Salt for Wends.

eral dressing of dry salt, sufficient to removed by crops, whiten the entire surface of the the salt coming in contact with the grass, box or other plants, which may operated on. In my garden last year weeds all summer.

Treatment of a Pasture.

The first thing to be done with a there with an outlet to carry off the water and the stone gathered into it and covered a toot deep. Large rocks should be buried where they lie. Then the surface can be improved by harrowing, fresh seeding, and the use of plaster, superphosphate of lime, nitrate of soda, or other useful fertilizers. Permanent pasture is very desirable and easily attainable if the right means are used. The chief of these is the seed. A mixture of grasses is necessary, and the varieties chosen should be those having running roots and coming to maturity in succession. Meadow fescue, tall out-grasses, fowl meadow-grass, orchard-grass, timothy, and red-top will altogether make a thick, permanent sod, and if a little York Times.

Milk Cows Need Stables.

If the stable is not so close as to make the cows uncomfortable, and is well ventilated and kept clean, and as goed food given as that obtained more milk in a season if kept up than they would if running at large, unless the grazing is done under unusually favorable conditions. Cows in milk require but little exercise to maintain good health. What they get beyond this requirement when grazing, which generally considerable, tends to sunshine, to storms, and to annoyance | vegetable. by flies, tends to depreciate both exercise, more fat is burned up and Live Stock Journal.

Fertility Increased by Rotation.

cipally constitute its riches or fertility, and unless the soil is ted with matter | been separately boiled. containing those elements of fertility it will in the course of time fail to repay for the labor and capital required bring his farm to the highest degree digestion. of productiveness. The practice of a kept to their standard condition.

solve, for plants, like animals, differ in by physicians gastric catarrh. their methods of growth and feeding In this disease the mucous memunder, the quantity is very large. But, of the stomach and intestines is as a crop of clover is sometimes too impeded. valuable for the plow, we still have more nitrogen to the soil than those dirty-looking skin. crops that depend largely on that subtaught farmers that wheat or corn is cure may be effected. capable of filling a place in the rota- In this connection, Dr. Loomis tion, and such system is general on quotes Abernethy as saying: "A man well cultivated farms, wheat, clover cannot be induced to attend to his and corn following in successive digestive organs till death, or the fear

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In some sections the practice is a Youth's Companion. hoed crop, that is, in addition to the

thoroughly eradicates weeds. It calls for more labor on the corn, but saves An experienced gardener says: Salt however, complete without a root crop it on the weeds. The rotation is not, is sometimes applied to gravel walks of some kind, and this, joined with the and roads in a liquid state, or in the hurdling of sheep, as is done in Engform of strong brine used quite hot, land, will bring an almost barren field or as near the boiling point as possi- in the course of a few years to a fertile ble. This is said to be very effectual condition. Our system of rotation is in preventing the growth of weeds. too narrow and should take in other Sundry other solutions are also recom- crops that are profitable, in order that mended for the purpose; but I know the elements of plant-food should be of nothing more effectual than a lib- distributed as evenly as possible when

Another advantage in rotation is gravel. A slight sprinkling is of little that all soils contain fertility to a ceruse, and may even increase rather tain degree. Even in the best of soils than diminish the evil which it is in- there are dormant or insoluble subtended to cure. In applying such a stances valuable in composition, and dressing as has just been recom- when they are not being appropriated mended, it is of course necessary to by an occupying crop are gradually exercise caution, in order to prevent being reduced and rendered soluble as plant-food for the succeeding crop, and thus rotation not only prevents the loss form an edging to the road or walk of particular substances in excess but converts the locked-up elements of the some walks which were salted early soil into free and assimilable matter. in the season have been free from In this country no system of rotation is complete without clover; in England it must contain the cultivation of root crops and sheep pasturage. That we may learn a valuable lesson by compasture incumbered with stone is to bining both practices it becomes the remove this incumbrance. If there duty of every farmer to make experi-is a low spot, a ditch should be dug ments, even if only on small locations. -Practical Farmer.

