarsaparilla

previous. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsa-N. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Nausco, Sick Headache,

THE KIND THAT CURES!



Scrofula and Salt Rheumi Of 25 Years Standing, BLOOD PURIFIER THAT CURES.

DANA'S SARSAPARILLA s all sho with a Blood Purifier that Cures. Yours very full. FI Jackson, St. Lawrence Co., N. S. Graves-Mr. Wells is well-known in this sec-line and him statement is true. HAA. SHITH.



"MOTHERS" FRIEND"

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY.

Colvin, La., Doc. 2, 1886 .- My wife used MOTHER'S PRIEND before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars. DOCK MILLS.

Sent by express on receipt of price, \$1.50 per bot tie. Book "To Mothers" publied free. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., SOR GALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



The roosts should not be high, esnoticed that when the roost is high it kinds. - American Agriculturist, is with difficulty that some of them reach it and secure positions. Before all of the members of the flock get settled there will be several falls from the perch, due to the general scramble the roost in the morning the heavy birds come to the floor with more force than is beneficial, the result being leg difficulties and sometimes internal injuries. - Chicago Times.

TAINTED MILE.

The causes of tainted milk have been classified by Doctor Gerber as follows: 1. Poor fodder. 2. Poor, dirty water, used not only

washing the cans. 3. Poor air where the cows are. Uncleanliness in milking.

5. Keeping the milk too long in too warm and poorly ventilated places, 6. Neglecting to cool and aerate the

milk quickly after milking. 7. Lack of cleanliness in the care of the milk.

8. Poor transportation. 9. Sick cows.

10. The cows being in heat,

FOOD FOR GROWING STOCK.

especial reasons. One is that what is not be lost even if not used at every lost by neglect in the youth of any opportunity. animal can never be regained by any future care and liberality; and the second that a young animal in its early life is only able to digest food under imperfect conditions. The stomach and other digestive organs of a young of any food that contains starch, for starch is not itself absorbed, but only as it is changed into sugar by the action of this fluid. Thus it is only courting calf without milk, unless by the use of some time. diarrhea that follows the use of any kind of grain foods in the feeding of

SUCCESSIVE OAT CROPS. ping with oats, and the effect on such oil is to harden it into clods. Where land has been made poor by oat growing one of the best ways to restore it is to plow in the fall and sow a crop of peas with whatever fertilizer can b Peas make more shade for the ground, and they will get much of the plant food they need from the air. Peas are besides a better grain to seed with clover than is the oat. We mean, of course, peas sown broadcast and covering the whole surface of the ground, -American Cultivator.

BAISING POTATOES FROM SEED,

To produce a strong, vigorous potato with good eating and keeping qualities, we must select for its parents varieties possessing these qualities; and by judicious crossing we may expect, to some extent, to fix in the new variety, some at least of the qualities heir. we desire to produce. The seed balls should be gathered early in the fall, laid in the sun a few days, and then squeezed out into water. The seeds Expe will soon rise to the top, when they have to be skinned off and placed on paper or cloth to dry. After drying thoroughly in the sun, or a warm, dry room for about forty-eight hours, the seeds are to be put in paper bags to keep until wanted.

Early in the spring they may be to three weeks old the seedlings have fowls do not get into that state. to be pricked out singly into carefully prepared hills, which should be about to feet apart to rows three feet apart. A small numbered stake has to be put in each hill, and during the growing oncerning the habit, strength, time least sickly, look for lice. Tend ripening, yield and general appear chances to one you will find this the of ripening, yield and general appearance of each plant. This record must be continued each year for five years before one can definitely ascertain the real value of a variety, as many of those which appear promising at first run out entirely, and sometimes those which we were tempted to discard the first few years may prove our very best varieties. At digging time select only a few of the largest and best formed tubers of each kind, placing them into excefully marked boxes,

for all the labor and care given them Yet it should be borne in mind that pecially if the birds are large and little or nothing is gained in securing By observing hens when they a new variety unless it is in some go on the roosts at night it will be points better than in any of the old

The ability to use tools and to do work neatly has a strong tendency to improve a man's taste in keeping his for favorite places, and when leaving buildings, fences and machinery in good repair. Of course it is easy to go to an extreme in this regard and attempt to do work that should rightly be done by a regular mechanic, or to go to the other extreme and be continually running to the shop or for the mechanic to do what could in many cases be readily done by the farmer at a considerable saving. There are times when to be obliged to stop the work of the farm and go several miles for watering the cows, but also for to town to get a small job of repairing lone would entail a considerable loss At other times when not interfering with the farm work it would be more economical to hire the work done than to

take your own time.

