THE FOREST REPUBLICAN.

J. E. WENK, - EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1889.

Announcements.

RATES.—Associate Judge, $10; County Treasurer, $8; County Surveyor, $3; Coroner, $2. Bear in mind that no announcement will appear unless accompanied by the *cash*.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce E. L. JONES, of Harmony township, as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to Republican usages.

We are authorized to announce JOHN H. WHITE, of Barnett township, as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to Republican usages.

We are authorized to announce JOHN THOMSON, of Harmony township, as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to Republican usages.

COUNTY TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce A. M. DOUTT, of Tionesta Borough, as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to Republican usages.

We are authorized to announce WM. LAWRENCE, of Tionesta township, as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to Republican usages.

We are authorized to announce GEORGE W. OSGOOD of Kingsley township, as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to Republican usages.

Republican County Committee Meeting.

The Republican County Committee of Forest County met, pursuant to call, last evening at the office of Chairman Sawyer, who called the meeting to order at 8 o'clock and stated the main object to be the setting of a time for holding the Primary Election. All the townships were represented, either by the regular committeemen or by substitutes from those townships whose members could not be present.

In order to test the sense of the committee on the subject, a motion was made to hold the primaries on the last Saturday in June, and after some discussion, which seemed to indicate that the general sentiment was that that date was too soon after the election on the 18th, and that it would be a difficult matter to get out a good vote at that time. The motion was then amended by fixing the time on the last Saturday in July, being the 27th day of the month, and this date was agreed upon unanimously.

The matter of arranging for new election districts for the convenience of voters was also discussed to some extent, and a motion prevailed to the effect that where such new places are found to be necessary they shall be designated by the Chairman at the suggestion of the committee, and due notice given of such new place. The Committee having thus finished its work, a motion to adjourn prevailed.

DEMOCRATIC and Free-trade organs are working themselves into a fine state of political frenzy and indignation over the appointment of John Jarrett to the Birmingham, England, consulate. Mr. Jarrett's incontrovertible facts and figures on the tariff issue in the late campaign are entirely responsible for this injudicious exhibition of temper.

AN act to punish bribery at certain elections, approved May 9th, 1889, provides that any person who shall give or promise or offer to give to an elector any money, reward, or other valuable consideration for his vote at any election held for the purpose of voting on an amendment to the constitution or any other public purpose, or for withholding the same, or who shall give or promise to give such consideration to any other person or party for such electors vote, or for the withholding thereof, and any elector who shall receive or agree to receive for himself or for another any money, reward, or other valuable consideration for his vote at such election, or for withholding the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon convicton thereof shall pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and undergo imrisonment not exceeding one year.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, May 17, 1889.

Public Printer Palmer's office has rivaled the White House this week in the number of visitors it has received. Mr. Palmer has been kept so busy receiving the crowd that he has not had time to make changes. He has made about half a dozen appointments so far, but says it is his purpose to re-organize the entire establishment just as fast as he can get time enough to decide upon good men for the principal places in the office.

The Post Office department has held up a lot of star route mail contracts in different sections of the country and it is thought they will be declared void and new bids advertised for. The following are the contractors interested: W. H. Smith, C. W. Underwood and J. W. Pigg of Missouri, and S. S. Chappell, of New York. The trouble arose from the fact that the names of the contractors, the sureties and the witnesses were all signed in one hand writing. An investigation soon proved that all the names were signed by one of the witnesses — a woman—who claimed that she had authority from the parties to sign for them. It is held by the Department to be irregular and illegal, if not fraudulent.

Commissioner Tanner denies most emphatically the published report that he proposed using a lot of ex Commissioner Black's private letters of a political nature that had been placed in his hands by an employe of the Pension Office. He has none of Gen. Black's private letters and would not use them if he had, but he has a batch of official letters to various officials of the Pension office that will show the manner in which the office was made to serve the Democratic party during the last administration. That he proposes to make use of when the proper time comes.

The resignation of Solicitor General Jenks of the Department of Justice has been accepted by the President. This is the position that made the hard feelings between Senators Sherman and Quay. Alphonzo Hart of Ohio, is getting in ahead of the Pennsylvania man.

For the Amendment.

