

# SPECIMEN BALLOT.

A Cross **X** Marked in the Square at the Right of the Party Name Indicates a Vote for all the Candidates of that Party.  
A Cross **X** Marked in the Square at the Right of the Name of the Candidate Indicates a Vote for that Candidate.

to cover the number on the ballot so that it cannot be seen without unfastening or cutting open the part so fastened down, and shall then deposit the ballot in the box. The voter shall mark and deliver his ballot without undue delay, and shall quit the enclosed space as soon as his ballot has been deposited, provided that, if at any time the constitution of this Commonwealth shall cease to require ballots to be numbered no number shall be marked on the ballot and it shall be deposited in the ballot-box by the voter himself.

### TIME OF MARKING LIMITED.

Sec. 24. No voter shall be allowed to occupy a voting shell or compartment already occupied by another, except when giving the help allowed by section 27 of this act, nor to remain within said compartment more than three minutes in case of such compartments as are in use. When voters are waiting to occupy the same, no voter not an election officer shall be allowed to enter the enclosed space for the purpose of receiving or giving help as hereinafter described. Each voter's name shall be checked on the voting check-list by the officer having charge thereof as soon as he has cast his vote in the manner now provided by law. It shall be the duty of the judge of election to secure the observance of the provisions of this section, to keep order in the room in which the voting is held, and to see that no more persons are admitted within the enclosed space than are allowed by this act. Each party which has by its primary meeting, caucus, convention or board sent to the proper office a certificate of nomination, and each group of citizens which has sent to the proper office a nomination paper as provided in sections two and three of this act, shall be allowed to appoint three electors to act as watchers at each voting place, without expense to the county, one of whom shall be allowed to remain in the room outside of the enclosed space. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioner, or if the election is held in a township or borough, from the auditors of the same, stating his name, the names of the persons who have appointed him and the party or policy he represents, and no party or policy shall be represented by more than one watcher in the same voting room at any one time. Watchers shall be required to show their certificates when requested to do so. But the polls are closed no person shall be allowed in the room outside of the said enclosed space except these watchers, voters not exceeding 10 at any one time, who are awaiting their turn to prepare their ballots, and police officers when necessary for the preservation of the peace. No person when within the voting room shall electorally or solicit votes for any party or candidate, nor shall any written or printed matter be posted up within the said room except as required by law.

### NO EXTRA LISTS ALLOWED.

Sec. 25. No list or memorandum of the names of voters except such lists as are expressly authorized by law shall be made within the voting room by any person or officer, nor shall any list or memorandum of the numbers marked upon the ballots be made or kept except such lists as are expressly authorized by law, provided that any voter may make a memorandum of the number of his own ball and the watchers may keep their poll-books and challenge lists. After the closing of the polls and before the ballot boxes are opened all the lists of voters upon which the numbers of the ballots are recorded, as now required by law, shall be placed in separate sealed covers properly marked, and the stubs of all the ballots used, together with all unused ballots and the ballot-check-list shall also be enclosed in a sealed package properly designating the voting place, which package shall be sent to the proper office as required by law in the case of the ballots cast, and neither the said package nor the said lists of voters shall thereafter be opened except by the return judge, or in the case of a contest, or upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

### HOW BALLOTS ARE MADE VOID.

Sec. 26. If a voter marks more names than there are persons to be elected to an office, or if for any reason it is impossible to determine the voters choice for any office to be filled his ballot shall not be counted for such office. No ballot without the official endorsement shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be allowed to be deposited in the ballot-box, and none but ballots provided in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be counted. Ballots not marked or improperly or defectively marked shall be endorsed as defective, but shall be preserved with the other ballots. If any ballot appears to have been obtained or written as provided in this act the judge of election shall transmit such ballot to the district attorney without delay, together with whatever information he may have tending to the detection of the person who deposited the same.

### TO PRESERVE THE PEACE.

It shall be the duty of the police officers, constables and deputy constables now required by law to be present at the polls, to remain within the voting room, but outside the guard-rail while the votes are being counted, and to preserve order therein. No person except the said police-officers when necessary for the preservation of the peace or persons acting by their authority for the same shall enter the space within the guard-rail or communicate with any election officer in any way after the polls are closed and until the counting of the votes are completed.