Because of your ability to do nearly or quite all kinds of small repairing it does not by any means imply that you should always do it or that you can always save money by doing it. The conditions should always be considered. One farmer may be so situated that it will be best to do everything himself. Another will find it more economical The feeding of young animals is a to depend upon having the greater very important part of the business of part of this kind of work done. But a farmer and requires study, for two the knowledge of how to do work will

On many farms, after the wheat, oats and hay are harvested, there is short season that can be spared to a good advantage in fixing up the farm. The farmer himself may not be able to hire mechanical help, but if he can do animal are fitted at first only for the this kind of work himself he can prodigestion of milk, and this must be its vide shelter for his stock, his feed and staple food for a much longer time his machinery at a much less cost than than is the custom to provide it. It is if obliged to depend entirely upon only when the teeth are formed and fit for use that the parotid glands and paneress begin to secrete the sub-chinery, do necessary repairing about pancreas begin to secrete the sub-stance that is needed for the digestion the building that will help preserve and make it more comfortable when otherwise it would be necessary to let go. In many cases if work of this kind can be done in good season condanger and attempting impossibilities siderable saving can be made over what to try to rear a healthy and profitable might be the cost if obliged to wait

some specially prepared foods that may be digestible by the young animal. This fact accounts for the invariable pearance but increases its value, gives the farmer a better reputation among his neighbors and is really the most young calves, and proves the necessity economical, but in many cases the for as long feeding with milk as may be possible.—American Agriculturist, and not being a mechanical genius and not being a mechanical genius

himself, it is left undone. When the farmer can do reasonably There is good reason why the out fair work a small outfit of necessary crop should be the most exhaustive of tools will be found a profitable investany of the grains. Its leaf is not so ment. This should also include three broad as that of barley or wheat, and or four paint brushes and oil, and it sends its roots very much farther either Spanish brown or Venetian red than does barley at least. Wheat roots for painting tools and implements. reach down into the subsoil and get The amount, or rather number, of moisture, and probably also some plant | tools a farmer should own can best be food, where the spring grain would determined by his ability to use them. not reach. Out roots completely fill Money invested in tools that are not the surface soil to the depth of the used is so much dead capital. A vise, plowing. It is this which makes it so drill, set of bits and brace, set of hard to get a good catch of clover, and augers, set of saws and planes, a shoethis failure to get a good clover growth maker's outfit and harnessmaker's outreason why the land is fit, such as are advertised, with left till another year and sown with and copper wire, a supply of nails and oats again. We have known several bolts, will enable the farmer to do a cases in which successive oat crops very considerable amount of work fix were grown for several years, with the | ing up and keeping up buildings and result of so entirely destroying the machinery. This implies a tool house, soil's fertility that the land would not only to keep the tools but to work scarcely produce white beans. Clay in, as in this way many little jobs of land is most often injured by crop- repairing may be done on rainy days. -Nebraska Farmer.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

Give your stock a variety of food. Skim-milk is excellent food for pigs. The stable fly is a bloodthirsty pest. As a rule, small eaters make small milkers.

Keep milk as far from the stable as An unproductive horse is a very ex-

pensive one. Clean farming is the best preventive

of the stalk-borer.

The finest looking stallion is not always the best breeder.

Barley is generally considered better than wheat for winter pasture. Grass is nature's great remedy for most of the ills to which horseflesh is

In some sections of the country there is a constant demand for good

Experienced fruit growers say that mixed orchards bear better than those containing only one variety.

A little outmeal added to the drinking water of working horses will give them strength as well as refreshment in hot weather.

Few eggs are laid by hens which are sown thinly in rows in a hot-bed, or too fat, and, therefore, it is to the later in the open ground. When two poultryman's interest to see that his Give a horse plenty of air and light

plenty of exercise, plenty of the right kind of food and water, and he will almost always be in good condition. If your poultry, old or young, go season detailed notes should be taken moping around or look in any way the

> The French Government has ap pointed a commission to investigate sheep industry and to find out what can be done to improve their breeds of sheep.