Whereas, we, members of Forest Grange, No. 853, P. of H., realize there is a great question before us, we claim it is the duty of all Patrons of Husbandry to support the Amendment, therefore be it

Resolved, That we as a Grange, do and will endorse such Constitutional Amendment, which we know to be just and right.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the FOREST REPUBLICAN, *Democratic Vindicator*, and *Farmer's Friend*, for publication.

REV. HENRY RHODES,
Chairman of Committee.

L. C. CROPP, Sec'y.
May 18, 1889.

FOR THE AMENDMENT.

[This column is edited by the Constitutional Amendment Association of Forest County, which has control of the same until the election in June.—ED.]

DOES IT PROHIBIT?

Well, Rather—Just Read This and Judge for Yourself.

L. A. Maynard, one of the editors of the New York *Observer*, has been making a trip through Kansas to ascertain whether the claims of the Prohibitionists that the law is a success are justified. He has written glowing letters describing the great things that prohibition has done for Kansas. Here is an extract from one of his letters:

"The saloons all stop at the line—stop so short and quick too that it almost tips some of them over. It is a curious and suggestive sight, the way the saloons stop at the line. It is a good place to stop and study the temperance question. On the Missouri $1,200 a year license side, the dram shops swarm all the way over from the Union depot, drawing closer and closer as they approach the point where the law says, 'Thus far shalt thou go, but no farther.' And there they stand close up to the line, a solid row of them, in all their filth and hideousness, their screened windows and their beer mug signs looking out over the bottom lands on the Kansas side with hungry and baleful eyes, reminding one as much as anything of a pack of ravenous beasts held here in leash by some invisible hand. But that assurance may be made doubly sure to those who come and go over the border, the last saloon of all in the last row has up the sign, 'First and Last Chance'—first for those who come and last for those who go. Could anything be more grimly and malevolently suggestive than that sign?—an evil beckoning finger to the coming victim, a desperate clutch upon the one yet in the toils. It was not many years ago when the westward passage over this line meant freedom for the poor, hunted southern slave, and now it means for many freedom from a bondage a thousand times more galling than that of the earlier day."

Mr. Maynard failed to see the signs of the "many towns" that the Philadelphia *Record* says have been "practically ruined" by prohibition. He writes:

"It is, indeed, truly wonderful when you come to see it how easy it is for a country to keep right along, pay its debts and be cheerful without even a cent of revenue from the liquor traffic. I have heard so much in the east about the way that prohibition kills the towns that I was quite prepared to find a lot of dead municipalities and other things of that kind lying around here on the Kansas prairies, but thus far I haven't sighted a single corpse. On the contrary, I have found an amazing amount of life and vigor in these villages and cities that ought to be dead, according to the whisky logic of the east, many of them growing so fast that it is as much as ever that the mother government of the state can do to keep them properly dressed up in municipal clothes.

"I have been surprised to find such a unanimity of sentiment among all classes and conditions of men on the point of the general efficacy and permanency of the law. Even those who grumble at prohibition and those who openly denounce it are free to admit that it has come to stay. I have met scores of persons, merchants, bankers and solid business men, who have told me that they were not in favor of prohibition when the question was first submitted; they fought and voted against it, but now, they say, they would not be willing to admit the saloons back on any terms. They have become so thoroughly convinced of the good results of the law upon the business interests of the state, as well as upon other interests, that they stand openly and firmly in favor of its continuance. Some who have said this to me have expressly disclaimed the idea of being temperance men in the ordinary acceptance of the term. They say: 'We do not want the saloons any more,' that is all."—*The Voice.*

A Catholic paper, called the *Diocesan Index*, is published in Scranton, by Catholics and for Catholics. It is one of the most earnest periodicals advocating the Amendment, and has a large circulation. That man casts an undeserved reflection on the Catholic church who says that its members are a unit against prohibition. We have seen the issue of the *Index* for March 27th, and it is for the Amendment all through.

AN ELEGANT DISPLAY

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Calculated to suit the

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Can now be seen at the store of

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Attention is called to our Fresh Stock of

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In endless variety, and all New and Strictly Fresh.

A FINE STOCK OF SHOES

For Men, Women and Children, just received and marked down low.

Cash and Country Produce always secure Good Bargains at my Store. Hides, Rags and Junk of all kinds taken at the Highest Market Price.

DON'T BUY!

