

TRADE MARE. S Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Fever d Ague, Rheuma-Billousness, Nervous Debility, etc. The Best REMEDY KNOWN to Man

70,000 AGENTS HAVE SOLD SINCE 1870 9.000.000 Bottles.

This Symp Possesses Varied Properties. It stimulates the Pytyaline in the Saliva, which converts the starch and sugar of the food into glucose. A deficiency in Pytyaline enance Wind and Souring of the food in the atomch. If the medicine is taken immedi-ately after sating the formentation of food is prevented. It nots upon the Liver. It nots upon the Liver. It nots upon the Kidneys. It Regulates the Bowels It Purifies the Blood. It Quiets the Nervous System It Promotes Digestion. It Nourishes, Streagthens and Invigerates. It carries off the Old Blood and makes new. It epons the porce of the skin and induces Bealthy Perspiration. It noutralizes the hereditary taint, or poison in the This Syrup Possesses Varied Properties.

It neutralizes the hereditary taint, or poison in the blood, which generates Scrotula, Erysipelas, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humors. There are no spirits euployed in its manufacture, and it can be taken by the most delicate babe, or by the aged and feoble, care only being required in at-tation in direction.

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			BOTTLES,	0	\$1.00	ľ
PRICE	OF	SMALL	BOTTLES.	1.	50	

Read the VOLUNTARY TESTIMONIALS of Persons who have been CURED by the use of the BLOOD PURIFIER.

# LIVER COMPLAINT.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, NORTHANPTON CO. Dear Sir-I was for a long time afflicted with Liver Complaint, and after the doctors failed to relieve me I began the use of your reliable Indian Blood Syrup, which entirely cured me. Mns. Fnep. Voget.

# DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION. GREEN PARK, PERRY CO., PA.

Dear Sir-I was troubled with Dyspepsia for a number of years, and after a fair trial of your valuable Indian Blood Syrup, it has per-fectly cured me.

# JACOB B. BURKETPILL.

ALL THAT IT. IS RECOMMENDED TO BE.

GRIER'S POINT, PERRY CO., PA. Dear Sir-I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup for Pains in the Shoulders, with very beneficial results. It is just as recommended. ELIZABETH SMEE.

# FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD. would no doubt answer admirably. We Farm Hints.

ROOTS FOR STOCK FEED. -- Roots have become a necessity with progressive farmers, as a winter stock food, and their great value in this connection should commend them to those who have not essayed their cultivation. Even How the New York Firemen Live

the owners of work and driving horses in the large cities, where no opportunity is had to raise them, annually buy hundreds of bushels of carrots, mangel-wurt-zels, etc., to be fed in connection with grain food to their horses, and they are well assured of the profitableness of using them; for the animals are always sleek, fat and glossy in appearance, and never become hide-bound or sickly. EGGS-HOW INCREASED .- If an increase of eggs be desired in the poultry yard, before large sums are expended in

the purchase of everlasting layers, we would recommend the system of keep-ing no hens after the first or at most, after the second year. Early pullets give the increase, and the only wonder is that people persist, as they do, in keeping up a stock of old hens, which ay one day and stop the next. In some parts of Europe it is the invariable rule to keep pullets only one year. Feeding will do a great deal-a surprising work indeed-in the production of eggs, but

not when old hens are concerned. WINDOWS IN STABLES. - The matter of windows in stables is one of vastly more importance than some farmers think. Animals, no more than vege-tables can thrive in the dark. Our long winters are sufficiently trying to the constitutions of our farm stock under the best circumstances, and an animal upon which the sun scarcely shines at all for five or six months, will come out in the spring in a bad state of health, even though the feed and ventilation and the temperature have been all right.

SHEEP AND LAMPS .- The ewes will now be in lamb, or should be, excepting where late lambs are desired. Where wool and mutton are the chief objects, May lambs will be preferable to earlier ones. There is no better place or time for lambs to be dropped than in a pasture on a fine, sunny May day. Where lambs for market are wanted, the ewes will now be in breeding, and will need some extra care. An abundance of good. nutritious food, and water, are the principal requisites. Sheep may be the last animals to be brought into winter quarters.