Recipes. JELLY CARE ROLLS .- Four eggs, beat whites and yolks separately ; one teacupful white sugar, one teacupful sifted flour, one teaspoonful cream tarter, one-half teaspoonful soda dissolved in a very little hot water; flavor with the juice of one lemon; beat all well together; spread quarter of an inch thick in a square tin; bake quickly; then turn bottom side up, spread with jelly, and roll up while hot; this recerpt makes three rolls.

FLUMMERY. -Boil one pint of milk with one and a half ounces of sugar and a bit of vanilla; as soon as it boils add one ounce of corn flour white clover is added it might be an which has been mixed with a little advantage. Four pounds of each cold milk, and stir with a wooden would be enough to the acre.-New spoon antil the corn flour is well cooked. Then take the pan off the fire and add four or five whites of eggs, beaten to a stiff froth; pour the mixture into a mold and serve with custard or fruit syrup. To be eaten cold.

POTATO PUDDING .- Meit a tablespoonful of butter, and add it to a pint by grazing, the same cows will give of cold mashed potato, with a palatable seasoning of salt, pepper and cayenne; beat the eggs to a froth, gradually mix with them half a pint of milk and stir the mixture into the mashed potatoes; put these ingredients at once into a buttered earthen baking dish, place the pudding thus made in a very hot oven and let it brown; serve it hot in diminish their milk. Exposure to hot the dish in which it is baked as a

ASPARAGUS SOUP .- Cut the tops quantity and quality, and to give a from about thirty heads of asparagus, balance in favor of stabling. The about half an inch long, and boil the more traveling cows do, the more rest; cut off all the tender portions and cheesy matter do they develop in their rub through a sieve, adding a little milk, while to support the increased salt; warm three pints of soup stock, respiration occasioned by the increased add a small lump of butter and a teaspoonful of flour previously cooked by less appears in the milk. The quieter heating the butter and slowly stirring they remain, the richer their milk in in the flower; then add the asparagus butter. Upon the varying conditions pulp. Boil slowly a quarter of an which may accompany the two modes hour, stirring in two or three tableof feeding, will depend the preference | spoonfuls of cream; color the soup with in richness and quality of milk. It is a teaspoonful of prepared spinach, believed to be generally on the side of made by pounding the spinach well, housing when properly attended to .- | adding a few drops of water, squeezing the juice through a cloth and putting it over a good fire. As soon as it looks curdy, take it off and strain the When the farm annually yields to liquor through a sieve. What remains its full capacity there is extracted on the sleve is to be used for coloring from the soil those elements that prinadd the asparagus tops which have

Chronic Dyspepsia.

The atrophy-wasting-which charin its cultivation. Most farmers are acterizes declining vital power shows aware of that fact and use barn-yard itself in the whole digestive tr ct. manure and commercial fertilizers in The mucous membrane that lines it order to supply the deficiency. We from the mouth downward is greatly have within our power, however, the thinned and toughened. Many of the means by which the soil can be recup- glands, including those which secrete erated and restored to fertility, and digestive fluids, wholly disappear, every prudent farmer takes advantage | while all are more or less wasted. of such opportunities in order to The consequence is slow and imperfect

The aged, mainly from eating food rotation of crops is essential to good in quantity and quality such as they farming, and it is by such system that had previously been accustomed to, the most fertile sections have been and sometimes through the influence of other chronic diseases, especially How rotation accomplishes so de- bronchitis and heart-complaint, are sirable a result is not a hard matter to very liable to chronic dyspepsia, called

capacities. When a field is occupied brane of the stomach is unevenly by clover, the crop, when plowed thickened and hardened. Minute under or fed to stock on the farm and ulcers cover large parts of it. The again returned in the shape of manure, tubules, from which the gastric juice adds additional matter to the soil is poured, are often obstructed by fat When fed to animals, only a portion globules, resulting from fatty degenerareturns, but when the whole crop goes tion. The natural motion (peristaltic)

