The Forest Republican.

J. E. WENK, - - - - - EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 15, 1884.

Republican Ticket.

NATIONAL.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HON. JAMES G. BLAINE, of Maine.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
GEN. JOHN A. LOGAN, of Illinois.

STATE.

CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
GEN'L E. S. OSBORNE,
of Luzerne County.

COUNTY.

Congress,
ALEXANDER C. WHITE,
of Jefferson County.

Assembly,
PETER BERRY, of Howe.

Associate Judge,
LEWIS ARNER, of Kingsley.

Prothonotary &c.,
CURTIS M. SHAWKEY, of Tionesta.

Sheriff,
LEONARD AGNEW, of Howe.

County Commissioners,
J. R. CHADWICK, of Tionesta.
GEO. W. OSGOOD, of Kingsley.

County Auditors,
Q. JAMIESON, of Tionesta Twp.
JAMES A. SCOTT, of Jenks.

Jury Commissioner,
HENRY O. DAVIS, of Tionesta.

Duty of the Hour.

But three weeks more remain of the campaign, and it therefore behooves all good and true Republicans to be up and doing. Our enemies are on the alert and ready to take advantage wherever and whenever it can be had. See to it that they are watched on all sides, and let no inroads be made in our ranks. The canvass thus far has been quietly progressing. The time has now come for every man to buckle up to the work. By standing shoulder to shoulder in the past we have won signal victories; by standing shoulder to shoulder we will do so again. There is no need to impress upon Republicans the importance of winning this election; every one of you knows that full well. The way to win is for every man to do his share, to be unceasing from this on till election day is over. Be watchful, be vigilant, earnest, and above all, energetic. Talk to your good neighbor; show him that Republican defeat means a death-blow to our cherished industries. Our county ticket must be elected to a man. Don't lose sight of this for one moment from this on. A few self-appointed bosses, actuated solely by self-aggrandizement, have hatched up a so called fusion by which they hope to defeat us. No voter who respects and cherishes the principles of his party is bound to support any such a dicker, for it is nothing more nor less than a dicker, and there is not the slightest political principle involved in the trade. Our enemies have attempted to double-team us; let the voters rise in their might and put the seal of condemnation on such bartering away of principles. Work and be vigilant from now on.

THE cordiality manifested among the various wings of the Drmocracy is beautifully shown by the compliments passing between them. The Cincinnati *Inquirer*, Bourbon Democrat, addressing the New York *Times*, Mugwump Democrat, remarks: "Our disinterested advise to the *Times* would be to get back into the Republican party, if it can. True, it had no influence there, bu as a Democratic newspaper it will not only have no influence, but its sensitive nerves are sure to be shocked by many an unkind reference."

WE understand that the friends of the fusion candidate for Congress persistently represent their man to be ex-Sheriff M. W. Reitz, not only in parts of this county where the gentlemen are unknown, but in every county in the district, the frequency with which this misrepresentation is made leading to the belief that it is designed, and that the managers are striving to secure Republican support through the good name of ex-Sheriff Reitz, of Bellevieew. If the gentlman asking the suffrages of the freemen of this Congressional district is "the peer of any man nominated in the district for many years, "he should be able to stand on his own bottom, and not be driven to the refuge of "Farmer Reitz." Reitz, the Administrator, or other catch words indicative of a barrenness of personal identity.—*Brookville Republican.*

O-H-I-O.

Did You Hear the Racket of Those Buckeyes? They Get There in Great Shape.

16,000 Republican Majority

OH, YES! AND HERE'S

THAT SAME OLD COON!

The *Derrick*, which never overestimates a Republican majority, gives figures this morning showing that the Republicans have carried the State of Ohio by over sixteen thousand majority, which is a Republican gain of 28,529 over last year, and about 35,000 of a gain over 1882. The same returns also indicate that the Republicans have made large gains in the Congressional delegation. The indications are good for the election of Romeis over Hurd, the noted free trader.

