

Republican State Ticket.

For Governor, General JAMES A. BEAVER, of Centre county.

For Lieutenant-Governor, Senator WILLIAM T. DAVIES, of Bradford county.

For Judge of the Supreme Court, WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE, of Philadelphia.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs, Senator JOHN M. GREER, of Butler county.

For Congressman-at-Large, MARIOTT BROSIUS, of Lancaster county.

Republican County Ticket.

For Congress, HARRY WHITE, of Indiana county.

For Assembly, E. L. DAVIS.

For District Attorney, T. J. VAN GIESEN.

For Jury Commissioner, H. O. DAVIS.

OHIO!

She goes Democratic. Although returns are yet meagre from the Ohio elections held yesterday, it seems the Democrats have carried the day by a slight majority on the State ticket.

Governor Foster accounts for the Republican defeat on the ground that he had eight or ten candidates on whom a bitter fight was made.

In West Virginia, where elections were held yesterday, the Republicans have made large gains, and among others we gain a congressman.

SENATOR J. W. LEE of Franklin, was re-nominated in the district composed of Warren and Venango counties on Friday last, and thus a deadlock, which threatened the success of the party was broken and a good nomination made.

THERE seems to be a disposition on the part of some of the Cameron county Democracy to kick on the re-nomination of Senator Hall of Elk, and they talk loudly of placing an independent candidate in the field.

A STATEMENT has been going the rounds of the Independent and Democratic press that in Milton, Northumberland county, Stewart will poll a larger vote than General Beaver.

It is to be hoped that the report of President Arthur's illness, which may develop into fatal results, is exaggerated. It is, however, probably true that the care and exhaustion resulting from the life in the Presidential mansion have told upon his health.

THE only Democratic daily in Western Pennsylvania, the Pittsburgh Post, keeps up the threadbare falsehood that General Beaver betrayed his pledges to his constituents by voting for Grant at Chicago.

MR. PHILLIPS, of New Castle, is a worthy gentleman, no doubt, but he is a little "hipped" on the subject of Garfield. Because, during the President's life, the two gentlemen were personal friends, it does not follow that all their views were coincident.

PATTISON, the Democratic candidate for Governor, in his speech at the Commonwealth Club reception, said: "The abolition of the unnecessary offices, the reduction of the number of public dependents, the narrowing of responsibility and economy in public expense, constitute an urgent and practical reform."

DELAWARE, little Delaware, has slipped from the grasp of the Democracy. It adds its mite to the political tidal wave, commencing in Oregon, has taken in Vermont, Maine, and now Delaware.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer.

WANTED.—for cash—Cherry, Ash, Poplar, Cucumber, and White Oak Lumber. G. M. KEPLER. April 26-tf.

AGENTS WANTED FOR HEROES OF THE PLAINS.

By J. W. BURNS. Embracing the Lives and Wonderful Adventures of WILD BILL, BUFFALO BILL, KIT CARSON, CAPT. FAYNE, CAPT. JACK, TEXAS JACK, CALIFORNIA JOE, and other celebrated Indian Fighters, Scouts, Hunters and Guides.

No Whiskey!

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is one of the very few tonic medicines that are not composed mostly of alcohol or whiskey, thus becoming a fruitful source of intemperance by promoting a desire for rum.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is guaranteed to be a non-intoxicating stimulant, and it will, in nearly every case, take the place of all liquor, and at the same time absolutely kill the desire for whiskey and other intoxicating beverages.

Rev. G. W. Rice, editor of the American Christian Review, says of Brown's Iron Bitters:

Cit., O., Nov. 16, 1881. "The foolish wasting of vital force in business, pleasure, and vicious indulgence of our people, makes your preparation a necessity; and if applied, will save hundreds who resort to saloons for temporary recuperation."

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS has been thoroughly tested for dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, weakness, debility, overwork, rheumatism, neuralgia, consumption, liver complaints, kidney troubles, &c., and it never fails to render speedy and permanent relief.

DO Not Fail to send for our FALL Price-List for 1882. Free to any address upon application. Contains descriptions of everything required for Personal or Family use, with over 2,200 illustrations.

Wanted AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!

Thirty-Three Years Among OUR WILD INDIANS! A true record of the nation's history. With 200 illustrations.

By Gen. Sherman. This new work is here published for the first time. It is a true record of the nation's history, with 200 illustrations.

LORENZO FULTON, Manufacturer of and Dealer in HARNESS, COLLARS, BRIDLES, And all kinds of HORSE FURNISHING GOODS.

ED. HEIBEL, Dealer in STOVES, TINWARE, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Tionesta, Pa., June 27, 1881.

HOLEMAN & HOPKINS! FULL OF GOODS

OF ALL KINDS, SUCH LINES AS WE CARRY AMBRACING EVERYTHING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

Call and see our Stock. It will pay you. We have the Most Complete and Cheapest Stock of

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COME AND LOOK AT OUR SUITS AT 10, 12, 15, 16, 18, & 20 DOLLARS!

FINE FUR HATS, WOOL HATS, STRAW HATS.