Among the symptoms are a sense of the advantage of knowing that the weight in the stomach after eating, or sods and roots are very enriching, constantly; aversion to food, unless Clover is a lime and potash plant, re highly seasoned; thirst, especially for quiring but little applied nitrogen to acid drinks; heart-burn; pain in the make its growth; and yet, by shading stomach, diffused, or in a small spot, the soil, and through its power of but relieved by pressure ; despondency, utilizing the nitrogenous materials of distrust of friends; irritability; wakethe soil and atmosphere, it returns fulness, or disturbed sleep; a sallow or

The disease may be caused not only stance. Nor does it take from the soil by improper food, but by tobacco, a disproportionate quantity of phos- alcoholic drinks, too little exercise, phoric acid, which is another advan- mental or manual labor after eating. tage in its favor. As clover The doctor should have charge of the takes from the soil lime and pot- case. Still, his treatment will be ash principally, it leaves the ground, directed mainly to the diet. Unless, when removed, in good condition for however, the patient co-operates with some crop that prefers nitrogen and him in this matter, his efforts will be phosphoric acid. Experience has unavailing. With such co-operation a

of death, stares him in the face."-

use of the cultivator, the hoe is passed through the cornfield, which more all New England.

A REMARKABLE STORY.

The following narrative is self-explanatory The letter which precedes it is a true copy of the original, and was sent to us, togethe with the details, by an officer now in the United States Navy,

United States Flagship Nomad, Navy Yard, Bosron, Mass., January 10, 188-, My dear Friend—Your kind favor containing congratulations on my restoration to bealth is before me. When we parted thirty months ago little did we imagine that either would be brought near death's door by a disease which selects for its victims those who present an internal field of constitutional weakness for its first attack, because you and were in those days the personification of health—and can claim this to-day, thank God Why I can do so will be told to-morrow, when we meet at your dinner, as you only know that I have passed through a terrible illness that I have passed through a terrible illness; my delivery from death being due to the wonderful discovery in medical science, made by a man who to-day stands in the front rank of his fellow workers—megualed by any in my own opinion. That I, who heretofore have ever been the most orthodox believer in the old school of medicine, its application and results, should thus recent in favor of that which is appeared at the old application and results, should thus recant in favor of that which is sneered at by old practitioners, may startle you, but "seeing is believing," and when I recount the attack made on my old hulk, how near I came to lowering my colors, and the final volley which, through the agency above mentioned, gave me victory, you will at least credit me with fust cause for sincerity in my thankfulness and belief. I will also spin my yarn anent my China cruise, and altogether, expect to entertain as well as be cutertained by you. With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Rear Admiral U. S. Navy. Hon. George Wendell, Sinclair Place, Boston.

An autumnal afternoon in the year 188found the taut flagship Nomad rounding the treacherous and dangerous extremity of South America. And this day certainly in-tended to place itself on record with those of its predecessors marked stormy, its masti-ness in wind and weather giving all hands on board the flagship their fill in hard work and discomforts. The record of the Nomad on this cruise, which she was now complet-ing on her homeward bound passage to Bosing on her honeward bound passage to Bos-ton, had been most disagreeable, when con-sidered in the light of heavy weather work. From Suez to Aden, then on to Bombay, Point de Galle, Singapore, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Nagasaki and Yokohama, the Shanghai, Nagasaki and Yokohama, the balance sheet stood largely in favor of old Neptun's rough characteristics, but with remarkable evenness the health and original roster of the stup's company stood this day as it did nearly three years ago—with one exception. Throughout the diverse and varied exposures incidental to cruising over the Automatical States. the Asiatic station, where cholera, fevers, liver complaints, malaria, and colds of all degrees reign in full force, none of the crew had suffered more than temporary incon-venience, and thus it seemed very hard that now, in the closing days of the cruise, there stood nine chances for, to one against, a vic-tory being at last scored for the destroying angel Death. When the Nomad reached Shanghai in the early portion of her cruise ner admiral was the healthiest man aboard. ner admiral was the healthiest man aboard. A grand specimen of manhood was he. Over six feet in height, weighing two hundred pounds, broad in chest and strong in limb, he rightly claimed for himself a full share of Nature's blessings. While returning late one night from a diplomatic reception at the Consulate at Shanghai, through overheating and inselling the returning has been as the consulate at Shanghai, through overheating and inselling the returning has the consulate at Shanghai. ing and insufficient protection from the dan-gerous effects of the peculiar damp and searching night air, he caught cold. "Only searching night air, he caught cold. "Only a cold," remarked the admiral to the doctors of his ship, "and easy to cure." So thought the medical officers, but with a quiet though insidious progression, this cold clung to the admiral in spite of their best efforts to eradicate it, and when the time came for leaving Yokohama, homeward bound, the admiral realized that his lungs and throat were decidely out of order. The doctors advised returning home by mail steamer to San Franurning home by mail steamer to San Fransisco so that greater means for caring this persistent, cough might be found in the Nava: Hospital there; but the admiral pre-ferred to stick to his ship, still imagining that his trouble would eventually be over-zome by the doctors' treatment. No one who looked at the admiral even in

