

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET

FOR STATE TREASURER, GEN. SILAS M. BAILY, of Fayette County.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Prothonotary, &c., JUSTIS SHAWKEY, For Sheriff, Capt. G. W. CLARK, For Commissioners, H. W. LEDEBUR, J. S. HENDERSON, For Auditors, G. W. WARDEN, J. A. SCOTT, For Jury Commissioner, R. J. HILLARD.

BAYARD was President pro tem., but Davis is President pro stick.

That was a "close shave" on the Ohio Legislature. The Republicans have only 27 majority in the House and 7 majority in the Senate.

Notes has realized by this time that the Democratic purse, however long, is not long enough to circumvent the ballot-box. English of Indiana, Tilden of New York, and Bookwalter of Ohio, all realized this, and next will be Noble's turn.

It is wittily remarked that last year the Republicans put a Lemon on the ticket and this year the Democrats have an Orange. But with this difference, however: Last year the Lemon squeezed through by a big majority, and this year the Orange will get hardly sucked.

The new Secretary of the Treasury will be named on Saturday. Secretary Windom could not be induced to stay, as he wanted back into the Senate, to which place he will undoubtedly be re-elected by his State, Minnesota. Mr. Windom feels satisfied to rest on the reputation he has already made as a financier.

SCOVILLE, Guiteau's lawyer and brother-in-law, has put in a plea of insanity in defense of the murderer; also that the President's wound was not necessarily fatal. He has been unable, up to the present, to get an assistant counsel, no one caring to defend the miserable wretch. His trial will come off in November some time. That he will stretch hemp, and that before very long, there is scarcely a shadow of doubt.

The Ohio elections, of which we made brief mention last week, resulted in a most complete victory for the Republicans, who elect Foster Governor by nearly 25,000 majority over Bookwalter, Democrat. Both branches of the Legislature are largely Republican. The Republicans carried Iowa, of course, by the usual majorities—something like fifty or sixty thousand. These are the first guns of the season, and have the right kind of sound. Pennsylvania will go and do likewise.

GEN. BAILY has the respect, the confidence and the enthusiastic support of his own party in Fayette county. He will poll every Republican vote, and secure a very large support from the Democracy. In contrast with this Orange Noble's position in Erie county shows the difference in the standing of the men at home. The Democratic party of Erie is in revolt against Mr. Noble, and in the city of Erie he will lose fully a third of its vote, and not get a single Republican vote. The difference in the standing of men, at home, speaks volumes.

Let us admonish the Republicans of Forest county to be on the alert. Don't think for a moment that this is an "off year" and that there is no use of working. It is not an "off year" for our county, and victory means more to the Republicans this year than it has for some time. Our enemies are laboring hard and persistently, and we must do likewise. Let every man do something; say a word to his neighbor, as well as his friend when he meets him. We can win, and will win, but it will not do to let the matter lag in the least. We have a splendid ticket, and no Republican need have the least hesitancy about working for the success of that ticket throughout. Be vigilant, then, and do your share.

So far as we are able to learn, no break whatever will be made by Wolfe's candidacy in the Republican ranks in this part of the State. If there be any defection in those ranks—and we find no evidence of any whatever—it is more than offset by the dislike of Noble in the rank and file of the Democracy and the desertions from his standard. Noble is waging an up-hill fight, with a sullen and divided army straggling after his lead. As to Wolfe, he has struck upon the worst possible time to breed a faction fight.—Franklin Press. And that's the exact status of the case in this neck o' woods.

THE movement of Wolfe has been misnamed an "Independent Republican uprising." He was not nominated for State Treasurer by any body of men representing any portion of the Republican party. He does not embody any principle identified with what has always been known as the Independent Republican element, and we have scores of men in all parts of the State who once called themselves Independent Republicans who will not support Mr. Wolfe, for the reason that he does not represent anybody or anything but himself. He is simply a malcontent, a core-head, a little man with a grievance, which his vanity has led him to believe can be alienated by appeals to the support of an intelligent people for an important office.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

DAVID DAVIS, (Senator from Illinois, was elected President pro tem. of the U. S. Senate, vice Thos. F. Bayard, on Thursday last. The Republicans voted for Davis and the Democrats voted to retain Bayard. Mr. Davis has heretofore been designated as the "independent party" of the Senate, but has now crawled down off the fence and squatted in the chair, which he fills completely. The Senators-elect from New York, Miller and Latham, and Aldrich of Rhode Island, made Mr. Davis' election possible. The Republicans have probably not gained much by the election of Davis, but they have a presiding officer who will doubtless deal fairly with them and will allow the committees to remain as they are. Mr. Davis said he would vote in the future as in the past—in accordance with his own judgment. No one can blame him for that, if he don't get to far off on judgment.