WINTER FEEDING FOR COWS .- The yield of milk and butter in the summer depends greatly upon the winter feeding. All the food given to cows is not consumed without return. The manure gives a good dividend upon the outlay, and the animals are storing up energy and strength to be made available afterward. The winter is the season for liberal and judicious feeding, and not for "short commons," which is but another term for half starvation.

BURNED BONES FOR HENS .--- You can hardly give too much burned bones to your hens to provide the necessary amount of lime for egg shells, and the next best thing for that purpose is oys-ter shells, which can be obtained by the barrel (and generally without cost except taking away) at hotels and restaurants in your nearest city. My new ten-ant goes eighteen miles for them, and considers them cheap enough at that, The hens eat them when pounded into fragments as easily as they pick up the shelled corn, and they furnish the needed material for the egg-shell more completely than anything else. I do not quite believe in giving broken earthen-ware as some propose doing. The sharp corners are more likely to cut or otherwise injure the crop than the more easily digested 'oyster shells - Correspondence Powlity Yard.

suppose that this sheet gum can be ob-tained at the India rubber stores in any of our large cities. It is that which is used in making waterproof muslin and costs but little. - Germantown Telegraph

The bunk room of an engine house is an ordinary bare-floored room, containing many iron cots, and a wardrobe he-hind each cot. In No. 7's house the walls are as bare as the floor, but both are kept scrupulously clean. The fire-men may be said to listen in their sleep. They sleep in their red shirts and under-clothing; their big rubber boots stand by the side of the beds, with the trousers fitted over them, and, when the gong sounds, the trained men wake, ump from their beds, and al nost mechanically slip their feet into the boots. pull up their trousers, fasten them, and rush down the stairs. Each man's coat and hat is in his place on the engine or tender, and, while the horses da h along the streets, the firemen finish dressing. Their speed in the daytime will seem almost as wonderful when it is remembered that they are all apt to be at work or at play at remote parts of the building. The alarm is rung while one man is washing windows up-stairs, another is chopping wood in the cellar, a third and fourth are playing checkers in the sitting room, a fifth is in the street in front of the house, another is asleep and so on. No matter what the circumstances, by night or by day, the engine thoroughly equipped, rolls out of doors within fourteen seconds after the alarm sounds. Every man shares in the rivalry that exists between the various companies, and the apparatus that has the reputation of being frequently the first at a fire and the carliest

at work is an object of envy in the department. The firemen favor the supposition that the sudden shock of the great gong's stroke at night, when all are asleep, is injurious to health. They say that it acts violently upon the heart, and has produced sudden death in some instances. On the other hand they say that the mild tone of the little gong is so gentle in its action upon the ear and mind that beyond the loss of sleep occasioned by it, it does no harm. The men declare that it is not the volume of sound that awakens them. They say that the smallest gong made would serve as well as the biggest.

The horses stand in stalls in the rear end of the main room. There is nothing remarkable about these stalls except that they are kept absolutely clean, and are so arranged that the horse faces the front door. Their hitching straps terminate in iron rings, which are fastened to the side of each stall by a bolt so ingeniously contrived that the same electric current that sounds the alarm draws the bolts and frees the horses. The in-stant they hear the stroke of the gong they jump from their stalls and clatter over the resonant floor to their places, under the shafts of the tender and on either side of the engine pole.

Although nearly all these firemen have homes of their own and families in them, they are allowed but seventy-two hours absence from the fire houses in each month. This is exclusive of the three hours a day allowed each man for his meals. This seventy-two hours is divided into three whole days in the case of subordinates, but the officers, who are allowed the same time, may take their hours when and how they please, by obtaining permission when-ever they desire to absent themselves. They are obliged to ask permission because it is a rule of the department that only two-thirds of the quota of men in each battalion may be absent at one time. The record is therefore accurately kept at the headquarters. Firemen are obliged to do patrol duty like policemen. They have regular tours and regular hours of service, day and night, and this patrol duty is per for ned by every man in his turn. It is said that the object of this is to discover tires, but the firemen say that this theory is not warranted by any material results.- New York Sun.