> The abolition of the check-rein, the use of the fly-nets in summer and of blankets in winter, are things already conceded by every horseman worthy the name.

each kind by itself, and in planting. The draught horse should stand use only the largest specimens for fairly high in front (rather prominent seed. At the end of the fifth year, if withers), and must have a chest of good culture has been given, probably ample width to permit free expansion one or more varieties out of a hundred of lungs when under any temporary seculings will be found that will pay strain.

HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS.

PINEAPPLE PRESERVES.

Pare the pineapple, and take out all eyes and discolored parts. Cut in dices, cut slices in small pieces, taking out core. Weigh the fruit, and put in a pan with half as many pounds of sugar as fruit. Let it stand over night. In the morning put it over the fire and let it boil rapidly for a minute

only, as cooking long discolors it, Put it in jars and seal closely. - Detroit Free Press.

ORAPE CATSUP.

Squeeze the pulp from five pounds of grapes; boil this for five minutes or until the seeds can be strained out. using a porcelain potato masher to press the pulp through the sieve; add two pounds of sugar, the skins, one cup of vinegar, a teaspoonful each of allspice and cinnamon, a saltspoonful ach of mace and cloves and a half a teaspoonful of salt; add the spices in bags and boil until it thickens. housewife who gave me this receipt adds a little cayenne pepper at the last. It is delicious with cold meats. -American Agriculturist.

CHEESE OMELET.

Maria Parlos, in Good Housekeeping, says: For three or four people use two ounces of stale bread, free from crust, two ounces of grated or finely broken cheese, one gill of boiling water, one gill of cold milk, one level teaspoonful of soft, a grain of cayenne, one tablespoonful of butter and two eggs. Have the bread broken into small vieces and pour the boiling water over it. When soft, add the salt, pepper and milk and break up fine. Beat the yolks and white of the eggs separately and stir them into the mixture. Add the cheese. Put the butter into a frying-pan and set over a hot fire. When the butter is so hot that it begins to turn brown, pour in the omelet and cook until it begins to get set, drawing the mixture back a little as you would a plain omelet. Now fold it and let it brown slightly. Turn out on a hot dish and serve im-

HOW TO PREPARE POULTRY. In preparing poultry for cooking here are a few rules to follow: Chickens, ducks, capons and turkeys should be killed at least twenty-four hours before using. When well picked, singe by removing the stove cover and put ting some paper in. Pars the bird over the flame, taking care not to blacken or burn it. Cut the neck off as near the body as possible. Cut the joint; with your forefinger loosen the crop and take it out. Cut a slip under the rump large enough to run the hand into the body. Put the hand in carefully to loosen the contents of the body and stomach in every direction so that all may be drawn out in one mass. Pour warm water through the bird and wipe out with a towel. Cut the gall from the liver, then throw the liver into cold water. Scald and skin the feet; put gizzard, heart, feet, and neck in a pint or more water, with a little onion. Let them stew slowly until reduced one-half. All poultry needs just this treatment .- New York Advertiser.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS,

To remove paint stains apply turpentine at once, if possible. For asthma soak blotting paper in

strong saltpeter water; dry, and burn Clear, black coffee diluted with water and containing a little ammonia will

clean and restore black clothes. Pour diluted carbolic acid at once upon every part of a poisonous wound ;

afterward give internal stimulants. If the eyes are weakened by close work, such as painting, embroidery or reading, bathe them frequently in

weak alum water. To cleanse cut glass, wash it in topid water and dry thoroughly. Polish with a brush used for the purpose and

prepared chalk. Before beginning to seed raisins cover them with hot water and let them stand fifteen minutes. The seeds

can then be removed easily. A poultice made of Indian meal, covered with Young Hyson tes, moistened with hot water and laid on a burn will relieve the pain in five min-

For moist hands ninety grains of cau de cologne and fifteen grains of belladona is an excellent lotion, after the use of which dust with powdered

One of the best remedies for toothache is the common compound tinc-ture of beuzoin. If a few drops are placed on cotton and put in or around the tooth the pain will be almost instantly stopped.