It is hard to please the Democratic party. When the Republicans hold a convention they never select the candidates the Democrats want, however much they try. The defeated man is the Democrats' favorite. When it was thought that Grant would capture the nomination at Chicago, the Democrats to a man were in favor of Blaine, and when Garfield was nominated they were in favor of Grant. They were not in favor of Garfield until he died. When the President lay sick the whole Democratic party were urging Vice-President Arthur to enter upon the duties of President. They were so much in favor of having him President that everybody wondered why they had not nominated him themselves instead of Hancock. But now behold the change. Arthur is President, and the expected happiness has not come to our Democratic friends. They don't want Arthur now, and are unhappy. We are really afraid they will never like the new President.—Meadville Republican.

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—Lindsey's Blood Searcher—the great medicine for fever and ague, malaria, and all blood poison. Don't fail to use it. o12-4t.

FRAZIER AXLE GREASE.—One greasing with Frazier Axle Grease will last two weeks, all others two to three days. Try it. It received first premium at the Centennial and Paris Exposition. sep 23 3m.

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GEORGE HENDERSON, TONSORIAL ARTIST. Tionesta, Pa. Shop first door south of Lawrence House.

PROCLAMATION OF GENERAL ELECTION. Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled 'An Act to regulate the Elections of the Commonwealth,' passed the 23 day of July, A. D. 1879, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such to enumerate:

- 1st. The officers to be elected. 2d. Designate the place at which the election is to be held. 3. C. A. Randall, High Sheriff of the county of Forest, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Forest, that a General Election will be held in said county, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8TH, 1881, between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. at the several Election Districts.

- In Barnett township at Jacob Mazo's Carpenter shop. In Green township at the house of L. Arnold. In How township at Brookston, in Brookston Library Hall. In Jenks township at the court house in Marlen. In Harmony township at Allender school house. In Hickory township at Hickory House. In Kingsley township at Newtown School House. In Tionesta township at Court House in Tionesta borough. In Tionesta borough at Court House in said borough.

At which time and places the qualified electors will elect by ballot: One person for State Treasurer. One person for Prothonotary, Register, Recorder and Clerk of Courts of Forest County. One person for Sheriff of Forest county. Three persons for County Commissioners, (each elector to vote for only two persons.) Two persons for County Auditors, (each elector to vote for only two persons.) Two persons for Jury Commissioners, (each elector to vote for only one person.)

The act of Assembly entitled "an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1879, provides as follows, viz: "In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

I also give official notice to the electors of Forest county, that by an act entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the election of this Commonwealth," approved Jan. 30, 1874:

Sec. 9. At the elections by the citizens shall be by ballot, every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding to the number to the name of the voter on his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of every election held under this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, if not,

then by a justice of the peace or a notary, and the inspectors and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

ARTICLE VIII. SUFFRAGE AND ELECTION.

SEC. 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First.—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month. Second.—He shall have resided in the State one year, (or, if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months,) immediately preceding the election.

Fourth.—If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before election.

Also, the following sections of an act entitled, "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth," approved the 30th day of January, 1874:

It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted upon by the election board and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers to vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote to vote because of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted on conviction on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make or cause to be made the endorsement required aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

Sec. 12. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on this list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote without receiving such proof, every person so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced for every such offense, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Notice is hereby given, That any person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judicial department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, or of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election in this State, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved the 30th of March, 1866, entitled "An act regulating the mode of voting at all the elections of this Commonwealth":

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby heretofore authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for and shall be labeled "Judiciary"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for and be labeled "State"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers voted for, including office of Senator and member of Assembly, if voted for, and member of Congress, if voted for, and be labeled "County"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all the township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all the borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough"; and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

The Judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificates of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at the Prothonotary's office in the Borough of Pionesta, as follows: "All judges living within twelve miles of the Prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall before two o'clock p. m., on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER NINTH, 1881, and all other judges shall before twelve o'clock, m., on THURSDAY, NOVEMBER TENTH, 1881, deliver said returns, together with the return sheets, to the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Forest county, which said returns shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the Prothonotary for public inspection.

Given under my hand and my office in Tionesta, Pa., this 29th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty one, and in the one hundred and sixth year of the Independence of the United States.

C. A. RANDALL, Sheriff.



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Again victorious at the Exposit'n at Melbourne, Aus. THE PHILADELPHIA JOURNAL OF COMMERCE says:—"At Melbourne they had an excellent opportunity of testing their powers beside those of every exhibitor in the world, and they came off conquerors over every other maker. Their highest award comes to them from a country whose reputation for this class of goods has for many years been above all others." They have been in the hands of shooters for the past sixteen years, and stood the severest test, and have won more laurels than any other gun, when brought in competition in the field or at the trap. At Coney Island this year, at the New York State Convention, the PARKER won the Pierce Diamond Badge and the Forest and Stream Badge for the best average, over nearly 200 competitors. Send for Catalogue, FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. ASK YOUR GUNSMITH FOR THEM. SHOW ROOMS, 97 Chambers St., N. Y. PARKER BROS., Meriden, Conn. who need

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