Four Hunting Incidents.

The Santa Barbara (Cal.) Independent records a stirring encounter that took place on the 3d inst. in one of the rocky fastnesses of the coast range. A certain California lion had been making himself obnoxious to the stock-raisers just over the line of settlement, and Huley Norris, who had lost several hundred dollars' worth of sheep, got up a grand hunt for the troublesome lion's benefit. With a large number of dogs the party took up the trail early in the morning, and followed it up the moun-tains until the lion was found. There were several sharp fights between the lion and the dogs, several of the latter being killed, and it was only by taking a big risk that Norris at last advanced upon and at the distance of a few paces sent a fatal bullet into the beast's head. They hunted geese with oxen and artillery in the good old days of '49, in Yuba county, Cal. The Marysville Appeal says: "A curious method of goose-stalking was adopted by the hunters, an ox at once serving as a covert and means of approach. A flock having been discovered at considerable distance, the ox would be started in their direction, be-ing allowed to feed as he went along, thus disarming the suspicion of the wary lowl. As soon as the hunter got within shot he discharged both barrels-one at the geese on the ground and the other as they arose, bagging from fhirty to sixty geese He either rested the gun on the ox's back, or allowed him to pass on, and then raked them with his small cannon. Quite a number of fortunes were made in this manner."

Harry Yount returned to Cheyenne, Wyoming, one day recently, from a hunting tour near the Laramie peak of two or three weeks' duration, and among the other evidences of his successful trip he brought back the skin of a large "silver tipped "grizzly bear. The ani mal was one of the largest of its species. and a dangerous antagonist had the ball from a trusty rifle missed its mark. In relating the incident of the killing to the Cheyenne Leader, Harry said that he went within a few yards of the beast, which laid in a crouching position, be-fore discovering it, and he knew full well his mortal danger should his shot fall short of its intended mission; but he had the utmost confidence in his rifle and blazed away, killing the animal instantly

A party of gentlemen from Hawkinsville, Ga., while out fox hunting a few days ago, struck the trail of a catamount and finally brought the animal to bay. After a long and bloody fight, in which eleven dogs took part, and out of which most of them came mangled, bleeding and crippled, the ferocious animal was killed. It was a few inches over three feet in full length, very tall and had an immense head, armed with long sharp teeth.

## The Boy Who Loved His Teacher.

A schoolboy about ten years old was the other day halted by a benevolentminded citizen on Second street and

asked if he liked to go to school. "No, sir!" was the prompt reply. "Then you don't love your teacher?"

"N-yes, sir. That is, I didn't until yesterday, but now I do. I think she's ust bully."

"Why have you loved her since yes-terday?"

"Well, you know Jack Cain? Well, he's the worst fighter in our room. He can lick me and two other boys with one hand tied behind him. Well, he was going to lick me last night and he was shaking his list at me in school and showing his teeth and getting me all excited when the teacher saw him.' " Did, eh?"

"You bet she did; and the way she took him out of that and woll-ped him

A Bear Fight in Maine. A young man named Oliver, in the

employ of James Webster, Esq., of Ocono, who is doing an extensive lumof ber business on the waters of Aroostook county, had a notable experience the other day with a huge black bear. Oliver, who is twenty-two years of age, and had never before seen a bear, was passing through the woods, when he came to a large tree, in the trunk of which there was a large hole. Thinking it might be the den of some animal, he thrust his axe into the hole, and was surprised when it struck some soft substance. He immediately cut a long pole and repeated the experiment when, without any dallying, a huge black head appeared at the outer edge of the hole. It proved to be that of a bear of enormous size. As bruin poked out his head and the fore part of his body young Oliver struck him a clip with his axe, taking off three of his toe nails. This surgical operation so enraged the bear that he made an angry plunge at Oliver and nearly succeeded in getting him with his axe into the den. The young man had by this time concluded that it was either himself or the bear, so he doffed his coat and mittens, and bracing himself struck the old fellow a terrible blow on the head. This seemed only to enrage him the more, and as his eye flashed fire his ears stood erect and his breast protruded and he made another dash at his intended victim. But young Oliver was prepared for him, and dealt him such a blow as split open his head from the base of the brain to a point even with his nose. This finished the bear, who snorted a few times and rolled dead at the feet of Oliver. He was a black bear, apparently what is known as an "old ranger," measured nine feet from the tip of his nose to the hind

