

Republican Ticket.

STATE.

For Governor, Gen. JAMES A. BEAVER, of Centre County.

For Lieut. Governor, Hon. WILLIAM T. DAVIES, of Bradford County.

For Auditor General, Col. A. WILSON NORRIS, of Philadelphia.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs, Col. THOMAS J. STEWART, of Montgomery County.

COUNTY.

For Congress-at-Large, Gen. EDWIN S. OSBORNE, of Luzerne County.

Congress, JAMES T. MAFFETT, of Clarion County.

Assembly, CHARLES A. RANDALL, of Luzerne County.

Treasurer, SOLOMON FITZGERALD, of Luzerne County.

Surveyor, HENRY C. WHITEKIN, of Luzerne County.

Coroner, Dr. J. W. MORROW, of Luzerne County.

CHAUNCEY BLACK intimates that three-fourths of the Knights of Labor in Pennsylvania have been purchased to vote for him. This is an insult to every laboring man in the State.

EVERY side issue and every ticket that tends to draw votes from the Republican party are Democratic in their proclivities, and are allies of that party. Be not deceived by any sophistry, but realize the fact that by supporting any one of them, you are an assistant Democrat.

CHAUNCEY BLACK says that General Beaver's campaign is helping him. If that is true this is not the first campaign where General Beaver helped Chauncey. General Beaver helped Chauncey in the campaign that cost General Beaver a leg. But, by the way, where was Chauncey then, and on which side of the line?

THERE will be music in Pennsylvania during the next week. James G. Blaine will speak in Philadelphia on the 16th, from whence he will travel through the central part of the State to Pittsburgh, where he will address the multitudes on the 20th. All along the line he will meet the people and speak to them on the issues of the campaign. At Harrisburg he will be the guest of General Cameron. The whole tour will be one blaze of enthusiasm that will end in one of the grandest Republican victories ever known in Pennsylvania.

REPUBLICANS should lose no opportunity to do a good act or say a good word for the whole ticket these days. The time is growing short, and now is the right time to put your shoulder to the wheel. Wherever you find a little work necessary there is the place to do it. There is no reason why our majority should not be larger this fall than ever. And there is no reason why each and every Republican in the county should not take a hand in the work, and share the credit when the majorities are counted up. Let each Republican make an effort to increase the majority of his own township. It can be done if you will put forth the proper effort. Go to work and don't let up till the polls close.

THE contest in the Crawford-Mercer-Butler District was settled in Philadelphia last Wednesday by the State Committee's selection of Dr. W. B. Roberts as the Republican candidate for Congress. The contest was referred to a committee of five, as follows: S. B. Halliday of Erie, J. B. Agnew of Forest, George J. Elliott of Jefferson, Cyrus F. Fox of Berks, and Nathaniel Adams of Perry. The fact was presented that during the past twelve years, or since the district was organized, Crawford County has had the congressman but two years, while Butler has been favored four years and Mercer six. Upon this ground it was regarded as proper and fair that Crawford should be awarded the candidate, and that was done. The decision may leave a little soreness in Mercer, but it will be generally accepted by the Republicans of the district, and there need not, and will not, be any doubt about the result.

THE Brookville Republican says: The shallow pretense of Charles S. Wolfe, Prohibition candidate for Governor, was fully exposed last week, and there seems to be no good reason left why any honest friend of prohibition should support him, his purpose being at such variance with those of the party for which he poses as a candidate. He was coming West over the P. E. Railroad when he was met by Mr. William Foster, a gentleman well known in Brookville, and a conversation ensuing the latter gentleman informed the gentleman from Union that he was going to get a good many votes at Sunbury, when it was quickly asked, "from which party," and when informed that they had been Democrats, he immediately responded, "don't let them do it; have them vote for Black; I am in this campaign to beat General Beaver." Mr. Foster is a Democrat, and no doubt Wolfe felt safe in making this declaration, but it so happened that although a Democrat he is a man who believes in fair dealing and takes no stock in demagogues who strive to deceive the people. The purposes of the Prohibition candidate were well understood by every one acquainted with his political record, but it was hardly to be expected that he would completely give himself away as he did in this conversation.

THE ALLEGED FUSION.