### HOW THE BALL WILL FALL.

When a gun is fired absolutely in the vertical, the ball will fall a few inches south and west from the gun in northern latitude, due west at the equator, and northwest in southern latitudes.

for the said office, the said tribunal shall declare the election to be invalid as regards the said office, and shall report their decision to the Governor of the Commonwealth.  
The Governor, on receiving the report of the said decision, shall without delay cause a writ or writs of election for the office in contest to issue and appoint a day within four weeks from the date of the writ for the holding of a new election, to be held according to the provisions of this act for the office in contest.

### BALLOTS CAN'T BE SHOWN.

Sec. 31. A voter who shall accept as herein otherwise provided allow his ballot to be seen by any person with an apparent intention of letting it be known how he is about to vote, or shall cast or attempt to cast any other ballot than the official ballot which has been given to him by the proper election officer, or shall wilfully violate any other provision of this act or any person who shall interfere with any voter, such person not enclosed space, or when marking his ballot, or who shall endeavor to induce any voter before depositing his ballot to show how he marks or has marked his ballot, or shall except when lawfully commanded by a return judge or a competent court, shall loosen, cut or unfasten the corner pasted down over the number on any ballot, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding \$100, or to undergo an imprisonment for more than three months or both at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 32. Any person who shall, prior to an election, wilfully deface or destroy any list of candidates posted in accordance with the provisions of this act, or who during an election shall wilfully deface, tear down, remark or destroy any card of instruction or specimen ballot printed or posted for the instruction of voters, or who shall, during an election, wilfully remove or destroy any of the supplies or conveniences furnished to enable a voter to prepare his ballot, or shall wilfully hinder the voting of others, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding \$100, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than three months or both at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 33. Any person who shall falsely make or wilfully deface or destroy any certificate of nomination or nomination paper, or any part thereof, or any letter of withdrawal, or any certificate of nomination or nomination paper or letter of withdrawal, knowing the same or any part thereof to be falsely made, or who shall wilfully sign any nomination paper as a qualified elector, such person not being a qualified elector, or suppress any certificate of nomination or nomination paper, or any part thereof which has been duly filed, or forge or falsify make the official endorsement on any ballot, or wilfully destroy or deface any ballot, or wilfully delay the delivery of any ballots, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year or both at the discretion of the court.

### FOR FAILURE OF DUTY.

Sec. 34. Any public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by this act who shall negligently or wilfully perform it in such a way as to hinder the objects of this act, or who shall neglect or refuse to perform any of the provisions thereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year or both at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 35. Any printer employed by the commissioners of any county or auditors of any township or borough to print any official ballots, or any person engaged in printing the same who shall appropriate to himself or give or deliver or knowingly permit to be taken any of said ballots by any other person than such commissioners or auditors or their duly authorized agents, or who shall wilfully print or cause to be printed any official ballot in any other form than that prescribed by such commissioners or auditors, or with any other name thereon, or with the names spelled otherwise than as directed by them, or the names or printing thereon arranged in any other way than that authorized and directed by this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 36. Any person other than an officer charged by law with the care of ballots, or a person entrusted by any such officer with the care of the same for a purpose required by law, who shall have in his possession outside the voting room any official ballot, or any person who shall make or have in possession any counterfeit of an official ballot, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year or both at the discretion of the court.

### Names for Babies.

A Hindu baby is named when it is twelve days old, and usually by the mother. Sometimes the father wishes for another name than that selected by the mother, in that case two lamps are placed over the two names, and the name over which the lamp burns the brightest is the one given to the child. In the Egyptian family the parents choose a name for their baby by lighting three wax candles; to each of these they give a name, one of the three always belonging to some dignified personage. The candle that burns the longest bestows the name upon the baby.

The Mohammedans sometimes write desirable names on five slips of paper, and these they place in the Koran. The names upon the first slip drawn out is given to the child. The Chinese care so little for their girl babies that they do not give them a baby name, but just call them Number One, Number Two, Number Three, according to their birth. Boys are thought so much more of in China than girls are that if you ask a Chinese father who has both a boy and a girl how many children he has, he will always reply, "Only one child."

### Street Cleaning.

Analysis of the street cleanings in one of the large cities shows that while they contain less water than horse manure, they contain also less potash, nitrogen and phosphoric acid. The insoluble matter, sand, etc., in the sweepings are fifty times more than in the horse manure, which leaves but little value in the sweepings compared with horse manure.