Dry Goods in Every Variety! SILKS, MERVELIEUX, BLACK STRIPE MOREYS.

WE HAVE A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BOOTS & SHOES for GENTS.

LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES IN ALL GRADES. CARPETS ALL PRICES! WALL PAPER ALL KINDS!

HARDWARE! WIARD CHILLED MALLEABLE IRON BEAM PLOW!

Groceries of all kinds, Flour, Feed, &c.

CALL AND SEE. NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS. COMPETITION DEFIED FROM ANY SOURCE.

HOLEMAN & HOPKINS. TIONESTA, Pa., or PLEASANTVILLE, PA.

BUFFALO & WESTERN RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE, IN EFFECT July 2, 1882

Table with columns for A.M., P.M., and routes including A. Valley Ry., P. & E. Ry., and others.

Proclamation of General Election.

Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled 'An Act to regulate the Elections of the Commonwealth,' passed the 24 day of July, A. D. 1869, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such to enumerate:

- 1st. The officers to be elected. 2d. Designate the place at which the election is to be held. I. C. W. CLARK, High Sheriff of the county of Forest, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Forest, that a General Election will be held in said county, on Tuesday, November 7, 1882.

- between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. at the several Election Districts. In Barnett township at Jacob Maze's Carpenter shop. In Green township at the house of L. Arner. In Howe township at Brookston, in Brookston Library Hall. In Jenks township at the court house in Marien. In Harmony township at Allender school house. In Hickory township at Hickory House. In Kingsley township at Newtown School House. In Tionesta township at Court House in Tionesta borough. In Tionesta borough at Court House in said borough.

At which time and places the qualified electors will elect by ballot: One person for Governor of Pennsylvania. One person for Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania. One person for Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania. One person for Congressman at Large for the State of Pennsylvania. One person for member of Congress for the 25th district of Pennsylvania. One person for State Senate for the 38th district of Pennsylvania. One person for Assembly for Forest County. One person for District Attorney for Forest County. One person for Jury Commissioner for Forest County.

The act of Assembly entitled "an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1819, provides as follows, viz: "In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the inspector who shall have received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy. I also give official notice to the electors of Forest county, that by an act entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the election of this Commonwealth, approved Jan. 30, 1874:" Sec. 9. All the elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of every election held under this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, if not, then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the inspectors and clerk shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered

Buckeye Force Pump



To meet the increasing demand I have made LARGE ADDITIONS to my stock, and have now a full line of goods. Including also STOVES, TINWARE, LEATHER, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, PISTOLS. I respectfully ask the public generally to EXAMINE MY STOCK before purchasing elsewhere. HENRY HEBER JR., In the Einstein Building, TIONESTA, PA. —Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all Nerve Diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch St., Philada. sep21-81tf

the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the affidavit of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 11. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter appearing on the list of resident taxpayers, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the proof of the right of suffrage as now required, shall be made, and shall be publicly made, and acted upon by the election board and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers to vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of some certificate, except where some are entitled to vote because of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted on conviction on any election officer or officers who shall neglect or refuse to make or cause to be made the endorsement required aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

Sec. 12. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by law, or laws to which this is a supplement, from any naturalized citizen whose name is not on this list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced for every such offense, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

I also make known the following provisions of the new Constitution of Pennsylvania:

ARTICLE VIII. SUFFRAGE AND ELECTIONS. Sec. 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

- First.—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month. Second.—He shall have resided in the State one year, or, if having previously been a qualified elector in this State, he shall have resided therein for one year, and returned, then six months, immediately preceding the election. Third.—He shall have resided in the election district where he offers to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election. Fourth.—If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid at least two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before election. Sec. 2. The General election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may, by law, fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring thereon.

I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved the 24th of March, 1866, entitled "An act regulating the mode of voting at all the elections of this Commonwealth." Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the said Commonwealth of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for in the Commonwealth; one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for and be labeled "State"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers voted for, including office of Senator and member of Assembly, if voted for, and be labeled "County"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all the township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all the borough officer voted for, and be labeled "Borough"; and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Notice is hereby given, that any person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether commissioned officers or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, or of the select or common council of any city, or of the commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law prohibited from holding or exercising at the time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election in this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The Judges of the aforesaid districts shall representatively take charge of the certificates of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at the Prothonotary's office in the Borough of Tionesta, as follows: "All judges living within twelve miles of the Prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall before two o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER EIGHTH, 1882, deliver to the Prothonotary their certificates of return of the election of 1882, together with the return sheets, to the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Forest county, which said return shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the Prothonotary for public inspection. Given under my hand at my office in Tionesta, Pa., this 19th day of September, 1882, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the one hundred and seventh year of the Independence of the United States. C. W. CLARK, Sheriff.

F. F. WHITEKIN, H. C. WHITEKIN, Sheffield, Pa. Tionesta, Pa. WHITEKIN BROS., Civil Engineers and Surveyors. Land and Railway Surveying a Specialty. Magnetic, Solar or Triangulation Surveying. Best of Instruments and work. Terms on application.