Dr. St. Clair, after about twenty years trial in all parties has at length got some sort of a nomination for Congress. He tried the old Know Nothing party, could not make it, then he became a wonderfully earnest Republican, going around the school houses, particularly the old Peeler school house, making his speeches calling the Democrats "copperheads" and all that sort of thing. In these days he was too busy calling the Democrats hard names to go to the war himself or render the country any substantial service. In the fall of 1864 he tried by a side door way to jostle Wm. M. Stewart off the track, whom Indiana had made its choice for Congress. Then, in 1868 the Doctor announced himself for Congress, but some influences switched him off of that to get him to run against Harry White for Senate, where he was woefully defeated. Then he wanted a chance to vindicate himself, for all time, as a consistent man, and got on his marrow bones to the good Republicans of Indiana county, promising what a good Republican he would always be if they sent him to the State Senate. They listened to him and he had hardly warmed his seat until, in 1878, he was carried away by the Greenback craze and helped to defeat the Democratic candidate for Commissioner and Auditor with the Greenback candidates that year. He next turned up in 1882 and 1884 and wanted the Democrats to nominate him for Congress, which they refused to do. Two years ago he assisted the Greenbackers in their vain effort to defeat Jeremiah Wakefield, Esq., the present Democratic Commissioner. With such an unsavory record we do not wonder that the Democratic conferees from Indiana and Forest counties would not help to make or in any way be parties to St. Clair's nomination last week. It will be seen that the Democratic conferees of both counties nominated Maj. Davis, of Clarion. He declined. They then offered it to several other Democrats who also declined. Then St. Clair, being ready to take anything, was allowed to come into the Democratic conference with his Greenback conferees, several of whom were self appointed. Then, as we understand it, the Democratic conferees from Indiana and Forest counties withdrew and would not participate at all in St. Clair's nomination. They said, "we'll take no such a man for our candidate and ask the Democrats of our counties to vote for him." So Messrs. John R. Wilson, John H. Hill and Jeremiah Wakefield, conferees from Indiana county, would not consent or participate in a conference with St. Clair's set up Greenback conferees. As Democratic representatives they would not and did not consent, as we learn, to participate in or be bound by the action of a portion of the Democratic conferees from the other three counties and St. Clair's Greenback conferees.

St. Clair's candidacy is, then, a sort of side-show. It does not belong to the regular, orthodox Democratic circus under the big canvas, but is the fat woman Annex, or side-show with ten cents admission. It is not strange then, that scores of old-fashioned Democrats say: "Away with such nonsense! Our conferees, the regular party representatives, didn't go into a convention with the Greenbackers to nominate such a man as St. Clair, and we won't and can't be bound by such a nomination." When we understand the way St. Clair got his side-show nomination he has, we can understand why it was that John Montgomery, instead of some old-fashioned Democrat, was chief cook and manager in taking the brass band up to cheer the Doctor and bring him out to talk to the crowd of boys who followed the band up to the depot the night he came home from the Clarion conference. Well, what's the use talking about this. St. Clair has no more chance of an election than the man jumping over Niagara Falls has for long life. —Indiana Progress.

R. M. HERMAN, SUCCESSOR TO C. W. DIMICK, FINE STATIONERY, SPORTING AND HOLIDAY GOODS, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS & C.

Also Agent for Estey, Sterling, Shoninger, and Clough & Warren Organs, Decker Bros., J. & C. Fisher, C. D. Pense & Co., and Wm. Knabe Pianos. Bottom cash prices given. Call and examine catalogues and prices. Tionesta, Pa. Sept 17.

"CANDEE" Rubber BOOTS WITH DOUBLE THICK BALL. DOUBLE WEAR. G. W. ROBINSON, TIONESTA, PA.

Proclamation of General Election.

Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled 'An Act to regulate the Elections of the Commonwealth,' passed the 24 day of July, A. D. 1880, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such to enumerate: 1st. The officers to be elected. 2d. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

Tuesday, November 2, 1886.

between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. at the several Election Districts. The Electors of Barnett township at Jacob Maze's Carpenter shop. The Electors of Green township at the house of L. Arner. The Electors of Harmony township at Allender School House. The Electors of Hickory township at the hotel of J. W. Ball. The Electors of Howe township as follows: Those residing in the Election District of West Howe, to-wit: Those west of the following line, viz: Beginning at the northeast corner of warrant number 218, and northwest corner of warrant number 273, and running thence directly south to the Jenks township line, at the Balltown School House. The Electors of Howe township residing in the Election District of East Howe, to-wit: Those residing east of the above mentioned line, Brookston, in Brookston Library Hall. The Electors of Jenks township at the School House in Marien. The Electors of Kingsley township at Newtown School House. The Electors of Tionesta township at the Court House in Tionesta borough. The Electors of Tionesta borough at the Court House in said borough. At which time and places the qualified electors will elect by ballot: One person for Governor of Pennsylvania.

One person for Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania. One person for Auditor General of Pennsylvania. One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania. One person for Congressman-at-Large for the State of Pennsylvania. One person for Member of Congress for the 25th District of Pennsylvania. One person for State Senator for the 38th District of Pennsylvania. One person for Assembly of Forest County. One person for Treasurer of Forest County. One person for Surveyor of Forest County. One person for Coroner of Forest County. The act of Assembly entitled "an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1819, provides as follows, viz:

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

Also give official notice to the electors of Forest county, that by an act entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the election of this Commonwealth," approved Jan. 30, 1874: SEC. 9. All the elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All Judges, inspectors, clerks

and overseers of every election held under this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The Judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, if not, then by a justice of the peace or Alderman, and the inspectors and clerks shall be sworn by the Judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any Judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by a justice of the peace, or year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 11. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the proof of the right of suffrage as is required by law shall be publicly made and acted upon by the election board and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers to vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of same certificate, except where some are entitled to vote because of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted on conviction on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make or cause to be made the endorsement required aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

SEC. 12. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on this list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced for every such offense, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

I also make known the following provisions of the new Constitution of Pennsylvania: ARTICLE VIII. SUFFRAGE AND ELECTION.

SEC. 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First.—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month. Second.—He shall have resided in the State one year, (or, if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned, (not six months,) immediately preceding the election. Third.—He shall have resided in the election district where he offers to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election. Fourth.—If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before election.

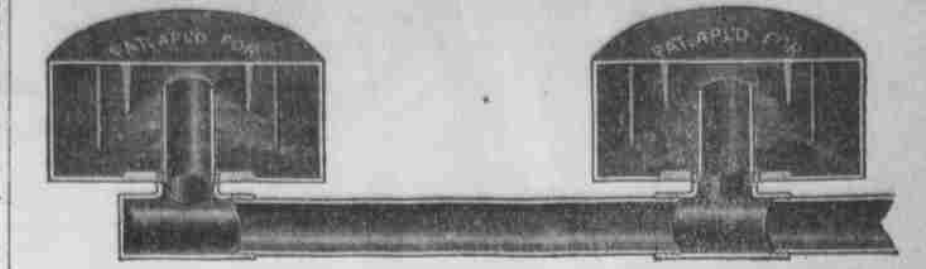
SEC. 2. The General election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may, by law, fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereon. I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved the 30th of March, 1886, entitled "An act regulating the mode of voting at all the elections of this Commonwealth."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for and shall be labeled "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers voted for, including office of Senator and member of Assembly, if voted for, and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Notice is hereby given, That any person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether commissioned or officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislature, executive or judicial department of this State, or in any city, or of any incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, or of the county or common council of any city, or commissions of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or clerk of any election in this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The Judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificates of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at the Prothonotary's office in the Borough of Tionesta, as follows: "All judges shall, within twelve miles of the Prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall before two o'clock p. m., on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER THIRD, 1886, and all other judges shall, before twelve o'clock, m., on THURSDAY, NOVEMBER FOURTH, 1886, deliver said returns, together with the return sheets, to the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Forest county, which said return shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the Prothonotary for public inspection. Given under my hand at my office in Tionesta, Pa., this 27th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, and in the one hundred and eleventh year of the Independence of the United States. L. AGNEW, Sheriff.

THE KLINE PATENT GAS BURNER,



IS DRIVING ALL OTHERS FROM THE FIELD.