### How the Ball Will Fall.

When a gun is fired absolutely in the vertical, the ball will fall a few inches south and west from the gun in northern latitude, due west at the equator, and northwest in southern latitudes.

REPUBLICAN.	DEMOCRATIC.	PROHIBITION.	
<b>PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS</b> Vote for 32.	<b>PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS</b> Vote for 32.	<b>PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS</b> Vote for 32.	<b>PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS</b> Vote for 32.
Bales Pearce, 1331 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.	Gerard C. Brown, 47 Main Street, Yorkana.	Emmett D. Nichols, 47 Green St., Waynesburg.	
John B. Robinson, 103 Market Street, Media.	A. D. Markley, 14 Vine Street, Hatboro.	W. V. Bacon, 225 Union Street, Uniontown.	
Amos H. Mylin, 239 E. Orange Street, Lancaster.	M. E. McDonald, 201 Chestnut St., Scranton.	D. Thomas Hickman, 17 South St., Somerset.	
Alex. F. Thompson, 703 Main Street, Lykens.	Henry D. Green, 240 Fifth Street, Reading.	Godfrey Stringer, 311 Bedford Ave., Bedford.	
J. K. Newell, 49 Spruce Street, Towanda.	M. C. Henninger, 29 Third Avenue, Allentown.	Samuel J. Brown, 111 Main Street, Gettysburg.	
H. B. Paack, 227 Franklin Street, Wellboro.	E. H. Laubach, 75 Main Street, Stenton.	Marvin M. Evanson, 113 Duke St., York.	
S. D. Bates, 243 Market Street, Lewisburg.	William H. Hines, 75 Chestnut St., Wilkes-Barre.	Sam'l Wunder, Jr., 1714 Memphis St., Philadelphia.	
Luther R. Keefer, 19 Federal Street, Cresona.	W. M. Hapsaber, 25 Pine Street, Mauch Chunk.	George B. Fassmer, 48 Delaware Ave., Media.	
J. M. Woods, 79 Charlotte Street, Lewisburg.	Grant Herring, 16 Clay Street, Bloomsburg.	Samuel C. Cass, 68 Chester Avenue, West Chester.	
W. McK. Williamson, 223 Amber St., Huntingdon.	James Rooney, 234 Vine Street, West Auburn.	Alfred Beige, 227 Box Avenue, Doylestown.	
John A. Lemon, 276 Girard Avenue, Hollidaysburg.	B. J. Monaghan, 564 Poplar Street, Shenandoah.	Geo. V. Snyder, 123 Montgomery St., Norristown.	
N. V. Critchfield, 9 Main Street, Jenner's Cr. Sta.	Wm. Penn Lloyd, 25 Palace Street, Mechanicsburg.	Ezra Beist, 75 Mercer Street, Mercersburg.	
E. E. Robbins, 209 Main Street, Greensburg.	P. Gray Meek, 371 Montrose St., Bellefonte.	Samuel W. Edgar, 29 Pittsburgh St., Butler.	
J. B. Showalter, 75 Centre Avenue, Barnhart's Mills.	H. K. Sloan, 64 Norris Street, Indiana.	David C. Jeremy, 927 Cresson St., Evansburg.	
John N. Neeb, 4 Stockton Avenue, Huntingdon.	Harry Alvan Hall, 37 Christian St., St. Marys.	S. G. M. Hollopeter, 219 Marvin St., Altoona.	
W. R. Crawford, 75 Arch Street, Franklin.	Matthias Brandt, 127 Cross Street, Strassburg.	Jacob H. Santo, 65 Elk Avenue, Ridgway.	
D. B. McCreary, 53 Centre Avenue, Erie.	William B. Dunlap, 454 Water St., West Bridgewater.	William C. Tilden, 64 Huntington St., Huntingdon.	
William Flinn, 533 Penn Avenue, Pittsburg.	S. J. Logan, 371 Main Street, Hartstown.	Seymour J. Noble, 518 N. Third St., Indiana.	
F. A. Osbourn, 1329 Jefferson Street, Philadelphia.	S. E. Nivin, 16 Market Street, Chester.	John B. Patton, 812 College Ave., Lancaster.	
Samuel S. Steel, 25 Cross Street, Green Tree.	John H. Fow, 1231 N. Sixth St., Philadelphia.	A. R. Miller, 715 Lombard St., Brookville.	
C. W. Thomas, 4117 Oaden Street, Philadelphia.	John Kearns, 1637 Liberty Ave., Pittsburgh.	J. Calvin Rummel, 631 Jackson St., Scranton.	
John Upperman, 3443 Butler Street, Pittsburgh.	Edward T. McNeelis, 49 Allen St., Johnstown.	Abraham A. Barker, 327 Moxham St., Johnstown.	
Charles A. Porter, 1250 N. 13th Street, Philadelphia.	W. Rush Gillan, 505 Pine Street, Chambersburg.	A. W. Wilson, Sr., 618 Walnut St., Lebanon.	
A. D. Hazlan, 505 Lombard Street, Coatesville.	George W. Skinner, 27 Main Street, Big Cove Tannery.	T. F. Hershberger, 341 Market St., Allentown.	