paws, and weighed over 450 pounds. After he had killed the monster, young Oliver became frightened, and standing there gazing upon his carcass he says he could feel his own hair rise upon end.-Portland Press.

A son of Minister Comly writes that the Hawaiians generally "keep not only their own but everybody else's holidnys; they would like to make a living keep-i 1g other people's holidays for them."

## Worthless Stuff.

Not so fast my friend ; if you could see the strong, healthy blooming men, women and children that have been raised from beds of sickness, suffering and almost death, by the use of Hop Bitters, you would say. "Glorious and invaluable remedy."—Press.

# **Guard** Against Disease.

It you find yourself getting bilious, head heavy, mouth foul, eyes yellow, kidneys disordered, symptoms of piles tormenting you, take at once a few doses of Kidney-Wort. It is asture's great assistant. Use it as an advance guard-don't wait to get down sick.

PETROLEUM Grant Medal at Philade phila Exposition.

This wonderful substance is acknowledged by physi-ciana throughout the world to be the best remedy dis-covered for the cure of Wounds, Burms, Rhoumatism, Skin Diseases, Piles, Catarrin, Childblains, &c. In order that every one may try it. It is put up in 15 and 25 cent battles for household use. Obtain it from your drugglet, and you will find it superior to anything you have ave

# The Koran.

A curlosity to every ore, and a necessity to all students of Platory or Religion to THE KORAN OF MOHAMMED: translated from the Atalik by George Sale. Formerly multible at 22.5, new, beautiful type, neuta ciotisbound edition peice 35 cents, and 8 cents for postage. Catalocue of many standard works, remarkatoly low in price, with extra terms, to clubs, free. Say where you saw this advertisement. Axencas floos Excanses, Tribune Building, N.Y.

This Claim-House Established 1865.



# Female Weakness.

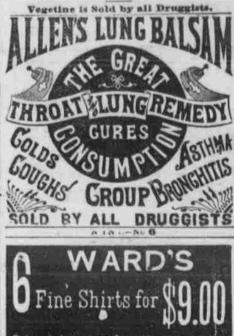
Fernale Weakiness. No better remedy in the whole materia medica has yet been compounded for the relief and entry from the complaints, of the ordinary kind, than yearstyle. It seems to add in these cases with unwonted certainty, and never fails to give a new relaxed doublity and unhealthy secretions, and the most common of these complaints is Lucorr-heat or Whites, which are brought on either by the streatment of these complaints is Lucorr-heat or Whites, which are brought on either by the streaten woman at the turn of life. Vector was and the commended without qualification. The sense of these these disorders, and their care by Yacorrise, has amply shown that the sure distribu-ating agent remains not yet to be discovered, but is already known, and is a favorite with American strikes. Too long has it been the cursted to pre-sorder and any and do not doubt its power to carry you wat it is pleasant, effications and chasp. Try yournes, and do not doubt its power to carry was

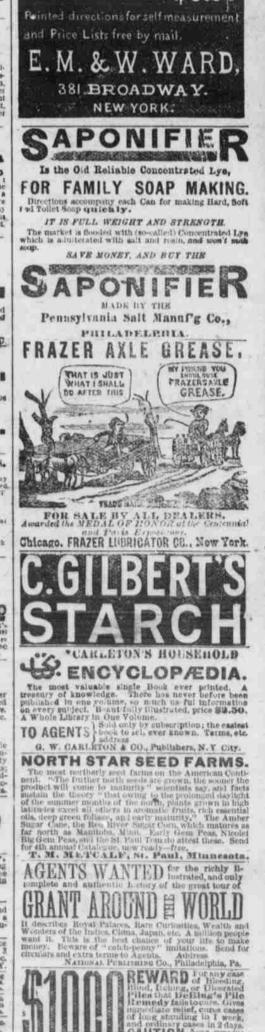
# A Splendid Medicine .--- Heart and Kidney Disease, Female Weakness. .