In the case of Ohio as in Maine the Democrats claimed that if the Republicans did not carry the State by 10,000 it would indicate defeat, and all the time they were expecting to carry it themselves. Did the Republicans carry it by 3,000 or 5,000 it would have been a grand victory, considering that at the last two State elections it had given large Democratic majorities, and had the entire political machinery in their hands and used it for all there was in it. So that, considering the very many disadvantages of the Republicans in Ohio this year, they have won one of the grandest victories ever achieved. It is far greater than the October victory of 1880, when the lamented Garfield was the candidate. The achievement of such a handsome victory will fill the Republicans with renewed vigor, as it should. Hurrah for Blaine and Logan!

STILL INCREASING.

The following dispatch from Chairman Cooper this morning explains itself:

Philadelphia, 15.

C. A. Randall:

Ohio certain 17,000 Republican majority. THOS V. COOPER.

WEST VIRGINIA.

The indications are that West Virginia has given a very much decreased Democratic majority. It will not reach much over 7,000, which means that Blaine will carry it next month.

TAMMANY HALL does not propose to be satisfied with half measures. It has not only nominated a full county ticket without conference with any of the other Democratic organizations of the city although overtures for such conference were made, but it has placed in the field a full Congressional representation for the city. The purpose of all this is manifest. Tammany proposes hereafter to be the Democratic party of New York. The producing cause of this defiant policy can be found in the Chicago convention. In that convention Tammany was in the minority and was made to feel very bitterly its weakness. Its advice was not only rejected but rejected with insult. That was the day when Cleveland was praised for the "enemies he had made," and no heed was given to the complications which might in the future flow from such injudicious praise. The Tammany leaders were the "enemies" then and Tammany was the under dog in that fight. Now the positions are reversed. The Tammany dog is on top, and the Tammany leaders are preparing to show the Democratic party of the country that without the support of that organization the party is powerless. The seperate and independent and defiant nominations by Tammany mean that and nothing else.

MR. J. F. JOY, with a good reputation, telegraphs from Landon that "Blaine never made me any offer to appoint a committee to suit me in any manner or form or for any consideration of any kind whatever." Beecher, with a smirched reputation, says that Mr. Joy informed him otherwise at a dinner party some seven years ago. The character of the witnesses being known the reader can choose which he will beleive.

THE Democrats objected to Grant because he was a soldier and not a statesman and now they object to Mr. Blaine because he is a statesman and not a soldier. As Mr. Cleveland is neither the one nor the other, they take to him, we suppose, not because of any mental ability, but because he wears a No. 18 collar.

LESS than six months ago 152 Democratic Congressmen voted for a reduction of 20 per cent. in the wages of workers in glass factories and iron mills. Is it strange that business is paralyzed during a campaign while the danger of the success of its sworn enemy is imminent?

POOR old Horatio Seymour has been awakened from his peaceful slumbers and compelled to write a letter urging the election of Cleveland. The Democratic party would break up a funeral if by so doing it could get a certificate of character from the corpse.

DEMOCRATS think that Tilden is losing his grip, because when writing that long expected letter he forgot to mention the name of the Buffalo candidate.

BEECHER talks about people being "dim-eyed in perceiving distinctions." That is just the defeet the country charged Beecher with some years ago when he failed to perceived the distinction between his own wife and the wife of his friend, Theodore Tilton.

THE attitude the real Independents hold in this campaign was well illustrated last week in Buffalo, when the Independent Republican Club of that city ratified the nomination of Blaine and Logan. The demonstration recalled that other one in 1882, when the same club indorsed the candidacy of Grover Cleveland for Governor of New York State. The same man, Sherman S. Rogers, presided, and the same orator, General Stewart L. Woodford, spoke on both occasions, but the meeting of this year was larger and more enthusiastic, and more successful in every way. No event of the campaign has indicated more clearly the set of the political tide than this Buffalo demonstration. It brings over in a body 2,500 former Independents.