John C. Grady, 1725 Arch Street, Philadelphia.	Samuel M. Wherry, 38 William St., Solipsburg.	John A. McConnell, 231 Pine St., Salina.	
Winfield S. Smith, 509 Main Street, Bainbridge.	M. F. Sando, 307 Spruce Street, Scranton.	Alfred B. Miller, 432 Briggs Street, Lewisburg.	
Jacob Creuse, 2149 E. Cumberland St., Philadelphia.	J. J. Bierer, 427 Locust Street, Latrobe.	James W. Orr, 342 South Street, Easton.	
J. S. Fruit, 45 Chestnut Street, Mercersburg.	John F. Farrell, 75 Franklin St., Houtaldale.	William T. Everson, 654 Tenth St., Freeburg.	
Ellwood Becker, 401 Pine Street, Philadelphia.	Frank G. Wile, 17 Hope Street, Telford.	Charles W. Miller, 37 Sixth Street, Hazleton.	
J. B. Finlay, 210 Thompson Street, Monacaheia City.	J. P. Hines, 48 Grant Street, Stoneboro.	T. Potts Green, 47 Ninth Street, Washington.	
Jesse M. Baker, 75 Upper Avenue, Media.	Charles I. Baker, 47 Norris Street, Norristown.	Joseph Cort, 57 Hawthorn Ave., Greensburg.	
W. B. Flickinger, 429 Water St., Erie.	Peter J. Criste, 17 Palmer Street, Milton.	James Thomas, 421 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh.	
<b>CONGRESS AT LARGE.</b> Vote for two.	<b>CONGRESS AT LARGE.</b> Vote for two.	<b>CONGRESS AT LARGE.</b> Vote for two.	<b>CONGRESS AT LARGE.</b> Vote for two.
Marriott Brosius, 469 N. Duke St., Lancaster.	Mortimer F. Elliott, 227 Orange St., Wellboro.	John D. Gill, 218 Third Street, Greensburg.	
C. C. Thompson, 416 Filbert Street, Warren.	Walter E. Ritter, 227 Locust St., Williamsport.	H. D. Patton, 321 James Street, Lancaster.	
<b>JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT.</b> Vote for 1.	<b>JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT.</b> Vote for 1.	<b>JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT.</b> Vote for 1.	<b>JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT.</b> Vote for 1.
J. P. S. Gobin, 49 West Street, Lebanon.	George Ross, 78 Doyles Street, Doylestown.	Amos Briggs, 1303 N. Broad Street, Philadelphia.	
<b>CONGRESS.</b> Vote for one.	<b>CONGRESS.</b> Vote for one.	<b>CONGRESS.</b> Vote for one.	<b>CONGRESS.</b> Vote for one.
Henry H. Bingham, 408 S. Broad St., Philadelphia.	Edwin Gaw Flannigan, 747 S. 23d St., Philadelphia.	Samuel M. Kennedy, 1413 S. 15th St., Philadelphia.	
<b>SENATE.</b> Vote for one.	<b>SENATE.</b> Vote for one.	<b>SENATE.</b> Vote for one.	<b>SENATE.</b> Vote for one.
George H. Smith, 1341 S. Broad St., Philadelphia.	E. B. Warner, 1001 S. 7th St., Philadelphia.	William Brown, 1907 S. 12th St., Philadelphia.	
<b>REPRESENTATIVES.</b> Vote for two.	<b>REPRESENTATIVES.</b> Vote for two.	<b>REPRESENTATIVES.</b> Vote for two.	<b>REPRESENTATIVES.</b> Vote for two.
George A. Vard, 1915 S. Fifth St., Philadelphia.	Robert E. Deady, 832 Fernon St., Philadelphia.	Atwood L. Wardell, 823 Dickinson St., Philadelphia.	
Adolph Beyerlein, 701 McKean St., Philadelphia.	Andrew Florence, 237 Greenwich St., Philadelphia.	Morris Y. Super, 2120 S. Fifth St., Philadelphia.	
<b>DISTRICT ATTORNEY.</b> Vote for one.	<b>DISTRICT ATTORNEY.</b> Vote for one.	<b>DISTRICT ATTORNEY.</b> Vote for one.	<b>DISTRICT ATTORNEY.</b> Vote for one.
George S. Graham, 1517 N. 19th St., Philadelphia.	John F. Lewis, 1028 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.	James E. Clark, 822 Market Street, Philadelphia.	
<b>CLERK OF QUAR. SESSIONS.</b> Vote for 1.	<b>CLERK OF QUAR. SESSIONS.</b> Vote for 1.	<b>CLERK OF QUAR. SESSIONS.</b> Vote for 1.	<b>CLERK OF QUAR. SESSIONS.</b> Vote for 1.
James W. Latta, 1525 Mt. Vernon St., Philadelphia.	Charles F. Linde, 2618 N. Sixth St., Philadelphia.	John B. Middleton, 1709 Ellsworth St., Philadelphia.	
<b>CORONER.</b> Vote for one.	<b>CORONER.</b> Vote for one.	<b>CORONER.</b> Vote for one.	<b>CORONER.</b> Vote for one.
Samuel H. Ashbridge, 1629 N. 9th St., Philadelphia.	James H. Cantrell, 1000 S. Second St., Philadelphia.	William Hargreaves, 3194 Rugdon St., Philadelphia.	