For laundry use kerosene is very ef feetual in whitening clothes. A half a teacupful in a boiler of clothes will produce a most satisfactory result Yet care must be exercised when using this explosive material.

Where the hair is thinning the folowing is excellent: Mix equal quantities of olive oil and spirit of rosemary with a few drops of oil of nutneg. Rub into roots at hight. Sim

ple rosemary tea is also good. Never pull off your gloves by the finger tips, but by the wrists, turning them thus inside out; let them air for a few minutes before turning them again, and do not roll them up into wad; let them lie at full length in the glove box.

Linen crash, blue denim or ticking are the best possible fabrics for cover-ing iron holders. Make them removable by basting one end together and occasionally put them in the family wash. Beeswax for smoothing sad-irons should be tied in a piece of white muslin to prevent waste.

A Big Lobster,

As if to deny the general complaint that lobsters caught this year are very small, a big fellow, the king of them all, has allowed himself to be desoved into the lobster-pots of J. H. Masedale, the crabman at Bass Point. Mr. Masedale brought him into the Globe office yesterday afternoon in a large basket and showed him to the reporters. He weighed seventeen pounds, and the advertising rule that was laid on him showed that he was three feet, six inches long, and that his main claws measured eighteen inches long, -Bos-

TEMPERANCE.

COMPRESATION. It is true that drinking does a great deal of harm to a man, but how soldom we men-tion the compensating advantages that come to him. For instance:

> He drank when he was stupid For to quicken his insight. His eyes grew still more bleary, But his nose grew bright.

He drank when he was weary His strength for to prolong. His legs grow still more shaky, But his breath grew strong.

He drank when he was dewness For to chase away the night. His debts grew still more heavy, But his purse grew light.

ENJOYMENT THAT BILLS. An English paper says that in nine villages ut of ten the one notion of enjoyment is out of ten the one notion of enjoyment is drunkenness. It is the only kind of amuse-ment that offers. There are not a few men of higher degree who have not yet outgrown the notion that the one relief from the cares of business or the monotony of pleasure seeking is to sit with other fellows at a table and drink one's self-dreak. and drink one's self drunk

FOR THE WORLD'S WORKERS. The working boy, says a realous temperance advocate, wants a healthy body and a healthy mind. Drink and the saloon will help

and rains.

The hands which draw the design, or hold the brush, chisel or piane or grasp the brake, the lever, the helm, are guided and governed by the brain. But, if the brain be muddled or stupified with drink, the hands will be shaky and uncertain, and the strength, quiskness and delicacy of their grasp and touch will be destroyed.

A brain poisoned with alcohol means also confused thought, deadened sensibility, blinded judgment, reckless passion. Speech, sight, feeling, movement, all are disordered and enfeebled by the brain-poison of the intoxicating cup.

and enfeebled by the brain-poison of the intoxicating cup.
So for the sake of his health, his happiness
and his character, a boy will do well to take
the temperance piedge and abide by it.
He will have to light his own battles now.
He has been drilling and marching and going
on parade in school-days, but now he is on
the battle-field of life. He must be true to
God, and true to himself.

DRINKING TO REEP WARM.

DEINKING TO EEEF WARM.

Nothing is more common than for men to take a drink now and then, in cold weather "to warm them up," as they say. And no doubt they would be very much surprised if told that the drink does not do the least bit of good towards keeping them warm. Yet this is true, and in fact, so far as warming them is concerned, it does far more harm than good. This is not merely "talk," or the exagographic to the propersion for the exagographic. It is

than good. This is not merely "talk," or the exaggeration of temperance fanatics. It is the verdict of science, arrived, at by distinguished scientific men, after calm, cold and unprejudiced investigation. Their object was simply to find out the actual facts in the matter, and their studies and examination leave no room for doubt.

The man who drinks a bot whisky, a "tom and jerry," or some other warming drink in cold weather, does feel warm for a few minutes. But very soon this glow of delicious warmth passes off, the temperature of his body is lowered—that is, he becomes colder—and if he does not feel colder (as is some body is lowered—that is, he becomes colder—and if he does not feel colder (as is sometimes the case), it is simply because the drink has dulled his feelings. If you give him a knock, or if he bruises his hand, or if he pricks his finger, he will not feel the hurt so much as if he were absolutely sober, and in the same way he does not know that thetem-perature of his body has fallen and that there is really not so much warmth in him as be-

fore.