Till you have seen my Stock and got Prices. It will pay you.

DAVID BARNETT, Tionesta, Pa.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

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Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

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PURE COD LIVER OIL

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PALATABLE AS MILK.

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IN OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT WILL ALWAYS BE FOUND

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BERRIES, FRUITS & VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS, IN SEASON.

In our Drug Department, which is in charge of a thoroughly competent Clerk, will always be found the

PUREST DRUGS AND CHEMICALS!

PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED WITH UTMOST CARE.

H. J. HOPKINS & CO.

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WE ARE JUST OPENING UP OUR SPRING STOCK OF GOODS, WHICH EXCELS ANYTHING EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PLACE! EVERYTHING NEW AND OF THE

VERY LATEST STYLES AND DESIGNS

ALL THE NEW SHADES AND PATTERNS IN DRESS GOODS.
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CLOTHING, CLOTHING, CLOTHING,

We have everything anybody could want in the shape of Clothing, ranging in sizes from Boys four years old to the largest man. And quality beginning with all Cotton and ranging up to the Finest Imported Corkscrew. Made up in every style from Knee Breeches to Prince Alberts.

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES, SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

This whole paper wouldn't hold the good things we could say about our stock of Shoes. We have made an effort this Spring to have shoes to fit any foot, no matter how narrow or how wide, how large or how small, with quality and price to suit everybody. COME AND SEE.

DON'T FORGET RIGHT HERE THAT WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR

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GOODS OF FIRST CLASS QUALITY IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

COUNTRY PRODUCE AND CASH

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A FRIGHTFUL EXAMPLE

Is here furnished of the consequence of neglecting to take wise wifely advice. This man thought he knew it all and

Turned Up His Nose

At our low priced Furniture because they were low. He paid two prices for an inferior article which led his wife to

Turn Down His Nose

For future reference. She gave him the shake in a mild form and threatened divorce for the next offence. She's all right. To fail to trade with Nelson Greenlund is

A JUST CAUSE OF DIVORCE

If the courts would only think so. Keep on ladies. Educate your husband to know a bargain when he sees it. Train them in the way they should go (for Furniture.) And remember that way is to

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IF YOU WANT a *respectable* job of printing at a reasonable price send your order to this office.

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ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, In and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled 'An Act to regulate the Elections of the Commonwealth,' passed the 2d day of July, A. D., 1869, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such:

1st. To designate the purpose for which said election is held.

2d. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

And whereas, JAMES A. BEAVER, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, has issued to me a writ of election in accordance with an Act of Assembly approved the 8th day of March, 1889, entitled "An Act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification or rejection of the proposed amendments to the Constitution."

Therefore, in pursuance thereof, I, GEO. W. SAWYER, High Sheriff of the County of Forest, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the County of Forest, that an Election will be held in said county, on

Tuesday, June 18th, 1889,

between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. at the several Election Districts.

The Electors of Barnett township at Jacob Maze's Carpenter shop.

The Electors of Green township at the house of L. Arner.

The Electors of Harmony township as follows: Those residing in the election district of Upper Harmony, to-wit: those embraced in the following boundary, viz: Beginning on the Allegheny river at the Tionesta township line; thence northerly by said line to the back line of the river tracts; thence along the back line of the river tracts to West Hickory Creek; thence up said West Hickory Creek to the Warren County line; thence east along said Warren County line to the Allegheny river; thence down said river to the place of beginning, at the old Dunn & Turner store building, West Hickory.

The Electors of Harmony township residing outside of the territory embraced in the above described Upper Harmony shall vote at Allender School House.

The Electors of Hickory township at Burns' Harness Shop, in East Hickory.

The Electors of Howe township as follows: Those residing in the Election District of Middle Howe, to-wit: those embraced in the following boundary, viz: Beginning at a point where the west line of Warrant No. 3198 intersects the line of Warren and Forest counties; thence south by west lines of Warrants 3198, 3193, 3189, 3187 and 3185 to a point where the west line of Warrant 3185 intersects with the Jenks township line; thence by Jenks township line east to a point where the eastern line of Warrant 3799 intersects said Jenks township line; thence north to northeast corner of Warrant 3799; thence by the north line of 3799 west to the southeast corner of 3893; thence north by said east line of 3893 to a post the northeast corner of said Warrant; thence by the Hulings Warrant 4345 east to the southeast corner thereof; thence north by the east line of the Hulings lot and east line of Warrants 2878, 2980, 2993, the Fox Estate, 2991 and 2735 to where the east line of 2735 intersects the Warren and Forest County line; thence by said Warren and Forest county line west to the northwest corner of Warrant 3198, the place of beginning, at Gusher City School House.