BECAUSE—Its construction is such that it secures PERFECT COMBUSTION, and avoids all Soot and Lampblack. It will pay for itself in a short time as it will SAVE HALF THE LIFE OF THE STOVE by applying the heat low down and directly against the fire-box.

The Electrician of the Penn. R. R. Co., says of it— "I have been using the Kline Gas Burner in my cooking-stove for the last six months, and during that time there has not been a particle of soot or lamp-black formed in the stove or on the bottom of the cooking utensils, brought directly in contact with the flame. I can conscientiously recommend it as being the best in the market. I would use no other as long as I could procure the Kline Gas Burner." J. S. RICHARDS.

KLINE GAS BURNER CO., RIDGWAY, PENN.

H. J. HOPKINS & CO.

COME! COME! COME!

Come where you can buy nice Dress Goods! Come where you can get Good Goods Cheap! Come where you can get what you want! Come where the goods redeem themselves!

COME WHERE THE BARGAINS ARE.

In SPRING DRESS GOODS we have complete stock of the choicest Goods at prices that will astonish the close buyers.

Sattine Berbers, Suitings, Gingham, PRINTS, TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS,

of every kind at lowest prices. LADIES' SHOES & SLIPPERS.

Come where the Stock is Complete! Come where the Stock is New! Come where the Goods are Reliable! Come where Prices are the Lowest!

COME WHERE THE BARGAINS ARE.

CLOTHING FOR MEN, CLOTHING FOR BOYS, CLOTHING FOR ANY BODY, AND EVERY BODY. Our Clothing Room is full of New Suits just received and Marked Down Low. WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD. And don't forget that we are Headquarters for

GROCERIES, FLOUR & FEED.

Our Goods are all New and Fresh, and will be sold at the Lowest Possible Price. Come and see us. No trouble to show goods.

H. J. HOPKINS & CO.

NELSON GREENLUND, IN THE EXCHANGE BLOCK, HAS THE MOST COMPLETE Stock of FURNITURE,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION IN DETAIL.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER TO SUIT THE TIMES. UNDERTAKING WITH THE LATEST IMPROVEMENT AND

STYLE OF HEARSE.

This is the only Store you can ascend and descend Five Stories without climbing stairs. Free Ride in the Elevator in the EXCHANGE BLOCK.

WARREN, PENN'A.

Telephone Connections. East of Suspension Bridge.

GO TO WM. SMERBAUGH & CO.

FOR ALL KINDS OF DRY GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, FRESH GROCERIES, Nice Hats & Caps

NOVELTIES IN QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE.

MEN'S, LADIES' & BABIES' JEWELRY!

OR THE BEST TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

COUNTRY PRODUCE SAME AS CASH ALWAYS SECURES BARGAINS

AT WM. SMERBAUGH & CO'S, TIONESTA, PA.

GOOD SALARIES for Commission to Men and Women to act as local or traveling Agents. No experience needed. Steady work! JAMES E. WHITNEY, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. (Mention this paper.) aug-25.

JOB WORK of every description executed at the REPUBLICAN office.

SOMETHING NEW.

H. M. QUACKENBUSH'S SAFETY CARTRIDGE RIFLE.

PRICE, 7 dollars. The best accurate Rifle yet offered for the money.



Length of Rifle, 31 in.; Weight, about 4 1/2 lbs.; Cal. 22-250 for the regular BB or long and short cartridges.

These Rifles are safe to handle, quick to operate, and reliable in every respect. The barrels are steel, accurately rifled, and can be instantly detached for packing or carrying in a small space. The workmanship and finish throughout are the best, and each rifle is thoroughly tested before leaving our works.

Send for our illustrated catalogue L, which also shows our Air Guns, Stair Carpet Kicks, Foot Lathes, Nut Pliers and Cracks, Rock and Desk Racks, etc. Nearly all of these goods are well known in the markets of the world. Address the Manufacturer.

H. M. QUACKENBUSH, Herkimer, N. Y.

F. W. LAW, Practical Tinner.

All kinds of Sheet Metal Work promptly attended to. TIN ROOFING A SPECIALTY. AND SPOUTING. BONNER BUILDING, Up Stairs, TIONESTA, PA.

SEND your Job Work to the REPUBLICAN Office.