those days imagined that he would fall a rictim to lung trouble. But it was the old story again typified in this case. Only a cold at first; and in spite of orthodox treatment the results of cold. cent the peculiar climatic ef eration, and now, as in the warm autumn days the flagship gallantly rode over the blue waters of the Pacific, bound for Cape Horn, the doctors hoped much for success. But this boisterous afternoon found the good ship struggling with rigantic seas set off from the Cape by a fierce northerly wind. Leaden were the heavens and sad the hearts of all abourd, for that morning the usual bulletin of the medical officers had set forth this intelligence: "The admiral is in same condition as reported last night. A burning fever has been slightly reduced, while other symptoms are as heretofore announced." All understood these words without questioning. The beloved admiral had during the past two weeks sunk very lov. The symptoms of blood-poisoning, a torpic iver, intense pains throughout the body, eyesight and mental faculties affected, appe eyesight and mental faculties affected, appetite gone, through inaction of that great regulator—the liver. These were the means which had reduced the admiral from the pinacle of health to the valley and shadow of death. Consumption held full sway now, and the well-known skill of naval doctors was in this instance at least completely foiled.

The admiral had issued order for the floor.

The admiral had issued orders for the flag-ship to touch at Montevideo for coal, and it was the intention of the doctors to land the admiral there for treatment. But one man admiral there for treatment. But one man in the ship was wrapped in the gloom of despair, as standing by the weather rigging on the poop deck he gazed absently over the seething waste of waters. This was the admiral's son, a lieutenant, and attache i to his father's staff. He feared that the wear and tear of ship life would sap his father's strength beyond endurance, and before the ship could reach Montevideo. Among a group of sailors gathered around one of the great guns on the spar deck stood the captain group of sailors gathered around one of the great guns on the spar deck stood the captain of the foretop, Brown, a slight but healthy-looking man. His companions were listening to a recital of his sufferings from consumption, which had developed while he was attached to the sloop-of-war Ranger, lying in the harbor of Yokohama a year ago, this "yarn" having been started by a discussion "yarn" having been started by a discussion about the admiral's condition. The menhad just returned from some work around the deck, an order for which hal interrupted Brown's story a few moments previously.

Brown's story a few moments previously.

"A year ago this day I was hove to in the 'pill man's sick bay in the Ranger, then off Yokohama, an' I tell you, pards, 'twas no use pipin' my number, 'cause I was nigh on passin in my enlistment papers for a long u.e aloft," continued Brown. "Con-sumption had me that aback, and the doctor says it was no use to slow away his lash in my hold seein' that my bellows was con-denined by a higher power than he could wrastle with."

"How did you pucker out of it?" asked a "How did you pucker out of it?" asked a gunnar's mate.
"Wa'all," replied Brown, "my Chinee washman came to me one mornin' an' he says to me, "me hab got alice same Melican man, medikin, do you henp good!" I says, 'bring it off, Chang: I buy all the same.' That afternoon Chang hove up with fourteen bottles of a losh, enough to kill or cure the whole ship's crew, an' that looked fresh in their lines wrappers. Says Chang, 'China' man doctor hab got plentee more, he make

heap good well with my sick, this number one mediken allee same through Yokobama.'
We'all, I took the bottles an' told the doctor
We'all, it was goin' to try one as by the sailin' orders on the bottle, and the doctor he laughed

ders on the bottle, and the docter he laughed and said 'twas no good, but I done as the regulations says from the first, an' here I am, ag'in the doctor's ideas, to be sure!"