ney Discase, Female Weakness. Garacevinas, inc., July 25, 1875. H. B. Srzyzska, Boston-Dear Sir: I was afflici-ed with Heart and Kidnry Disease, and other Female Weaknesses, and doctored with several physicians and received no benefit until teicd your Vogetine, and sfter taking two boiles I was completely cured, and have been a healthy woman ever since, although I am in my pixty-slith year. I do heartily recommend it as a spiendid medicine to all afflicted as I have been, and I bless the day that it fell into my hands. Mas. MAEIA HOBSON.

# Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia Rheumati m, Weakness.

II. R. STEVENS, Boston: I have been practicing medicine for 25 years, and as a remedy for Scrofuls, Laver Complaint, Dynpensis, Rhenmatism, West-pers' and all discoses of the blood L have never found its equal. I have sold Vagaring for seven years, and have never had one boltis reformed. I would heartily recommend it to those in need of a blood purfler. Dr. W. ROBS, Druggist, Sept. 1, 1875. Wilton, Zo. Bept. 1 , 1878.





LIVER COMPLAINT AND DYSPEPSIA.

LEBANON, LEBANON CO., PA. Dear Sir-This is to certify that your valuable Indian Blood Syrup has completely cured me of Liver Complaint and Dyspepsis

# MRS. GOSERT.

# LIVER COMPLAINT.

SHABON, MEECER CO., PA. Dear Sir-This is to certify that your Indian Blood Symp has greatly relieved me of Chronic Liver Complaint, "of four years" standing. I do not hesitate to recommend it. WILLIAM WILKS.

# LIVER COMPLAINT AND DYSPEPSIA. SHARON, MERCER CO., PA.

Dear Sir-I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup for Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, and have derived much benefit therefrom. WILLIAM MCGIM.

# REMEDY FOR WORMS. BUSHKILL, PIKE CO., PA.

Dear Sir-I have used your great Indian Blood Syrup in my family for Worms and Summer Complaint, and it has proved effect tual in all cases. THOS. CORTRIGHT.

# DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION. BUSHKILL, PIKE CO., PA.

Dear Sir-The use of your valuable Indian Blood Syrup has effectually relieved me of Dyspepsia. I have also used it in my family for Sick Headache and Worms, with the most SAMUEL ESHBACK. beneficial results.

# DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION. WEAVER'S OLD STAND,

WESTMORELAND CO., PA. Dear Sir-I have used your excellent indian Blood Syrup for Dyspepsia and Indiges-tion, and think it the best medicine known It is not possible for any other remedy ... have the same medicinal virtue.

JOHN CLENDENES.

# DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.

ALLENSVILLE, MIFFLIN Co., Pa. Dear Sir-This is to certify that your Indian Blood Syrup has entirely cured my wile of Dyspepsia and Pain in the Stomach. SAMUEL L. BYLER.

# UNANIMOUS RECOMMENDATION.

The following persons have used the Indian Blood Syrup, and add their testimony in its favor:

Moses Strome, of Lebanon, says : "It entirely cured me of Rheumatism and Headache.

Joseph Biner, of Cornwall, says: "For years I suffered with Pleurisy and Liver Complaint, and a short trial of the Syrup cured me."

Mrs. Reuben Eckerd, of Lebanon, cured of Dyspepsia in its worst form.

Henry Smith, of Lebanon, says: " My wife and child have been entirely cured of Scrotula by the use of the Blood Syrup."

Wm. Donley, of Bismark, says: " It cured my son of Rheumatism."