The Electors of Howe township residing in the Election District of East Howe, to-wit: Those residing east of the above described Middle Howe, at Brookston, in Brookston Library Hall.

The Electors of Howe township residing in the Election District of West Howe, to-wit: Those residing west of the above described Middle Howe, at the Balltown School House.

The Electors of Jenks township at the School House in Marien.

The Electors of Kingsley township at Newtown School House.

The Electors of Tionesta township at the Court House in Tionesta borough.

The Electors of Tionesta borough at the Court House in said borough.

At which time and places the qualified electors will vote by ballot for the approval and ratification or rejection of the following

AMENDMENT:

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as Article XIX, as follows:

ARTICLE XIX.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor, to be used as a beverage, is hereby prohibited, and any violation of this prohibition shall be a misdemeanor, punishable as shall be provided by law.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor for other purposes than as a beverage may be allowed in such manner only as may be prescribed by law. The General Assembly shall, at the first session succeeding the adoption of this article of the Constitution, enact laws with adequate penalties for its enforcement.

At the same time they will also vote by ballot for the approval and ratification or rejection of the following:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out from section one, of article eight, the four qualifications for voters which reads as follows:

"If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," so that the section which reads as follows:

"Every male citizen, twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election," shall be amended, so as to read as follows:

Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at the polling place of the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least thirty days.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least thirty days immediately preceding the election. The legislature, at the session thereof next after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws to properly enforce this provision.

Fourth. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, except at municipal elections, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people: *Provided*, That in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district, and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.

Fifth. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States, or the State, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the high seas, nor while a student of any college or seminary of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse or public institution, except the inmates of any home for disabled and indigent soldiers and sailors, who, for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to reside in the election district where said home is located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining, by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entited to the right of suffrage hereby established."

The act of Assembly entitled "an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1819, provides as follows, viz:

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

I also give official notice to the electors of Forest county, that by an act entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the election of this Commonwealth, approved Jan. 30, 1874:"

SEC. 9. All the elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of every election held under this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, if not, then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the inspectors and clerk shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 12. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on this list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced for every such offense, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

I also make known the following provisions of the new Constitution of Pennsylvania:

ARTICLE VIII.

SUFFRAGE AND ELECTION.

SEC. 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First.—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second.—He shall have resided in the State one year, (or, if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months,) immediately preceding the election.

Third.—He shall have resided in the election district where he offers to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth.—If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before election.

Notice is hereby given, That any person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or this State, or any city or corporated district, whether commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislature, executive or judiciary department of this State, or in any city, or of any incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, or of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election in this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The Judges of the aforesaid districts shall representatively take charge of the certificates of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at the Prothonotary's office in the Borough of Tionesta, as follows: "All judges living within twelve miles of the Prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall before two o'clock p. m., on WEDNESDAY, JUNE NINETEENTH, 1889, and all other judges shall before twelve o'clock, m., on THURSDAY, JUNE TWENTIETH, 1889, deliver said returns, together with the return sheets, to the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Forest county, which said return shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked therein, and shall be preserved by the Prothonotary for public inspection.

Given under my hand at my office in Tionesta, Pa., this 18th day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and in the one hundred and thirteenth year of the Independence of the United States.

GEO. W. SAWYER, Sheriff.

WESTWARD, HO!

Are you contemplating a journey West or South? If so, the undersigned can give you CHAPEST RATES of FARE or FREIGHT. Also furnish Maps, Guides and any information relative to the Farming, Grazing or Mining districts of the West or South. Call on or address,

R. H. WALLACE,
Ticket Agent N. Y., P. & O. Ry.
Office in Union Depot, OIL CITY, PA.

CANNS KIDNEY CURE.

For Dropsy, Gravel, Bright's and Liver Diseases. Cure guaranteed. Office, Arch street, Philadelphia. All druggists. Try it. $1 a bottle, six for $5.