With this triumphant assertion Brown looked about the circle. Then, lowering his voice, said: "Boys, I've four of those precious bottles left—ain't give 'em all away yet after I was cared—an' if you all think that it would not be too free with the 'old man,' suppose I go to his son there on think that it would not be too free with the 'old man,' suppose I go to his son there on the poop deck an' say what I have to you, an' askin' his pardon, say we want the admiral to try the staff in my bottles, seein' that they cured my consumption."

This idea met with approval from all sides. Therefore Brown walked off for an interview with the admiral's son, with no little agreety is in sond heart as to the re-

little anxiety in his good heart as to the re-sult of his mission. Approaching the lieu-tenant, Brown saluted, and asked for permission to state his reasons for doing so. This was readily granted, and Brown spoke

out.

"Seeing that I was once cured of consumption, licutemant, I make bold to ask if I can tell you how, an' why I've the reasons for wishing you to use on your father what was my salvation."

In a few moments the licutemant had Brown's story out, and much to the latter's entification, granted a ready permission to

gratification, granted a ready permission to him. It did not take Brown long to run to his ditty box, get the bottles of medicine, and return to the licatement with them.

"I'm afeared that the doctors will kick ng'in the use of this blessed stuff, an' what will you do, sir," said Brown, as he placed the medicine in the cabin orderly's hands to be taken into the admiral's room. "I will attend to that, Brown, and rest as is a fair to that, Brown, and rest assured that your remedy will have a fair trial in spite of any opposition. It will not harm my father, judging from your statement and the opinion of the Medical officers of the

"Thank you, sir, an' God help the admiral to weather his trouble, is the prayer of all the ship," said Brown, as the lieutenant turned to enter the cabin.

There was no cessation in the storm that evening. The gale howled through the rigging in wild, discordant tones; the great ship ging in wild, discordant tones; the great ship labored through the white-capped moun-nins of water threatened to engulph her with each burst of their storm-whipped crests. Within the admiral's cabin the Ar-gand lights, the comfortable furniture, and the numerous evidences of the admiral's wanderings over land and water, as displayed in choice bric-a-brae and trimmings, gavin choice bric-a-brac and trimmings, gave to the room a warm, snug appearance, most pleasing this wild night to those within. In his stateroom lay the admiral, made comfortable by all that loving hands and willing hearts could suggest. By his side sat his son, who in quiet voice was recounting to his father the interview with Brown, and the opposition met with from the doctors when the idea of giving this new medicine was idea of giving this new medicine wa

broached.

"You were sleeping at the time, father, and therefore missed a laughable scene, made so, in spite of your condition, by the intense dislike displayed by the doctors for this 'new-fangled stuff,' this 'patent liquid,' which they declared with their consent should never be given to you. Well, I cut the matter short by saying that I would take all the responsibility, and with your permis sion would administer it. That I obtain when I found you awake, and now you are mader way with the first bottle as per direc-tions. I am satisfied, dear father, that it will do you good, a premonition filling my heart that at last we have found the means of acresting the burning fever and hacking cough which have been troubling you much."

The admiral's reply was cut short by severe spell of coughing, during which he spat blood, and when finished sank back ex spat blood, and when finished sank back ex-hausted. But the grateful look which he be-stowed on his son was an additional assur-anchof belief in that which the admiral had at first sight dubbed as a possible but doubt-ful means of doing him any good. But lay-ing aside his dislike for any but old-estab-lished remedies, the admiral acquiesced in his son's request, and now, after this last spell, admitted that the effect of the dose had softened the dreaded severity of the racking cough. racking cough.