Mrs. Levi Young, of Manheim, relieved of Heart Disease, alter the doctors failed.

INDIAN PUDDING .- One quart boiling milk poured on to three tar lespoonfuls of meal, let the milk curd, add three eggs, sugar, spice, and salt to taste.

DOUGHNUTS .- One cup of sugar, two eggs, one cup of milk, nutmeg, two teaspoonfuls cream tartar, one teaspoonful of saleratus, a piece of butter the size of an egg.

CHEAM CANDY.-A pound of sugar, a halt teaspoonful of water, a half teaspoonful of vinegar, a tablespoonful of butter; boil fifteen minutes, and stir it up only once at the first.

SAUSAGES .- To every hundred pounds of chopped meat, take two and a half pounds of salt, one ounce of sage to every ten pounds of meat and one-half ounce black pepper; mix well and fill. BROWN BREAD. - One cupful of Indian meal, one cupful of flour, one cupful of molasses, two cupfuls of Graham meal, three cuptuls of water, one teaspoonful saleratus, also a little salt. Steam three hours. It is quite thin before steaming. STEWED POTATOES .- Boil the potatoes

and cut in thick slices; take half a table-spoonful of flour, a little salt and butter and chopped parsley, etc.; a teacupful of milk; put them all together in a saucepan and let them stand about twenty minutes.

WHITE FRUIT CAKE .- One cup of butter, two cups white sugar, three cups flour, one-half cup sweet milk, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, one-half teaspoonful of soda, whites of eight eggs, one pound of raisins, and onequarter of a pound of citron, chopped.

POP CORN BALLS .- These are easily made. To one gallon of pop-corn take half a pint of molasses or sugar; put into a skillet and let it boil up once, and then pour it over the corn; grease your hands with sweet butter, and make the whole into balls of such size as you please.

WHIPPED CREAM .- Take one pint of very thick cream, sweeten it with very fine sugar and orange flower water ; boil it. Beat the whites of ten eggs with a little cold cream, strain it, and when the bream is upon the boil, pour in the eggs, stirring it well till it comes to a thick curd; then take it up and strain it again through a hair sieve. Beat it well with a spcon till it is cold, then place it in a dish in which you wish to serve it.

# India Rubber for Grafting.

Strips of very thin India rubber are applied. eighth of an inch wide and three inches long, the strips stretching to the length of a foot. They must be applied dry and tightly wound round the graft so as to exclude air and water. One of the reasons given why this should be pre-ferred to wax is that it does not soil the hands. Any one afraid of his hands in this way ought to abandon grafting. But with wax there is no need in using the hands, a little narrow paddle doing all the work nicely. At any rate we do not like these slips in grafting, as nothing can well be better than properly pre-pared wax, according to the prescription often printed by us and as we have al-ways used. For budding, the strips

# Some Things the Chinese Eat,

The shark's fin is a delicacy which is rarely omitted from the menu at a Chinese feast. It is one of the "great classic dishes" forming the pieces de resistance of an official banquet, and is eaten either in the form of a joint, garnished with crabs, or served up in small pieces in cups placed before each guest. The consumption of rats, though it seems to be somewhat on the decline, is the cause of a very important traffic in the principal towns of certain districts, and especially in a street in Can-ton called Hing-Loung-Kai. Here these animals may be seen in enormous multititudes hanging up in the shop windows among chickens and ducks and geese They are for the most part dried and salted, and when in that state are esteemed a sovereign recipe for those whose hair is getting thin.

Besides the dishes peculiar to the Celestials alone, there are a variety of differences in their mode of cooking and eating foods unknown to our quisine. Hams, for instance, are kept for a year, or even two years, buried in heaps of sawdust, which impart to them a taste of wood much appreciated by the gour-Broad beans are termented, and, mets. after being mixed with salt, form a very favorite sauce eaten with all sorts of viands. Finally, the habit of eating "rotten eggs," which sounds so strange to European ears, is explained by showing that the so-called rotten egg is only a duck's egg preserved for a long time in an air-tight envelope made of ashes, chalk, tea leaves, and a number of other strange substances, until the yolk turns first to a green color, and then to a fine black, when it is considered fit to be eaten.-London Globs.