**OFFICIAL BALLOT**  
FOR THE  
**FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT**  
OF THE  
**First Ward**  
IN THE  
**CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.**  
Election, November 8, 1892.  
WILLIAM BARTLEY,  
THEO. B. STUBB,  
J. P. J. SENSENDERFER,  
County Commissioners.  
**No. 193.**

Under the new election law there will be a single general ballot deposited by the voters of all parties at each election. This law went into effect on March 1, so that it will be operative at the election for members of congress, supreme court, judges of state senators and members of the house of representatives and county officials in November next. The specimen ticket shown above illustrates the plan upon which the names of the candidates for the various offices will be arranged on the official ballot. According to the above ballot, the Republican, Democratic and Prohibition party candidates are provided for, but it is not yet certain that the Prohibitionists will have representation on the ticket. The law provides that any political party which may poll 3 per cent of the entire vote in the state at the election preceding shall have its candidates for state officers printed on the official ticket, and that nominations for any office may be made by papers signed by one-half of 1 per cent of the voters of the state or district, either legislative, senatorial, congressional or county, in which it is desired to make such nominations. While neither the Prohibition nor Labor parties polled 3 per cent of the total vote at the last election, either in the State or city, they may, by sending a petition to the Secretary of the commonwealth, signed by the requisite percentage of the voters in any district or the State at large, obtain official recognition by having the names of their candidates printed upon the ballots. The blank ticket at the right hand end of the ballot is provided by the new law, so that the voter who does not desire to vote for any of the recognized party candidates for any office or offices, may insert the name or names of some other person or persons of his choice. The county commissioners are charged with the duty of supplying the ballots and all the election paraphernalia to the election divisions, including the material and furniture for the booths and guard rails which will comprise the polling places, provided for by the ballot law. The commissions are required to mail complete specimens of the ballots and other necessary papers by registered letter, to the judges of election in each division, at least four days before the election, so that the judges can cause ballots to be prepared from the specimens in case those officially supplied shall be lost or stolen. Voters must prepare their own ballots at the voting shelves in the election booths, but any voter requiring assistance in making up his ticket may obtain it on application to the judge of the division. A mark X must be made opposite and to the right of the name of each candidate for whom a voter desires to cast his ballot. If a voter places the mark opposite to more names than there are persons to be elected to any office, or if his mark is not placed so as to make it possible to determine his choice, his ballot for that office shall not be counted. Each separate ballot will have a stub or counterfoil attached to it, as shown above, with the indorsement suited to each Election District.