Three weeks later found the Nomad mak ing the harbor of Montevideo. After severe and prolonged weather she had rounded the Cape and was now standing in the harbor for the purpose of recealing and watering. To one given to the study of human lines-ments the faces of those aboard the flagship ment the peculiar climatic effects of China nursed it, and hastened the sure result of such a deep-seated trouble. Time passed after leaving Yokohama for Boston, bringing varying symptoms in the admiral's case, and the doctors imagined that they held the disease in check at least. But with the formation of tubercles, night-sweats and the now rapid consumption of lung tissues, which had set in with alarming symptoms, the patient realized that his cold had laid the seeds of the contents of the contents of four bright morning, dear reader, your answer would have been casily found in his face. A changed man was be. Victory was perched on his guidons! the dread enemy was s'owly retreating! The fight was a severe on a but with no cessation in vigilant action and careful paying beautiful and turned the flags hip and the strip in this bright morning would have afforded in finite scope for such pursuit. But the source finite scope for such pursuit. But the source for such pursuit. But the source for such pursuit. But the source finite scope for such pursuit. But the source for each mun's bappiness flowed in finite scope for such pursuit. But the source for each mun's bappiness flowed in finite scope for such pursu consumption, and was slowly but surely driving him off the field with a power which astounded the doctors and filled all hearts

with joy and thankfulness, What was this then that had won the vic ory for the seaman Brown, and was now leading the admiral's shuttered forces to the same grand result? When asked this question by one of his officers on duty, in Montevideo, the admiral, slowly lifting his hand, replied, "I would that in letters of gold, and spaled that all the results of the same state." replied, "I would that in letters of gold, and so placed that all the world could read them, the name of this great remedy could be shown, coupled with the genius who discovered it—"The Goldes Medical Discovery". Dr. Pisrce, of Buffalo, N. Y., 'the man who has given to his fellow men the greatest lelief from all ills that mortal flesh is heir to." "This is the name of the contents of that bottle on my table, and God bless the man who has found the secret of filling it with a medicine at once purifying and strengthen-ing, whole-some and thorough in its results, and claiming, in my humble opinion, noth-ing for itself that it cannot reasonably per-form. Nature's ally against the abuse of

Well might the admiral sing the praises of that which had so unexpectedly rescaed him from a fatal illness. When the ship anchored the first commission for the admiral's son to the first commission for the admiral's son to execute was a large purchase of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which, as the admiral sadly admitted, he had seen in every port the world around and had only admired as an evidence of the energy and enterprise of an American who could thus place his Golden Medical Discovery in every nook and corner of the globe. But now he was one more to testify to the wonderful power of this medicine, and certainly did so in Montevideo, by praising it up to all the high officials who visited him.

officials who visited him.

A week later and the Nomad sailed for Boston direct. What the condition of the admiral was when she arrived there is shown in his letter above. Let it be recorded to the in his letter above. Let it be recorded to the credit of the doctors on the flagship that they were completely cured of all dislike for the Golden Medical Discovery, used it faithfully on the voyage to Boston, and landed, through its wonderful power, the admiral completely restored; and more than one poor fellow who started out in the sick bay of the Nowald. Want stanch friends the Golden Medical Discovery made in that ship!

The above, reader, is an outline of the story, spun by the admiral to his friend when they mef at the diamer. We will not touch on other portions of his interesting recital of his crusse in general, our aim being to re-

of his cruse in general, our aim being to re-cord his testimony for the greatest wonds; in medical science that this nineteenth contury of surprising developments has pro-

duced.

From the wonderful power of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery over that terribly fatal disease, consumption, which is scrofula of the lungs, when first offering this now world-fanned remedy to the public, Dr. Pierce thought favorably of calling it his "consumption care," but abandoned that name as too restrictive for a medicine that from its wonderful combination of germ destroying, as well as tonic, or strengthening, alterative or blood-cleansing, anti-bilions.

diuretic, pectoral and nutritive properties is unequaled, not only as a remedy for consomption of the lungs, but for all chronic diseases of the liver, blood, kidneys and lungs. Golden Medical Discovery cures all humors, from the worst scrofula to a common blotch, pimple or eruption. Erysipelus, salt-rheum, fever-sores, scaly or rough skin, in short, all diseases caused by disease germs in the blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying and invigorating medicine. Groat eating ulcers rapidly heal under its benign influences. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing tetter, ross rash, boils, carbuncles, sore eyes, scrofulous sores and swellings, white swellings, goitre or thick neck, and enlarged glands.