We do not speak here of the case of a man
who is dead-drunk—he feels nothing at all—
but of the man who has taken two or three

but of the man who has taken two or three drinks to keep him warm.

From an article in the Irish Ecclesiastical Record we gather the following scientific testimony on this subject:

Dr. Davis, of Chicago, tells us that from extensive experiments made by him in 1850, he found that when alcohol is taken into the system, "the temperature of the body begins to fall within half an hour, and continues to decrease from two to three hours. The extent and duration of reduction was in direct proportion to the amount of alcohol taken."

Professor Binz tried experiments on the lower animals, with the result that he found there was a fall of between four and five degrees after a fatal dose had been administered.

"It is a failacy," says Sir William Guil, the

"It is a fallacy," says Sir William Guil, the famous English doctor, "to say that a man ought to take a glass of brandy on a cold morating to keep him warm. You had better give a man food."

Dr. Burton says that "it is quite a delusion to imagine that alcohol causes warmth, it lowers the temperature of the whole body."

We can point to other practical proofs of this important point. During the Russian campaign of 1812, so fatal to the interests of

campaign of 1812, so fatal to the interests of France, it was found that almost all the sol-diers who used alcohol sink under the cold and fatigue, while only very few abstainers fell victims to these rigors. The Esquimaux, Greenlanders, Laplanders, and other inhabi-tants of the coldest countries in the world, testify that alcohol would unfit them for entestify that alcohol would unfit them for enduring their severe climate. The soldiers in the Russian army, when on the march in cold weather, not only use no ardent spirits, but no man who has been lately drinking is allowed to a company them, as his drunken debauch would render him quite unfit to withstand the cold. The same strict abstinence has been found by practical experience in the Arctic expeditions to be the best preventive against cold.

Here at home it is known that old and experienced drivers of stages, who sit on the box for hours in the coldest weather, are in the habit of drinking hot coffee, which keeps them much warmer than any form of alcoholic drink.

TEMPERANCE NEWS AND NOTES. Lord Roberts says he has under his com-mand in India 13,000 British soldiers pledged to total abstinence.

Don't cuitivate a thirst that will create vacancy in your pocket while distending your stomach into bay window-like proportions. In one of the great Paris hospitals, it was found that of eighty-three patients who suf-fored from epilopsy, sixty were children of drunken parents.

The statement recently appeared in public print that the Catholic total abstainers now constitute a body numbering nearly 100,000 members in this country. Carlyle's opinion of Father Mathew.—"A broad, solid, most excellent looking young man, with grey hair, mild, intelligent eyes, massive, rather aguline ness and countenance. The very face of him attracts you."

Temperance is a part of the Christian religion. The Bible teaches that the body is the temple for the indwelling of the Holy Spirit and that God will destroy him that deflies it; and surely there is no destruction more hopeless and mournful than that visited upon the soul and body of a drankard.

A German of wealth and education, who has fived in this country for a number of years, says he is convinced that most of the suicides, of his country men, both on this side of the Atlantic and the other, are caused by adulterants in beer that have a depressing effect on the nervous system and dispose the subject to melancholy. The membership of the Indian Army Tem

The membership of the Indian Army Temperance Association has reached its highest point. The whole strength of the British lerces in India is about 68,000 and, as there are 20,111 men who are abstainers, the progress of sobriety has been remarkable. At Singapore 130 artillerymen out of a total strength of 200 are abstainers.

strength of 290 are abstainers.

A number of the fashionable milliners of New York have established a custom which has proved very profitable to them and is approved by the wealthy customer for whom it was instituted. It is a line service of champagne ad itb, in a private partor to any wealthy customers who wants it. These high-priced milliners have learned that a \$20 bonnet can be more readily disposed of to a customer after her nature has been soothed by a law glasses of the insidious juice of the grape.

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Al Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Frogs Fond of Wasps.

As you and your readers seem in terested in odds and ends of natural history, I send you one which may be worth publishing, writes R. E. Bart-lett. Some time ago I discovered accidentally that frogs are voracious caters of wasps. I have in my garden a tank for watering and an island of rock-work, which is a favorite haunt of the frogs. The wasps just now are carrying on a raid against my fruit, and when I wish to gratify my revenge and my frogs, I catch a marauder between a post card and an inverted wine glass, carry him off to the tank, wet his wings to prevent his flying, and set him on the rock-work before the healthy mind. Drink and the saloon willhelp him to neither.