To measure the miserable turpitude of those constantly engaged in assailing Mr. Blaine as corrupt in the positions he has filled as a public man, there is only one fact to be considered. No one has yet charged him with a corrupt official act. While he was Speaker, with the *Record* of the House accessible to them, not one of the foul detractors has found a vote or a ruling that they can cite to the world as a ruling he ought not to have made, or a vote he ought not to have given. While in the Senate the same remark holds good. Of course, on political questions, there were many of his votes distasteful to the Democrats, but those votes they do not call in question, because they know that the majority of the people do not agree with the Democrats, and the latter are only too anxious to keep them out of sight. He was assailed while Secretary of State for the policy he wished to pursue toward Chili and Peru, not specifically for the policy, but for some indefinite speculations they charged him with intending to engage in. The charge of ex-Bolivian Minister Adams, that Chili had sent $200,000 to this country to influence the newspapers to oppose Blaine's Peru-Chilian policy, and the papers that did so, show what inspired that attact, and what was done with the money, and disposes of that charge. Now, reflect that these same papers are the leaders of the assaults upon him; that these assaults consist of the wrenching of all the business letters of his they can find into meanings that they would not bear if read without reference to his political life; and that this is the whole of anti-Republican campaign material used, and it is easy to see how lost to every sense of honor or patriotism these vile detractors are. And all that is needed in reply to them has been said.

HON. ALEXANDER C. WHITE,

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS IN THIS DISTRICT.

We have the pleasure of presenting our readers this week with a portrait of our admirable candidate for Congress in the Twent-Fifth District, Hon. Alexander C. White. The very appearance of the gentleman indicates brains and ability, and the fact that Mr. White, by his own industry, integrity and pluck, has risen from a poor boy to one of the leading men in northwestern Pennsylvania is sufficient to recommend him to the people of this district, and command their respect and admiration. The people want a man to represent them in Congress who will rank among the first of the Nation's law-makers, and will therefore elect Alexander C. White on the 4th day of next November.

Still Ahead! Still Ahead!!

While the world still moves on we are working hard to keep up with it and the times by filling our Large and Commodious Store brim full of

Merchandise Cheaper, Finer and Better

than ever before. We have a very large stock of everything in our line, embracing almost everything that is necessary to make home cheerful and pleasant. Comfortable and Warm Winter Clothing of every and all kinds, and not for the protection of the body from the cold only, but for the satisfaction of Hunger as well, and at prices that

Defy Competetion From Any Source.

Please call and examine. No trouble to show goods.

H. J. HOPKINS & CO.

Proclamation of General Election.

Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled 'An Act to regulate the Elections of the Commonwealth,' passed the 2d day of July, A. D., 1869, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such to enumerate:

1st. The officers to be elected.

2d. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

I, C. W. CLARK, High Sheriff of the county of Forest, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Forest, that a General Election will be held in said county, on

Tuesday, November 4, 1884.

between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. at the several Election Districts.

The Electors of Barnett township at Jacob Maze's Carpenter shop.

The Electors of Green township at the house of L. Arner.

The Electors of Harmony township at Allender School House.

The Electors of Hickory township at the hotel of J. W. Ball.

The Electors of Howe township as follows: Those residing in the Election District of West Howe, to-wit: Those west of the following line, viz: Beginning at the northeast corner of warrent number 3198, and northwest corner of warrrant number 2735, and running thence directly south to the Jenks township line, at the Balltown School House.

The Electors of Howe township residing in the Election District of East Howe, to-wit: Those residing east of the above mentioned line, at Brookston, in Brookston Library Hall.

The Electors of Jenks township at the School House in Marien.

The Electors of Kingsley township at Newtown School House.

The Electors of Tionesta township at the Court House in Tionesta borough.

The Electors of Tionesta borough at the Court House in said borough.

At which time and places the qualified electors will elect by ballot:

Thirty Electors of a President and Vice President of the United States.

One person for Congressman-at-Large to represent the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the National Congress.