"The blood is the life." Thoroughly cleanse this fountain of health by using diuretic, pectoral and nutritive properties

cleanse this fountain of health by using Golden Medical Discovery, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength and soundness of constitution are established.

For weak lungs, pitting of blood, short breath, consumptive night-sweats and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. In the cure of bronchitis, severe coughs and consumption, it has astonished the medical consumption, it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. The mutilive properties possessed by cod liver oil are trifling when compared with those of the Golden Medical Discovery. It rapidly builds up the system and increase the flesh and weight of those reduced below the usual standard of health by wasting discusses.

The reader will pardon the foregoing digression, prempted by our admiration for a remedy that performs such marvelous cures, remedy that performs such marvelous cures, and permit us to say that when the admiral returned to his home in New York the only cloud cast upon the happiness of the reunion with his family was caused by the continued illness of his eldest son, a young man of twenty-four, whose disease, when the admiral sailed from Montevedio, had been reported as succumbing to the treatment of the family doctor. But his father thought it otherwise: the unfortunate young man was suffering severely from chronic disease of otherwise: the unfortunate young man was suffering severely from chronic disease of the kidneys and bladder. Before leaving Boston the admiral had purchased a copy of Dr. Pierce's book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." He rend this valuable book thoroughly, and upon his arrival home had made up his mind as to the future treatment for his son. The latter was sent to the famous Invalids' Hotel, at Buffalo, N. Y., conducted by Dr. R. V. Pierce, and his competent staff of specialists, where, under skillful treatment, the sufferer soon found relief and a permanent cure. relief and a permanent cure.

Peter Cooper's Liberality. During the winters of 1874-5, 1875-6,

und 1876-7, the sufferings of the poor in New York from privation, cold and want of employment were unprecedented in the history of the metropolis. Every day during these long winters, from 3 o'clock in the afternoon until 6:30, Mr. Peter Cooper sat in his office or library on Lexington avenue, and no one, however shabby in dress, was refused admission. On the table before him were piled hundreds of newly coined half-dollars and piles of onedollar greenbacks, and these piles were replenished every hour by the servant in attendance. His rule was to give every applicant half a dollar in any event, and if the case seemed to be a specially urgent one the douceur was doubled, with a request either to write a history of the case, have it authenticated by some clergyman or other authority, and send it in for further consideration. As early as 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon crowds of povertystricken people -- men and women of every nationality and position in life-might been seen gathered in front of the Lexington avenue residence, and the amount expended often amounted to \$200 in a single day, irrespective of the special cases that were more carefully inquired into, and in which special aid was given. Most of the applicants were strangers, and many, of course, were downright frauds. But the old man proceeded apon the principle that it is better to be deceived by many than to deny one deserving sufferer. He could afford, he used to say, to give half a dollar to anybody who asked for it, irrespective of the merits of the applicant, and time did not permit him to inquire too minutely into the circumstances. His heaviest week during any season aggregated \$1,500; it was considerable money to spend on mendicants; but, as the old man said, the ministers would take care of those who belonged to their denominations, and some one must take care of those who were neither Episcopalians nor Methodists. Presbyterians nor Catholics. It was those who had no religious affiliations who were most liable to suffer without any resource or remedy; and it was for this class that he kept up his distribu-

in the world was that which ran between Canal street, New Orleans, and the foot of Jackson street, Lafayette It was built in 1845.

tion of half dollars.

Bedford, Va., recently lost a citizen Henry E. Lloyd, aged eighty-sixwho read the Bible through twentythree times.

Rheamatism, disordered blood, general de bility, and many chronic diseases pronounced incurable, are cured by Brown's Iron Bitters.

"Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed bugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers. 15c.