The mind works by the brain. Alcohol brings disorder, disease, destruction to the brain. Alcohol is a brain-poison.

Other poison affect the muscles, the glands, or other organs of the body. Alcohol, taken up by the blood, is carried at once to the brain. It leaps to the throne of the man's bolog. It is an arrogant usurper, that rules and rules. he is almost always swallowed in the end. Usually convulsive movements may be noticed in the frog's throat and body, as though the process of deglutition were not quite easy; but that they like the diet is evident from the fact that a single smallish frog has been known to take three wasps one after another. Indeed, it is remarkable what very small frogs, quite infants will swallow a wasp with avidity. This afternoon a tiny frog swallowed a full grown wasp, when a big relative went for him quite savagely, like a big schoolboy thrashing a small one for

Egypt Has Banished the Bastinado.

presuming to be helped before him. -

London Spectator.

A newspaper man has been inter-viewing Zoulflear Ibrahim Bey, a judge of the criminal courts of Alexandria, Egypt, on the administration of justice in that country. The judge was educated in the French Military School at St. Cyr, and speaks French like a Parisian. When asked whether the bastinado was still inflicted in the police courts of Egypt he denied it em-phatically, and said that any policeman of that land who dared to strike a citizen would be punished very severely. "It is expressly prohibited, he said. "Our police are organized to prevent violence, and not to have recourse to it. And in that connection I am glad to learn that the New York police are prohibited the use of the club. The days of the old barbaric punishments have long gone by, and for many years we have been governed by the code Napoleon. Our punish-ments are simply fine and imprisonment for ordinary offenses, the galleys, where the convicts work in chain gangs, for graver crimes, and the capital penalty for murder, which, however, is more rarely inflicted year after year."

Germs in the Air.

If you want to get a notion of the prevalence of germs in the air, set a glass of fresh water on the mantlepiece and leave it there for three or four days. At the end of that time it will be covered with a sort of scum which looks like a layer of dust. This scum, when examined under a microscope, will be found to be a mass of living micro-organisms. - Washington Star

Germany has 5,000,000 depositors in savings banks; France, 4,450,000; Great Britain, 3,750,000; 1,970,000; Austria, 1,850,000; Switzerland, 1,600,000; Sweden and Norway, 1,570, 000.

Cape Town, South Africa, has population too mixed to suit the English residents, who all live in the suburbs.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live bet-ter than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its excellence is due to its presenting

in the form most acceptable and pleas-ant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect lax-ative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kid-neys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all drug-gists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered. The Savage Soudanese,

Fine fighters the Sondanese, they tell me, and veritable savages in their lust for blood. Not so very long ago, in one of their encounters with the dervishes, they drove a dozen of them into a native house, and having set fire to it bayoneted them as they came running out. One of the Soudanese, a huge fellow, begged hard to take his stand at the door, for, said he, he hadn't killed a man for a fortnight. And when the next dervish appeared he ran him through and hoisted him back into the burning house, like mud into a London mudeart. dervish, writhing on the steel, managed to bend and clutch the soldier's mouth, and tore his lip and cheek up as far as his eye. - Cornhill Magazine.

In 1820 the United States had three inhabitants to the square mile of area; in 1890 there were twenty.

DR. KILMER'S

CURED ME

Of Kidney and Liver Complaint,

Inflammation of the Bladder. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—"It affords me pleasure to give you a recommendation for Dr. Klimer's SWAMP-ROOT, of which I have taken 8 small bottles. It has nearly removed the ef-feet of the RHEUMATISM 3

of about 7 years stand-ing, also a severe weak-ness of my back and kidneys of about 10 years' standing and has belied a severe attack of INFLAMMATION .

of the bindder, which I am sure SWAMP-w. n. CHILSON. HOOT will entirely cure me of in a short time. I purchased the medicine of S. G. Stone, the Drumist here in Butter, Ind. "W. R. Chilson, March, 7, W. At Druggists 50 cents and \$1.00 Size.

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