One person to represent the Twenty-fifth (Pa.) Congressional District, composed of the counties of Forest, Armstrong, Clarion, Indiana and Jefferson, in the National Congress.

One person for Assembly, to represent the county of Forest in the House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person for Associate Judge of Forest county.

One person for Prothonotary, Register, Recorder, and Clerk of the Courts of Forest county.

One person for Sheriff of Forest county.

Three persons for County Commissioner of Forest county, (each elector to vote for only two persons).

Three persons for County Auditor of Forest county, (each elector to vote for only two persons).

Two persons for Jury Commissioner of Forest county, (each elector to vote for only one person).

The act of Assembly entitled "an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1819, provides as follows, viz:

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

I also give official notice to the electors of Forest county, that by an act entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the election of this Commonwealth, approved Jan. 30, 1874:"

SEC. 9. All the elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of every election held under this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, if not, then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the inspectors and clerk shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 11. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted upon by the election board and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers to vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of same certificate, except where sons are entitled to vote because of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court: but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted on conviction on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make or cause to be made the endorsement required aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

SEC. 12. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on this list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced for every such offense, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

I also make known the following provisions of the new Constitution of Pennsylvania:

ARTICLE VIII.

SUFFRAGE AND ELECTION.

SEC. 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First.—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second.—He shall have resided in the State one year, (or, if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six moths,) immediately preceding the election.

Third.—He shall have resided in the election district where he offers to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth.—If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least onemonth before election.

SEC. 2. The General election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may, by law, fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto.

I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved [illegible] of March, 1883, entitled "An act [illegible] ting the mode of voting at all the el[illegible] of this Commonwealth."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate [illegible] House of Representatives of the Common[illegible] wealth of Pennsylvania in General [illegible] sembly met, and it is hereby enacte[illegible] the authority of the same. That the q[illegible] ified voters of the several counties of [illegible] Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or [illegible] printed and partly written, several[illegible] sified as follows: One ticket shall [illegible] the names of all judges of courts [illegible] and shall be labeled "Judiciary"; [illegible] ticket shall embrace the names [illegible] State officers voted for and [illegible] "State;" one ticket shall [illegible] names of all the county officers [illegible] including offices of Senator and [illegible] Assembly, if voted for, and [illegible] Congress, if voted for, and [illegible] "County;" one ticket shall [illegible] names of all the township officers [illegible] for, and be labeled "Township"; [illegible] ticket shall embrace the names [illegible] borough officer voted for, and [illegible] "Borough," and each class shall be [illegible] ited in seperate ballot boxes.

Notice is hereby given, That any [illegible] excepting Justices of the Peace who [illegible] hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, [illegible] State, or any city or corporated district, whether commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent [illegible] is or shall be employed under the legislature, executive or judiciary department [illegible] this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, or of the select or common [illegible] of any city, or commissioner [illegible] corporated district, is by law [illegible] holding or exercising any [illegible] office or appointment of profit [illegible] or clerk of any election in [illegible] wealth, and that no inspector [illegible] other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The Judges of the aforesaid [illegible] shall representatively take charge [illegible] certificates of return of the election [illegible] their respective districts, and [illegible] them at the Prothonotary's office [illegible] Borough of Tionesta, as follows: [illegible] judges living within twelve miles [illegible] Prothonotary's office, or within [illegible] four miles if their residence be in a village or city upon the line of a [illegible] leading to the county seat, shall be [illegible] o'clock p. m., on WEDNESDAY [illegible] VEMBER FIFTH, 1884, and [illegible] judges shall before twelve o'clock [illegible] THURSDAY, NOVEMBER [illegible] 1884, deliver said returns, together [illegible] the return sheets, to the Prothonotary [illegible] the Court of Common Pleas [illegible] county, which said return sheets [illegible] and the day and hour of their [illegible] therein, and shall be preserved [illegible] Prothonotary for public inspection. Given under my hand at my office [illegible] nesta, Pa., this 30th day of September [illegible] in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three [illegible] the one hundred and ninth year of the Independence of the United States.