The Might of the Pen.
Oh, the orator's voice is a mighty power,
As it echoes along the green,
But the feurless pen has more swayo'er men.
To sound the praises of Carboline. Lyon's Patent Metallic Heel Stiffeners

seep new-boots and shoes from running over sold by shoe and hardware dealers. JOPLIN, Mo .- Dr. J. B. Morgan says: "1 find that Brown's Iron Bitters gives entire satisfaction to all who use it."

Wells' Health Renewer restores health, vigor, cares Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility, \$1

FAIRFIELD, Iowa.-Dr. J. L. Myers says. Brown's Iron Bitters is the best iron preparation I have known in my 30 years' practice." THE hygiene of quactery has none more as aggravate dyspersia by self-inflicted starvation than gluttony ever did. Gastrine cures the worst forms of dyspepsia.

For Thick Heads, Heavy stomachs, bilious conditions—Wells' May Apple Pills—antibilious, cathartic. 10 25c Mrs. Cole, of Windham, N. H., declares that her life was saved by Hood's Sarsaparilla. She had thirty-seven terrible scrofulous sores. Use St. Patrick's Salve, and learn its great value. One trial convinces.

Ladies, buy for your husbands, brothers and sons Chrolithion collars and cuffs, and save trouble in washing.

MORPHINE HABIT,

Our Reporter's Vacation Notes. Dunies his rapibles this season, our Mr. M. h. aken upon himself the task of extinging our num taken upon himself the task of eathering off municerous residers that whatever good over manufactured in our goodly city of Reger Williams, are of as high a grade and as fine in quality as can be presented in any spot on the globs. Especially is the so when the skilled Pharmaciat of many years' apperience resolves to extract from the finest botanteal specimens of the resolvely available most votanteal specimens of the resolvely available available. resolves to extract from the finest botanical specimens of the vegetable world the most potent. The
for some special disease. In proof of his assertio wint Providence, R. I., affords the best, he relates an
interview with an acquaintance, given him while solourning temporarily at her residence. She says:
"About a year I suffered severely with Bheumatians
in my limbs, and Neuraliza in the hoad, which I enflared two or three moreths with as much patience
as pessible, being under the treatment of an exestpent doctor, and trying many kinds of medicine
without any marked effect. At last a medical friend
advised me to try flunt's flemedy, because he attributed my severe suffering to the bad condition of
my hidneys, which were not performing their proper
functions, and I commenced taking is, and in a few ranctions, and I commenced taking is, and in a few days the neuralgis had departed, my bradacho hast entirely disappeared, the awelling in my brabe and joints had gone, and I have not had a touck of it. joints had gone, and I have not had a since. More recently I was troubled with impurity of the blood, which showed itself in severe cruptions on my face. I scain resorted to Hunt's Remedy, and after taking it a short time was completely cured of that complaint. Hunt's Remedy has proved very beneficial to me in attacks of sick headache, which it beneficial to me in a trace of a second as a second as I take the Remody. This Remody has strengthening elements, for it has made my feel much stronger, and has been very beneficial to my general health. I most heartily recommend if to all sufferers like impecif. Mrs. L. G. Tannin, No. 136

America Mann. of Cottage Home, Ill., says: "I have been prestrated for three or more years with kidney disease; at times I was not able to put on my biding disease, at times was not as to be a considered boots; my wife has often pulled them on for me. It was not so bad as that all the time, but I never knew what It was to be without pain in my back suffill commonsed using find's leanedy. Since I logar to take find's leanedy, I have been tree from all pain and take gleaners in saving that II at he best modicipe that I ever knew for Kuiney and Laverdiseases."

A Remarkable Cure of Scrotnine

William S. Baker, of Lewic, Vero county, Ind., writes as follows: "My son was taken with scrotule in the hip when only two years old. He tried several physicians, but the hos got no relief from their treatment. Noticing your Bosadalis recommended so highly, I bought some of it of you in the year 1862, and continued taking it till the sores finally healed up. He is now twenty-one years of are, and being satisfied that your medicine did him so much good when he used it, we want to try it again in another case, and now write to you to get some more

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Hood's Sarsaparilla one of the best medicines for spring when the blood is in

low condition and needs cleaning. I have been sensited by its use."—W. H. Curris, R. R. Agent, Haverhiil, Mass.

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