## Power of a Growing Tree.

Walton Hall had at one time its own corn mill, and when that inconvenient necessity no longer existed, the mill-stone was laid by in an orchard and for-gotten. The diameter of this circular beginning to be used as a bandage in stone measured five feet and a half, grafting, instead of the wax commonly while its depth averaged seven inches The strips are cut about an throughout; its central hole had a diameter of eleven inches. By mere accident some bird or squirrel had dropped the fruit of the filbert tree through this hole on to the earth, and in 1812 the seedling was seen rising up through the unwonted channel. As its trunk grad-ually grew through this aperture and increased, its power to raise the pondrous mass of stone was speculated upon by many. Would the filbert tree die in the attempt? Would it burst the millstone? Or would it lift it? In the end the little filbert tree lifted the millstone,

and humbled him down made me feel as if she were a mother to me! When school was out Jack dasn't touch ne-body. He was wilted down, and when I bit him with a hunk of dirt he never even looked around! I guess I'm going to try and lick him in the morning before he gets over feeling humble!"- Detroit Free Press.



# A Warranted Hubber Boot.

The "Candee" Rubber Co., of New Haven, Conn., is making a new rubber boot, which is just what out-door men have long been looking for, viz., one that is warranted. These boots are called the "95" Per Cent. Sterling Rubber Boot. They warrant them three months, and if your boot cincks or gives way in that time, you can secure a new pair iree of charge, provided the boots have had fair usage.

That there may be no question about the three months, when you buy the "95" Boots, the storekeeper punches the date in the top of the leg, in spaces provided for that purpose and the warrant begins from the date and cannot be disputed. These "9," Per Cent. Boots are as pure as can be made, and will last six months' hard wear. The exposed portions are doubled, and the soles are half an inch thick, of solid rabber, and will outwear three pair of any other rubber boots. Illustrated catalogues with full particulars are supplied by the "Cancee" company on appli-cation, or the boots can be seen in most stores.

Judge for Yourself, By sending thirty-five cents, with age, height, erlor of eyes and hair, you will receive by reurs mail a correct photograph of your future husband or wife, with name and date of mar-riage. Address W. Fox, P. O. Drawer 31, cultonville, N. Y.

PIMPLES AND HUMORS ON THE FACE,-Iu this condition of the skin, the VEGETINE is the great remedy, as it acts directly upon the cause. It cleanses and purifies the blood, thereby causing humors of all kinds to disappear.

Dr. C. E. Shoemaker, of Reading, Pa., is the only aural surgeon in the United States who devotes all his time to the treatment of dealness and diseases of the sear and catarrh; es pecially ranning ear. Nearly twenty years exerience. Thousands testify to his skill. Consult him by mail or otherwise. Pamphlet free. For one cent purchase a postal card and send your address to Dr. Santord, 162 Broadway, New York, and receive pamphlets by return mail, from which you can learn whether your liver is out of order, and if out of order, or is any way diseased, what is the best thing in the world to take for it.

Wented Sherman & Co., Marshill, Mich., want an agent in this courty at once, at a salary of \$100 per month and expenses paid. For full particulars address as above. Ladies' and children's shoes cannot run over it Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners are used. For sore throat, gargle with Piso's Cure, mixed with a little water. Relief is instant. C. GILBERT'S Corn Starch for Pastry, etc.

Insuchters, Wives and Mothers. De MARCHISTS CTERINE CATROLICON will posi-tively care Fenale Weakness, such as Falling of the womb, Wnites, Chromic inflamination or Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hencerthage or Fleeding, Painful, Suppressed and Irtemiar Metshaation, &c. Aroid and ireliable reasedy. Send postal card for a pemphicit, with treatment, cares and ortificates from physicians and pattents to HOW AITH & HALLARD Unce, N. Y. Sold by all Druggists-\$1.50 pet buttle.





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