C. W. CLARK, [illegible]

BUFFALO & NEW YORK CITY RAILWAY

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT May [illegible]

Westward | Pittsburgh Division | [illegible]

P. M.	A. M.			A. M.
8 00	7 30	.....	ar Pittsburgh lv	8 [illegible]
4 58	4 34	.....	..... Parker.....	12 [illegible]
4 27	4 26	.....	..... Foxburg.....	12 [illegible]
3 40	3 10	.....	..... Franklin	2 [illegible]
2 50	2 35	.....	lv...Oil City...ar	2 [illegible]
P. M.	A. M.			P. M.
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.
2 30	9 20	12 45	ar... Oil City...lv	3 [illegible]
12 13	8 58	12 08	.....Oleopolis.....	3 [illegible]
12 05	8 50	11 55	....Eagle Rock....	[illegible]
12 02	8 47	11 50	..... President ...	3 [illegible]
1 45	8 28	11 21	..... Tionesta.....	4 [illegible]
1 30	8 12	10 55	.....Hickory.....	4 [illegible]
†1 22	8 03	10 41	...Trunkeyville...	†4 [illegible]
1 10	7 50	10 20	.....Tidioute.....	4 [illegible]
12 40	7 28	9 32	...Thompson s...	†1 54
12 35	7 10	9 20	.....Irvineton	5 10
12 14	6 49	.....	..... Warren.....	5 30
11 40	6 15	.....	lv...Kinzua....ar	6 00
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.
A. M.	P. M.			P. M.
10 00	4 20	.....	lv...Bradford ..ar	8 00
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.
11 30	6 40	11 30	ar...Kinzua....lv	6 10
11 24	6 05	11 04	... Sugar Run	6 14
11 05	5 49	10 05	.....Corydon.....	6 32
10 55	5 42	9 45	.....Onoville.....	6 38
10 47	5 36	9 28	....Wolf Run....	6 45
10 42	5 31	9 15	Quaker Bridge.	6 51
10 23	5 17	8 37	...Red House....	7 05
10 10	5 04	8 06	... Salamanca....	7 21
9 55	4 50	7 25	.So. Carrollton..	7 35
9 44	4 41	7 00	...So Vandalia...	7 46
9 27	4 26	6 18	.... Allegany.....	8 0[illegible]
9 20	4 20	6 00	lv.....Olean ... ar	8 10
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.

ADDITIONAL TRAIN — Leaves Kane 11:30am, Warren 1:33pm, Irvineton [illegible] pm, Tidioute 3:43pm, Tionesta 5:25pm, arrives Oil City 7:00pm.

ADDITIONAL TRAIN—Leaves Oil City 6:10 am, Oleopolis 6:47 am, Eagle Rock 7:03am, President 7:07am, Tionesta 7:3[illegible] Hickory 8:45am, Trunkeyville 9:07am, Tidioute 10:20am, Thompson 11:13, arrive Irvineton 11:55pm.

Trains run on Eastern Time.

TRAINS leaving Pittsburgh 8:45am, arriving Pittsburgh 8:00pm, are Solid Trains with Parlor Cars between Buffalo and Pittsburgh.

TRAINS leaving Pittsburgh 9:05pm, arriving Pittsburgh 7:50am, are Solid Trains with Pullman's Sleeping Cars between Buffalo and Pittsburgh.

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Tionesta, Pa. Sept 17.

ESTRAY.

Came to the premises of the undersigned in Tionesta township, Forest County, Pa., at west end of creek bridge, about August 1st, 1883, a red heifer, aged about one year. The owner is notified to come forward, prove property and take same away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

D. W. AGNEW.

Sept. 15, 1884.

$2 Watches. Gold winders $2.50. Warranted Hunting Case $5. Imitation gold $5. Solid gold $12. Cheapest watches for your own use or speculation purposes. Valuable [illegible] sent free. THOMPSON & CO., 132 Nassau St., New York.